# Cloud Computing and Big Data

### Cloud overview and introduction

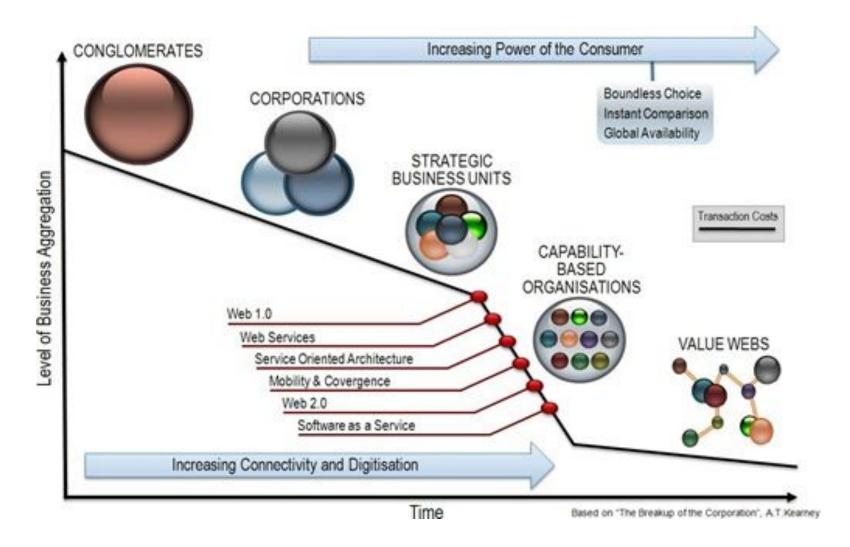
Oxford University
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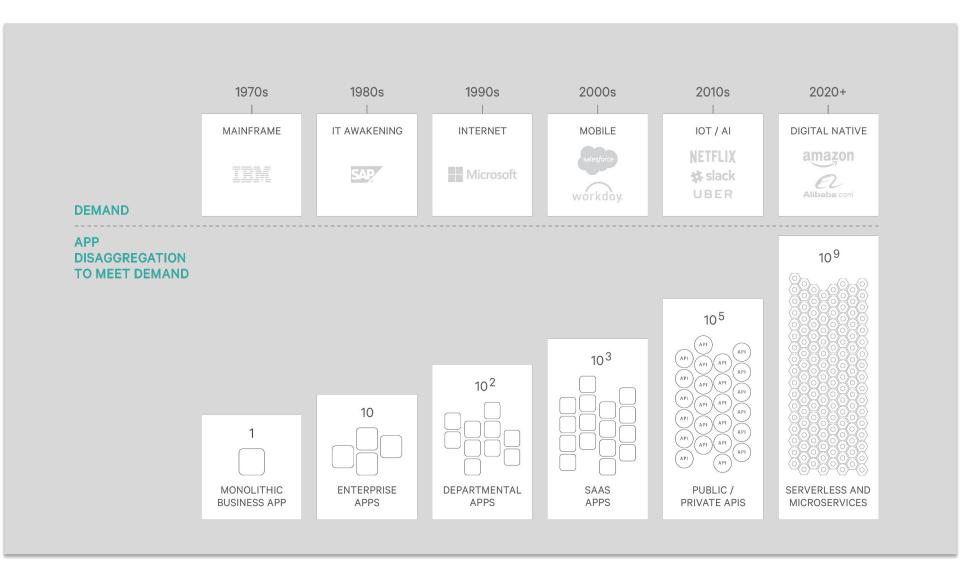
- Definitions
- Origins of Cloud Computing
- Case Studies and Motivations

# Drivers for a new IT model





# Increasing disaggregation





### What is Cloud?

- Depends who you are
  - My daughter: iCloud (her music in the cloud)
  - My mum: gmail (her email in the cloud)
  - My VP sales: Salesforce (his prospects in the cloud)
  - Sysadmin: Amazon/Rackspace/etc (his infrastructure in the cloud)
  - \*: what you care about, self-provisioned, managed, metered and paid per use, in the cloud



