Data Scientist II Technical Challenge

Task 3: Natural Language Processing

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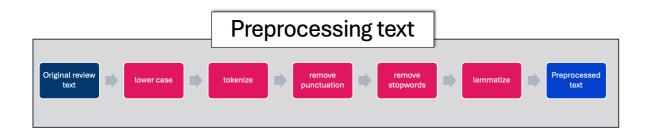
Using the Customer Reviews dataset:

- Preprocess the text data (e.g., tokenization, stopword removal, stemming/lemmatization).
- Perform sentiment analysis on the reviews.
- Visualize the distribution of sentiment scores.

Deliverables:

- Preprocessed text data.
- Sentiment analysis results.
- Visualizations of sentiment distribution.

Preprocessed text data



	review_text	preprocessed_review
1	Terrible service, will not buy from here again.	terrible service buy
2	Average quality, you get what you pay for.	average quality get pay
3	Great product, very satisfied with the quality and performance.	great product satisfied quality performance
4	Very disappointed with the product, not as described.	disappointed product described
5	Excellent service, highly recommend!	excellent service highly recommend
6	The item arrived damaged and customer service was unhelpful.	item arrived damaged customer service unhelpful
7	Fast delivery and the product works perfectly!	fast delivery product work perfectly
8	The item arrived damaged and customer service was unhelpful.	item arrived damaged customer service unhelpful
9	The service was acceptable, but could be improved.	service acceptable could improved
10	Decent product, but there are better options available.	decent product better option available

See complete file in GitHub.

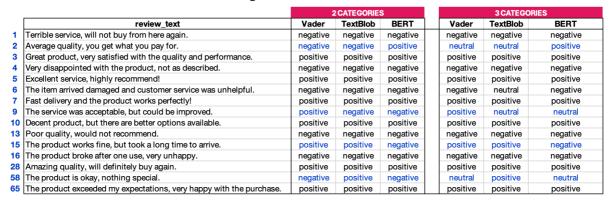
Sentiment analysis results

I use lexicon-based methods (Vader and TextBlob) and a Large Language Model (distilled BERT) on the provided data.

Lexicon-based methods require preprocessing the review text while LLMs are less sensitive.

Since the reviews are repeated, I removed duplicates before running the clustering since duplicate reviews can skew the clustering results by giving more weight to the repeated texts.

The results are summarized in the following table:



The three libraries manage to classify the reviews that have a strong positive/negative sentiment. The differences arise when the review

- has a more impartial tone:
 - #2. Average quality, you get what you pay for.
 - #58. The product is okay, nothing special.
- is composed of two parts, one positive and the other negative:
 - #9. The service was acceptable, but could be improved.
 - #15. The product works fine, but took a long time to arrive.

With two categories, BERT model correctly classifies the reviews, even the four aforementioned. The two lexicon-based methods struggle with at least one of them.

I run a more deeper classification in three categories, adding a new one named "neutral":

- Vader classifies reviews 2 and 58 as neutral
- TextBlob has two reviews (6, 9) with score 0. With three categories, review 6 is assigned a neutral sentiment what is clearly incorrect.
- The BERT model I applied is specifically trained for binary sentiment analysis, so it would be better to use another model trained for multiclass classification.

Future work:

- The classification is strongly dependent on thresholds. It should be convenient to experiment with different thresholds
- Use a LLM specifically trained on multiclass sentiment analysis
- Get labeled data and run a ML (Naive Bayes, SVMs, RNNs, LSTM).

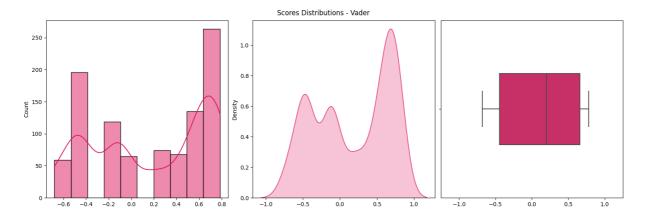
Visualizations of sentiment distribution.

I have plotted the histogram, the kde estimation and the boxplot for each score distribution:

Analysis of the Scores Distribution Plot

- **Count:** Represents the frequency of occurrences for each score value.
- **Density:** Shows the probability density function (PDF) estimated using Kernel Density Estimation (KDE). It provides a smoothed representation of the data distribution.
- **Boxplot:** Offers a visual summary of the data distribution, including median, quartiles, and potential outliers.

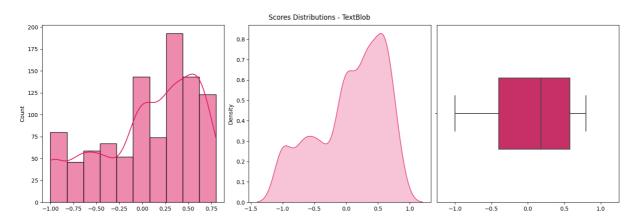
Vader



The KDE plot has two distinct modes, allowing to separate positive reviews (right) from negative reviews (left).

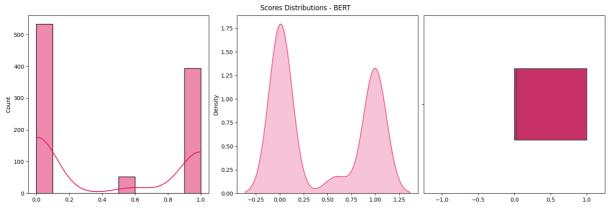
Score ranges from -1 to 1

TextBlob



The separation is less clear with TextBlob

BERT



The KDE plot has two distinct modes, allowing to classify positive reviews (right) from negative reviews (left).

Score ranges from 0 to 1

WordCloud

VADER





BERT



