

How can you compile and load a module into  
the `erl` shell?

What do Erlang programs begin with?

How can you use methods in other modules  
without module qualification?

How can you make your module's functions available to other modules?

What are the Erlang case rules?

What is an atom?

What are its lexical rules?

What are Erlang's primitive data types?

How are lists, tuples, and binaries written?



What's odd about Erlang's Boolean operators?

How are "greater or equal to" and "less than or equal to" expressed?

What are the equality operators?

How are they used?

What is = in Erlang?

What is the syntax of `case` expressions?

What is an expression sequence?

What is its value?

Give the syntax of `if` expressions.

What happens if no guard in an `if` expression is true?

How can this be avoided.



What is the huge restriction on guards?

How do you access the length of a list?

Of a tuple?

Give the syntax of named functions.

Give the syntax of anonymous functions.

What are they often used for?

Give the syntax of list comprehensions.

Give a generator that doubles the members of a list.

Which list functions do not need to be imported or qualified?

Create a range of integers.



Get a line from stdin.

Put a line to stdout.

How do you write to a file?

What are the reserved sequences in format strings?

What is the comment syntax?