# Comp 125 - Visual Information Processing

Spring Semester 2018 - week 11 - monday

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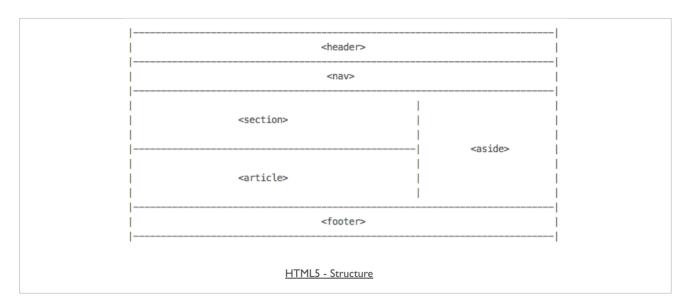
### **HTML5 - Semantic elements and structure**

#### footer

- <footer>
  - usually contains information about its containing element
- example I in a footer for an article
  - might use this element to define and record
  - author of the article
  - publication date
  - suitable tags or metadata
  - associated documents...
- example 2 a footer simply placed at the **foot** of a page
- record copyright information
- contextual links
- contact information
- small logos...
- example 2 considered standard usage for <footer>
  - continues from HTML4 and earlier generic usage...

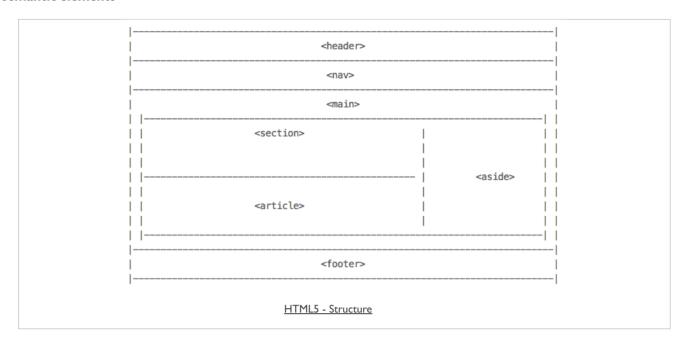
# Image - HTML5 page structure - part I

#### semantic elements



# Image - HTML5 page structure - part 2

#### semantic elements



## HTML5 page structure - part 3

- not included <html> and <body> tags in diagrams
  - required for all HTML documents
- divided the page into four logical, semantic divisions
  - header
  - nav
  - main
  - footer
- we could also add a sidebar etc for further division of content

### **HTML5** - extra elements

#### intro

- many other interesting and useful new HTML5 elements
  - in addition to semantic elements
- some struggle for browser compatibility
- useful new elements such as
  - graphics and media
- HTML5 APIs introduced as well, including
  - App Cache
  - Drag/Drop
  - Geolocation
  - Local Storage
  - ..
- again, check browser support and compatibility

### **Browser check**

- Can I Use\_\_\_\_?
  - e.g. Can I Use Drag and Drop?

### HTML5 - Extra elements - media - part I

#### video

### <video> element

- until HTML5, video playback reliant on plugins
  - e.g. Adobe Flash
- embed video using element tag <video>
- add attributes for
  - height, width, controls...
- not all web browsers support all video codecs
- option to specify multiple video sources
- best supported codecs include
  - MP4 (or H.264), WebM, OGG...
- good general support for <video> element
- check browser support for <video> element
  - Can I use\_\_\_\_video?

### HTML5 - Extra elements - media - part 2

### video example

<video> - a quick example might be as follows,

```
<video width="300" height="240" controls>
  <source src="media/video/movie.mp4" type="video/mp4">
    <source src="media/video/movie.webm" type="video/webm">
    Your browser does not support the video tag.
</video>
```

■ Demo - HTML5 Video playback

## HTML5 - Extra elements - media - part 3

#### audio

## <audio> element

- HTML5 also supports standardised element for embedded audio
- supported codecs for <audio> playback include
  - MP3 and mp4
  - WAV
  - OGG Vorbis
  - 3GP
  - m4a
- again, check browser support and compatibility
  - Can I use\_\_\_\_audio?
- fun test of codecs
  - HTML5 Audio

### HTML5 - Extra elements - media - part 4

### audio example

<audio> - a quick example might be as follows,

```
<audio controls>
  <source src="media/audio/audio.mp3" type="audio/mpeg">
  Your browser does not support the audio tag.
  </audio>
```

■ Demo - HTML5 Audio playback

### HTML5 - Extra elements - graphics - part I

#### canvas

- graphics elements are particularly fun to use
- use them to create interesting, useful graphics renderings
- in effect, we can draw on the page
- <canvas> element acts as a placeholder for graphics
  - allows us to draw with JavaScript
- draw lines, circles, text, add gradients...
  - e.g. draw a rectangle on the canvas

### HTML5 - Extra elements - graphics - part 2

#### canvas example

<canvas> will be created as follows,

```
<canvas id="canvas1" width="200" height="100">
Your browser does not support the canvas element.
</canvas>
```

then use JavaScript to add a drawing to the canvas

```
<script type="text/javascript">
var can1 = document.getElementById("canvas1");
var context1 = can1.getContext("2d");
context1.fillStyle="#000000";
context1.fillRect(0,0,150,75);
</script>
```

Result is a rendered black rectangle on our web page.

■ Demo - HTML5 Canvas - Rectangle

### HTML5 - Extra elements - graphics - part 3

### canvas example

A square can be created as follows,

```
<script type="text/javascript">
function draw() {
   /*black square*/
var can1 = document.getElementById("canvas1");
var context1 = can1.getContext("2d");
context1.fillStyle="#000000";
context1.fillRect(0,0,50,50);
}
</script>
```

Again, we end up with the following rendered shape on our canvas.

■ Demo - HTML5 Canvas - Square

## HTML5 - Extra elements - graphics - part 4

### canvas examples

- modify drawing for many different shapes and patterns
  - simple lines, circles, gradients, images...
    - 1. shows different rendered shapes on a canvas.
- Demo HTML5 Canvas Assorted Shapes
  - 2. little retro games
- Demo HTML5 Canvas Retro Breakout Game

# References

- W3Schools HTML5
- media elements
- canvas element