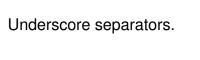
Floating-point.

They size of a C double is on your system.



FORTRAN.

- All characters are literal except for the backslash-
- singlequote and double-backslash combinations.

- They can be multi-line.

- Backslash escape sequences are supported.
- Variables are interpolated.
- They can be multi-line.

It ignores trailing characters that it can't interpret as numbers.

If everything is discarded, you're left with the empty string

which is interpreted as 0.

- In the shebang line. It will work on non-Unix systems too.
- Post-5.6 with the pragma use warnings;.

- use diagnostics;

- Or equivalently, use -Mdiagnostics argument on perl.

use strict;

It will require many other things, be warned.



The symbol \$&

undef will be assigned to the scalar, which is interpreted as an empty string.

As in bash, if you just use \$ident the identifier will be interpreted as the longest legal string following the \$. If you want something shorter you can use \${ident}.

```
chomp($text = <STDIN>);
```

... optional. They need only be used when leaving their

absence adds a new interpretation.

It removed the last input separator from a string, returning the number of characters removed.

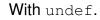
undef

It acts as numeric zero or as the empty string.

undef and the strings "" and "0".

A special variable storing the input separator. Typically it's " \n ".

Using binary assignment operators on incrementers whose variables are not first initialized.



Use the defined function.

An operator which returns the value undef.