ENVIRONMENT DIAGRAMS AND HIGHER ORDER FUNCTIONS

COMPUTER SCIENCE MENTORS 61A

September 7-September 9, 2022

1 Environment Diagrams

- 1. When do we make a new frame in an environment diagram?
- 2. Give the environment diagram and console output that result from running the following code.

```
def swap(x, y):
    x, y = y, x
    return print("Swapped!", x, y)

x, y = 60, 1
a = swap(x, y)
swap(a, y)
```

3. Draw the environment diagram that results from running the following code.

```
def funny(joke):
    hoax = joke + 1
    return funny(hoax)

def sad(joke):
    hoax = joke - 1
    return hoax + hoax

funny, sad = sad, funny
result = funny(sad(2))
```

2 Higher-Order Functions

1. Why and where do we use lambda and higher-order functions?

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2. Give the environment diagram and console output that result from running the following code.

```
x = 20
def foo(y):
    x = 5
    def bar():
        return lambda y: x - y
    return bar

y = foo(7)
z = y()
print(z(2))
```

3. Draw the environment diagram that results from running the code.

```
apple = 4
def orange(apple):
    apple = 5
    def plum(x):
        return lambda plum: plum * 2
    return plum

orange(apple)("hiii")(4)
```

	9.								
	(lar	mbda	x: 1	ambda y:) () (lambda	z: z*z) ())
5.	Writ	e a fu	nction	whole sum v	which takes in a	n integer r	It returns a	nother funct	tion which takes in
	Write a function, whole_sum, which takes in an integer, n. It returns another function which takes in an integer, and returns True if the digits of that integer sum to n and False otherwise.								
	def	whol	le_su	m(n):					
		" " "							
		>>> True		e_sum(21)(7	77)				
				e sum(142)(10010101010)	1			
		Fals							
		"""	-l	1- / \ .					
		aei	cnec	k(x):					
			Whil	e	:				
				last =					
									
			retu	rn					

4. Fill in the blanks (without using any numbers in the first blank) such that the entire expression evaluates to

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return _____

6. Write a higher-order function that passes the following doctests.

Challenge: Write the function body in one line.

```
def mystery(f, x):
    11 11 11
    >>> from operator import add, mul
    >>> a = mystery(add, 3)
    >>> a(4) # add(3, 4)
    >>> a(12)
    15
    >>> b = mystery(mul, 5)
    >>> b(7) # mul(5, 7)
    >>> b(1)
    >>> c = mystery(lambda x, y: x * x + y, 4)
    >>> c(5)
    21
    >>> c(7)
    23
    11 11 11
```

7. What would Python display?

```
>>> foo = mystery(lambda a, b: a(b), lambda c: 5 + square(c))
>>> foo(-2)
```