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Mohit Kumar	
	Signature

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1 Introduction

This project is based on developing a system which analyze the data of student and print the appropriate grade report for student for APIIT SD INDIA. The objective of the project is to design a window based program which having mainly two users one is administrator and other is student. Administrator has full access to the system and student having limited access i.e. he can only see his/her academic record.

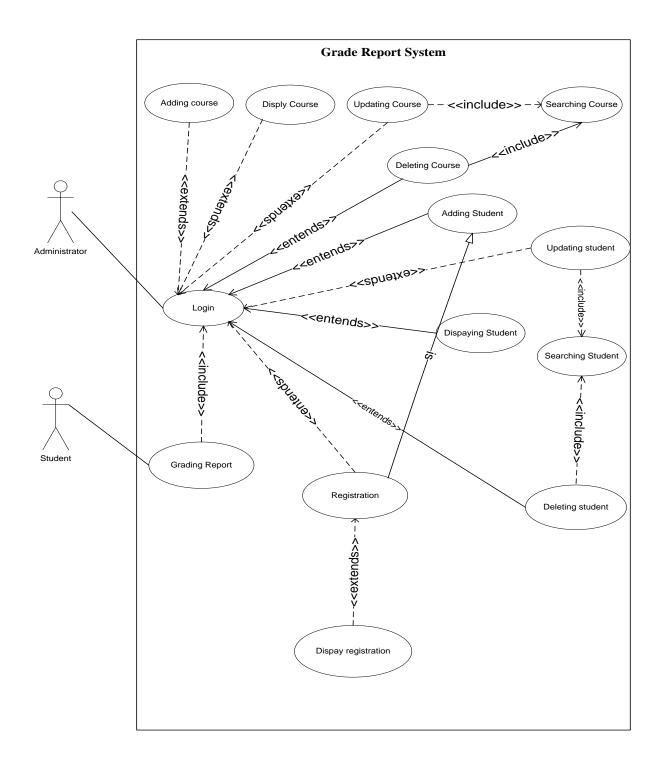
This project is focus on three modules namely login, course and student modules. Through Login module user will identify that which user is interacting with the system. If he is administrator then give full access to user and if user is student then simply display the academic record. Through course and student module administrator can add, display, delete, search and update the records of course and student respectively. The system also calculates tuition fee per credit hour and GPA.

The GPA will display only for those students which are paid their tuition fee. If administrator will login to system then he will see the GPA while student paid the tuition fee or not.

Student module provide many update option to administrator i.e. update student name, update fee paid status, GPA and deletion status. Through update option of course module administrator will add more courses in existing branch and level and change name of existing course also update fee rate.

2 Description and justification of the design of the implementation codes

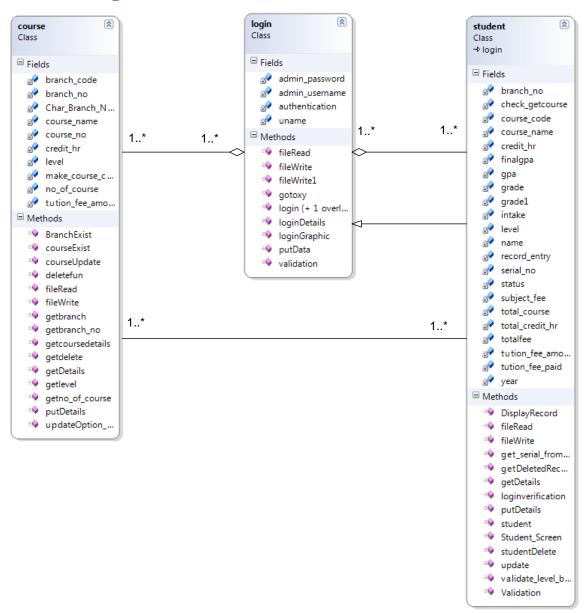
2.1 Usecase diagram



Justification: To use the grading report system administrator and student have to login with the system. There are two different accesses power of user:

- 1. Administrator: After login administrator have option to perform task related to course management, student management and user management. he can perform add, update display records and delete task of on course and student management. So there are options to work on each module, it show through extend relationship. To update or delete any record of student or course, administrator has to search the records. So there is a include relationship. There is a generalization relationship i.e. "Is a" relationship between student management and user management i.e. student "is a" user of the system. (Ibm.com, 2013)
- 2. Student: To see the grade report, student have to login with the system. Thus login the per condition for student to see his/her grad report.

2.2 Class Diagram



Justification:

- 1. Aggregation: Login class contains (call) the student menu with the help of student class object. One object of the login class is associated with one object of student class and many students will login through different object of login class. Login class has same relationship with course class as student class. One student object has one course object and many objects of course is associated with many object of students.
- 2. Generalisation: Login is base class and student is derived class. With the help of student class object developer call the function of login class. Thus it contains generalisation relationship. (Uml-diagrams.org, 2013)

3 Object Oriented Programming Concept

3.1 Class

Class is collection of similar objects. It is also known as user defined data type. The class contains data member and member function wrapped in it. The variable declare inside the class is called data member and the associated function is known as member function. It is blue print of objects. The class members can be defined with the help of public, private and protected access modifiers. By default members of class are private. (Studytonight.com, 2013)

3.1.1 List of classes used in the project

- 1. Login Class
- 2. Course Class
- 3. Student Cass

3.1.2 Description of Login Class

The purpose of this class is to authenticate the user and write the registration details of administrator and student in login file. This class contains member function and data members. Data members are private access specifier and member functions are public. Data members contain declaration of variables and member function having only declaration/prototype of the functions. (Hscripts.com, 2013)

3.1.3 Declaration of Login Class Class Name Keyword class login Class Declaration of private: private Member string admin username, admin password, uname; int authentication; function public: login() admin username=""; Default admin password=""; constructor login(string u,string p) admin username=p; admin password=u; Parameterise Constructor with void gotoxy(int xpos,int ypos); void putData(int x,int y); Declaration void fileWrite1(string u,string p); void fileWrite(); End of class void fileRead(); declaration int validation(string, string); int loginDetails(string, string); with semi Prototype of void loginGraphic(int, string); column function };

3.2 Object

Objects are the basic unit of object oriented programming. It is also called instance of the class. The data members and member functions that operate on data are bundled as a unit is called object.

