

Carmi Merimovich

Tel-Aviv Academic College

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Routines exposed in the name system are:

- 1. namei(path): returns inode* from path.
- 2. create(path,type,major,minor): returns inode* for created path
- dirlookup(dp, name).

There are several more of course.

- Basically they all handle folders and inode numbers.
- Remember inode is identified by a device number and inode number pair.

directory structure

- An inode of type T_DIR is a directory.
- A directory is a sequence of records of the form:

```
#define ROOTINO 1 // root i number

#define DIRSIZ 14

struct dirent {
   ushort inum;
   char name[DIRSIZ];
  };
```

- The records are in no specific order.
- If inum is zero then the entry is not used.

inum

- inum is inode number.
- The inode number leads to the disk inode from which the memory inode is built.

inode struct

```
4162 struct inode {
    uint dev; // Device number
    uint inum; // Inode number
    int ref; // Reference count
    struct sleeplock lock;
    int valid:
    short type; // copy of disk inode
    short major;
    short minor;
    short nlink;
    uint size:
    uint addrs[NDIRECT+1];
```

First aim: namei(). We need dirlookup(), skipelem(), and iget() beforehand.

"opening" a file

- "opening a file" means getting a (memory) inode from a path.
- Let us work step by step.
- Assume dp points to a T_DIR inode, and we need to open the file Moshe in it.

	inum	name
0	15	Sarah
16	120	Avraham
32	0	????
48	17	Rivka
64	100	Itzhak
80	200	Lea
96	112	Rachel
112	90	Yaacov

128

	inum	name
• 0	15	Sarah
16	120	Avraham
32	0	????
48	17	Rivka
64	100	Itzhak
80	200	Lea
96	112	Rachel
112	90	Yaacov
128		

readi(dp,&de,0,sizeof(de));

	inum	name
0	15	Sarah
1 6	120	Avraham
32	0	????
48	17	Rivka
64	100	Itzhak
80	200	Lea
96	112	Rachel
112	90	Yaacov
128		

readi(dp,&de,16,sizeof(de));

inum		name
• 0	15	Sarah
16	120	Avraham
32	0	????
48	17	Rivka
64	100	Itzhak
80	200	Lea
96	112	Rachel
112	90	Yaacov
128		

readi(dp,&de,32,sizeof(de));

inum		inum	name
•	0 1!		Sarah
,	16	120	Avraham
	32	0	????
	→ 48	17	Rivka
	64	100	Itzhak
	80	200	Lea
	96	112	Rachel
	112	90	Yaacov
	128		

readi(dp,&de,48,sizeof(de));

inum		inum	name
	0 15		Sarah
	16	120	Avraham
	32	0	????
	48	17	Rivka
\hookrightarrow	64	100	Itzhak
	80	200	Lea
	96	112	Rachel
	112	90	Yaacov
	128		

readi(dp,&de,64,sizeof(de));

inum		name
• 0	15	Sarah
16	120	Avraham
32	0	????
48	17	Rivka
64	100	Itzhak
→ 80	200	Lea
96	112	Rachel
112	90	Yaacov
128		

readi(dp,&de,80,sizeof(de));

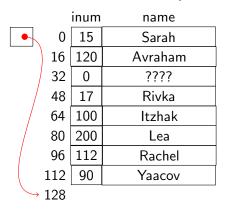
	inum		name
	0 15		Sarah
	16	120	Avraham
	32	0	????
	48	17	Rivka
	64	100	Itzhak
	80	200	Lea
	96	112	Rachel
112 90 128		90	Yaacov

readi(dp,&de,96,sizeof(de));

		inum	name
	0	15	Sarah
	16	120	Avraham
	32	0	????
	48	17	Rivka
	64	100	Itzhak
	80	200	Lea
	96	112	Rachel
\rightarrow	112	90	Yaacov
128			

readi(dp,&de,112,sizeof(de));

		inum	name
	0	15	Sarah
	16	120	Avraham
	32	0	????
	48	17	Rivka
	64	100	Itzhak
	80	200	Lea
	96	112	Rachel
	112	90	Yaacov
\rightarrow	128		



return (0)

	inum	name			
0	15	Sarah			
16	120	Avraham			
32	0	????			
48	17	Rivka			
64	100	Itzhak			
80	200	Lea			
96	112	Rachel			
112	90	Yaacov			

