## Codebook for Reported Lynching in Latin America (LYLA) dataset

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Date: 2022-9-21

## **General Remarks:**

- Definition: Lynching is "publicly displayed physical violence executed by a group of civilians against alleged wrongdoers."
- The coded unit of observation is a lynching event (e.g. not the lynching target). Boundary condition is that a clear threat of lynching must be reported.
- Temporal scope for all countries is 01.01.2010-31.12.2019.
- For Mexico additionally 01.01.2000-31.12.2009 and 01.01.2020-28.2.2022 (limited number of variables).
- Mexico, Brazil, Colombia, and Guatemala are focal countries with an expanded set of variables.
- Missing values are empty.
- Bold description corresponds to variable label in STATA dataset.
- It is recommended to use the variable "coordinates" for geographic aggregation as other geographic variables are incomplete.

variable	Description	Examples and Additional Information
coder	Name of Coder Initials of coders: AB AG CS MM OM SM SS VM ZG EN	Initials for each research assistant.  Coverage: all countries
id	ID number of lynching event STRING	Consecutive numbers before data cleaning.
СС	Country code of the country in which the lynching event occurs  NUMERIC	Country codes based on COW country codes: http://www.correlatesofwar.org/data-sets/cow-country-codes  Coverage: all countries
name_0	Country in which the lynching event occurs  STRING	Full name of country.  Coverage: all countries

name_1	Admin1 Name STRING	Name for highest level of administrative organization within each state, e.g. estado (Mexico), departamento (Colombia) etc.  Coverage: all countries
name_local	Locality name in which the lynching event occurs STRING	More fine-grained information of locality below the municipality level: Town / Village (if rural) or neighborhood/street name (if urban) within a municipality in which the lynching event occurs.  Based on manual coding.  Coverage: all countries
cve	Combined code for Mexican municipality  NUMERIC	Combined code of the INEGI for municipality level of administration within Mexico.  Coverage: Mexico
cve_ent	Code for Mexican state  NUMERIC	Code of the INEGI for highest level of administrative organization within Mexico, e.g. states and Distrito Federal/Mexico City.  Coverage: Mexico
cve_mun	Code for Mexican municipality  NUMERIC	Code of the INEGI for municipality level of administration within Mexico (within Mexico City delegaciones).  Coverage: Mexico
alcaldia	Name of Mexico City Alcaldía  NUMERIC	Name for Mexico City Alcaldías (prior Distrito Federal).  Coverage: Mexico City

cve_alc	Code for Mexico City Alcaldía	Code of the INEGI for Mexico City Alcaldías (prior Distrito Federal).
	NUMERIC	Coverage: Mexico City
cve_col	Code for Mexico City Colonia	Code of the INEGI for Mexico City Colonia.
	NUMERIC	Coverage: Mexico City
coordinates	Coordinates including Latitude and Longitude  NUMERIC	Procedures used: - Google maps to locate the site of the lynching as accurately as possible Latitude and Longitude copied and pasted This variable is missing if no indication at least on municipality level.  Coverage: all countries
latitude	Latitude NUMERIC	First part of coordinates variable.
longitude	Longitude NUMERIC	Second part of coordinates variable.
coordinate_precision	Coordinate precision  1 = based on location below municipality level  2 = best guess within municipality  3 = no information on even admin1 level  NUMERIC	<ul> <li>This is coded as: <ul> <li>1 if there is information on the location of the lynching on a submunicipal level.</li> <li>2 if there is no clear information on a submunicipal level (in which case the coder places the location as a best guess, for example in the most populated area of a rural municipality)</li> <li>3 if there is no information even on the admin1 level (in which case the coder places the location in the most populated area of a given admin1 area).</li> </ul> </li></ul>

		This variable is similar to ACLED "spatial precision codes" (see ACLED CODEBOOK p. 29: <a href="https://acleddata.com/download/2827/">https://acleddata.com/download/2827/</a> )  Coverage: all countries
location_type	Location type	Environment in which the lynching took place
	STRING	For example: relationship to alleged wrongdoing (the same place or different), town square, outside police station, where wrongdoer is caught, football pitch etc.
		Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
location_type_code	Location type recoded	Recoded from location_type
	1 = public space 2 = private space	Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
	NUMERIC	
ly_yr	Lynching event <b>year</b>	If the event date is unclear by a few days and the possible dates lie between two years or months, always code the earlier date.
	NUMERIC	Coverage: all countries
ly_month	Lynching event <b>month</b> in number (i.e. 1-12)	Same as for ly_yr.
	NUMERIC	Coverage: all countries
ly_day	Lynching event <b>day</b> in numbers (i.e. 1-31)	Same as for ly_yr.
	NUMERIC	If the event date is not mentioned, but the news report suggests that it happened shortly before the publication, indicate one day before the appearance of the news report.  Coverage: all countries