3.2.1 Object of Login Class



3.3 Default Constructor

Default constructor is a special type of function that is called when object of the class is created. It can be used to initialise class data members. It is implicitly called when object of that class is created. (Deitel and Deitel, 2010, pp. 439-445)

3.3.1 Constructor of Login Class



3.4 Parameterise Constructor:

Constructor having parameter inside it is called parameterise constructor. It is explicitly called.

```
Name of constructor is same as class name and having two parameters namely "u" and "p".

Sign (string u, string p)

admin_username=p;
admin_password=u;
}
```

3.5 Overloading:

Function having same name but different number of argument is called function overloading. Overloading is done in the same class. If compiler not found the possible match of signature of function then it go to type conversion of the signature. (Tutorialspoint.com, 2013)

```
class login
                                                 Constructor having same
private:
      string
                                                 name but different
admin username, admin password, uname;
                                                 argument is called as
      int authentication;
public:
                                                 constructor overloading.
      login()
             admin username="";
             admin password="";
      login(string u,string p)
      {
             admin username=p;
             admin password=u;
      void gotoxy(int xpos,int ypos);
      void putData(int x,int y);
      void fileWrite1(string u,string
p);
      void fileWrite();
      void fileRead();
      int validation(string, string);
      int loginDetails(string, string);
      void loginGraphic(int,string);
};
#endif
```

3.6 Encapsulation

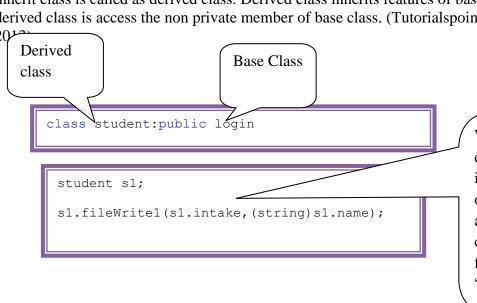
It is binding of data member and member function together in a class. Developer access the private variable of the class through public method of the class.

3.6.1 Encapsulation within Course class

```
class course
                 private:
                 branch[30], branch code[10], course name[20][11], course
                 no[10][11];
                        int level, no of course, branch no;
                        string make course code[60], credit hr[60];
                        float tution fee amount;
                 public:
                        void getlevel();
Private data
                        void getbranch();
members are
                        void getDetails();
                        void getbranch no();
accessible
                        void getno of course();
through the
                        void getcoursedetails();
                        void putDetails();
public
                        void updateOption add(course& c, char ch);
method of
                        void updateOption exist(course& c);
                        void fileWrite();
                        void fileRead();
                        int BranchExist();
                        int courseExist(string);
                        void getdelete(int n,course& c);
                        void courseUpdate();
                        friend int getCourse(student& s1, course& c1);
                        friend int validate branch no (student& s1,
                 course& c1);
                        friend void calculate GPA(student& s1, course&
                 c1, int i);
                        friend int fee(int,int);
                        void deletefun();
                 };
```

3.7 Inheritance

It allows us to reuse the code. The class which is inherited is called base class and inherit class is called as derived class. Derived class inherits features of base class. The derived class is access the non private member of base class. (Tutorialspoint.com,



With the help of derived class object i.e. student class object we are accessing the base class member function namely "fileWrite" function.

3.8 File Handling

File and stream: The collection of records is called file and stream refer to sequence of bytes. (Bitavoncpp.com, 2013)

3.8.1 Streaming Classes:

ifstream: This class is used to read from file.

Ofstream: This class is used to write in a file.

fstream: This class is used to both read and write purpose. (Balagurusamy, 2011, pp. 290-315)

3.8.2 Creating object of stream class



3.8.3 Opening a file with the help of stream class object

```
ifstream fcin;
fcin.open "udent", ios::app |ios::in);

Open method is used to open the file with the help of
```

ifstream object. It has two arguments, first is the file name and second is the mode in which we want to open the file.

3.8.4 Write in a file

```
ofstream fout;
fout.wri (char *) &c,sizeof(c));
```

With the help of write function of stream class we can write data in a file. Write function write the block of binary data.

3.8.5 Read from the file

```
ifstream fcin;
fcin.read ((char *) &c,sizeof(c));
```

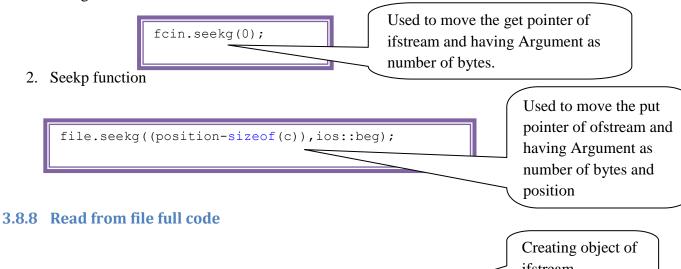
With the help of read method of ifstream class we can read block of binary data from a file.

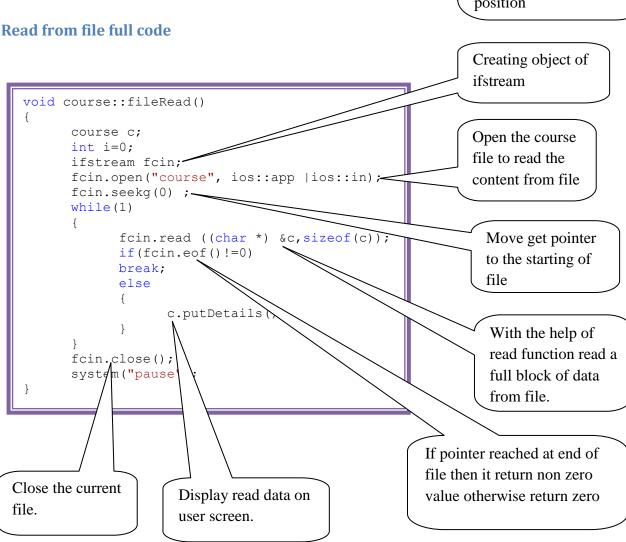
3.8.6 Close a file

```
fcin.close();
```

3.8.7 To move pointer

1. Seekg function:





4 Implementation

4.1 Header File:

User defined Header file consist of two parts. The first part is called include guard. The purpose of include guard is to ignore redeclaration of header file in our program. The second part of the header file contains the actual contents of our program i.e. declaration for other class, function, structure etc.

4.1.1 Login header file

1. **Description:** The header file contains declaration of mainmenu function, Loginmenu function, login class which include declaration of data member and member function and LOGIN_H include guard.

2. Code snippet:

```
#ifndef LOGIN H
#define LOGIN H
#include <string>
#include<iostream>
void mainmenu();
#include<fstream>
#include<windows.h>
void LoginMenu();
using namespace std;
class login
private:
      string admin username, admin password, uname;
      int authentication;
public:
      login()
      {
            admin username="";
            admin password="";
      login(string u,string p)
            admin username=p;
            admin password=u;
      void gotoxy(int xpos,int ypos);
      void putData(int x,int y);
      void fileWrite1(string u, string p);
      void fileWrite();
      void fileRead();
      int validation(string, string);
      int loginDetails(string, string);
      void loginGraphic(int,string);
};
#endif
```

4.1.2 Course Header file:

1. **Description:** This header file includes declaration of coursement function and student class ,course class and include guard .