128

	inum	name
• 0	15	Sarah
16	120	Avraham
32	0	????
48	17	Rivka
64	100	Itzhak
80	200	Lea
96	112	Rachel
112	90	Yaacov
128		

readi(dp,&de,0,sizeof(de));

inum		name
0	15	Sarah
\) 16	120	Avraham
32	0	????
48	17	Rivka
64	100	Itzhak
80	200	Lea
96	112	Rachel
112	90	Yaacov
128		

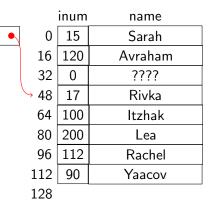
readi(dp,&de,16,sizeof(de));

inum		name
0	15	Sarah
16	120	Avraham
32	0	????
48	17	Rivka
64	100	Itzhak
80	200	Lea
96	112	Rachel
112	90	Yaacov
128		

readi(dp,&de,32,sizeof(de));

	inum		name
•	0	15	Sarah
	16	120	Avraham
	32	0	????
	48	17	Rivka
	64	100	Itzhak
	80	200	Lea
	96	112	Rachel
	112	90	Yaacov
	128		

readi(dp,&de,48,sizeof(de));



 $return(iget(dp \rightarrow dev, 17));$

dirlookup(dp, name, off) logic

- The routines looks for the entry name in the directory dp.
- If the name is found it returns inode * of the inum in the record is returned.
- If off is not null then *off receive the position of the record in the directory.

dirlookup(dp,name,off)

```
struct inode *dirlookup(struct inode *dp, char *name,
                                         uint *poff) {
 uint inum:
 struct dirent de:
 if (dp->type != T_DIR) panic("dirlookup_not_DIR");
 for (off = 0; off < dp \rightarrow size; off += sizeof(de)) {
   if (readi(dp,(char*)&de,off,sizeof(de))!=sizeof(de)
    panic ("dirlink read");
   if (de.inum = 0) continue;
   if (namecmp(name, de.name) = 0) {
    if (poff) * poff = off;
    inum = de.inum:
    return iget (dp->dev, inum);
```

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"open" (dp," ancestors / Rivka")

"open" (dp," ancestors/Rivka")

dp1 = "open"(dp, "ancestors");

"open" (dp," ancestors/Rivka")

```
dp1 = "open"(dp,"ancestors");
ip = "open"(dp1,"Rivka");
```

"open" ("ancestors/Rivka");

"open" ("ancestors/Rivka");

dp = "open"(myproc()->cwd, "ancestors");

"open" ("ancestors/Rivka");

```
dp = "open"(myproc()->cwd, "ancestors");
ip = "open"(dp, "Rivka");
```

"open" ("/ancestors/Rivka");

"open" ("/ancestors/Rivka");

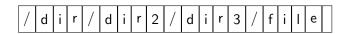
dp = "open"(iget(ROOTDEV, ROOTINO), "ancestors");

"open" ("/ancestors/Rivka");

```
dp = "open"(iget(ROOTDEV,ROOTINO), "ancestors");
ip = "open"(dp,"Rivka");
```

"open" ("dir1/.../dirn/file")

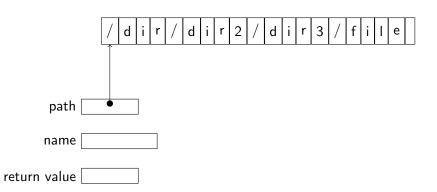
```
\begin{split} dp &= \texttt{myproc}() - > \texttt{cwd}; \\ &\texttt{for} \; (\texttt{i} = \texttt{1}; \texttt{i} \leq \texttt{n}; \texttt{i} + +) \\ &dp = \text{``open''}(\texttt{dp}, \text{``diri''}); \\ &\texttt{ip} = \text{``open''}(\texttt{dp}, \text{``file''}); \end{split}
```

