CODE: 73

Background

Imagine you are teaching a math lesson to a class of 16 second grade students. The purpose of this lesson is to examine the ways properties of operations can be used to add numbers.

You have asked the students to work with a partner to solve the problem 27 + 23 using any method that works best for them. The partners have completed their work. Now you plan to select 3 individual students to present their work to the class.

Look at the strategies below and the descriptions of the students. Then choose which three students you would like to have present.

The Problem

27 + 23

Learning Goal

Your goal is for the students to be able to understand how properties of operation can be used to add numbers.

- · You want the students to understand that two numbers can be added in any order (commutative property).
 - Example: 3 + 4 = 4 + 3
- You also want the students to understand that 3 numbers can be regrouped and added in any order (associative property).
 - \cdot Example: 9 + (1 + 7) = (9 + 1) + 7

2nd Grade Student Descriptions Ava (she/her) Mason (he/him) Angel (she/her) Oliver (he/him) Angel is a Black girl who Ava is a white girl who speaks Mason is a white boy who Oliver is a white boy who English as her first language. speaks English as his first speaks English as her first speaks English as his first She has no identified language. He is on an IEP for language. She has no language. He has no disabilities. She receives free severe ADHD. He receives identified disabilities, and she identified disabilities, and he or reduced lunch. She has a free or reduced lunch. He has does not receive free or does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of low success and low a history of high success and reduced lunch. He has a participation during math low participation during math history of low success and low history of high success and lessons. She also loves lessons. He also enjoys participation during math high participation during math gardening. singing. lessons. She also enjoys lessons. He also enjoys riding making origami. his bike. Strategy B Strategy A 27 + 23• I broke the 27 into 25 and 2. • First I added 20 and 20 to get 40. • Then I added the 2 and 23 to make 25. Then I added 3 more to get 43. 25 + 2Then I knew that 25 plus 25 is 50 because 2 quarters are 50 cents. 40 40 + 3 = 4325 + 2550 Mateo (he/him) Liam (he/him) Adriel (he/him) CJ (they/them) Mateo is a Latino boy who Liam is a white boy who Adriel is an Indigenous boy CJ is a gender fluid white speaks Spanish as his first speaks English as his first who speaks English as his child who speaks English as language. He is an EL student language. He has no first language. He has no their first language. They have identified disabilities, and he who speaks English at an identified disabilities, and he no identified disabilities, and intermediate level. He has no does not receive free or receives free or reduced they do not receive free or identified disabilities. He reduced lunch. He has a lunch. He has a history of reduced lunch. They have a receives free or reduced history of average success average success and low history of high success and lunch. He has a history of high and average participation participation during math average participation during success and average during math lessons. He also lessons. He also loves to play math lessons. They also love participation during math loves comic books. soccer. to draw and paint. lessons. He also likes to play the guitar. Strategy C Strategy D Step 1 1. I made 27 and 23 +25 with the blocks. 2. I combined the tens together. Then I combined the ones. That's 4 tens which is 40. Plus 10 ones, 23 0 50 which is 50. • I started at 23. Step 2 Then I took 2 from the 27 to make a jump of 2. That makes 25. Then I only needed to add 25 more, so I made another jump and got 50.

Camille (she/her) Camille is a white girl who speaks French as her first language. She is an EL student who speaks English at an advanced level. She has (stuttering). She does not no identified disabilities, and she does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of high success and high participation during math lessons. She also does karate. Strategy E 23 + 2723 + (2 + 25)

Valentina (she/her) Valentina is a Latina girl who speaks English as her first language. She has an IEP for speech impairment receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of average success and low participation during math lessons. She also enjoys spending time in nature.

Alejandro (he/him) Alejandro is a Latino boy who : Jada is a Black girl who speaks Spanish as his first language. He is an EL student language. She has no who speaks English at a beginner level. He has no identified disabilities. He receives free or reduced lunch. He has a history of low success and low participation during math lessons. He also loves to play Minecraft.

Jada (she/her) speaks English as her first identified disabilities, and she does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of high success and high participation during math lessons. She also plays on a softball team.

(23 + 2) = 25

- I made it 23 + 27 because that's easier for me to think about.
- Then I broke the 27 into 2 and 25.
- Then I combined the 2 with the 23, and I got

Strategy F

- First, I added 7 and 3 to get 10. I put a zero under the 7.
- Then I put the 1 up above the 2. Last I added 1 + 2 + 2 to get

Carter is a Black boy who speaks English as his first language. He has no identified disabilities, and he receives free or reduced lunch. He has a history of average success and little to no participation during math lessons. He also loves to cook math lessons. She also loves and bake.

Carter (he/him)

Daniela (she/her) Daniela is a Latina girl who speaks English as her first language. She has no identified disabilities, and she does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of average success and low participation during to dance.

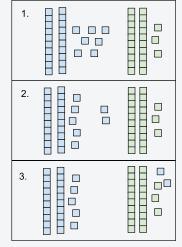
Jackie (she/they)

Jackie is a white transgender girl who speaks English as identified disabilities. She receives free or reduced lunch. She has a history of average success and low participation during math lessons. She also loves animals.

Grace is an Asian girl who speaks English as her first her first language. She has no language. She has an IEP for dyslexia. She does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of low success and average participation during math lessons. She also plays basketball.

Grace (she/her)

Strategy G



- 1. I made 27 and 23 with the blocks
- 2. I pulled 2 apart from the 27 to make 25.
- 3. I put the 2 with the 23 to make 25. That makes 25 + 25 which is 50.

Strategy H

27 + 23

20 + 20 = 40

7 + 3 = 10

40 + 10 = 50

- First I added 20 and 20 to get 40.
- Then I added 7 and 3 to get 10.
- Then I added 40 and 10 to get 50.