

Use `:load (:l)` or `:reload (:r)`.

It can only evaluate expressions not declarations.

Surround it with back ticks.

```
i :: Integer  
i = 1  
f :: Float  
f = fromIntegral i
```

`round`, `floor`, `ceiling` can be used to convert the other way.

/ only does floating point division. `div` does integer division.

The value `True`. It's just a way of matching all cases in a more readable way.

As singly linked lists. not arrays. So don't forget random access is $O(n)$.

Haskell's lazy evaluation strategy allows it to interleave the code, only generating and storing elements as needed.