Comp 422 - Software Development for Wireless and Mobile Devices

Fall Semester 2016 - Week 4

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Contents

- working with plugins
 - update media playback
 - tests and output
- splashscreens and icons
- API plugin examples
 - custom templates
 - camera
- extra notes

Cordova app - working with plugins - update media playback

- basic plugin test for media playback within an app
 - user can play music in their app
 - user touch interaction with button
 - file loaded from local filesystem
 - device playback of selected audio file
- leveraging native device functionality in app
 - calling plugins for device, file, media...
- basic app includes,
 - user interaction in the UI
 - calls to the exposed JS API for the plugins
 - playback of audio by the native device
- add further functionality
 - stop, pause...

Cordova app - working with plugins - stop button - part I

- consider how to stop, pause playback
 - e.g. UI interaction, timer, event...
- app logic is very similar
 - respond to **stop** event
 - call method
 - ...
- methods for **stop**, **pause**, &c. available in plugin API

media.pause
media.stop
media.release

Cordova app - working with plugins - stop button - part I

- start to update our existing app by adding a stop button to the UI
 - allow our user to simply tap a button to stop playback

```
Stop playback...
<input type="button" id="stopAudio" data-icon="delete" value="Stop" />
```

- update initial JS logic for the app
 - listen for tap event on **stop** button
 - then call the stop method on the **media** object

```
//button - stop audio
$("#stopAudio").on("tap", function(e) {
    //stop audio logic
    e.preventDefault();
    //call custom method to handle stopping audio...
    stopAudio();
});
```

Cordova app - working with plugins - stop button - part 2

- add the logic for our custom method to stop the audio
 - call as stopAudio()

```
//stop audio file
function stopAudio() {
    //stop audio playback
    $audio.stop();
    //release audio - important for android resources...
    $audio.release();
    //just for testing
    alert("stop playing audio...& release!");
}
```

- logic still won't stop the audio playing
- issue is variable \$audio
 - currently restricted local scope to playAudio() method
- initially alter scope of property for \$audio itself
 - now set in initial onDeviceReady() method

```
function onDeviceReady() {
    //set initial properties
    var $audio;
...
}
```

- logic will now stop audio playing
- call to release() method important for OS's audio resources
 - particularly important to release unwanted resources on Android...

Image - Cordova app - Plugin Test - stop audio playback

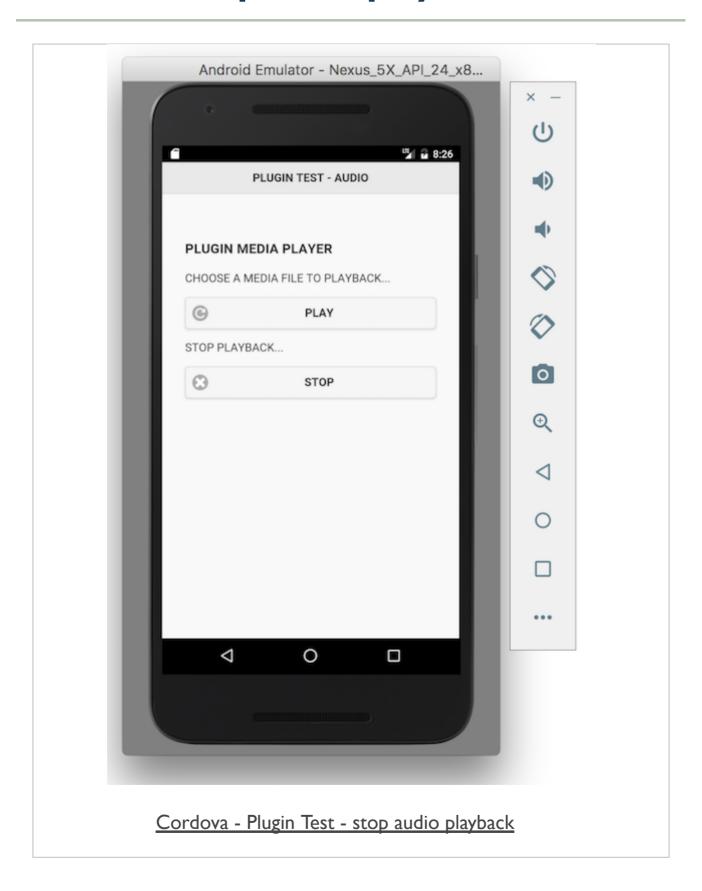
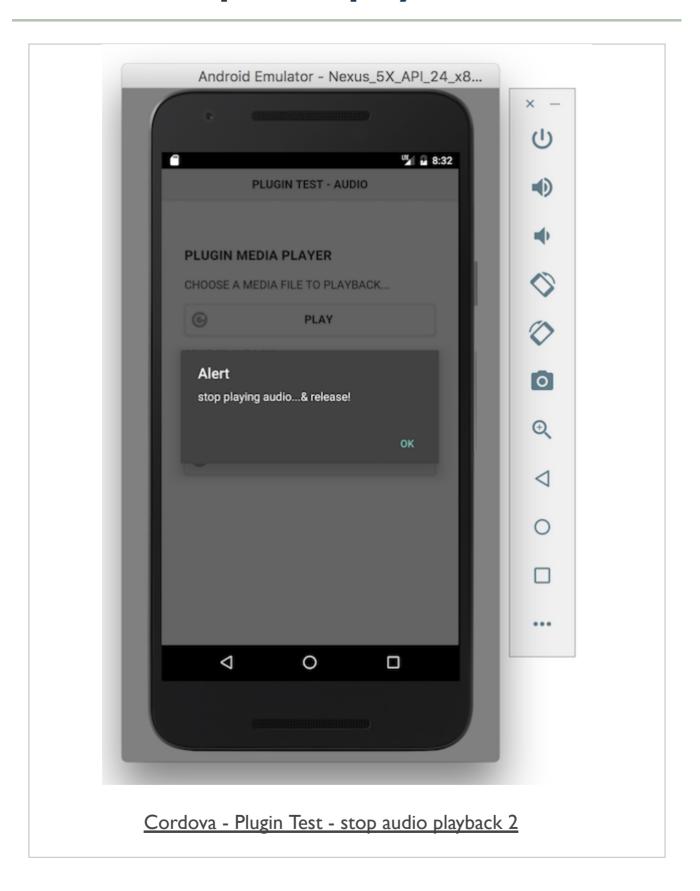