2. Code snippet:

```
#ifndef COURSE_H
#define COURSE_H
#include <string>
#include<iostream>
```

```
#include<fstream>
#include "Login.h"
void coursemenu();
class student;
using namespace std;
class course
private:
      char
branch[30], branch code[10], course name[20][11], course no[10][11];
      int level, no_of_course, branch no;
      string make_course code[60], credit hr[60];
      float tution fee amount;
public:
      void getlevel();
      void getbranch();
      void getDetails();
      void getbranch no();
      void getno of course();
      void getcoursedetails();
      void putDetails();
      void updateOption add(course& c, char ch);
      void fileWrite();
      void fileRead();
      int BranchExist();
      int courseExist(string);
      void getdelete(int n,course& c);
      void courseUpdate();
      friend int getCourse(student& s1, course& c1);
      friend int validate branch no(student& s1, course& c1);
      friend void calculate GPA(student& s1, course& c1,int i);
      friend int fee(int,int);
      void deletefun();
};
#endif
```

4.1.3 Student Header file:

1. **Description:** The student header file consists of declaration of studentmenu function, course class, student class and also contains STUDENT_H include guard. (Learncpp.com, 2013)

2. Code snippet:

```
#ifndef STUDENT H
#define STUDENT H
#include<fstream>
#include<string>
#include "course.h"
#include<windows.h>
using namespace std;
void studentmenu();
class course;
class login;
class student:public login
private:
      char name[60],grade[5][60];
      string
intake,course name[60],course code[60],status,credit hr[60];
year, level, branch no, serial no, total course, check getcourse, grade1[60
],gpa,record entry,total credit hr;
```

```
bool tution fee paid;
      float tution_fee_amount, subject_fee[65], finalgpa, totalfee;
public:
      student(){}
      void getDetails(int,int,int,int);
      void putDetails();
      void fileWrite();
      void fileRead(int);
      int Validation(string);
      int validate_level_branch();
      void studentDelete();
      int get_serial_from_file();
      int getDeletedRecord();
      friend void calculate GPA(student& s1, course& c1,int i);
      friend int validate branch no(student& s1, course& c1);
      friend int getCourse(student& s1, course& c1);
      void DisplayRecord(student &s);
      void update();
      void Student_Screen(student &student_detail);
      friend int fee(int,int);
     void loginverification();
};
#endif
```

4.2 Implementation file

4.2.1 Login.cpp

It consists of definition of member function of login class and global declaration of login class object.

1. **putdate Function :** The purpose of this function is to display user name and password on screen. It is member function of login class. It has two argument x and y of data type int and return type of function is void.

1.1. Code Snippet:

```
void login::putData(int x,int y)
{
    gotoxy(x+6,y+6);
    cout<<admin_username;
    gotoxy(x+30,y+6);
    cout<<admin_password<<"\n";
}</pre>
```

2. **fileWrite function:** Through this function administrator can register the user in the system i.e. write user details in the file. The function return type is of void type, this means the function not return any value and having no argument.

2.1 Code snippet:

```
void login::fileWrite()
      int auth=0;
      string un, ppw;
      system("cls");
      ofstream fcout;
      loginGraphic(7,"WELCOME TO GRADING SYSTEM");
      int a=9, b=2;
      gotoxy(a+5,b+2);
      cout<<"Enter User Name: ";</pre>
      cin>>un;
      gotoxy(a+22,b+2);
      cout<<"
      transform(un.begin(), un.end(), un.begin(), toupper);
      gotoxy(a+22,b+2);
      cout << un;
      gotoxy(a+5,b+4);
      cout<<"Enter Password: ";</pre>
      cin>>ppw;
    fcout.open("Login", ios::app |ios::out);
      log=login(ppw,un);
      auth=validation(un,ppw);
      if(auth==1)
      {
            gotoxy(a+5,b+6);
             cout<<"Username Exist please try again\n";</pre>
      if (auth==99)
      {
            fcout.write ((char *) &log, sizeof(log));
            gotoxy(a+5,b+6);
            cout<<"write success\n";</pre>
      file.close();
      gotoxy(a+5,b+8);
```

```
system("pause");
```

- 3. **fileWrite1 function:** At the time of writting the student record in the file this function is call. Through this function student user name and password is written in the login file at the time of adding of student record. This function having two argument namely "u" and "p" of string type and return type of this function is void.
- 3.1. Code snippet:

```
void login::fileWrite1(string u,string p)//for student
{
    login log1;
    ofstream fcout;
    transform(u.begin(), u.end(), u.begin(), toupper);
    log1.admin_username=u;
    log1.admin_password=p;
    fcout.open("Login", ios::app |ios::out);
    fcout.write ((char *) &log1,sizeof(log1));
    file.close();
}
```

- 4. **FileRead Function:** The purpose of this function is to display registration details(User name and password) of student and administrator on the screen.
- 4.1 Code snippet:

```
void login::fileRead()
      file.open("Login", ios::app |ios::in);
      file.seekq(0);
      int x=9, y=0;
      for(int i=0;i<27;i++)</pre>
             gotoxy(x,y);
             cout<<"*";
             x=x+2;
      }
      x=9; y=4;
      for (int i=0; i<27; i++)</pre>
      {
             gotoxy(x,y);
             cout<<"*";
             x=x+2;
      }
      x=9; y=0;
      gotoxy(x+12,y+2);
      cout<<"Welcome To Registration Details";</pre>
      x=9; y=2;
      gotoxy(x+6,y+4);
      cout<<"user Name";</pre>
      gotoxy(x+30,y+4);
      cout<<"Password";</pre>
      while(1)
             file.read ((char *) &log, sizeof(log));
             if(file.eof()!=0)
                    break;
             else
```

```
{
        log.putData(x,y);
        y=y+2;
}
file.close();
system("pause");
```

5. **Validation function:** The purpose of this function is to validate username name password. This function having two argument namely "un" and "pw" of string type and return type of this function is of integer type which having value 99 and 1. (Cplusplus.com, 2013)

5.1 Code Snippet:

```
int login::validation(string un, string pw)
{
    int i=99;
    login d;
    ifstream fcin;
    fcin.open("Login", ios::ate |ios::in);
    fcin.seekg((sizeof(d)),ios::beg);
    while(1)
    {
        fcin.read ((char *) &d,sizeof(d));
        if(fcin.eof()!=0)
        {
            break;
        }
        if(un==d.admin_username && pw==d.admin_password)
        {
            i=1;
            break;
        }
    }
    fcin.close();
    return i;
}
```

6. **loginDetails function:** Through this function developer check user name and password for administrator. It has two parameters namely "un" and "ppw" of type string and return type of function is int. The function return 1 if user exist in the system and 0 if user does not exist.

6.1 Code snippet:

```
int login::loginDetails(string un, string ppw)
{
    int auth=0;
    fstream file;
    transform(un.begin(), un.end(), un.begin(), toupper);
    file.open("Login", ios::ate |ios::in);
    file.seekg(0,ios::beg);
    file.read ((char *) &log, sizeof(log));
    if(un==log.admin_username && ppw==log.admin_password)
    {
        auth=1;
    }
    file.close();
    return auth;
}
```

4.2.2 Course.cpp

1. **Getlevel function:** This function is used to validate level number entered by user. The return type of the function is void and having no argument.

