
Problem P2.11: A simple electric circuit consisting of a resistor, a capacitor, and an inductor is depicted as shown in Fig. P2.11. The charge on the capacitor $q(t)$ as a function of time can be computed as

$$q(t) = q_0 e^{-\frac{Rt}{2L}} \cos\left[\sqrt{\frac{1}{LC} - \left(\frac{R}{2L}\right)^2} t\right]$$

Published with MATLAB® R2019b