Image - Cordova app - Plugin Test - stop audio playback 2



Cordova app - working with plugins - pause button - part I

follow similar pattern to add initial pause button to app's HTML

```
Pause playback...
<input type="button" id="pauseAudio" data-icon="bars" value="Pause" />
```

then add basic listener for tap event on the pause button

```
//button - pause audio
$("#pauseAudio").on("tap", function(e) {
    //pause audio logic
    e.preventDefault();
    //call custom method to handle pausing audio...
    pauseAudio();
});
```

- then add our custom pauseAudio() method
 - handles pausing of current media object

```
//pause audio file
function pauseAudio() {
    //pause audio playback
    $audio.pause();
}
```

Image - Cordova app - Plugin Test - pause audio playback

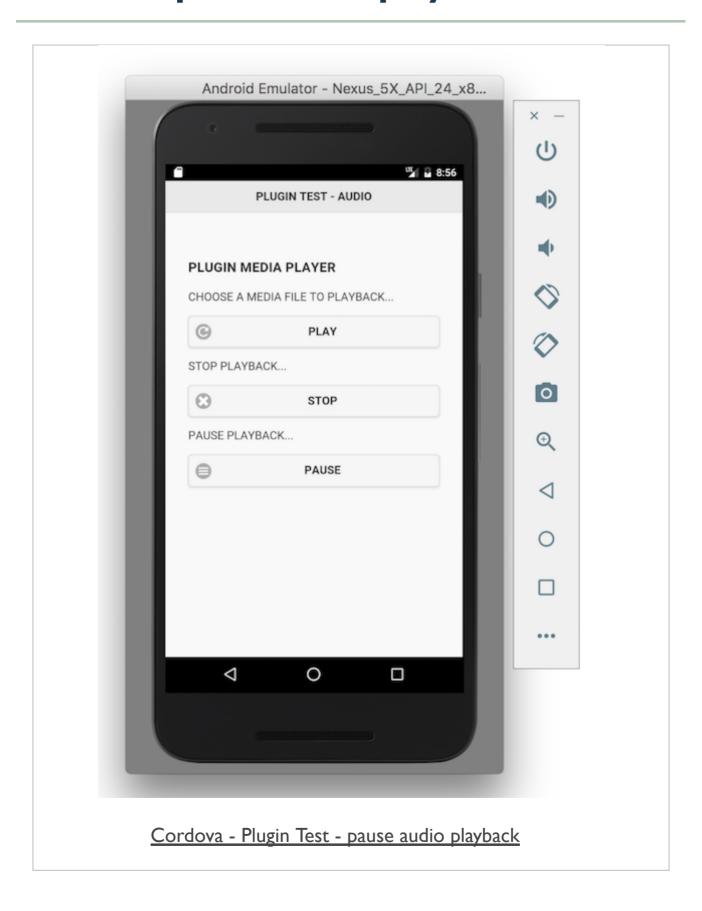
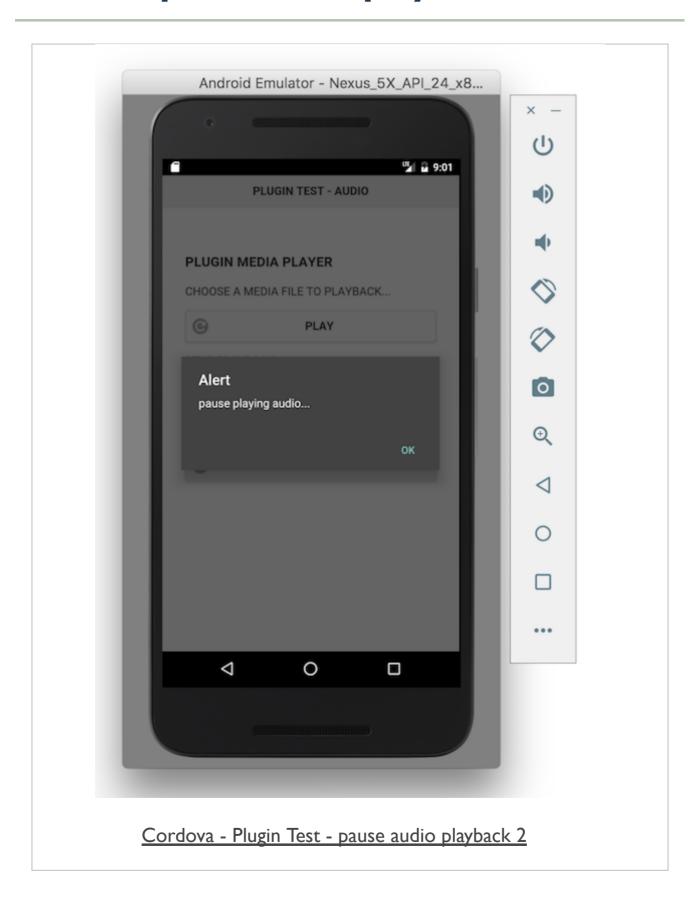