# Cloud Computing Definition (NIST)

- On-demand self-service
  - Users can provision resources without human intervention
- Broad network access
  - Heterogeneous access to resources
- Resource pooling
  - Multi-tenant shared capabilities
- Rapid elasticity
  - Services can scale up and down automatically
- Measured service
  - Resources can be metered and charged for based on real-world measures



### **Cloud Native**

#### http://pzf.fremantle.org/2010/05/cloud-native.html

- Distributed/Dynamically Wired (works properly in the cloud)
  - Supports deploying in a dynamically sized cluster
  - Finds services across applications even when they move
- Elastic (Uses the cloud efficiently)
  - Scales up and down as needed
  - Works with the underlying laaS
- Multi-tenant (Only costs when you use it)
  - Virtual isolated instances with near zero incremental cost
  - Implies you have a proper identity model
- Self-service (in the hands of users)
  - De-centralized creation and management of tenants
  - Automated Governance across tenants
- Granularly Billed and Metered (pay for just what you use)
  - Allocate costs to exactly who uses them
- Incrementally Deployed and Tested (seamless live upgrades)
  - Supports continuous update, side-by-side operation, in-place testing and incremental production



### New definition of Cloud Native

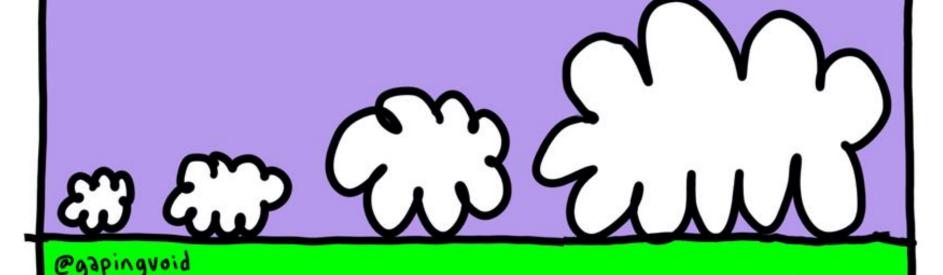
- From the Cloud Native Computing Foundation
  - Container based
  - Dynamic
  - Microservice oriented

# Origins of Cloud Computing

- Virtual Machines on Mainframes
  - VM/370 1972
- Grid Computing
  - Grid computing is the collection of computer resources from multiple locations to reach a common goal.
- Software-as-a-Service
  - Salesforce.com 1999
- Amazon AWS
  - -2002



the evolution of the cloud:



# **Evolution of Cloud**

Containers / Platforms

Infrastructure as a Service

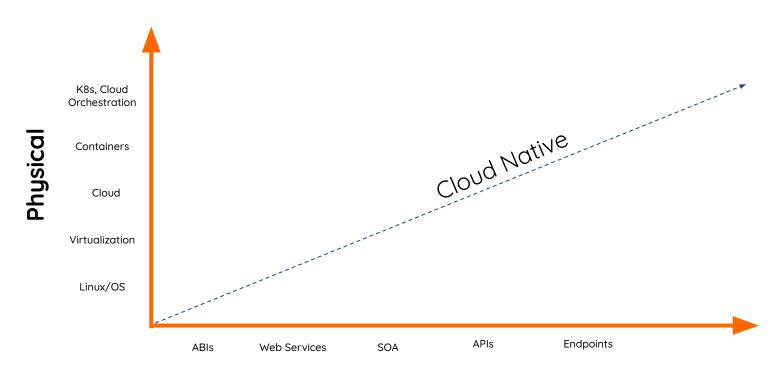
Software as a Service

Virtualization

**Grid Computing** 

**Cluster Computing** 





**Functional** 



### **CASE STUDIES**







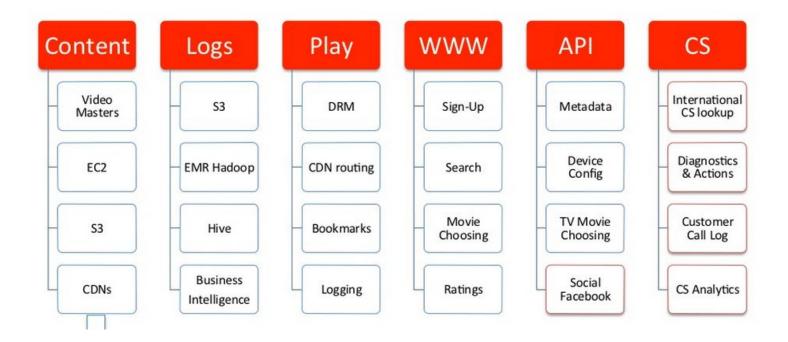
### Netflix

- A REST and Cloud based SOA approach
- Continuous Delivery
- 100% Based in the cloud
- See excellent presentations from Adrian Cockcroft
  - e.g.
     <a href="http://www.slideshare.net/adrianco/glob">http://www.slideshare.net/adrianco/glob</a>
     al-netflix-platform



# Netflix Deployed on AWS

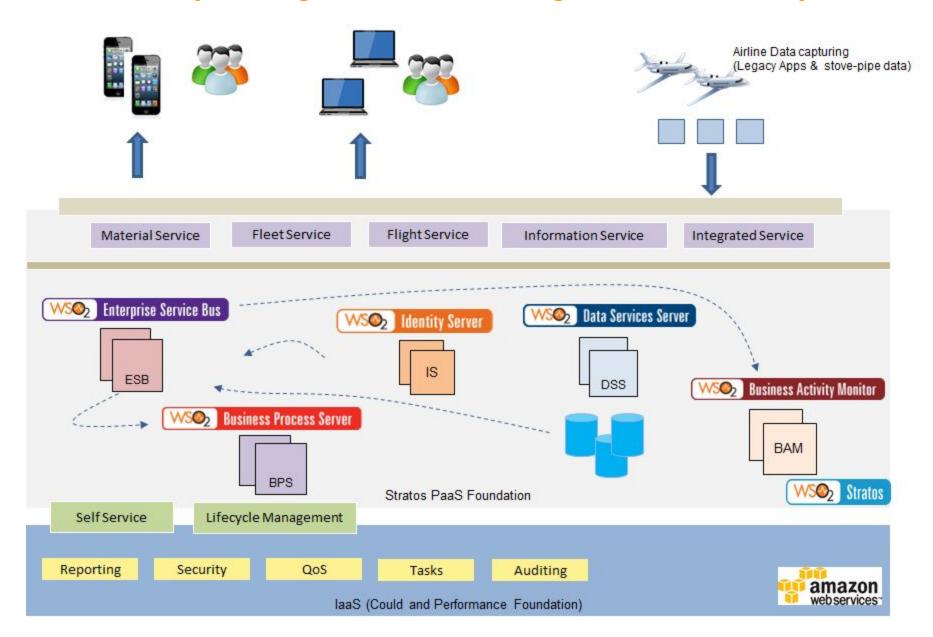




# Boeing Digital Airline



#### Case Study: Boeing - A PaaS based Integration and API ecosystem





#### Case Study: Multi-tenanted Mobile Orchestration Gateway Platform

#### Customer

One of the largest global networking solutions providers required to build a mobile services orchestration gateway platform, enabling mobile providers to simplify QoS service access to their external business partners.