1.1.Code Snippet:

```
void course::getlevel()
      int check=0;
      do
      {
             try
             {
                    cout<<"\nEnter Level: ";</pre>
                    cin>>level;
                    if(level>=0 && level<4)</pre>
                          check=1;
             }
             catch(istream::failure e)
                    check=0;
                    fflush(stdin);
                    cin.clear();
      }while(check!=1);
```

2. **Getno_of_course Function:** Through this function developer validate total number of course entered by user in one branch.

```
void course::getno of course()
      int check=0, whitespace=0;
                   check=1;
                   try
                          cout<<"\nPlease Enter New Tution fee rate: RS</pre>
" ;
                          cin>>tution fee amount;
                          cout << "number of courses you want to enter:
" ;
                          cin>>no of course;
                          if(no of course>0 && no of course<=10)</pre>
                                check=1;
                   catch(istream::failure e)
                   {
                          check=0;
                          fflush(stdin);
                          cin.clear();
             }while (check!=1);
```

- 3. **getDetails function:** This function work same as getDetail function of login class. The return type of this function is void and having no argument.
- 3.1.Code Snippet:

```
void course::getDetails()
```

```
Similar to previous "getDetail" function of login class
```

4. **PutDetails function:** This function used to display information about course on the screen. The return type of function is void and having no argument.

4.1.Code Snippet:

```
void course::putDetails()
{
     Work same as putdata of login class
}
```

- 5. **fileWrite function:** The function is used to write the course details in the course file. The return type of function is void and having no argument.
- 5.1.Code Snippet:

```
void course::fileWrite()
{
    work same as fileWrite function of class login
}
```

- 6. **fileRead function:** The function is used to read the course details from the course file. The return type of function is void and having no argument.
- 6.1. Code Snippet:

```
void course::fileRead()
{
     work same as fileRead function of class login
}
```

7. **BranchExist function:** Through this function developer check the level and branch exixtance. If the level and branch exixt hen it return 1 and if not exist it return 0. The return type of function is void and having no argument.

7.1.Code Snippet:

```
int course::BranchExist()
{
     Work same as Validation function of class login
}
```

8. **CourseExist Function:** This function is used to check the couse name, if course name exist in the level then will return the index value and if not exist return 0 value to the function. The return type of function is int and having one arguments namely "search course nm" of string type.

8.1. Code snippet:

```
int course::BranchExist()
{
     Work same as Validation function of class login
}
```

9. **courseUpdate function:** This function used to change/update the details of course through menu provided by developer. The return type of function is of void type and having no argument.

```
void course::courseUpdate()
{
    system("cls");
    int choice;
```

```
int j,i;
      char char i[10];
      char
char level[10][11], char branch no[10][11], char last[10][11];
      string course nm[30], course Num[10], search course nm;
      course c;
      fstream file;
      int flag=0, position=0;
      login lod;
      lod.loginGraphic(6,"WELCOME TO UPDATE MENU");
      int a=6, y=4;
      lod.gotoxy(a+6,y);
      cout<<"1. Add New course\t2.Change in Existing one";</pre>
      lod.gotoxy(a+6, y+2);
      cout<<"3. update Tution fee Rate\t4.Exit";</pre>
      lod.gotoxy(a+8, y+4);
      cout<<"Enter your option: ";</pre>
      cin>>choice;
      if (choice!=4)
      {
            system("cls");
            lod.loginGraphic(8,"WELCOME TO UPDATE MENU");
            lod.gotoxy(a+6,y);
            cout<<"Enter Level: ";</pre>
            cin>>level;
            lod.gotoxy(a+6,y+2);
                                        1.COM 2.MULTIMEDIA 3.EEE";
            cout<<"Branch Code:0.CSE</pre>
            lod.gotoxy(a+15, y+4);
            cout<<"4.Mechatronic 5.AUTOMOBILE</pre>
                                                     6.EE";
            lod.gotoxy(a+6,y+8);
            cout<<"enter Branch Number: ";</pre>
            cin>>branch no;
      flag=BranchExist();
      file.open("course",ios::in|ios::out|ios::ate);
      file.seekg(0);
      while(1 && flag==1)
      {
            file.read ((char *) &c, sizeof(c));
            if(file.eof()!=0)
             {
                   break;
            if(level==c.level && branch no==c.branch no)
                   position=file.tellg();
                   if (choice==2)
                   {
                         cout<<"\nEnter course name which you want to</pre>
update: ";
                         cin>>search course nm;
                         i=0;
                         j=c.courseExist(search course nm);
                         if(j!=0)
                                i=j-1;
                                make_course_code[i]="";
                                cout<<"\n\t"<<i+1<<". enter course</pre>
name: ";
                                cin>>c.course name[i];
                                itoa(level,char level[i],10);
```

```
itoa(branch no, char branch no[i], 10);
                              itoa(j,char_i,10);
                              strcpy(course no[i],"");
                              strcat(course no[i], char level[i]);
                              strcat(course no[i], char branch no[i]);
                              strcat(course no[i],char i);
                              course nm[i]=(string)c.course name[i];
                              transform(course nm[i].begin(),
course_nm[i].end(),course_nm[i].begin(), toupper);
                             course nm[i]=course nm[i].substr(0,3);
     make course code[i].append(course nm[i]);
     make course code[i].append(course no[i]);
     c.make course code[i]=make_course_code[i];
                             cout<<"\n\tCourse code:</pre>
"<<c.make_course_code[i];
                             cout<<"\n\n\t"<<i+1<<". Credit Hour for
"<<c.course name[i]<<" :";
                             cin>>c.credit hr[i];
                             file.seekg((position-
sizeof(c)),ios::beg);
                             file.write((char*)&c, sizeof(c));
                             Updated Successfully--@@@@@@@@@@@@@\n";
                             system("pause");
                             courseUpdate();
                        }
                       else
                        {
                              cout << "\n@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@Course Not
exist@@@@@@@@@@@\n";
                             courseUpdate();
                  if(choice==3)
                  {
                       lod.loginGraphic(11,"WELCOME TO UPDATE
MENU");
                       lod.gotoxy(a+6, y+10);
                       cout<<"Current tution fee rate:</pre>
"<<c.tution fee amount;
                       lod.gotoxy(a+6, y+12);
                       cout<<"Please Enter New rate: ";</pre>
                       cin>>c.tution fee amount;
                       file.seekg((position-sizeof(c)),ios::beg);
                       file.write((char*)&c, sizeof(c));
                       lod.gotoxy(a+6, y+16);
                       cout<<"Rate Updated Successfully";</pre>
                       lod.gotoxy(a+6, y+18);
                       system("pause");
                       courseUpdate();
                  if (choice!=4)
                       system("cls");
     cout<<"\n************
******\n";
```

```
cout<<"\##
                                         Add New course In
level: "<<c.level<<"</pre>
                          ##\n";
    cout<<"\n************
******\n";
                    c.putDetails();
               }
             break;
     if(choice==1 && flag==1)
          if(c.no of course<=10)</pre>
               c.updateOption add(c,'y');
               file.seekg((position-sizeof(c)),ios::beg);
               file.write((char*)&c, sizeof(c));
               cout<<"@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@--Course Added
system("pause");
               courseUpdate();
          }
          else
               cout << "\n@@@@@@@@@@@@--Maximum Course Limit is
}
     }
     if(choice>=5 && flag==1)
          cout<<"\n\t@@@@@@@@@--Invalid selection--
@@@@@@@@@@@@\n";
          system("pause");
          courseUpdate();
     if (choice==4)
          coursemenu();
     if (flag==0)
     {
          cout<<"\nBranch not Exist\n";</pre>
     file.close();
```