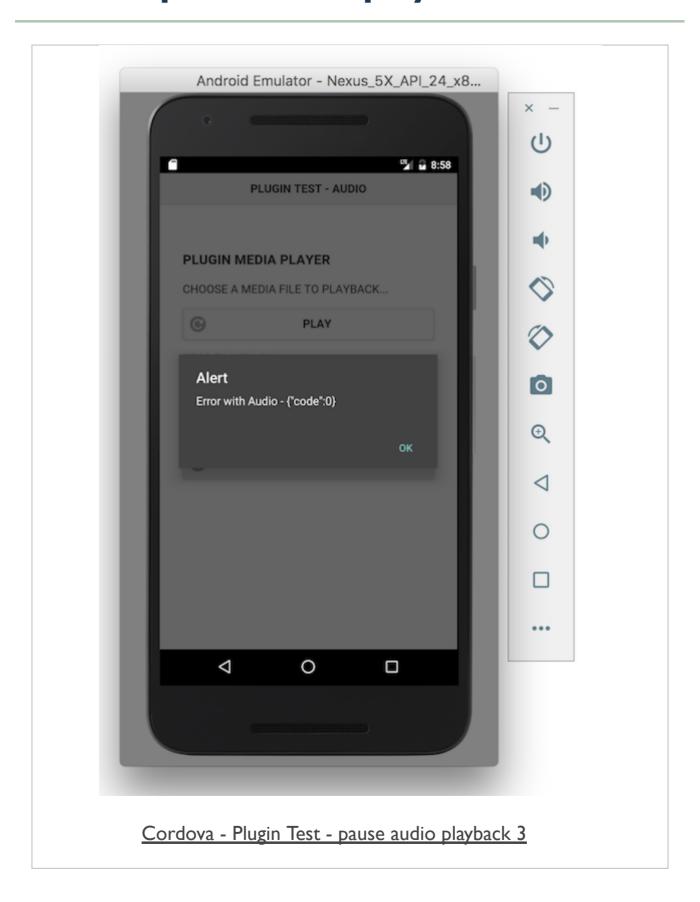
Image - Cordova app - Plugin Test - pause audio playback 2



Cordova app - working with plugins - pause button - part 2

- this logic works but it introduces issues and errors, e.g.
 - start playback of audio and then pause
 - then touch play again
 - audio will restart from the start of the audio file
 - not ideal user experience...
- an error will be thrown, e.g.
 - press pause once, then twice...
 - error will be thrown for the call to the pause() method

Image - Cordova app - Plugin Test - pause audio playback 3



Cordova app - working with plugins - pause button - part 3

- we can monitor change in the playback with a simple property
 - attached to scope for onDeviceReady() method
 - property available to play(), pause(), and stop() methods

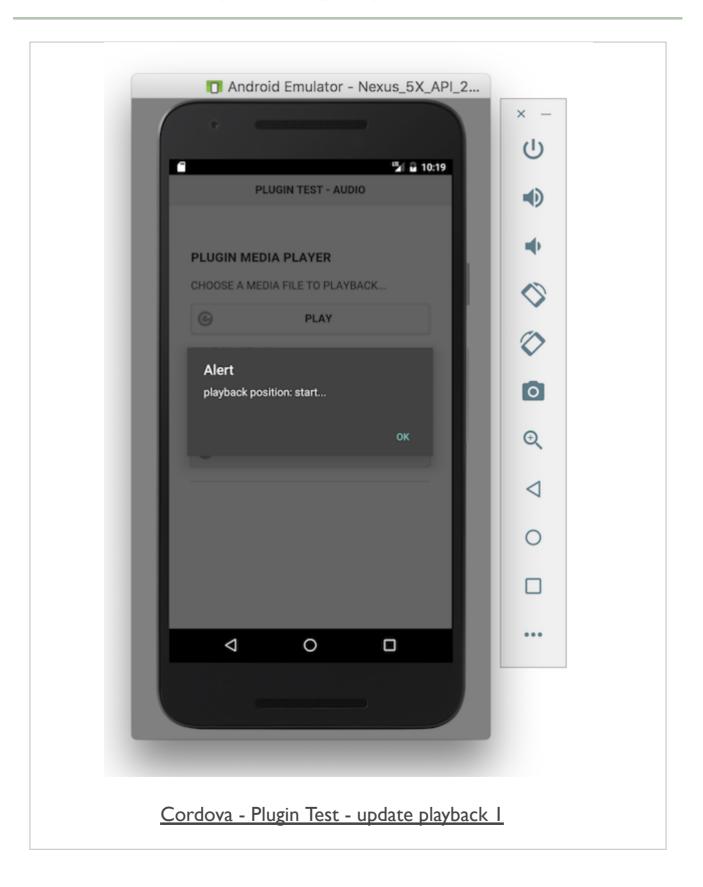
```
function onDeviceReady() {
    //set initial properties
    var $audio;
    var $audioPosn = 0;
...
}
```

- now have two properties we can monitor and update
 - variable \$audioPosn has been set to a default value of 0
 - we can check as we start to playback an audio file &c.

```
//check current audio position
if ($audioPosn > 1) {
    $audio.play();
    alert("playback position: " + $audioPosn + " secs");
} else {
     $audio.play();
     alert("playback position: start...");
}
```

also use property to output current playback position, reset for cancelling,
 &c.

