notes

fangjun

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ONE

SPHINX

This page describes how this website is setup.

1.1 Setup

1. Install the dependencies in ./docs/requirements.txt.

```
sphinx==4.3.2
sphinx-autodoc-typehints==1.12.0
sphinx_rtd_theme==1.0.0
sphinxcontrib-bibtex==2.4.1
```

2. Use sphinx-quickstart to generate the skeleton. When it prompts:

```
Separate source and build directories(y/n)
```

Answer yes.

3. Edit docs/source/conf.py and add the following lines to it:

```
import sphinx_rtd_theme
extensions = [
    'sphinx.ext.autodoc',
    'sphinx.ext.autosummary',
    'sphinx.ext.githubpages',
    'sphinx.ext.mathjax',
    'sphinx.ext.napoleon',
    'sphinx.ext.todo',
    'sphinx.ext.viewcode',
    'sphinxcontrib.bibtex',
html_theme = 'sphinx_rtd_theme'
master_doc = 'index'
pygments_style = 'sphinx'
html_theme_path = [sphinx_rtd_theme.get_html_theme_path()]
smartquotes = False
html_show_sourcelink = True
html_context = {
```

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```
'display_github': True,
    'github_user': 'csu-fangjun',
    'github_repo': 'notes',
    'github_version': 'master',
    'conf_py_path': '/docs/source/',
}

html_theme_options = {
    'logo_only': False,
    'display_version': True,
    'prev_next_buttons_location': 'bottom',
    'style_external_links': True,
}
latex_engine = 'xelatex'
```

4. To generate the notes in pdf format, use make latex, which generates lots of tex files in ./build/latex. Switch to build/latex and run make. Assume that you have installed the software to compile tex files. It will generate notes.pdf.

1.2 How to include code from a file

See https://www.sphinx-doc.org/en/master/usage/restructuredtext/directives.html#directive-literalinclude.

- 1. Show line number: :linenos:. By default, line number counts from 0. To add an offset, e.g., 10, to the line number, use :lineno-start: 10. Note: It still includes all the contents of the file.
- 2. To emphasize a line, specified lines, or specified line ranges, use: :emphasize-lines: 10, 12, 14, and :emphasize-lines: 12, 15-18 Note: emphasize means to change the background color.
- 3. Set the language, e.g., :language: python.
- 4. Set the caption, e.g., :caption: hello world.
- 5. To include a function from the python file, use :pyobject: my_func
- 6. To include specified lines, use :lines:1,3,5-10,15-. Note that if using this option, line number counts from 0. Use :lineno-start: xx to change the offset for display.

1.3 Link

See https://sublime-and-sphinx-guide.readthedocs.io/en/latest/references.html and https://www.sphinx-doc.org/en/master/usage/restructuredtext/basics.html#hyperlinks

1.3.1 hello

Here is a link to hello.

```
.. _Link to hello:
hello
----
Here is a link to :ref:`Link to hello`.
```

1.3. Link 5

TWO

GIT

This page describes commonly used git commands.

2.1 Commands

2.1.1 rev-parse

It is quite common to get the root directory of the repository with the command:

```
git rev-parse --show-toplevel
```

For instance, the above command executed in this repository prints something like as follows:

```
/xxx/notes
```

The following shows its usage in a Python script:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import subprocess

d = (
    subprocess.check_output(["git", "rev-parse", "--show-toplevel"])
    .decode("ascii")
    .strip() # remove the trailing \n
)
print(d) # /path/to/notes
```

It can also be used in bash script:

```
root_dir=$(git rev-parse --show-toplevel)
echo "root_dir ${root_dir}"
```

help git-rev-parse outputs helpful information for git rev-parse. In particular, it explains the differences among HEAD~, HEAD^n, HEAD^n. The following shows the help information about it:

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 $I = F^{\wedge} = B^{\wedge}3^{\wedge}$

