

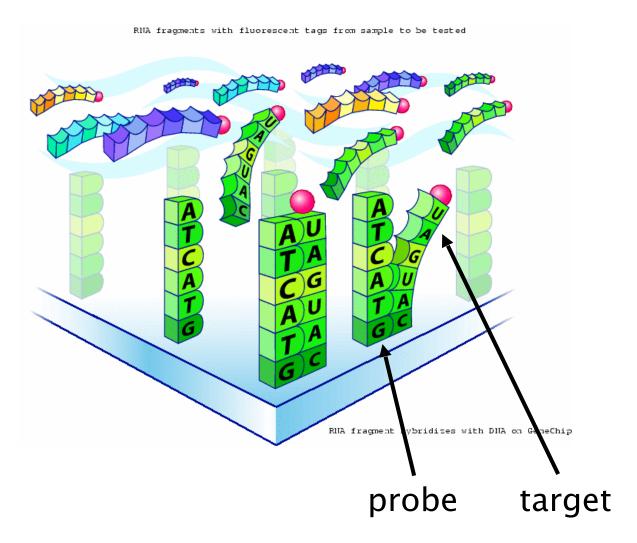
Quick intro to genomic technologies:

- microarrays, sequencing
- DNA methylation (450k array, RRBS)
- gene expression (RNA sequencing)

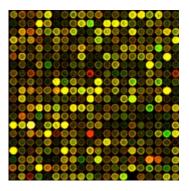
Mark D. Robinson, Institute of Molecular Life Sciences



The old technology: DNA microarray

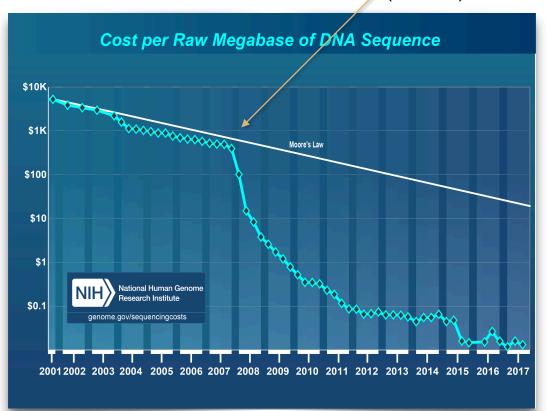


Abundance (of complementary DNA species) measured by flouresence intensity



High-throughput (or "next generation") sequencing

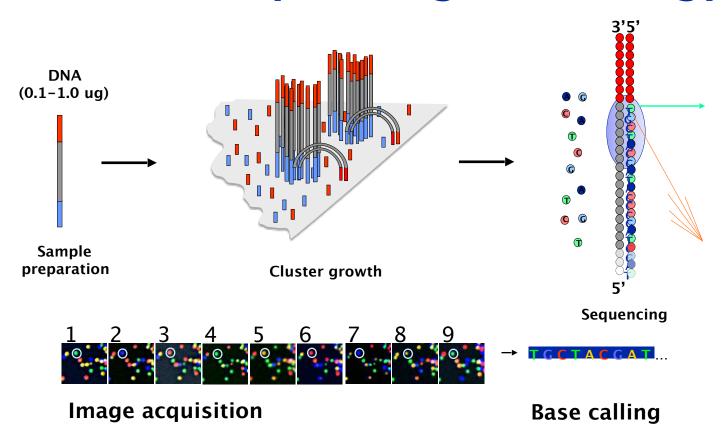
(Solexa) Illumina



https://www.statnews.com/2017/01/09/illumina-ushering-in-the-100-genome/



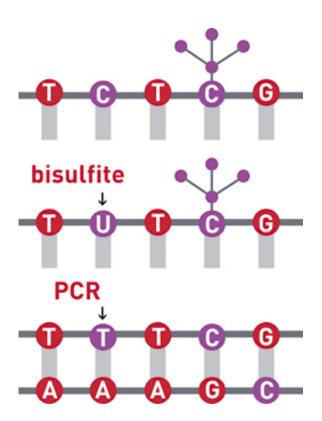
Illumina Sequencing Technology



This slide courtesy of Gary Schroth, Illumina



Bisulphite sequencing



Sodium bisulphite converts methylated Cytosine into Uracil, which can be read as Thymine after PCR

In combination with sequencing (Sanger or NGS), can achieve methylation mapping at single base resolution

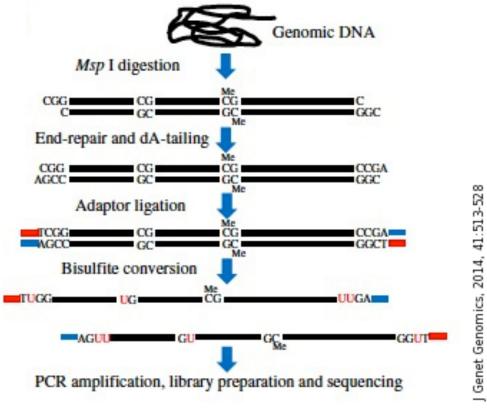
Can be nicely combined with genotyping arrays (e.g. Illumina HumanMethylation 450k) or with high-throughput sequencing.