Image - Cordova app - Plugin Test - update playback I



Cordova app - working with plugins - pause button - part 4

- pause a playing audio stream
 - need to be able to get the current playback position for the audio file
 - then update our \$audioPosn property.
- check audio position in the pauseAudio() method
 - use the getCurrentPosition() method
 - available on the media object...

```
$audio.getCurrentPosition(

// success callback

function (position) {

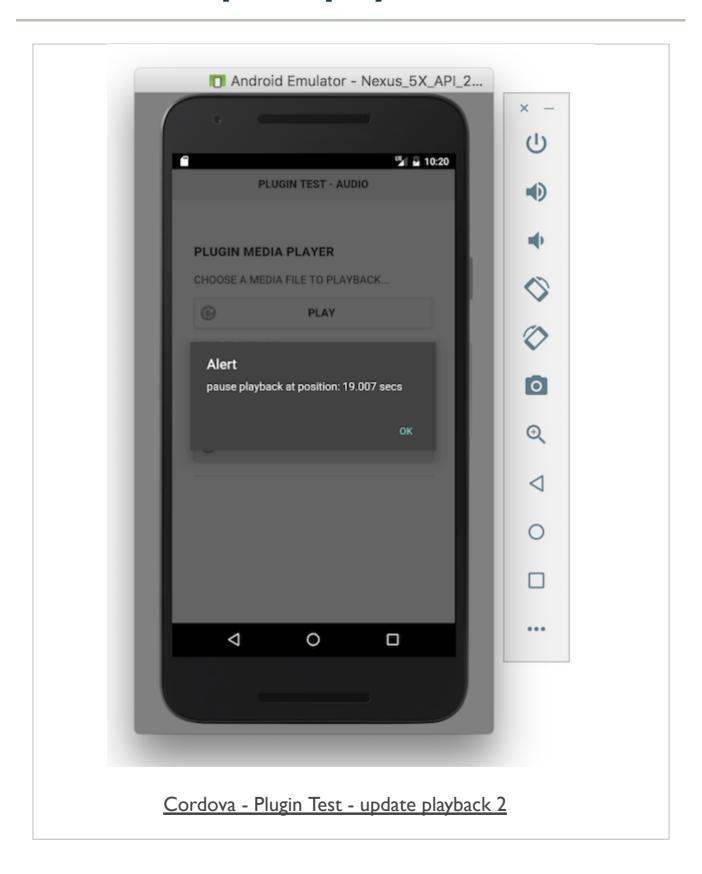
   if (position > -1) {

        $audioPosn = position;

        alert("pause playback at position: " + position + " secs");
   }
}, // error callback
   function (e) {

   ...
}
```

Image - Cordova app - Plugin Test - update playback 2



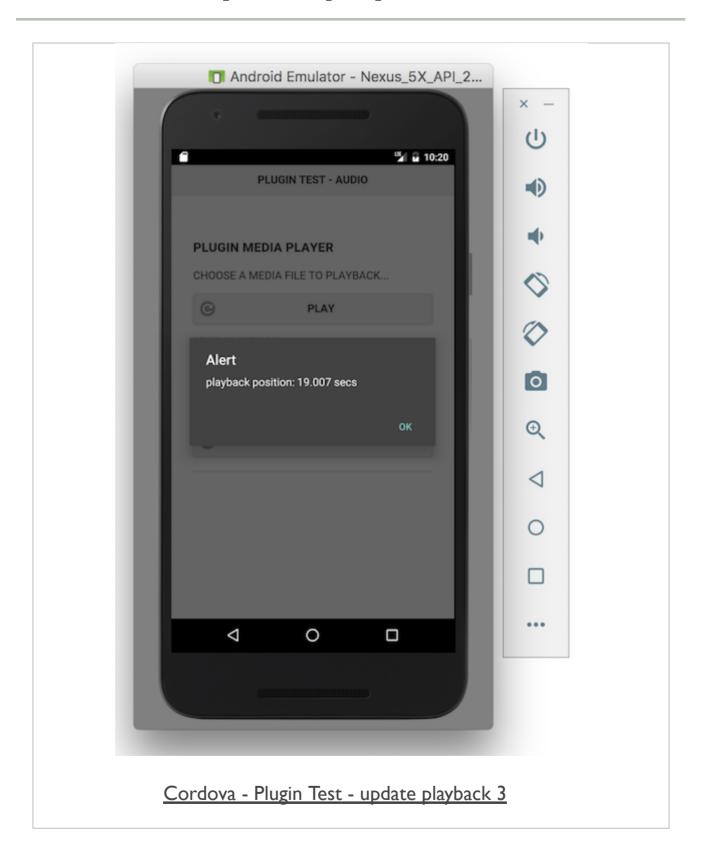
Cordova app - working with plugins - pause button - part 5