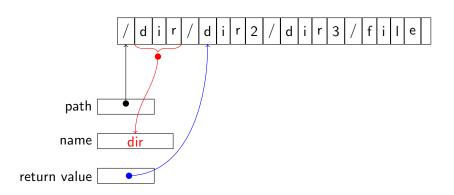


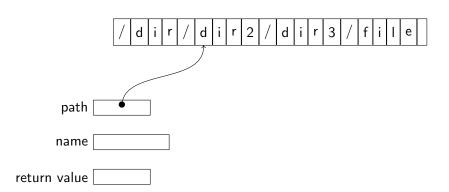
path

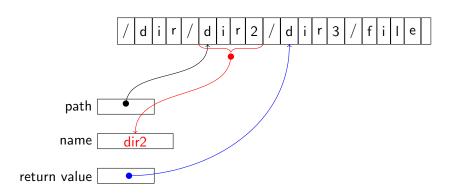
name

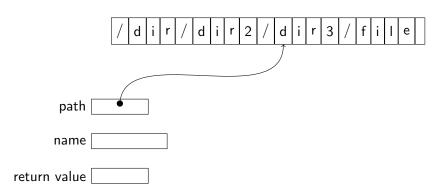
return value

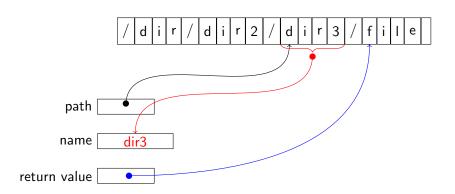


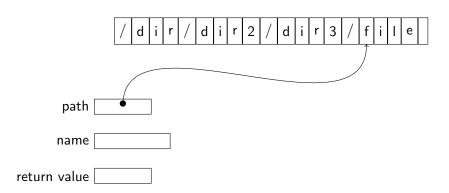


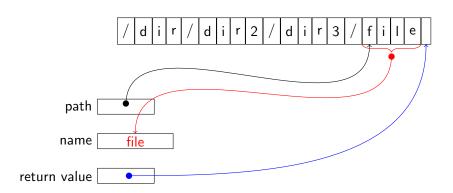


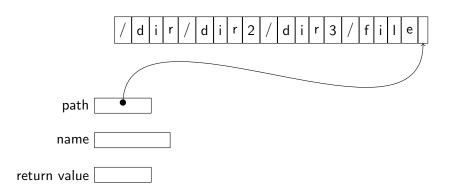


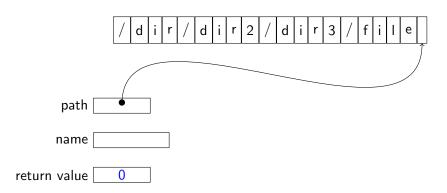


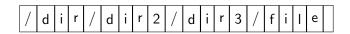






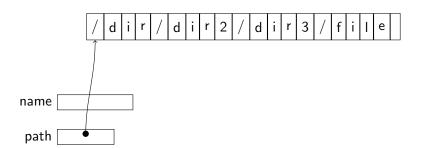


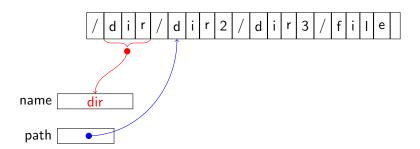


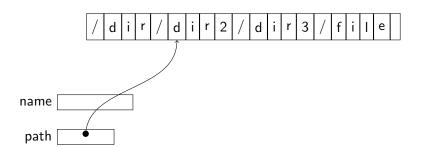


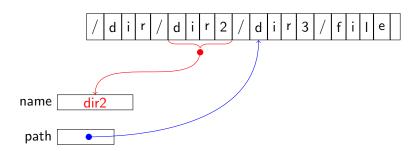
name

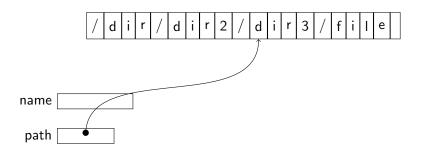
path

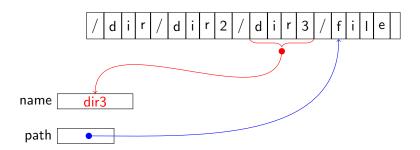


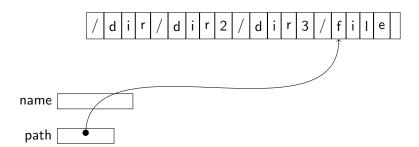


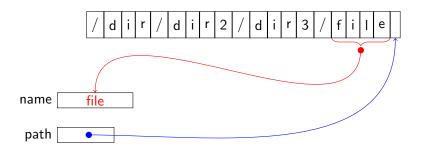


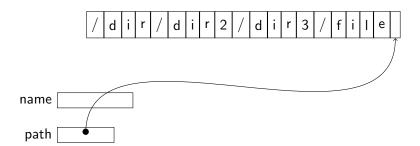


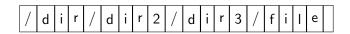












name

path 0

skipelem()

```
static char *skipelem(char *path, char *name) {
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    int len:
    while (* path = '/') path++;
    if (*path = 0) return 0;
    char *s = path;
    while (*path != '/' && *path != 0) path++;
    len = path - s:
    if (len >= DIRSIZ)
     memmove(name, s, DIRSIZ);
    else {
     memmove(name, s, len);
     name[len] = 0;
    while (* path = '/') path++;
    return path;
```

namei() is just namex()

```
struct inode *namei(char *path) {
   char name[DIRSIZ];
   return namex(path, 0, name);
}
```

namex(path,nameiparent,name)

- If nameiparent is zero, the inode corresponding to the file named path is returned.
- if nameparent is nonzero, the inode corresponding to the path with the last element is opened. The last string is returned in name.
- The inode is not locked.

namex()

namex() (2)

```
while ((path = skipelem(path, name)) != 0) {
 ilock(ip):
 if (ip->type != T_DIR) {
  iunlockput(ip);
 return 0:
 if (nameiparent && *path = '\0') {
  iunlock(ip);
 return ip;
 if ((next = dirlookup(ip, name, 0)) == 0) {
  iunlockput(ip);
 return 0;
 iunlockput(ip);
ip = next:
```

namex() (3)

```
if (nameiparent) {
  iput(ip);
  return 0;
}
return ip;
}
```