2. **Deletefun function:** Function used to delete specific course from the course file. The return type of the function isof void type and having no argument.

```
void course::deletefun()
{
  int flag2=0,j=0;
  int flag,m,flag12,position;
  string file_course_nm2,line,msg="DELETE COURSE";
  course c;
  login lod;
  lod.loginGraphic(7,msg);
  int a=5,y=4;
  fstream file;
  string search_course_nm;
  lod.gotoxy(a+8,y);
  cout<<"Eneter Level: ";</pre>
```

```
cin>>level;
lod.gotoxy(a+8, y+2);
cout<<"Branch Code:0.CSE 1.COM 2.MULTIMEDIA 3.EEE";</pre>
lod.gotoxy(a+14, y+4);
cout<<"4.Mechatronic</pre>
                       5.MBA
                               6.EE";
lod.gotoxy(a+8, y+6);
cout<<"enter Branch Number: ";</pre>
cin>>branch no;
lod.gotoxy(a+8, y+8);
cout<<"enter course name: ";</pre>
cin>>search_course_nm;
flag=courseExist(search_course_nm);
if(flag==0)
{
      lod.gotoxy(a+8,y+10);
      cout<<"course not exist";</pre>
      lod.gotoxy(a+8,y+12);
      system("pause");
      coursemenu();
if (flag!=0)
      file.open("course",ios::in|ios::out|ios::ate);
      file.seekg(0);
      while(1)
             file.read ((char *) &c, sizeof(c));
             if(file.eof()!=0)
                   break;
             if(level==c.level && branch no==c.branch no)
                   flag12=1;
                   position=file.tellg();
                   for(int i=0;i<c.no of course;i++)</pre>
                          if (i==flag-1)
                          {
                                flag2=1;
                                i=i-1;
                                flag=99;
                          }
                          else
                          {
                                if (flag2==0)
                                      j=i;
strcpy(c.course name[i],c.course name[j]);
strcpy(c.course no[i],c.course no[j]);
c.make course code[i]=c.make course code[j];
c.credit hr[i]=c.credit hr[j];
                                else
                                {
```

```
j=i+1;
strcpy(c.course_name[i],c.course_name[j]);
strcpy(c.course_no[i],c.course_no[j]);
c.make_course_code[i]=c.make_course_code[j];
c.credit_hr[i]=c.credit_hr[j];
                         j++;
                  }
                  c.no_of_course=c.no_of_course-1;;
                  lod.gotoxy(a+8,y+10);
                  cout << "@@@@@@@@@Record deleted@@@@@@@";
                  file.seekg((position-sizeof(c)),ios::beg);
                  file.write((char*)&c, sizeof(c));
                  file.close();
                  break;
            }
      }
}
else
{
```

4.2.3 Student.cpp

1. **Student_Screen function:** This function is called when student will login to the system and display his academic details. The function contains one argument of student class data type and return type of function is void.

```
void student::Student Screen(student &student detail)
      system("cls");
      string notpaid="***";
      int x=1, y=2, a=9, b=0;
      for(int i=0;i<27;i++)</pre>
             gotoxy(a,b);
             cout<<"*";
             a = a + 2;
       }
      a=9;b=0;
      gotoxy(a+20,1);
      cout<<"Welcome "<<name;</pre>
      for (int i=0;i<27;i++)</pre>
             gotoxy(a,b+2);
             cout<<"*";
             a = a + 2;
       }
      a=9;b=0;
      for (int i=0;i<10;i++)</pre>
             gotoxy(a,b+2);
             cout<<"*";
             b=b+2;
       }
      for (int i=0;i<27;i++)</pre>
             gotoxy(a,b+2);
             cout<<"*";
             a = a + 2;
      a=61;b=0;
      for(int i=0;i<10;i++)</pre>
             gotoxy(a,b+2);
             cout<<"*";
             b=b+2;
       }
      x=1; y=1;
      gotoxy(x+12,y+2);
      fflush(stdin);
      cout<<"Student Name:";</pre>
      gotoxy(x+45, y+2);
      fflush(stdin);
      puts(student detail.name);
      gotoxy(x+12,y+4);
      cout<<"Level:";</pre>
      gotoxy(x+45,y+4);
      cout<<student detail.level;</pre>
```

```
gotoxy(x+12,y+6);
cout<<"Student ID:";</pre>
gotoxy(x+45,y+6);
cout<<student detail.intake;</pre>
gotoxy(x+12,y+8);
cout<<"Number of Courses enrolled:";</pre>
gotoxy(x+45,y+8);
cout<<student detail.check getcourse;</pre>
gotoxy(x+12,y+10);
cout<<"Course No";</pre>
gotoxy(x+27,y+10);
cout<<"Course Name";</pre>
gotoxy(x+42,y+10);
cout<<"Credits";
gotoxy(x+52,y+10);
cout<<"Grade";
int y1=14;
if(student detail.tution fee paid==1)
      for(int i=0;i<student detail.check getcourse;i++)</pre>
             if(student detail.subject fee[i]==0)
             }
             else
                    gotoxy(x+12,y1);
                    cout<<student detail.course code[i];</pre>
                    gotoxy(x+27,y1);
                    cout<<student detail.course name[i];</pre>
                    gotoxy(x+42,y1);
                    cout<<student detail.credit hr[i];</pre>
                    gotoxy(x+52,y1);
                    cout<<student detail.grade[i];</pre>
                    y1=y1+2;
             }
      gotoxy(x+12,y1);
      cout<<"Total Number of Credit:";</pre>
      gotoxy(x+42,y1);
      cout<<student detail.total credit hr;</pre>
      gotoxy(x+27, y1+2);
      cout<<"GPA:";
      gotoxy(x+43,y1+2);
      cout<<student detail.finalgpa;</pre>
}
else
      for(int i=0;i<check getcourse;i++)</pre>
             if(s1.subject fee[i]==0)
             {
             else
                    gotoxy(x+12,y1);
                    cout<<student detail.course code[i];</pre>
                    gotoxy(x+27,y1);
                    cout<<student detail.course name[i];</pre>
```

```
gotoxy(x+42,y1);
                    cout<<student detail.credit hr[i];</pre>
                    gotoxy(x+52,y1);
                    cout<<notpaid;</pre>
                    y1=y1+2;
      gotoxy(x+12,y1);
      cout<<"Total Number of Credit:";</pre>
      gotoxy(x+42,y1);
      cout<<student_detail.total_credit_hr;</pre>
      gotoxy(x+27, y1+2);
      cout<<"GPA:";
      gotoxy(x+43,y1+2);
      cout << not paid;
      gotoxy(x+12,y1+4);
      cout<<"Pay your free, to see your grade";</pre>
      gotoxy(x+12,y1+6);
      cout<<"Due Fee: RS "<<student detail.totalfee;</pre>
cout<<"\n\n\n";</pre>
```