- we can now successfully pause our audio playback
 - store value for current pause position in the audio stream
- also need to update our audio playback
 - need to check current position in audio stream

```
//check current audio position
if ($audioPosn > 1) {
    $audio.seekTo($audioPosn*1000);
    $audio.play();
    alert("playback position: " + $audioPosn + " secs");
} else {
    $audio.play();
    alert("playback position: start...");
}
```

- we updated the playAudio() method to check value of \$audioPosn property
- now use value to seek to current position in audio stream
 - using seekTo() method exposed by media object itself...
 - method expects time in milliseconds
 - need to update value for our \$audioPosn property, \$audioPosn*1000
- audio stream will now resume at correct position...

Image - Cordova app - Plugin Test - update playback 3

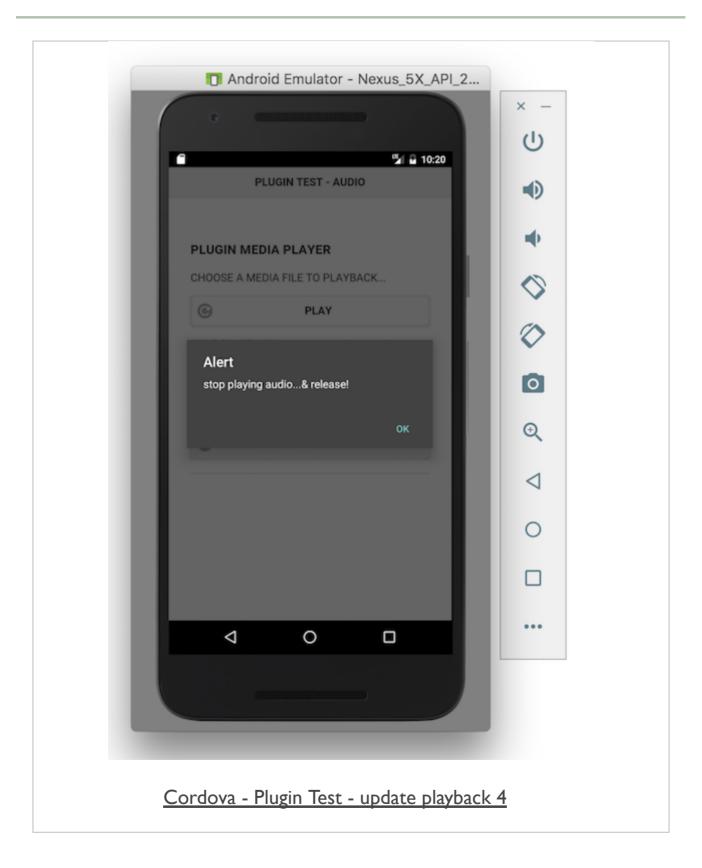


Cordova app - working with plugins - update stop button

- final touch for now, at least with the buttons
- need to update logic for app's stop button
- need to reset the value of the \$audioPosn property
 - if not, audio stream will always restart at set pause value

```
//stop audio file
function stopAudio() {
    //stop audio playback
    $audio.stop();
    //reset $audioPosn
    $audioPosn = 0;
    //release audio - important for android resources...
    $audio.release();
    //just for testing
    alert("stop playing audio...& release!");
}
```

Image - Cordova app - Plugin Test - update playback 4



Cordova app - working with plugins - current playback position

- now seen how we can check the current position of a playing audio file
- many different options for outputting this value
 - e.g. appending its value to the DOM, showing a dialogue, and so on...
- how we use the value of this property is up to us as developers
 - naturally informed by the requirements of the app
- may only be necessary to use this value internally
 - help with the app's logic
- may need to output this result to the user

Cordova app - working with plugins - further considerations

A few updates and modifications for a media app

- update logic for app
 - checks for event order, property values, &c.
- indicate playback has started
 - without alerts...
- update state of buttons in response to app state
 - highlights, colour updates...
- inactive buttons and controls when not needed
 - update state of buttons...
- grouping of buttons to represent media player
 - add correct icons, playback options...
- metadata for audio file
 - title, artist, length of track...
- image for track playing
 - thumbnail for track, album...
- track description
- notification for track playing
- persist track data and choice in cache for reload...
- ...

Cordova app - working with plugins - add splashscreen

- add support for splashscreens in Cordova
 - install splashscreen plugin in project

cordova plugin add cordova-plugin-splashscreen

- then we need to return to our config.xml file
 - set different splashscreens for different supported platforms
 - specify different images to use for given screen resolutions
- Android example,

- specifying different images for each screen density
 - then specify for portrait and landscape aspect ratios
- URL for the src attribute is relative to the project's root directory
 - not the customary www