date	Date	Day/Month/Year
	NUMERIC	
yearmonth	Year and Month	Year/Month
	NUMERIC	
ly_time	Time of day 1= Morning (6.00-11.59)	At what time did the lynching event begin.
	2= Afternoon (12.00-17.59) 3= Evening (18.00-23.59) 4= Night (24.00-6.00)	Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
	NUMERIC	
tar_number	Number of targeted people	How many people were targeted? Exact number as reported.
	NUMERIC	Coverage: all countries
		Information on Individual targets only available for Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
tar_outcome	Worst outcome suffered by any of the targeted persons  1 = death  2 = injury  3 = no injury  NUMERIC	What was the worst outcome for any of the targeted people of a lynching event?  Coverage: all countries
tar_outcome_fatal	Fatal outcome 1 = fatal outcome reported 0 = no fatal outcome reported	This variable is coded 1 if at least one of the targeted persons died as a consequence of the lynching.  Coverage: all countries

tar1_sex	NUMERIC  Sex 1 = male 2 = female 3 = other	Sex of target 1.  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
tar1_age	Age group 1 = under 18 (child/youth) 2 = 18-35 (young person) 3 = 36-60 (not young not old) 4 = 61+ (elderly person)  NUMERIC	Age group of target 1.  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
tar1_origin	Origin 1 = local (same municipality) 2 = national but not local 3 = foreign  NUMERIC	Origin of target 1, i.e. Where does target come from?  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
tar1_other	Other Defining Characteristic of Targeted Person STRING	Any other defining characteristics of the target: e.g. Disability, police, ethnicity, race, representative of some organization, LGBTQI, vagrant.  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
tar1_outcome	Outcome 1 = death 2 = injury 3 = no injury	What happened to target 1?  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico

	NUMERIC	
tar2_sex	Same as for tar1	Same as for tar1
tar2_age	Carrio do for tar r	
tar2_origin		
tar2_other		
tar2_outcome		
tar3_sex		
tar3_age		
tar3_origin		
tar3_other		
tar3_outcome		
tar4_sex		
tar4_age		
tar4_origin		
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tar6_outcome		
tar7_sex		
tar7_age		
tar7_origin		
tar7_other		
tar7_outcome		
tar8_sex		
tar8_age		
tar8_origin		

tar8_other tar8_outcome tar9_sex tar9_age tar9_origin tar9_other tar9_outcome		
tar_wrongdoing	Most serious Wrongdoing  1 = theft/robbery  2 = child abuse  3 = Murder  4 = witchcraft  5 = corruption/failure of duty  6 = extortion  7 = sexual violence (of adult: rape, abuse etc.)  8 = unintentional killing  9 = kidnapping  10 = injury  11 = participation in criminal organization  12 = domestic violence  13 = traffic incident	What did the targets allegedly and mainly do wrong?  Recoded from tar_wrongdoing_x  We ranked the types of wrongdoing according to their potential consequences (which is somewhat arbitrary), as: murder, child abuse, sexual violence, kidnapping, domestic violence, injury, participation in criminal organization, extortion, theft, witchcraft, corruption, unitentional killing, traffic incident, other  Coverage: all countries
tar_wrongdoing_theft tar_wrongdoing_childabuse tar_wrongdoing_murder tar_wrongdoing_witch tar_wrongdoing_corruption tar_wrongdoing_extortion tar_wrongdoing_sexualviolence tar_wrongdoing_unintentional tar_wrongdoing_kidnap tar_wrongdoing_injury tar_wrongdoing_crimeorg tar_wrongdoing_domestic tar_wrongdoing_traffic	Dummy variable for each type of wrongdoing  1 = alleged wrongdoing is mentioned  0 = alleged wrongdoing is not mentioned  NUMERIC	These variables are based on open coding, with several options possible.  Alleged theft Alleged child abuse Alleged murder Alleged witchcraft Alleged corruption Alleged extortion Alleged sexual violence/rape against adult Alleged unintentional killing Alleged kidnapping Alleged physical injury Alleged participation in criminal organization