2. **Fee Function:** This function is used to access the private member of course classs. Through this function developer brings the tuition fee from the course file and save it to student file. It has two argument namely "level" and "branch" of int type and the return type of function is int.

2.1.Code Snippet:

```
int fee(int level,int branch no)
      int i=0;
      ifstream fcin;
      fcin.open("course", ios::app |ios::in);
      fcin.seekg(0);
      while (1)
      {
            fcin.read ((char *) &c1, sizeof(c1));
            if(fcin.eof()!=0)
            {
                  break;
            if(level==c1.level && branch no==c1.branch no)
                   i=c1.tution fee amount;
                break:
            }
            else
            {
                  i=0;
      fcin.close();
      return i;
```

3. **getDeleteRecord Function:** The developer use this function to validate the limit of student in a branch. The function having no argument and return type of function is int.

```
int student::getDeletedRecord()
{
```

```
int i=0;
student sd;
ifstream fcin;
fcin.open("student", ios::app |ios::in);
fcin.seekg(0);
while(1)
{
    fcin.read ((char *) &sd,sizeof(sd));
    if(fcin.eof()!=0)
    {
        break;
    }
    if(sd.status.compare("deactive")==0)
    {
        i++;
    }
}
fcin.close();
return i;
```

- 4. **Get_serial_from_file Function:** Through this function developer get the serial number of the student added at the last execution of the system in the same level and branch and get the maximum value of the serial number from the student file. The function having no argument and having return type is int.
- 4.1.Code Snippet:

```
int student::get_serial_from_file()
      int i=0;
      int j=0, max=0;
      int serial[70];
      student sd;
      ifstream fcin;
      fcin.open("student", ios::app |ios::in);
      fcin.seekq(0);
      while(1)
            fcin.read ((char *) &sd, sizeof(sd));
            if(fcin.eof()!=0)
             {
                   break;
             if(level==sd.level && branch no==sd.branch no &&
year==sd.year)
                   serial[j]=sd.serial no;
                   if (max<serial[j])</pre>
                         max=serial[j];
                   }
                   j++;
             }
      fcin.close();
      return max+1;
```

5. **getCourse Function:** It is friend function of student class and course class. Developer uses this function to get course details from the course file and save details in student file. Also he calculates the GPA of student. The Function contains argument as object of student class and course class and return type of function is int.

5.1. Code Snippet:

```
int getCourse(student& s1, course& c1)
      ifstream fcin;
      s1.total credit hr=0;
      int i,flag1=0,checkgrade=0;
      string s level, c level, s branch, c branch, s coursename[100];
      char
ch s level[5],ch s branch[5],ch c branch[5],course level[10];
      fcin.open("course",ios::app|ios::in);
      fcin.seekg(0);
      while(1)
            fcin.read((char*)&c1, sizeof(c1));
            if(fcin.eof()!=0)
                  break;
            else
            {
                  s1.qpa=0;
                  s level=string(itoa(s1.level,ch s level,10));
                  c level=string(itoa(c1.level,course_level,10));
                  s_branch=string(itoa(s1.branch_no,ch_s_branch,10));
                  c_branch=string(itoa(c1.branch_no,ch_c_branch,10));
                  if(s level==c level && s branch==c branch)
                         s1.tution_fee_amount=c1.tution_fee_amount;
                         s1.total_course=c1.no_of_course;
                         flag1=c1.no_of_course;
                         for(i=0;i<cl.no of course;i++)</pre>
      s1.course name[i]=(string)c1.course name[i];
      s1.course code[i]=(string)c1.make course code[i];
                               calculate GPA(s1,c1,i);
                         }
                        break;
                  }
      fcin.close();
      return flag1;
```

6. Calculate_GPA Function: Developer used this function to calculate total fee for each subject, total credit hour and sum of grade points for a single student. He is then calculating final GPA in "getDetail" function. The Return type of the function is void and the argument as object of student class and course class.

```
void calculate_GPA(student& s1, course& c1,int i)
{
    int checkgrade=0;
    s1.credit_hr[i]=c1.credit_hr[i];
    char *credit_hour=new char[(s1.credit_hr[i]).size()+1];
    credit_hour[s1.credit_hr[i].size()]=0;
    memcpy(credit_hour,(s1.credit_hr[i]).c_str(),(s1.credit_hr[i]).size());
    s1.subject_fee[i]=atoi(credit_hour)*s1.tution_fee_amount;
    s1.totalfee=s1.totalfee+s1.subject_fee[i];
```

```
s1.total credit hr=s1.total credit hr+atoi(credit hour);
      do
      {
                  cout<<"\n\tEnter Grade course</pre>
"<<s1.course name[i]<<" (A-F): ";
                  cin>>s1.grade[i];
            if (string(s1.grade[i]).compare("A")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("a")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("B")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("b")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("C")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("c")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("D")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("d")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("E")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("e")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("F")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("f")==0);
                  if(string(s1.grade[i]).compare("A")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("a")==0)
                         s1.grade1[i]=5;
                   if (string(s1.grade[i]).compare("B")==0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("b")==0)
                         s1.grade1[i]=4;
                   if (string(s1.grade[i]).compare("C") == 0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("c")==0)
                         s1.grade1[i]=3;
                   if (string(s1.grade[i]).compare("D") == 0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("d")==0)
                         s1.grade1[i]=2;
                   if (string(s1.grade[i]).compare("E") == 0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("e")==0)
                         s1.grade1[i]=1;
                   if (string(s1.grade[i]).compare("F") == 0
||string(s1.grade[i]).compare("f")==0)
                         s1.grade1[i]=0;
                  s1.gpa=(atoi(credit hour)*s1.grade1[i]+s1.gpa);
                  checkgrade=1;
      }while (checkgrade!=1);
```