5

http://www.diagenode.com/en/applications/bisulfite-conversion.php

30.11.15 Epigenomics, Mark D. Robinson

DNA Methylation: reduced representation bisulphite sequencing





Bisulphite conversion + "genotyping" array (Illumina HumanMethylation450)

Institute of Molecular Life Sciences

Unmethylated CpG site

CpG locus

Methylated CpG site

TTTTTT & A

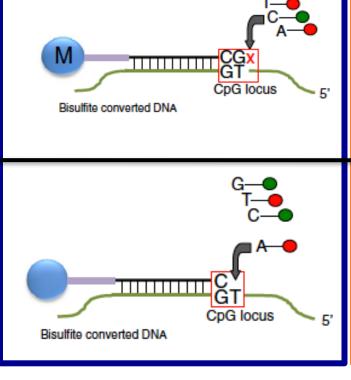
Bisulfite converted DNA

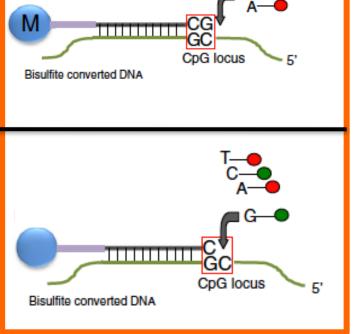
CpG locus

Type I (2 probes)

U

Bisulfite converted DNA





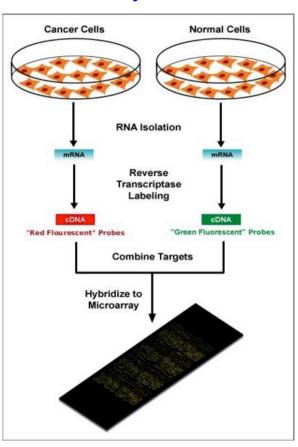
Type II (1 probe)



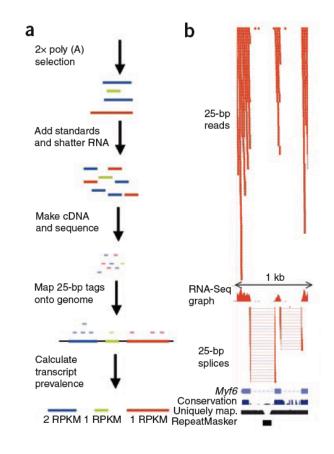
Gene expression

Institute of Molecular Life Sciences

Abundance by Fluorescence Intensity



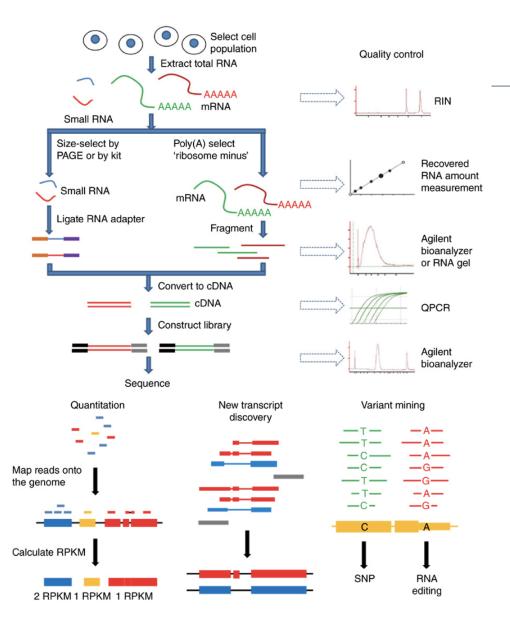
Abundance by Counting





RNA-seq differential expression analyses

- 1. **Map** the reads to reference sequences
- 2. "Count" reads that map to genes (quantify)
- 3. Compute DE Statistics



Zeng & Mortazavi, Nature Immunology, 2012

Epigenetics definition

Epi - "on top of" or "in addition to"

"Epigenetics":

- heritable alterations in gene expression caused by mechanisms other than changes in DNA sequence.
- the study of the mechanisms of temporal and spatial control of gene activity during the development of complex organisms

30.11.15 Epigenomics, Mark D. Robinson 10



Dogma: CpG methylation and transcription (cancer)

