### Data Smoothing

### Exercise 3

# **Data Smoothing Report**

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## 1 Introduction

This exercise asks to use the linearly independent basis functions:

$$\Phi_{3,i}(x) =$$

to find the optimal combination

$$\Phi(x) = \lambda_0(x)$$

that minimizes for the 20 data points  $(x_j, y_j)$  given in

j	$x_j$	$y_j$
0	0.0	-0.80
1	0.6	-0.34
2	1.5	0.59
3	1.7	0.59
4	1.9	0.23
5	2.1	0.10
6	2.3	0.28
7	2.6	1.03
8	2.8	1.50
9	3.0	1.44
10	3.6	0.74
11	4.7	-0.82
12	5.2	-1.27
13	5.7	-0.92
14	5.8	-0.92
15	6.0	-1.04
16	6.4	-0.79
17	6.9	-0.06
18	7.6	1.00
19	8.0	0.00

#### 2 Tools

The following programming language and libraries have been used in this exercise:

- Item 1
- C Math Library
- GSL (GNU Scientific Library)

The following double-precision GSL data types have been used in the exercise:

• gsl\_vector ?

The following GSL methods have been used in the exercise:

- gsl\_matrix\_alloc(size1, size2)
- gsl\_matrix\_set\_zero(matrix)
- gsl\_matrix\_set(matrix, row, column, value)
- gsl\_matrix\_get(matrix, row, column)
- gsl\_vector\_alloc(size)
- gsl\_vector\_set\_zero(vector)
- gsl\_vector\_set(vector, index, value)
- gsl\_vector\_get(vector, index)
- gsl\_matrix\_memcpy(matrixToCopyFrom, matrix)
- gsl\_linalg\_SV\_decomp(A, V, S, workspaceVector)
- gsl\_vector\_minmax(vector, minInVector, maxInVector)

In order to factorize a matrix into the LU decomposition, and then solve the square system Ax = y using the decomposition of A, I've used the following methods:

- gsl\_linalg\_LU\_decomp(A, permutation, signum)
- gsl\_linalg\_LU\_solve(LU, permutation, b, x)
- gsl\_permutation\_alloc(size)

The following method from the C Math library was used in this exercise to calculate the absolute value of a number:

• fabs(x)

- 3 Computation
- 4 Plot
- 5 Observations