7. **Loginverification Function:** Developer use this function to authenticate the user through there user name and password. This function call the base class i.e. login class member function namely "loginDetails". It has no return type and also contains no argument as parameter. (Asciitable.com, 2013)

```
void student::loginverification()
{
    int f=0,check=0,counter=0;
    string un,ppw;
    char p,ppw1[40];
    fflush(stdin);
    student student_detail;
    loginGraphic(7,"WELCOME TO GRADING SYSTEM");
    int a=9,b=2;
```

```
gotoxy(a+5,b+2);
      cout<<"Enter User Name: ";</pre>
      cin>>un;
      gotoxy(a+22,b+2);
      cout<<"
      transform(un.begin(), un.end(), un.begin(), toupper);
      gotoxy(a+22,b+2);
      cout<<un;
      gotoxy(a+5,b+4);
      cout<<"Enter Password: ";</pre>
      while(1)
      {
            p=getch();
            if(p)=48 \&\& p<=57)
                   strcpy(ppw1,"");
                   un="";
                   gotoxy(a+5,b+6);
                   cout<<"Wrong input! Please enter only alphabet(a-</pre>
z) \n";
                   gotoxy(a+5,b+8);
                   system("pause");
                   system("cls");
                   loginverification();
                   break;
            else
             {
                   if(p==13)
                         break;
                   else
                   {
                         if(p==8 && counter>0)
                          {
                                printf("\b ");
                                counter--;
                                printf("\b");
                         }
                         else
                          {
                                cout<<"*";
                                ppw1[counter]=p;
                                counter++;
                         }
                   }
      ppw1[counter]='\0';
      ppw=(string)ppw1;
      login log=login(un,ppw);
      ifstream fcin;
      f=student detail.loginDetails(un,ppw);
      if (f==1)
            mainmenu();
      if (f==0)
      {
```

```
fcin.open("student", ios::app |ios::in);
            fcin.seekg(0);
            while(1)
                   fcin.read ((char *)
&student detail, sizeof(student detail));
                   if(fcin.eof()!=0)
                         break;
                   if (un.compare(student_detail.intake) == 0 &&
ppw.compare((string)student detail.name) == 0)
                         check=1;
                         system("cls");
      student_detail.Student_Screen(student_detail);
                         system("pause");
                         break;
                   }
            fcin.close();
            if (check==0)
                   gotoxy(a+5,b+6);
                   cout<<"User name or password wrong !Please try</pre>
again\n";
            else
             {
                   gotoxy(a+5,b+6);
                   cout<<"User name or password wrong !Please try</pre>
again\n";
      }
```

4.3 Driver File

Driver contains main function of the program.

Code Snippet:

```
#include "Login.h"
#include "course.h"
#include "student.h"
int main()
{
  student s;
  s.loginverification();
  return 0;
}
```

5 Sample Output

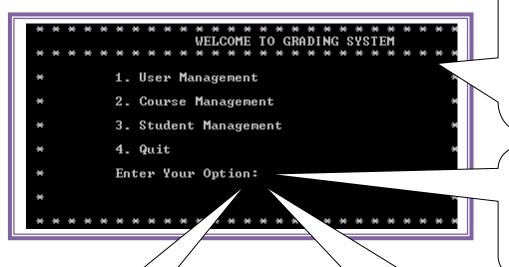
5.1 Login Screen



Step 1: It is first screen of the system. User will enter his user name and password.

Step 2: Entered data will check and if match then user will successful login to system and if entered wrong input then system will close.

5.2 Administrator Main Menu



If username and password matched with admin user name and password then this screen will display to administrator.

User can enter integer value and respective menu will be open.

If user input 4 then system will close.

If user entered wrong input then this menu reappear on the screen.

5.3 User Management menu:

If admin select 1 from main menu then this menu will open.

User can enter integer value and respective menu will be open.

1. Registration menu:

If admin will input 1 in user management menu then this menu will open.

With the help of this menu admin will register user to system.

Administrator will enter user name and password for registration of user.

2. Display Registration Details

If admin will input 2 in user management menu then this menu will open.

First line of this screen show the detail for administrator and rest of line are registration detail for user.

5.4 Course management



This is course menu for administrator. With the help of this screen admin can perform his action according to menu option

Use can input integer value from 1 to 5 and respective action will perform.

1. Add New Course Record

Course Details

Enter Level: 2

Branch Code: 0.CSE 1.COM 2.MULTIMEDIA

4.Mechatronic 5.AUTOMOBILE 6.EE

Enter branch name of level 2: com

Branch Number: 1
Please Enter New Tution fee rate: RS 500
number of courses you want to enter: 1

1. enter course name: FPC

1. Course code: FPC211

1. Credit Hour for FPC: 23

DO Yoy Want to Add More Record in same level(Y/N):

Through this screen admin can add course details in course file.

> Admin will enter level and course name and respective course number automatically taken and display on screen

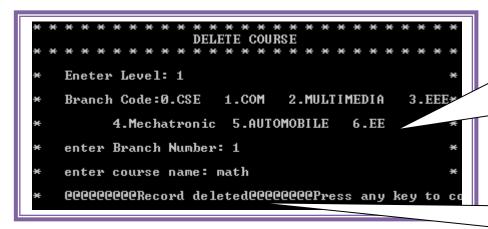
If admin want to add new details then he should enter y or n.

2. Display Course Records



This menu show all the records of course file.

3. Delete Course



Through this screen admin can delete a single course from the entered level and branch.

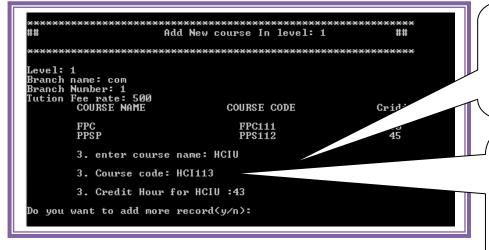
Deletion success or failure message will display on screen.

4. Update Record



If user input 4 in course management menu this menu will open. Here user can update the records of the course according to option provided.

4.1.Add new course screen



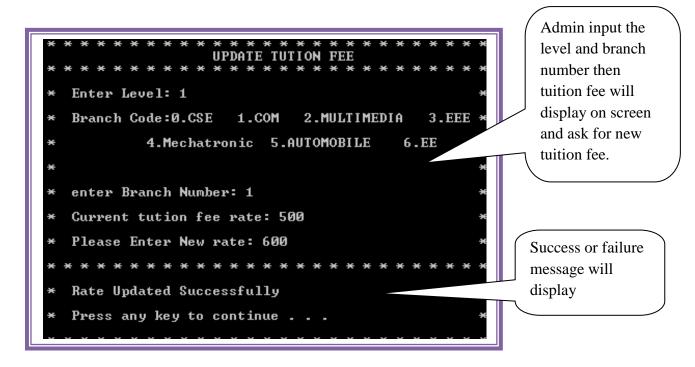
Admin can add new course in existing branch and level.