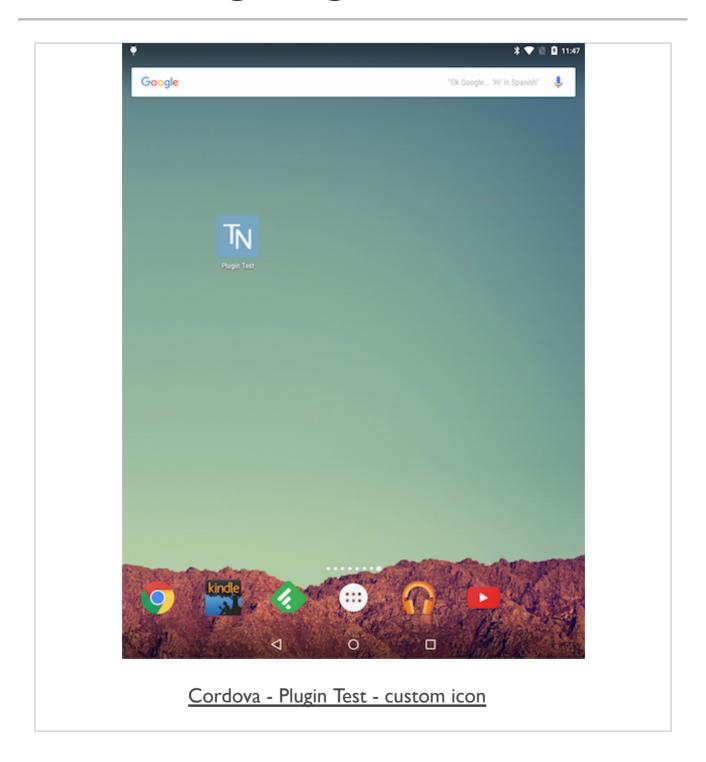
Cordova app - working with plugins - add an app icon

- also set our own app's icon
 - again in the config.xml setting for the application

```
<platform name="android">
    <icon src="res/icon/android/ldpi.png" density="ldpi" />
        <icon src="res/icon/android/icon/mdpi.png" density="mdpi" />
        <icon src="res/icon/android/icon/hdpi.png" density="hdpi" />
        <icon src="res/icon/android/icon/xhdpi.png" density="xhdpi" />
        </platform>
```

- again, we can target specific platforms
 - useful way to handle different screen resolutions and densities
- icon's URL is specified relative to the project's root directory

Image - Cordova app - Plugin Test I - getting started



Cordova app - working with plugins Android icon sizes for launcher

Density	Launcher icon size	
ldpi	36 x 36 px	
mdpi	48 x 48 px	
hdpi	72 x 72 px	
xhdpi	96 x 96 px	

and so on...

Cordova app - API plugin examples

- a few API plugins to consider
 - accelerometer
 - camera
 - connection
 - device
 - geolocation
 - InAppBrowser
 - media, file, and capture
 - notification
 - StatusBar
 - ...

Cordova app - API plugin examples - plugin test 2

setup

create our initial plugin test shell application

cordova create plugintest2 com.example.plugintest2 plugintest2

add any required plaforms, eg: Android, iOS, Windows...

cordova platform add android --save

- then run an initial test to ensure the shell application loads correctly
 - run in the Android emulator or
 - run on a connected Android device

cordova emulate android

or

cordova run android

- then start to update the default www directory
- modify the initial settings in our app's config.xml file

Cordova app - API plugin examples - plugin test 2

application structure

- might update our initial Cordova template
 - better structure for plugin test application
 - structure might look as follows

```
- hooks
- platforms
  - android
  - platforms.json
|- plugins
  - cordova-plugin-whitelist
  - android.json
  |- fetch.json
- resources
  - icon
  - splash
- www
  - assets
     - images
     - scripts
     |- styles
  - docs
     - json
     - txt
     - xml
  - media
     - audio
     - images
     |- video
  - index.html
- config.xml
```

Cordova app - templates - basic

- Cordova default template for project structure
 - create command used for basic structure...
- create custom, reusable template for a new project
 - e.g. create starting template for tabs, menu &c. based app...
- to create a custom template
 - start with new project structure for Cordova
 - then modify to create and configure app structure
 - set required icons, splashscreens, designs &c. for template
- then we can start to package a reusable template

Cordova app - templates - structure

each template uses the following directory structure

```
|-- template_package
|__ package.json
|__ index.js
|_ template_src
|_ ... (app template contents...)
```

- template specific code is added to template_src directory
- package.json includes reference to template's index.js file
- index.js used to export reference to template_src directory

Cordova app - templates - template_src

template_src usually includes the following structure

- add any custom scripts to the hooks directory
- design and build our template in the www directory
- template_src/config.xml will usually follow pattern of default Cordova config
- then add template customisations, e.g.
 - name, description, icons, splashscreens...if necessary

Cordova app - templates - package.json

- package.json includes template specific metadata
 - add keyword cordova:template & ecosystem:cordova
 - used for package distribution, e.g. NPM
- add reference to index.js

"main": "index.js"

- output will be similar to a standard NPM package.json file
 - created for NPM package management
 - then initialised using the command,

npm init

Cordova app - templates - template index.js

- then add necessary export reference for template_src to our template index.js file
 - follows a standard pattern

```
var path = require('path');

module.exports = {
    dirname : path.join(__dirname, 'template_src')
};
```

Cordova app - templates - finish & create

- template is now ready to be published and shared online
 - use NPM, GitHub, &c.
- use as the template for a new local project

cordova create basic com.example.basic BasicTemplate --template <path-to-template>