 $J = F^2 = B^3^2 = A^3^2$

 $= A^{\wedge} 3^{\wedge}$

(i.e. $\langle rev \rangle^{\wedge}$ is equivalent to $\langle rev \rangle^{\wedge}1$). As a special rule, $\langle rev \rangle^{\wedge}0$ means the →commit itself **and is** used when <rev> is the object name of a tag object that refers to a commit object. <rev $>\sim$ [<n>], e.g. HEAD \sim , master \sim 3 A suffix \sim to a revision parameter means the first parent of that commit object. A_{-} \hookrightarrow suffix \sim <n> to a revision parameter means the commit object that is the <n>th generation ancestor of the →named commit object, following only the first parents. I.e. <rev>~3 is equivalent to <rev>^^^ which is equivalent_ \hookrightarrow to <rev> $^1^1.$ See below for an illustration of the usage of this form. \ / \ / D E F \ | /\ B C = **A**^**0** $B = A^{\wedge} = A^{\wedge} 1$ $= A \sim 1$ C = $= A^2$ $D = A^{\wedge \wedge} = A^{\wedge}1^{\wedge}1$ $= A \sim 2$ $E = B^2 = A^2$ $F = B^3 = A^3$ $G = A^{\wedge \wedge \wedge} = A^{\wedge}1^{\wedge}1^{\wedge}1 = A^{\sim}3$ $H = D^2 = B^2 = A^2 = A^2 = A^2$

8 Chapter 2. git

THREE

DOCKER

3.1 Installation

3.1.1 macos

 $Refer\ to\ https://docs.docker.com/desktop/mac/install/.$

10 Chapter 3. docker

CHAPTER FOUR

LATEX

4.1 TikZ

4.1.1 Basics

12 Chapter 4. LaTeX

FIVE

KALDI

This page describes commonly used git commands.

5.1 Decoding

```
CompactLattice compact_lat;
decoder.GetLattice(true, &compact_lat);

CompactLattice compact_best_path;
CompactLatticeShortestPath(compact_lat, &compact_best_path);

Lattice best_path;
ConvertLattice(compact_best_path, best_path);

std::vector<int32_t> tokens;
std::vector<int32_t> words;
LatticeWeight weight;
GetLinearSymbolSequence(best_path, &tokens, &words, &weight);
```

• decoder/simple-decoder.{h,cc}

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SIX

BASH

6.1 sort

Sort files in the folder t. The filename has the patter xxx.n.txt, where n is some numerical value. Also, exclude xxx.100.txt.

```
find ./t -name "xxx*.txt" ! -name "xxx.100.txt" -print0 | sort -z -t. -k2 -n | xargs -r0
```

6.2 echo

Generate a binary file:

```
echo -n -e '\x30\x31\x32' > a.bin
hexdump a.bin
```

6.3 ffmeg

```
ffprobe xxx.opus
```

6.3.1 Convert format

· opus to way

```
ffmpeg -i input.opus output.wav
ffmpeg -i input.opus -acodec pcm_s16le -ac 1 -ar 16000 output.wav
```

• Extract part of a file

```
# extract 30 seconds starting at offset 1 minute
ffmpeg -i input.opus -ss 60 -t 30 output.wav
# or use HH:MM:SS format
ffmpeg -i input.opus -ss 0:01:00 -t 0:00:30 output.wav
```

6.3.2 References

 $\textbf{See}\ https://gist.github.com/whizkydee/804d7e290f46c73f55a84db8a8936d74$

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SEVEN

CUDA

7.1 Installation

7.1.1 CUDA 10.1.243

```
./cuda_10.1.243_418.87.00_linux.run --silent --toolkit --installpath=/ceph-data4/fangjun/
--software/cuda-10.1.243 --no-opengl-libs --no-drm --no-man-page

# Install cuDNN
cd /ceph-data4/fangjun/software/cuda-10.1.243
tar xvf /ceph-sh0/fangjun/cudnn/cudnn-10.1-linux-x64-v8.0.4.30.tgz --strip-components=1
```

