CODE: 198

Background

Imagine you are teaching a math lesson to a class of 16 second grade students. The purpose of this lesson is to examine the ways properties of operations can be used to add numbers.

You have asked the students to work with a partner to solve the problem 27 + 23 using any method that works best for them. The partners have completed their work. Now you plan to select 3 individual students to present their work to the class.

Look at the strategies below and the descriptions of the students. Then choose which three students you would like to have present.

The Problem

27 + 23

Learning Goal

Your goal is for the students to be able to understand how properties of operation can be used to add numbers.

- · You want the students to understand that two numbers can be added in any order (commutative property).
 - Example: 3 + 4 = 4 + 3
- You also want the students to understand that 3 numbers can be regrouped and added in any order (associative property).
 - Example: 9 + (1 + 7) = (9 + 1) + 7

2nd Grade Student Descriptions Jackie (she/they) Carter (he/him) Grace (she/her) Ava (she/her) Jackie is a white transgender Grace is an Asian girl who Carter is a Black boy who Ava is a white girl who speaks English as her first language. girl who speaks English as speaks English as his first speaks English as her first her first language. She has no language. He has no language. She has an IEP for She has no identified identified disabilities. She identified disabilities, and he dyslexia. She does not disabilities. She receives free receives free or reduced receives free or reduced receive free or reduced lunch. For reduced lunch. She has a lunch. She has a history of lunch. He has a history of She has a history of low history of low success and low average success and low average success and little to success and average participation during math participation during math no participation during math participation during math lessons. She also loves lessons. She also loves lessons. He also loves to cook lessons. She also plays gardening. and bake. animals. basketball. .----Strategy B Strategy A 27 + 23• I broke the 27 into 25 and 2. • First I added 20 and 20 to get 40. • Then I added the 2 and 23 to make 25. • Then I added 3 more to get 43. 25 + 2Then I knew that 25 plus 25 is 50 because 2 quarters are 50 cents. 40 + 3 = 4325 + 2550 Mason (he/him) Jada (she/her) Valentina (she/her) Liam (he/him) Mason is a white boy who Jada is a Black girl who Valentina is a Latina girl who Liam is a white boy who speaks English as his first speaks English as her first speaks English as her first speaks English as his first language. He is on an IEP for language. She has no language. She has an IEP for language. He has no severe ADHD. He receives identified disabilities, and she speech impairment identified disabilities, and he free or reduced lunch. He has does not receive free or (stuttering). She does not does not receive free or a history of high success and reduced lunch. She has a receive free or reduced lunch. reduced lunch. He has a low participation during math history of high success and She has a history of average history of average success lessons. He also enjoys high participation during math success and low participation and average participation singing. lessons. She also plays on a during math lessons. She also during math lessons. He also softball team. enjoys spending time in loves comic books. nature. Strategy C Strategy D Step 1 1. I made 27 and 23 +2 +25 with the blocks. 2. I combined the tens together. Then I combined the ones. That's 4 tens, which is 40. Plus 10 ones, 23 50 which is 50. • I started at 23. Step 2 Then I took 2 from the 27 to make a jump of 2. That makes 25. Then I only needed to add 25 more, so I made another jump

and got 50.

Daniela (she/her)

Daniela is a Latina girl who speaks English as her first language. She has no identified disabilities, and she does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of average success and low participation during math lessons. She also loves to dance.

Mateo (he/him)

Mateo is a Latino boy who speaks Spanish as his first language. He is an EL student who speaks English at an intermediate level. He has no identified disabilities. He receives free or reduced lunch. He has a history of high success and average participation during math lessons. He also likes to play the guitar.

Camille (she/her)

Camille is a white girl who speaks French as her first language. She is an EL student who speaks English at an advanced level. She has they do not receive free or no identified disabilities, and she does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of high success and high participation during math lessons. She also does karate.

CJ (they/them)

CJ is a gender fluid white child who speaks English as their first language. They have no identified disabilities, and reduced lunch. They have a history of high success and average participation during math lessons. They also love to draw and paint.

Strategy E

23 + 27 23 + (2 + 25)

(23 + 2) = 25

- I made it 23 + 27 because that's easier for me to think about.
- Then I broke the 27 into 2 and 25.
- Then I combined the 2 with the 23, and I got

Strategy F

- First, I added 7 and 3 to get 10. I put a zero under the 7.
- Then I put the 1 up above the 2. Last I added 1 + 2 + 2 to get

Oliver (he/him)

Oliver is a white boy who speaks English as his first language. He has no identified disabilities, and he does not receive free or reduced lunch. He has a history of high success and high participation during math lessons. He also enjoys riding his bike.

Angel (she/her)

Angel is a Black girl who speaks English as her first language. She has no identified disabilities, and she does not receive free or reduced lunch. She has a history of low success and low participation during math lessons. She also enjoys making origami.

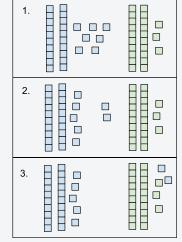
Alejandro (he/him)

speaks Spanish as his first language. He is an EL student first language. He has no who speaks English at a beginner level. He has no identified disabilities. He receives free or reduced lunch. He has a history of low success and low participation during math lessons. He also loves to play Minecraft.

Adriel (he/him)

Aleiandro is a Latino boy who Adriel is an Indigenous boy who speaks English as his identified disabilities, and he receives free or reduced lunch. He has a history of average success and low participation during math lessons. He also loves to play soccer.

Strategy G



- 1. I made 27 and 23 with the blocks.
- 2. I pulled 2 apart from the 27 to make 25.
- 3. I put the 2 with the 23 to make 25. That makes 25 + 25 which is 50.

Strategy H

27 + 23

20 + 20 = 40

7 + 3 = 10

40 + 10 = 50

- First I added 20 and 20 to get 40.
- Then I added 7 and 3 to get 10.
- Then I added 40 and 10 to get 50.