CODE: 13

Background

Imagine you are teaching a math lesson to a class of 16 second grade students. The purpose of this lesson is to examine the ways properties of operations can be used to add numbers.

You have asked the students to work with a partner to solve the problem 27 + 23 using any method that works best for them. The partners have completed their work. Now you plan to select 3 individual students to present their work to the class.

Look at the strategies below and the descriptions of the students. Then choose which three students you would like to have present.

The Problem

27 + 23

Learning Goal

Your goal is for the students to be able to understand how properties of operation can be used to add numbers.

- · You want the students to understand that two numbers can be added in any order (commutative property).
 - Example: 3 + 4 = 4 + 3
- You also want the students to understand that 3 numbers can be regrouped and added in any order (associative property).
 - Example: 9 + (1 + 7) = (9 + 1) + 7

2nd Grade Student Descriptions			
Ava (she/her)	Jada (she/her)	Carter (he/him)	Camille (she/her)
Ava is a white girl who speaks English as her first language. She has no identified disabilities. She receives free or reduced lunch. She has a history of low success and low participation during math lessons. She also loves gardening.	Jada is a Black girl who speaks English as her first language. She has no identified disabilities, and she does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of high success and high participation during math lessons. She also plays on a softball team.	identified disabilities, and he receives free or reduced lunch. He has a history of average success and little to no participation during math lessons. He also loves to cook and bake.	Camille is a white girl who speaks French as her first language. She is an EL student who speaks English at an advanced level. She has no identified disabilities, and she does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of high success and high participation during math lessons. She also does karate.
Strategy A S		Strategy B	
 I broke the 27 into 25 and 2. Then I added the 2 and 23 to make 25. Then I knew that 25 plus 25 is 50 because 2 quarters are 50 cents. 		27 + 23 20 20 3 • First I added 20 and 20 to get 40. • Then I added 3 more to get 43. 40 + 3 = 43	
Mason (he/him)	Jackie (she/they)	Grace (she/her)	Alejandro (he/him)
Mason is a white boy who speaks English as his first language. He is on an IEP for severe ADHD. He receives free or reduced lunch. He has	Jackie is a white transgender girl who speaks English as her first language. She has no identified disabilities. She	Grace is an Asian girl who speaks English as her first language. She has an IEP for dyslexia. She does not	Alejandro is a Latino boy who speaks Spanish as his first language. He is an EL student who speaks English at a beginner level. He has no identified disabilities. He receives free or reduced lunch. He has a history of low success and low participation during math lessons. He also loves to play Minecraft.
Strategy C	<u> </u>	Strategy D	
Step 1	1. I made 27 and 23 with the blocks. 2. I combined the tens together. Then I combined the ones. That's 4 tens, which is 40. Plus 10 ones, which is 50.	+2 +25 0 23 25 50 • I started at 23. • Then I took 2 from the 27 to make a jump of 2. • That makes 25.	
		 Then I only needed to add 25 and got 50. 	i more, so I made another jump

CJ (they/them) Mateo (he/him) Adriel (he/him) Valentina (she/her) Adriel is an Indigenous boy Valentina is a Latina girl who CJ is a gender fluid white Mateo is a Latino boy who who speaks English as his speaks English as her first child who speaks English as speaks Spanish as his first their first language. They have language. He is an EL student first language. He has no language. She has an IEP for identified disabilities, and he speech impairment no identified disabilities, and who speaks English at an receives free or reduced (stuttering). She does not they do not receive free or intermediate level. He has no lunch. He has a history of receive free or reduced lunch. reduced lunch. They have a identified disabilities. He average success and low She has a history of average history of high success and receives free or reduced success and low participation average participation during lunch. He has a history of high participation during math lessons. He also loves to play during math lessons. She also math lessons. They also love success and average enjoys spending time in to draw and paint. participation during math soccer. lessons. He also likes to play nature. the guitar. Strategy E Strategy F First, I added 7 and 3 27 to get 10. I put a zero 23 + 27 + 23 under the 7. I made it 23 + 27 because that's easier for 50 me to think about. Then I put the 1 up 23 + (2 + 25)Then I broke the 27 into 2 and 25. above the 2. Last I (23 + 2) = 25Then I combined the 2 with the 23, and I got added 1 + 2 + 2 to get Oliver (he/him) Liam (he/him) Daniela (she/her) Angel (she/her) Oliver is a white boy who Liam is a white boy who Daniela is a Latina girl who Angel is a Black girl who speaks English as his first speaks English as his first speaks English as her first speaks English as her first language. He has no language. He has no language. She has no language. She has no identified disabilities, and he identified disabilities, and he identified disabilities, and she identified disabilities, and she does not receive free or reduced lunch. He has a reduced lunch. She has a reduced lunch. She has a reduced lunch. He has a history of average success history of low success and low history of high success and history of average success high participation during math and average participation and low participation during participation during math during math lessons. He also lessons. He also enjoys riding math lessons. She also loves lessons. She also enjoys his bike. loves comic books. to dance. making origami. Strategy G Strategy H 1. I made 27 and 23 with the blocks 2. I pulled 2 apart from the 27 to make 25. 3. I put the 2 with the 23 to make 25. That makes 25 27 + 23• First I added 20 and 20 to get 40. + 25 which is 50. Then I added 7 and 3 to get 10. 20 + 20 = 40• Then I added 40 and 10 to get 50. 7 + 3 = 1040 + 10 = 50