Charla Steiner, CPA

linkedin.com/in/charlasteiner

SQL Query

SQL query using SQL window functions to create a MySQL database view of sales metrics to be used in reporting. The view is easily queried from Excel and Power BI, or saved to a CSV file. SQL window functions enable reporting over various time periods.

Calculated Metrics

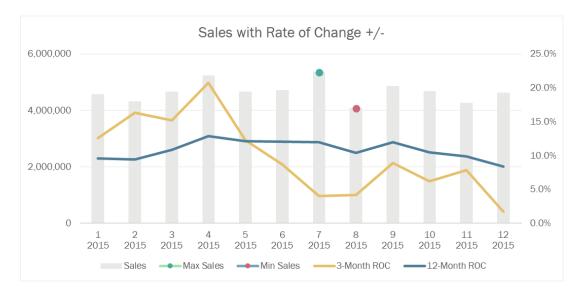
Monthly sales over a two-year period

- Sales
- Year to date (YTD)
- Same period last year (SPLY)
- Last month (LM)
- 3-month moving average (3 MMA)
- 3-month moving total (3 MMT)
- 12-month moving average (12 MMA)
- 12-month moving total (12 MMT)
- Year over year (YOY)
- Year-over-year percent change (YOY %)
- Month over month (MOM)
- Month-over-month percent change (MOM %)

- Prior year year to date (PY YTD)
- Prior year year-to-date change (PY YTD Chg)
- Prior year year-to-date change percent (PY YTD Chg %)
- 3-month rate of change over comparable 3-month period 12 months ago (3-12 ROC)
- 12-month rate of change over comparable 12-month period 12 months ago (12-12 ROC)

Example Pivot Chart

Pivot chart created in Excel using DAX measures created in Power Pivot from the query metrics. Sliced to one year.



```
Query
```

```
/* MySQL database: WideWorldImporters, view: vsalesmetrics
Query to create view vsalesmetrics. The view has calculations of sales
metrics based on monthly sales over a two-year period.
create or replace view vSalesMetrics as
with cte productperiod
        /* Create date/product combinations for all dates even if no sales
for a product on a given date so that measures are calculated correctly. Date
range starts prior to the reporting period to enable calculation of metrics
for comparable periods (YoY, MoM, etc.).
        */
        select
            s.stockitemkev
            d.date
            d.`cy year` calendar year,
            d.`cy month num` calendar month
        from
            date d
            cross join
               stockitem s
        where
            d.date between '2013-01-01' and '2015-12-31'
            and exists
                select *
                from
                    orders o
                where
                    o.stockitemkev = s.stockitemkev
                    and o.orderdatekey between '2013-01-01' and '2015-12-31'
            )
    cte base calculations as
        /* Calculate measures that will be used directly and/or used to
create other measures.
         * /
        select
            row number()
                over(order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month) row id,
            p.calendar year order year ,
            p.calendar month order month ,
            /* Sales current and prior periods */
            round(sum(coalesce(o.totalexcludingtax,0)), 0) sales ,
            round(sum(sum(coalesce(o.totalexcludingtax, 0)))
                over(partition by p.calendar_year
                    order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month rows between
                unbounded preceding and current row), 0) sales ytd,
            round(sum(sum(o.totalexcludingtax))
                over (order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month rows between
                12 preceding and 12 preceding), 0) same period last year,
            round(sum(sum(o.totalexcludingtax))
                over(order by p.calendar_year, p.calendar_month rows between
                1 preceding and 1 preceding), 0) last month,
```

```
case
       when count(*)
            over (order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month rows
           between
                2 preceding and current row) = 3
        then round(avg(sum(o.totalexcludingtax))
            over (order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month rows
        between
                2 preceding and current row), 0)
        else null
   end sales 3 mma , -- 3-month moving average
    case
       when count(*)
            over (order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month rows
                2 preceding and current row) = 3
        then round(sum(sum(o.totalexcludingtax))
            over (order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month rows
        between
                2 preceding and current row), 0)
        else null
    end sales 3 mmt , -- 3-month moving total
   case
       when count(*)
           over (order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month rows
                11 preceding and current row) = 12
        then round(avg(sum(o.totalexcludingtax))
           over (order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month rows
        between
               11 preceding and current row),0)
        else null
   end sales 12 mma , -- 12-month moving average
   case
        when count(*)
           over (order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month rows
       between
               11 preceding and current row) = 12
        then round(sum(sum(o.totalexcludingtax))
            over (order by p.calendar year, p.calendar month rows
        between
                11 preceding and current row), 0)
   end sales 12 mmt -- 12-month moving total
from
   cte productperiod p
    left outer join
       orders o
       on
           p.date
                              = o.OrderDateKey
            and p.stockitemkey = o.stockitemkey
group by
   p.calendar year ,
   p.calendar month
```

/* Moving totals and averages */

```
cte metrics as
       select
           bc.*
           bc.sales - coalesce(bc.same period last year, null) yoy
           bc.sales - coalesce(bc.last month, null)
                                                            mom
           bc.sales /nullif(bc.last month,0) - 1
                                                            mom pct ,
           /* Syntax error in MySQL when using a default value with lag.
Using coalesce() instead.
           coalesce(lag(sales ytd, 12)
               over (order by order year, order month), 0) sales py ytd,
           sales ytd - coalesce(lag(sales ytd, 12)
               over (order by order year, order month), 0) sales py ytd diff
           (sales ytd - lag(sales ytd, 12)
               over (order by order year, order month)) /
               nullif(coalesce(lag(sales ytd, 12)
                  over (order by order year, order month), 0), 0)
               sales_py_ytd_diff_pct ,
           (sales 3 mmt / lag(nullif(sales 3 mmt, 0), 12)
               over(order by order_year, order month))-1 3 12 roc , -- 3/12
           sales rate of change (pct)
           (sales 12 mmt / lag(nullif(sales 12 mmt, 0), 12)
               over(order by order year, order month))-1 12 12 roc -- 12/12
           sales rate of change (pct)
       from
           cte base calculations bc
select *
from
   cte metrics
where
   order year in (2014, 2015) -- reporting period
```