CODE: 124

Background

Imagine you are teaching a math lesson to a class of 16 second grade students. The purpose of this lesson is to examine the ways properties of operations can be used to add numbers.

You have asked the students to work with a partner to solve the problem 27 + 23 using any method that works best for them. The partners have completed their work. Now you plan to select 3 individual students to present their work to the class.

Look at the strategies below and the descriptions of the students. Then choose which three students you would like to have present.

The Problem

27 + 23

Learning Goal

Your goal is for the students to be able to understand how properties of operation can be used to add numbers.

- · You want the students to understand that two numbers can be added in any order (commutative property).
 - Example: 3 + 4 = 4 + 3
- · You also want the students to understand that 3 numbers can be regrouped and added in any order (associative property).
 - \cdot Example: 9 + (1 + 7) = (9 + 1) + 7

2nd Grade Student Descriptions			
Jackie (she/they)	Grace (she/her)	Ava (she/her)	Adriel (he/him)
Jackie is a white transgender girl who speaks English as her first language. She has no identified disabilities. She receives free or reduced lunch. She has a history of average success and low participation during math lessons. She also loves animals.	Grace is an Asian girl who speaks English as her first language. She has an IEP for dyslexia. She does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of low success and average participation during math lessons. She also plays basketball.	Ava is a white girl who speaks English as her first language. She has no identified disabilities. She receives free or reduced lunch. She has a history of low success and low participation during math lessons. She also loves gardening.	who speaks English as his first language. He has no identified disabilities, and he receives free or reduced
Strategy A Str		Strategy B	
 27 + 23 25 + 2 Then I added the 2 and 23 to make 25. Then I knew that 25 plus 25 is 50 because 2 quarters are 50 cents. 		 First I added 20 and 20 to get 40. Then I added 3 more to get 43. 40 40 + 3 = 43 	
Mason (he/him)	Jada (she/her)	Mateo (he/him)	CJ (they/them)
	Jada is a Black girl who speaks English as her first language. She has no identified disabilities, and she does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of high success and high participation during math lessons. She also plays on a softball team.	Mateo is a Latino boy who speaks Spanish as his first language. He is an EL student who speaks English at an intermediate level. He has no identified disabilities. He receives free or reduced lunch. He has a history of high success and average participation during math lessons. He also likes to play the guitar.	CJ is a gender fluid white child who speaks English as their first language. They have no identified disabilities, and they do not receive free or reduced lunch. They have a history of high success and average participation during math lessons. They also love to draw and paint.
Strategy C Strategy D			
Step 1 1. I made 27 and 23 with the blocks. 2. I combined the tens together. Then I combined the ones. That's 4 tens, which is 40. Plus 10 ones, which is 50.		+2 +25 0 23 25 50 I started at 23. Then I took 2 from the 27 to make a jump of 2. That makes 25. Then I only needed to add 25 more, so I made another jump and got 50.	

Liam (he/him) Daniela (she/her) Carter (he/him) Valentina (she/her) Daniela is a Latina girl who Carter is a Black boy who Liam is a white boy who Valentina is a Latina girl who speaks English as her first speaks English as his first speaks English as his first speaks English as her first language. She has an IEP for language. She has no language. He has no language. He has no identified disabilities, and she identified disabilities, and he identified disabilities, and he speech impairment does not receive free or receives free or reduced does not receive free or (stuttering). She does not reduced lunch. She has a lunch. He has a history of reduced lunch. He has a receive free or reduced lunch. history of average success average success and little to history of average success She has a history of average and low participation during success and low participation no participation during math and average participation during math lessons. She also math lessons. She also loves lessons. He also loves to cook during math lessons. He also to dance. and bake. loves comic books. enjoys spending time in nature. Strategy E Strategy F First, I added 7 and 3 27 to get 10. I put a zero 23 + 27 + 23 under the 7. I made it 23 + 27 because that's easier for 50 • Then I put the 1 up me to think about. 23 + (2 + 25)Then I broke the 27 into 2 and 25. above the 2. Last I (23 + 2) = 25Then I combined the 2 with the 23, and I got added 1 + 2 + 2 to get 50. Alejandro (he/him) Angel (she/her) Camille (she/her) Oliver (he/him) Alejandro is a Latino boy who Angel is a Black girl who Camille is a white girl who Oliver is a white boy who speaks Spanish as his first speaks English as her first speaks French as her first speaks English as his first language. He is an EL student language. She has no language. She is an EL language. He has no who speaks English at a identified disabilities, and she student who speaks English identified disabilities, and he beginner level. He has no does not receive free or at an advanced level. She has does not receive free or identified disabilities. He reduced lunch. She has a no identified disabilities, and reduced lunch. He has a receives free or reduced history of low success and low she does not receive free or history of high success and lunch. He has a history of low participation during math reduced lunch. She has a high participation during math success and low participation lessons. She also enjoys history of high success and lessons. He also enjoys riding during math lessons. He also making origami. high participation during math his bike. loves to play Minecraft. lessons. She also does karate. Strategy G Strategy H 1. 1. I made 27 and 23 with the blocks. 2. I pulled 2 apart from the 27 to make 25. 3. I put the 2 with the 23 to make 25. That makes 25 27 + 23• First I added 20 and 20 to get 40. + 25 which is 50. Then I added 7 and 3 to get 10. 20 + 20 = 40• Then I added 40 and 10 to get 50. 7 + 3 = 1040 + 10 = 50