- add the local directory path for the custom template
 - replace <path-to-template with local directory for template...
- creates new Cordova project with custom template
 - uses template_src for the project

plugins - add camera plugin

- now add the camera plugin to our test application
- two ways we can add camera functionality to our application
 - use the camera plugin
 - use the more generic Media Capture API
- main differences include
 - camera plugin focuses on camera capture and functionality
 - media capture includes additional options such as video and audio recording
- add the camera plugin using the following Cordova CLI command

cordova plugin add cordova-plugin-camera

- provides standard navigator object
 - enables taking pictures, and choose images from local image library

plugins - add camera page

```
<!-- camera page -->
<div data-role="page" id="camera">
 <div data-role="header">
   <h3>plugin tester - camera</h3>
   </div><!-- /header -->
 <div data-role="navbar" data-iconpos="left">
   <111>
     <a class="ui-btn" data-icon="home" data-transition="slide" href="#home">home</a>
     <a class="ui-btn" data-icon="arrow-1" data-rel="back">back</a>
   </div><!-- /navbar -->
 <div data-role="content">
   <input type="button" id="takePhoto" data-icon="camera" value="Take Photo" />
   <div id="photo">
     <img id="imageView" style="width: 100%;"></img>
   </div><!-- /photo -->
   <div data-role="popup" id="photoSelector" style="min-width: 250px;">
     Choose Photo
      <a id="cameraPhoto" href="#">Take Photo with Camera</a>
      <a id="galleryPhoto" href="#">Get Photo from Gallery</a>
     </div><!-- /photoSelector -->
 </div><!-- /content -->
</div><!-- /camera page -->
```





- basic UI is now in place
- start to add some logic for taking photos with the device's camera
- need to be able to get photos from the device's image gallery
- app's logic in initial plugin.js file
- handlers for the tap events
 - a user tapping on the takePhoto button
 - then the options in the **photoSelector**
 - take a photo with the camera
 - get an existing photo from the gallery
- use the onDeviceReady() function
 - add our handlers and processors for both requirements
 - add functionality for camera and gallery components

- add our handlers for the tap events
- initial handlers for takePhoto, cameraPhoto, and galleryPhoto

```
$("#takePhoto").on("tap", function(e) {
    e.preventDefault();
    //show popup options for camera
    $("#photoSelector").popup("open");
})

$("#cameraPhoto").on("tap", function(e) {
    e.preventDefault();
    //hide popup options for camera
    $("#photoSelector").popup("close");
})

$("#galleryPhoto").on("tap", function(e) {
    e.preventDefault();
    //hide popup options for camera
    $("#photoSelector").popup("close");
})
```



- capture an image using this plugin with the native device's camera hardware
- use the provided navigator object for the camera
 - then call the getPicture function
- also specify required callback functions for the camera
 - and add some required options for quality...

```
//Use from Camera
navigator.camera.getPicture(onSuccess, onFail, {
    quality: 50,
    sourceType: Camera.PictureSourceType.CAMERA,
    destinationType: Camera.DestinationType.FILE_URI
});
```

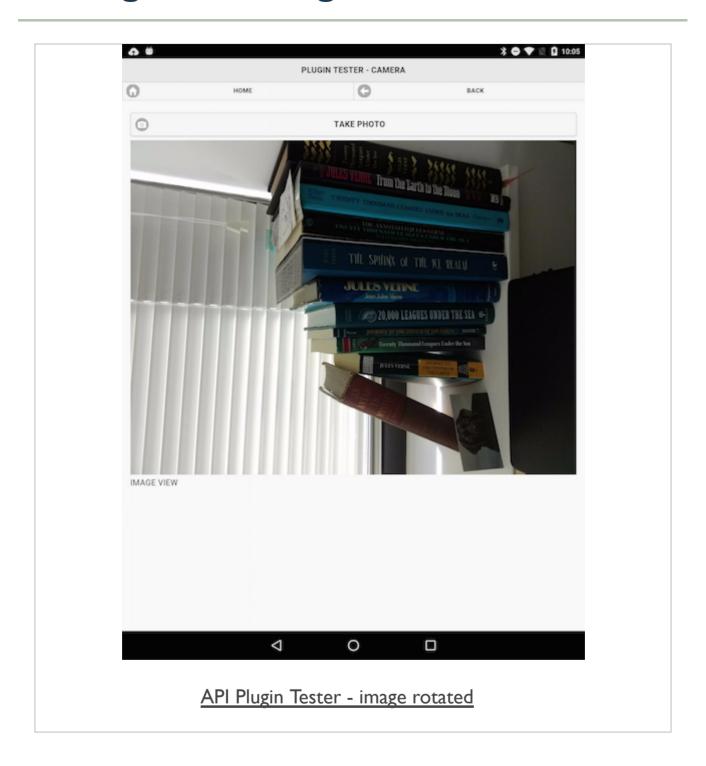
- quality option has been reduced to 50 for testing
 - choose a value between 0 and 100 for our final application
 - 100 being original image file from the camera
- option for destinationType now defaults to FILE_URI could be changed to DATA_URL
 - NB: DATA_URL option can crash an app due to low memory, system resources...
 - returns a base-64 encoded image
 - then render in a chosen format such as a JPEG

- two callback functions are onSuccess and onFail
 - set logic for returned camera image and any error message

```
function onSuccess(imageData) {
    //JS selector faster than jQuery...
    var image = document.getElementById('imageView');
    image.src = imageData;
}

function onFail(message) {
    alert('Failed because: ' + message);
}
```