#### Challenge

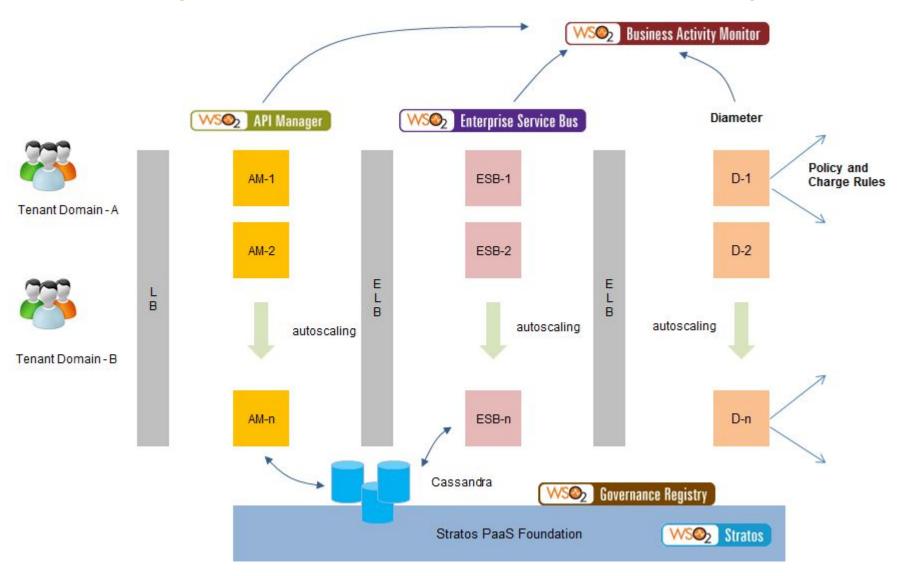
- Build a mobile services orchestration gateway than can scale upto 40,000 TPS with 99.999% service availability.
- Extensible architecture capable of interfacing with multiple protocols such as XMPP, Diameter whilst maintaining pre-defined SLAs and throughput.
- Integrating with ASR5000K, Third-party PCRF systems
- Multi-tenancy support for API lifecycle management.
- Multi-geographical deployment with autoscaling and failover compensation.

#### Solution

- Rebuilt an 18 month project in 4 weeks
- API Governance powered by multi-tenanted API Manager cluster with enforced security and lifecycle management.
- Business logic through ESB mediators exposed as REST APIs.
- Stateful caching using Cassandra
- Analytics and monetization of API usage using BAM integrated with enterprise licensing platform.
- Partner Onboarding interfaces and authorization workflows.
- Enterprise-grade cloud deployment based on Stratos PaaS foundation with native support for multi-tenancy, resource pooling and elastic scaling.



#### Case Study: Multi-tenanted Mobile Orchestration Gateway Platform



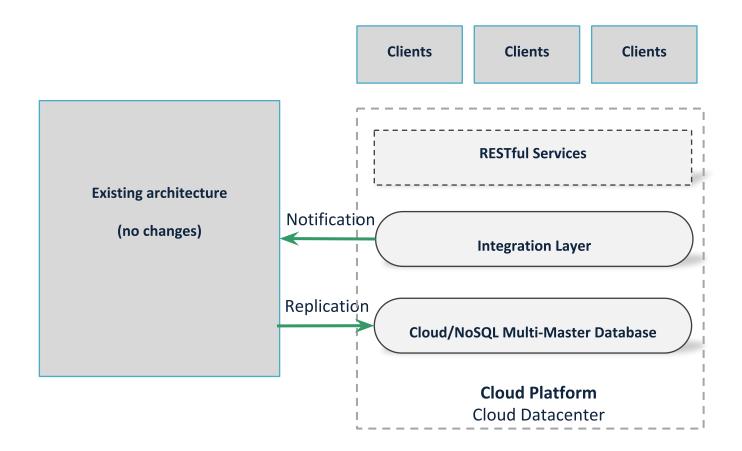


# Pay TV company

- Needed to scale up to provide instant pay-as-you-go on mobile devices
- Support Disaster Recovery (DR)
- Elastic Scale e.g. during an important football match



# Architecture





# Summary

- Motivations to move to cloud
- Pay as you go models
- Fundamental shift to cloud-native
- Case studies

# Questions?

