```
Inductive day : Type :=
   | monday : day
   | tuesday : day
   | wednesday : day
   | thursday : day
   | friday : day
   | saturday : day
```

| sunday : day.

```
Definition next weekday (d:day) : day :=
  match d with
  | monday => tuesday
  | tuesday => wednesday
  | wednesday => thursday
  | thursday => friday
  | friday => monday
   saturday => monday
```

| sunday => monday

Example test\_next\_weekday:
 (next\_weekday (next\_weekday saturday)) = tuesday.

Proof. simpl. reflexivity. Qed.

```
Inductive bool : Type :=
   | true : bool
   | false : bool.
```

```
Definition negb (b:bool) : bool :=
  match b with
  | true => false
  | false => true
```

```
Definition andb (b1:bool) (b2:bool) : bool :=
  match b1 with
  | true => b2
  | false => false
```

```
Definition orb (b1:bool) (b2:bool) : bool :=
  match b1 with
  | true => true
  | false => b2
```

Definition admit {T: Type} : T. Admitted.

Definition nandb (b1:bool) (b2:bool) : bool := negb (andb b1 b2).

Inductive nat : Type :=
 | 0 : nat
 | S : nat -> nat.

```
Definition pred (n:nat) : nat :=
  match n with
  | O => O
```

| S n' => n'

 $\mid S (S n') => n'$ 

| S (S n') => evenb n'

Definition oddb (n:nat) : bool := negb (evenb n).

Fixpoint plus (n:nat) (m:nat) : nat :=
 match n with
 | O => m

| S n' => S (plus n' m)

```
Fixpoint mult (n m:nat) : nat :=
  match n with
  | O => O
  | S n' => plus m (mult n' m)
```

```
Fixpoint minus (n m:nat) : nat :=
  match n, m with
  | O , _ => 0
  | S _ , O => n
  | S n', S m' => minus n' m'
  end.
```

```
Fixpoint factorial (n:nat) : nat :=
  match n with
  | 0 => S 0
  | S n' => mult n (factorial n')
```

```
Fixpoint beg nat (n m:nat) : bool :=
  match n with
  | O => match m with
           | 0 => true
           | S m' => false
           end
  | S n' => match m with
            | 0 =  false
            | S m' => beg nat n' m'
            end
  end.
```

```
Fixpoint ble_nat (n m : nat) : bool :=
  (ble_nat (S n) m).
```

```
Theorem plus_0_r :
  forall n:nat, n + 0 = n.
Theorem plus_0_l :
  forall n:nat, 0 + n = n.
```

Theorem foo : forall n m:nat, n = m -> n + n = m + m. - It means it is its own inverse.

Theorem negb\_involutive : forall b:bool,
 negb (negb b) = b.