- onSuccess function accepts a parameter for the returned image data
- using returned image data to output and render our image in the test imageView
- onFail function simply outputting a returned error message
- we can use these two callback functions to perform many different tasks
 - we can pass the returned image data to a save function, or edit option...
 - they act like a bridge between our own logic and the native device's camera

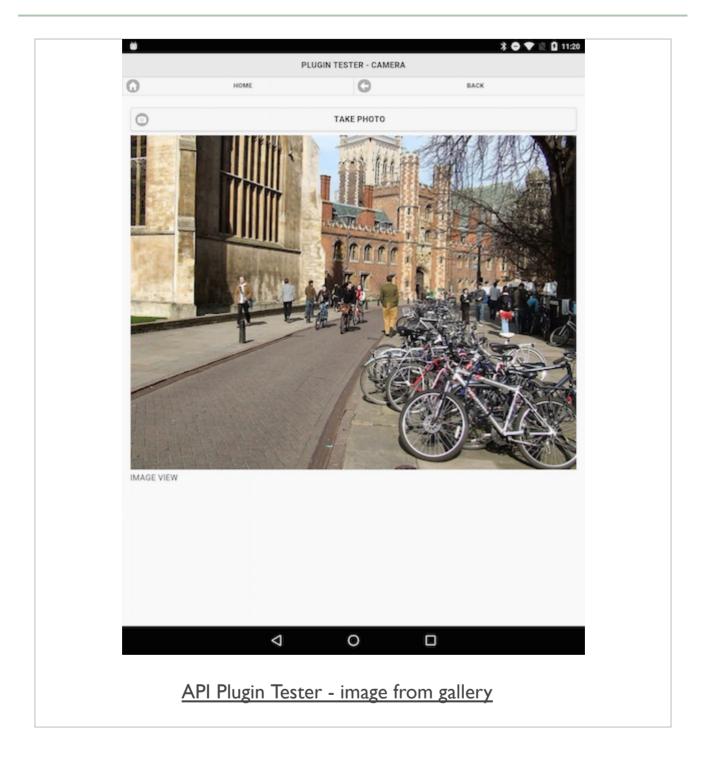


plugins - update camera logic

- returned an image from the camera
- update our application to select an image from gallery application
- add a conditional check to our getPhoto() function
 - allows us to differentiate between a camera or gallery request

```
navigator.camera.getPicture(onSuccess, onFail, {
   sourceType: Camera.PictureSourceType.PHOTOLIBRARY,
   destinationType: Camera.DestinationType.FILE_URI
});
```

- update in the sourceType from CAMERA to PHOTOLIBRARY
- returned image respects original orientation of gallery image



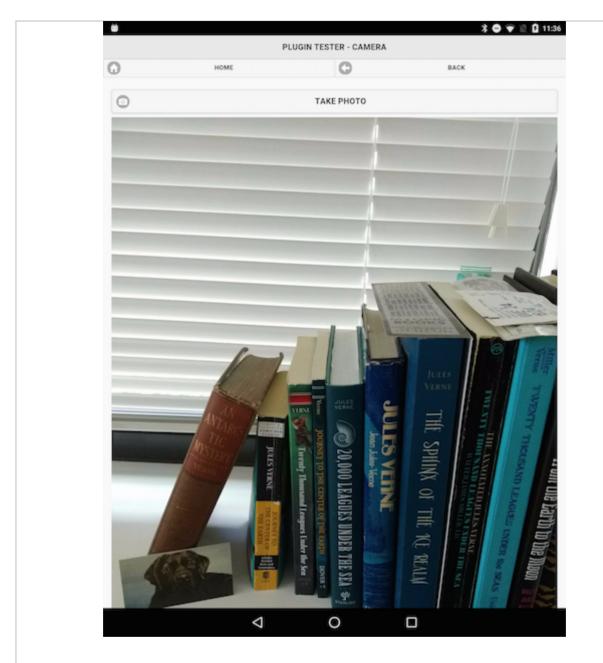
plugins - fix camera logic

- need to fix the orientation issue with the returned image from the camera
- options for this plugin make it simple to update our logic for this requirement
 - add a new option for the camera

```
correctOrientation: true
```

- ensures that the original orientation of the camera is enforced
- updated logic is as follows

```
//Use from Camera
navigator.camera.getPicture(onSuccess, onFail, {
    quality: 50,
    correctOrientation: true,
    sourceType: Camera.PictureSourceType.CAMERA,
    destinationType: Camera.DestinationType.FILE_URI
});
```



API Plugin Tester - correct image orientation

plugins - camera updates

- continue to add many other useful options
 - specifying front or back cameras on a device
 - type of media to allow
 - scaling of returned images
 - edit options...
- in the app logic, also need to abstract the code further
 - too much repetition in calls to the navigator object for the camera
- then add more options and features
 - save, delete, edit options
 - organise our images into albums
 - add some metadata for titles etc
 - add location tags for coordinates...

Extra notes - mobile design considerations

Extra design notes will start to be added to the course website, GitHub...e.g.

- design mockups
- design and interface
- design and data
- **...**

& extra notes on JS &c.

References

- Cordova API
 - plugin camera
 - plugin Splashscreen
- Cordova Guide
 - app templates