

```
c(module.erl) .
```

Now that module's functions can be accessed with:

```
module:func
```

```
-module(filename) .
```

... for a program defined in filename.erl.

```
-import(filename, [func1/arity1, ..., funcN/arityN]).
```

`-export(filename, [func1/arity1, ..., funcN/arityN]).`

or

`-compile(export_all).`

Similar to Prolog, and Haskell, functions and atoms begin with a lower case, variables begin with a capital letter or an underscore.

An atom is a word that stands for itself.

It begins with a lowercase letter or is enclosed in single quotes.

Integers, floats, strings, atoms, lists, tuples, binaries.

Lists are enclosed in square brackets, tuples in curly brackets, and binaries in double angle brackets.