# Extend volume for Elasticsearch cluster

This page is for ticket https://wiredcraft.atlassian.net/browse/DEVOPS-4.

- Add extra volume
- Stop ES node
  - disable data sync between all nodes
  - synced flush
  - stop elasticsearch container
- migrate data
- start elasticsearch container and re-enable the data sync
- verify
- do the next one

#### Add extra volume

- 1. add block device into the es node in qingyun cloud platform. @ Kaleo Cheng
- 2. ssh login in es node, take es-1 for example
- 3. check current linux partition type is legacy or lvm

```
# run `lsblk` , check the output if contain "lvm" characters.
lsblk
# from the ouput , we can confirm current partition type is
legacy, we need to create
lvm partition type (for scablelity in the future)
```

4. format the new disk as LVM, remove old mount point and add new mount point in fstab

```
# use lsblk to find the new block device name, eg. /dev/vdd
# use `fdisk` command to create lvm partition
fdisk /dev/vdd
# then operate in fdisk shell environment:
# basic steps as follows:
# create new partition(n) -> create primary partition-> set partition
id-> modify partition type
to `lvm`-> save setting->create new pv volume->create new vg volume-
>specify partition size
shell> fdisk /dev/vdd
                                                   #### select disk
Command (m for help): m
                                                     #### help
Command action
     toggle a bootable flag
  b
     edit bsd disklabel
   c toggle the dos compatibility flag
   d
      delete a partition
   1
     list known partition types
     print this menu
  m
      add a new partition
  n
      create a new empty DOS partition table
   0
      print the partition table
   р
      quit without saving changes
```

```
s create a new empty Sun disklabel
   t change a partition's system id
  u change display/entry units
  v verify the partition table
  w write table to disk and exit
  x extra functionality (experts only)
Command (m for help): n
                                                    #### create new
partition
Command action
  e extended
  p primary partition (1-4)
                                                     #### create
primary partition
Partition number (1-4):1
                                                     #### partition ID
First cylinder (1-65270, default 1):
Using default value 1
Last cylinder, +cylinders or +size{K,M,G} (1-65270, default 65270):
Using default value 65270
Command (m for help):t
                                                      #### modify
partition type
Command (m for help):8e
                                                      #### Linux lvm
Command (m for help):w
                                                      #### save
shell> pvcreate /dev/vdd1/
                                                     #### create new
pv volume
shell> pvs
                                                      #### view pv
volume
shell> vgcreate es /dev/vdd1/
                                           #### create new vg volume
shell> vgs
                                                      #### view vg
volume
shell> lvcreate -L 999.99G -n data-1 es ### we add 1T block
shell> mkfs.ext4 /dev/es/data-1
shell> mount /dev/es/data-1 /data/es
shell> vi /etc/fstab
                                                      #### add mount
point in fstab
# /etc/fstab
# Created by anaconda on Thu Aug 14 21:16:42 2014
# Accessible filesystems, by reference, are maintained under '/dev/disk'
# See man pages fstab(5), findfs(8), mount(8) and/or blkid(8) for more
info
UUID=94e4e384-0ace-437f-bc96-057dd64f42ee / ext4 defaults,barrier=0 1 1
tmpfs
                      /dev/shm
                                               tmpfs defaults
0 0
devpts
                      /dev/pts
                                               devpts gid=5, mode=620
0 0
sysfs
                       /sys
                                               sysfs defaults
```

## Stop ES node

#### disable data sync between all nodes

disable shard allocation to avoid on the high IO . ref https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/restart-cluster.html#restart-cluster-rolling

```
# on es-1 node
$ curl -X PUT "localhost:9200/_cluster/settings?pretty" -H 'Content-
Type: application/json' -d'
{
    "persistent": {
        "cluster.routing.allocation.enable": "none"
    }
}
```

#### synced flush

Stop indexing and perform a synced flush.

```
$ curl -X POST "localhost:9200/_flush/synced?pretty"
```

### stop elasticsearch container

```
# step 1: stop elasticsearch container , on es-1 server
$ docker stop elasticsearch
```

migrate data

```
# on es-1 server
$ mkdir /data/es-new
$ mount /dev/es/data-1 /data/es-new
# please notice all directory and files in /data belongs to user
"wcladmin"
$ cp -rpf /data/es/* /data/es-new
$ umount /data/es
$ umount /data/es
$ mount /data/es-new
$ mount /dev/es/data-1 /data/es
```

start elasticsearch container and re-enable the data sync

```
# on es-1
$ docker start elasticsearch
$ curl -X PUT "localhost:9200/_cluster/settings?pretty" -H 'Content-
Type: application/json' -d'
{
    "persistent": {
        "cluster.routing.allocation.enable": null
     }
}'
```

verify

```
# check nodes
$ curl localhost:9200/_cat/nodes
# check cluster health
$ curl localhost:9200/_cluster/health?pretty
```

do the next one