Wikipedia: a property of some programming languages, in which the primary representation of programs is also a data structure in a primitive type of the language itself

structure in a primitive type of the language itself.

"code-as-data"

The reader converts the program text into forms which are then converted into Clojure data structures, which are then compiled.

Boolean, number, string, character, keyword, symbol, nil,

vector, list, map.

- Integers are automatically promoted to arbitrary-size BigIntegers as needed.

number ending with M.

- BigIntegers and BigDecimals have a literal form, a

Functions with standard identifiers, operators, Java classes, Clojure namespaces, Java packages, data structures, refs

They may not begin with a number. They consist of letters, numbers, +, -, *, /, ?.

. and _ are also possible, but have special meaning with respect to namespaces.

- They can be multiline.
- They are displayed to the screen with escaped newlines.

They are sequences of characters, so higher-order sequence functions work on them.

It creates a string, much like toString, but is n-ary and ignores nil.

\backspace, \formfeed, \newline, \return, \space, \tab

 $(apply str [\a \b \c])$

apply is making an n-ary call to str given a sequence argument.

Use true? and false?.

- (map key)- (keyword-key map)
- Note the second form works only if the key is a keyword.

To document the fact that multiple maps are similar, i.e., they share common keys.

- & indicates the following param is of variable arity and available as a seq.
- * indicates the previous param is of variable arity.
- + indicates the previous param is of variable, non-zero arity.
- ? indicates the previous param is optional.

(defstruct name & keys)	
(struct name & vals)	

The keys listed in the struct's definition.

(struct-map name & inits)

Any missing keys will be given the value $\ensuremath{\mathtt{nil}}$ in the resulting struct.

The difference is mostly stylistic, although structs do store their values in indexed slots.

Reader macros are applied prior to the text being broken into forms.

The comment, ;.

To prevent code becoming unreadable to others, and to prevent Clojure from fragmenting into non-interoperable

dialects.

Use the built in predicates keyword?, symbol?, etc.

(defn	name	doc-string?	attr-map?	[params*]	body)

<pre>(defn name doc-string ([params*] body)+)</pre>	? attr-map?

A macro for:

```
(def name (fn [params*] exprs*))
```

The doc-string and attrs are added to the var metadata.

Just as in the documentation syntax, us a & before the final

parameter.