		Alleged domestic violence Alleged traffic accident  Coverage: all countries
tar_identification	Target identification  1 = caught in the act  2 = not caught in the act  NUMERIC	How were the targets identified as wrongdoer?  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
pe_approxnumber	Number of perpetrators 1 = 5-19 (small group) 2 = 20-99 (substantive group) 3 = 100 and more (large group)  NUMERIC	How many people participated approximately?  If exact number is not reported, reported descriptions are used for coding:  1 = un par de vecinos, varios vecinos, una docena  2 = turba, mob  3 = multitud, centenares  Coverage: all countries
pe_violence	Worst violence inflicted  0 = no violence  1 = beating  2 = hanging  3 = burning  4 = stoning  5 = mutilation  6 = detention  7 = dragging around  8 = shooting  9 = shaming (e.g. undressed)  NUMERIC	Recoded from pe_violence_x  We ranked the types of violence according to their potential consequences (which is somewhat arbitrary), as: burning, hanging, stoning, shooting, mutilation, dragging around, beating, detention, shaming, no violence.  Coverage: all countries

pe_violence_beating pe_violence_hanging pe_violence_burning pe_violence_stoning pe_violence_mutilation pe_violence_detention pe_violence_dragging pe_violence_shooting pe_violence_shaming pe_violence_none	Dummy variable for each type of violence inflicted  1 = type of violence is mentioned  0 = type of violence is not mentioned  NUMERIC	These variables are based on open coding, with several options possible.  Beating Hanging Burning Stoning Mutilation Forced detention Dragging around Shooting Shaming No physical violence  Coverage: all countries
pe_vandalism	Vandalism of perpetrators  0 = none  1 = damage to belongings of targets  2 = damage to public goods  3 = both  Numeric	Any damage of property?  Examples:  damage to belongings of targets: house, car, motorbike etc. damage to public goods: police cars, police station, mayor's office etc.  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
pe_communication	Mode of convening crowd  1 = social media (facebook, whatsapp etc) 2 = churchbells 3 = posters / flyers 4 = interpersonal communication (including phone calls, but also. somebody shouted, neighbors called etc.) 5 = radio frequency 6 = community alarm (alarm and whistles)  Numeric	Which tools were mainly used to convene participants?  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico

pe_state	Relation to authorities  1 = cooperation with security forces  2 = resistance against security forces  3 = both cooperation and resistance  NUMERIC	How do perpetrators of lynching relate to security forces?  Examples:  Calling the police, handing over the wrongdoer without resistance qualify as 1.  Any instance of burning police cars, road blockages, taking prisoners out of prison etc. qualify as 2.  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
pe_indigenous	Indigenous community as perpetrators 0 = no 1 = yes	Were perpetrators reported as predominantly belonging to an indigenous community?  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
pe_other	Perpetrator affiliation STRING	To which specific group did perpetrators predominantly belong? E.g. Taxi drivers, shop owners, family members of crime victim etc.  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
pe_other_code	Perpetrator group affiliation  1 = local business people (taxi drivers, shop owners, street vendors etc.)  2 = neighbors/villagers  3 = family members of crime victim  4 = bus passengers  5 = religious group members  NUMERIC	Recoding from pe_other. This variable only includes special attributes.  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
st_involvement	Role of authorities  0 = not present  1 = security forces act in favor of lynching  2 = security forces act against lynching  3 = both in favor and against  NUMERIC	How do security forces react to lynching?  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico

st_outcome  st_arrest	Impact of authorities  0 = does not prevent onset/escalation of violence  1 = prevent onset/escalation of violence  NUMERIC  Arrests  0 = arrest nobody  1 = arrest some perpetrators  2 = arrest some targets  3 = arrest both some perpetrators and some targets	How do security forces influence outcome? Any form of violence prevention counts as 1, if security forces are present.  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico  Do security forces arrest anybody?  O only if explicitly stated, otherwise empty.  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
	NUMERIC	
evidence1_text	Text evidence for event	Most relevant text passage (1-5 sentences).
	STRING	Coverage: all countries
evidence1_source	Name of newspaper or other source	Coverage: all countries
	STRING	
evidence1_date	Source 1 date of publication Month day year  NUMERIC	Coverage: all countries
evidence1_day	Source 1 day of publication	
	NUMERIC	
evidence1_month	Source 1 month of publication  NUMERIC	

evidence1_year	Source 1 year of publication  NUMERIC	
evidence2_text	Text evidence for event STRING	Most relevant text passage (1-5 sentences).  Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
evidence2_source	Name of newspaper or other source STRING	Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
evidence2_date	Source 2 date of publication Month day year  NUMERIC	Coverage: Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala, Mexico
evidence2_day	Source 2 day of publication  NUMERIC	
evidence2_month	Source 2 month of publication  NUMERIC	
evidence2_year	Source 2 year of publication  NUMERIC	

longcodebook	Codebook 1 = Long codebook 0 = Short codebook	Long codebook covering all variables was applied to Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala and Mexico. All other countries were coded with a shorter codebook.
	NUMERIC	Coverage: all countries