If admin wants to add more courses in same level and branch then he can input y otherwise input n.

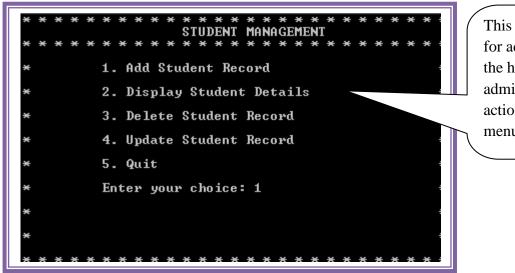
4.2. Change in existing course



4.3. Update tuition fee rate

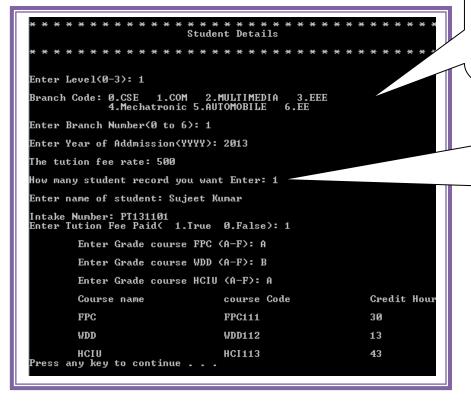


5.5 Student Management menu



This is Student menu for administrator. With the help of this screen admin can perform his action according to menu option

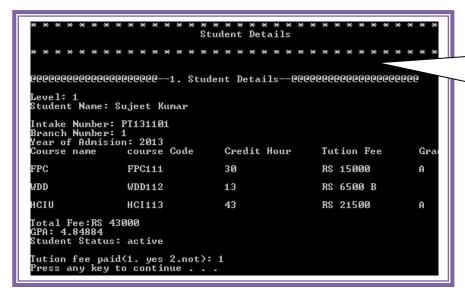
1. Add student record



Through this screen admin will add the student record in the same sequence.

Here admin enter number of student entry he wants to add in the same level and branch.

2. Display student Details



This screen will display all the student record to admin.

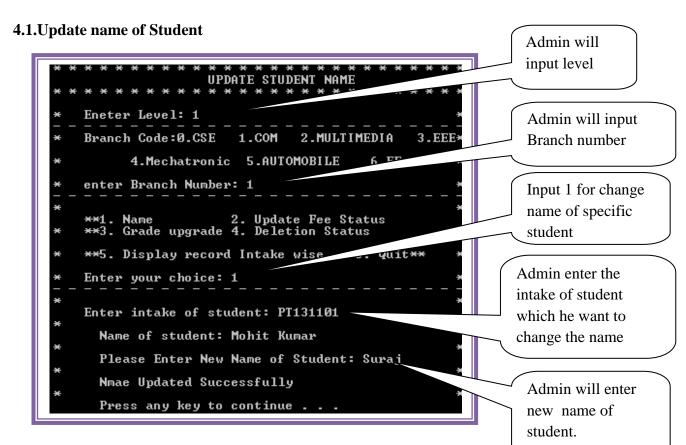
3. Delete Student record



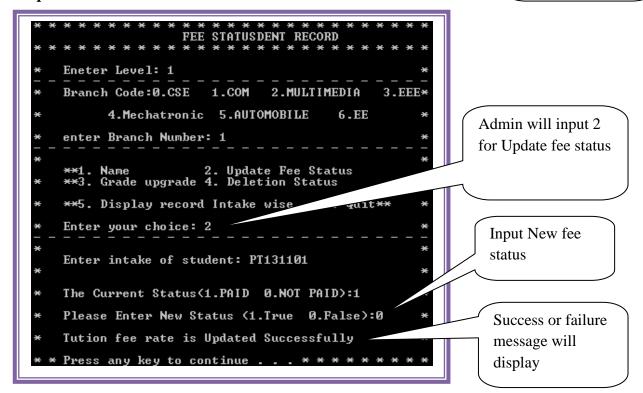
Admin will enter the level and branch number and intake of the student then student status will be change from active to deactivate

4. Update menu of student

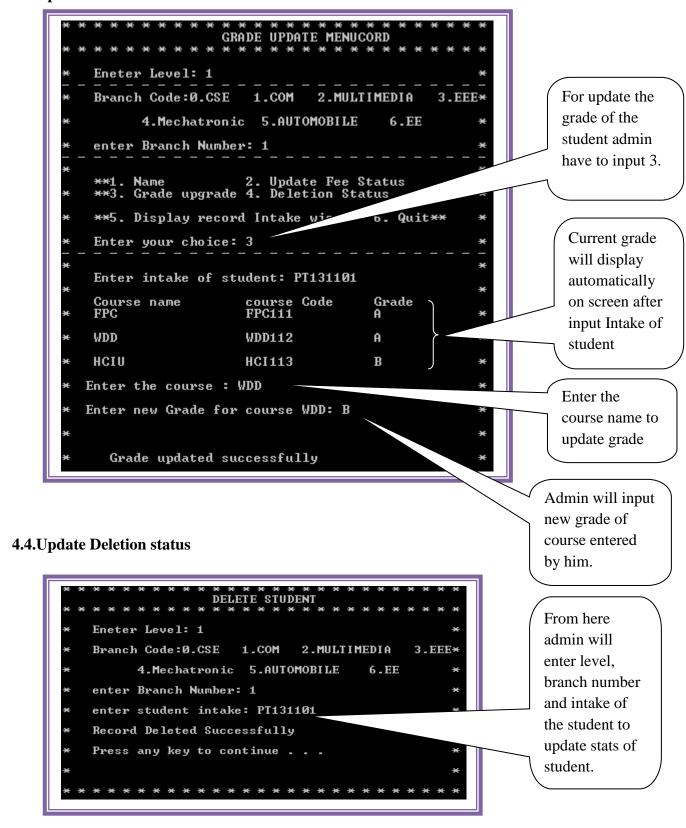
Through this menu admin will change /update records of student



4.2.Update Fee status of student



4.3. Update Grade of Student



4.5.Display record of student intake wise

Name Intake Ststus
mohit kumar PT131101
Mohan PT131102 active
Press any key to continue . . .

Through this screen admin will see the name, intake and status of the

6 Conclusion

Developer has successfully made the project. The project contains add, search, update, deletion functionality of the student and course. Through this project developer learn more about window based programming. With the help of this project developer applied OOPs concept of cpp i.e. class, object, encapsulation, inheritance, friend function concept in real word senior. The project helps the developer to understand the file handling concept in cpp. During the project developer were busy to study about the four OOPs concept of cpp and other basic concepts namely encapsulation, inheritance and data handling. The project helped the developer to know about the conversion of one data type to other.

During this project developer face many problems and to solve those problems he has to read different book related to CPP programming. From this he gain the knowledge and it help him to clarify his logics and concepts of CPP.

This project helps developer to understand usecase diagram, class diagram and their respective relationship.

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