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We aim now at create()
Beforehand we need nameiparent(), dirlink().

nameiparent() is namex()

```
struct inode *nameiparent(char *path, char *name) {
    return namex(path, 1, name);
}
```

dirlink(dp, name, inum)

• A record pointing name to inum is added to directory dp.

dirlink()

int dirlink(struct inode *dp, char *name, uint inum) {

int off:

panic("dirlink");

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```
struct dirent de;
struct inode *ip;
if ((ip = dirlookup(dp, name, 0)) != 0) {
iput(ip);
return -1:
for (off = 0; off < dp \rightarrow size; off += sizeof(de)) {
 if (readi(dp, (char*)&de, off, sizeof(de)) != sizeof(de
   panic ("dirlink read");
if (de.inum == 0) break;
strncpy(de.name, name, DIRSIZ);
de.inum = inum:
```

if (writei(dp, (char*)&de, off, sizeof(de)) != sizeof(de

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More facts about directories

The first two records of a directory are always as follows:

- .: self pointing.
- ... pointing to the parent directory.
- The root (/) is an exception. The second record is also self pointing.

create (1)

```
static struct inode *create(char *path, short type,
                          short major, short minor) {
 uint off:
 struct inode *ip, *dp;
 char name[DIRSIZ];
 if ((dp = nameiparent(path, name)) == 0)
 return 0:
 ilock(dp):
 if ((ip = dirlookup(dp, name, \&off)) != 0)
 iunlockput (dp):
  ilock(ip);
  if (type == T_FILE && ip->type == T_FILE)
   return ip;
  iunlockput(ip);
 return 0;
```

create (2)

```
if ((ip = ialloc(dp->dev, type)) == 0)
  panic("create: _ialloc");
ilock(ip):
ip—>major = major;
ip -> minor = minor;
ip \rightarrow nlink = 1;
iupdate(ip);
if (type = T_DIR) { // Create . and .. entries.
 dp->nlink++; // for ".."
 iupdate(dp);
if (dirlink(ip, ".", ip->inum) < 0 \mid
          dirlink(ip, "...", dp->inum) < 0)
  panic("create_dots");
```

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create (3)

```
if (dirlink(dp, name, ip->inum) < 0)
  panic("create:_dirlink");
iunlockput(dp);
return ip;
}</pre>
```

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