Well, for a jump server not much is needed.

Getting the tools

- 1. Login via SSH.
- 2. Shift into root: \$ sudo su
- Ensure git is installed: \$ apt-get update -y && apt-get install git -y
- 4. Run: \$ git clone https://github.com/csr13/aux nuit.git ~/tools

Creating Users

- 1. Change to directory: \$ cd ~/tools/admin
- Execute ./create_user.sh
 - a. This will prompt username it will ask if you want ssh keys [y/n]
 - b. It will create /home/<username>/ and creat3 gr0up <username> and add the user to it.
 - c. Keys for users created will be on /root/ssh_keys/<username1>,<username2>
- 3. Before handing over their k3ys to users, you need to run a few commands
- Change ownership of each users created authorized_keys file under /home/<user>/.ssh
 - a. Run: \$ chown <user>:<user> /home/<user>/.ssh/authorized_keys

SFTP the keys to your localhost 2 give to users.

- 1. First make sure the keys created for your users are on the user account that you are sftping to in this case most accounts are called ubuntu, your sys admin might vary.
- 2. Run: \$ ssh -i <key> ubuntu@<dev-ip>
- 3. Change accounts to root: \$ sudo su
- 4. Go to /root/ssh_keys/<user1,2,3>
- Copy id_rsa file into /home/ubuntu/<name of the file>
- Give ownership to ubuntu: \$ chown ubuntu:ubuntu /home/ubuntu/<name of user key>
- 7. Exit ssh session.
- 8. Open a new sftp, under ubuntu user, session or scp, whatever u want.
- Once you are in via sftp just run a get command: > get <user pem file> <host output file>

Setting up desktop

- 1. Install ubuntu core (minimal): \$ sudo apt-get install -y xubuntu-core
- Install x2go: \$ sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install -y x2goserver
 X2goserver-xsessionsudo
- 3. Enable x2go systemctl service: \$ systemctl enable x2goserver

Setting up VSCODE:

1. As root: \$ snap install -classic code

Extra - In case users need sudo access, they need to be added to the sudo group, and a password.

- 1. Add a user to sudo group: \$ usermod -aG sudo <username>
- 2. Make password for user: \$ passwd <user>

At last make sure login via password is disabled on the main ssh config file, and ensure key access is the only one available, so users can only use password to execute sudo actions, not login with password.