7.1.2 CUDA 10.2.89

```
./cuda_10.2.89_440.33.01_linux.run --silent --toolkit --installpath=/ceph-data4/fangjun/

software/cuda-10.2.89 --no-opengl-libs --no-drm --no-man-page

# Install cuDNN

wget https://huggingface.co/csukuangfj/cudnn/resolve/main/cudnn-10.2-linux-x64-v8.0.2.39.

stgz

tar xvf cudnn-10.2-linux-x64-v8.0.2.39.tgz --strip-components=1 -C /ceph-data4/fangjun/
software/cuda-10.2.89
```

7.1.3 CUDA 11.0.3

```
./cuda_11.0.3_450.51.06_linux.run --silent --toolkit --installpath=/ceph-data4/fangjun/

software/cuda-11.0.3 --no-opengl-libs --no-drm --no-man-page

# Install cuDNN

cd /ceph-data4/fangjun/software/cuda-11.0.3

tar xvf /ceph-sh0/fangjun/cudnn/cudnn-11.0-linux-x64-v8.0.4.30.tgz --strip-components=1
```

7.1.4 CUDA 11.3.1

```
./cuda_11.3.1_465.19.01_linux.run --silent --toolkit --installpath=/ceph-data4/fangjun/

--software/cuda-11.3.1 --no-opengl-libs --no-drm --no-man-page
cd /ceph-data4/fangjun/software/cuda-11.3.1
tar xvf /ceph-sh0/fangjun/cudnn/cudnn-11.3-linux-x64-v8.2.1.32.tgz --strip-components=1
```

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7.1.5 CUDA 11.5.2

```
./cuda_11.5.2_495.29.05_linux.run --silent --toolkit --installpath=/ceph-data4/fangjun/

software/cuda-11.5.2 --no-opengl-libs --no-drm --no-man-page

cd /ceph-data4/fangjun/software/cuda-11.5.2

tar xvf /ceph-sh0/fangjun/cudnn/cudnn-linux-x86_64-8.3.2.44_cuda11.5-archive.tar.xz --

strip-components=1
```

7.1.6 CUDA 11.6.1

```
./cuda_11.6.1_510.47.03_linux.run --silent --toolkit --installpath=/ceph-data4/fangjun/

→software/cuda-11.6.1 --no-opengl-libs --no-drm --no-man-page

cd /ceph-data4/fangjun/software/cuda-11.6.1

tar xvf /ceph-sh0/fangjun/cudnn/cudnn-11.3-linux-x64-v8.2.1.32.tgz --strip-components=1
```

7.1.7 CUDA 11.7.1

```
wget https://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/cuda/11.7.1/local_installers/cuda_11.

→7.1_515.65.01_linux.run
chmod +x cuda_11.7.1_515.65.01_linux.run
./cuda_11.7.1_515.65.01_linux.run --silent --toolkit --installpath=/ceph-data4/fangjun/
→software/cuda-11.7.1 --no-opengl-libs --no-drm --no-man-page
cd /ceph-data4/fangjun/software/cuda-11.7.1
```

7.1. Installation

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EIGHT

TORCH

8.1 torch.load and torch.save

Listing 1: ./code/load-and-save.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
   import torch
   import tempfile
   def main():
       a = torch.arange(3)
       with tempfile.NamedTemporaryFile() as f:
           torch.save(a, f)
10
           f.seek(0)
           b = torch.load(f)
12
           assert torch.all(torch.eq(a, b)), (a, b)
14
15
   if __name__ == "__main__":
       main()
```

8.2 torch.gather

Listing 2: ./code/gather.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import torch

def main():
    left_context = 0
    N = 1
    T = 1
    H = 5 # time1
    W = 2 * H - 1 + left_context # 2time1 - 1 + left_context
```

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```
a = torch.randn(N, T, H, W)
12
       a = torch.arange(N * T * H * W).reshape(N, T, H, W).contiguous()
13
14
       if True:
15
           rows = torch.arange(start=H - 1, end=-1, step=-1).unsqueeze(-1)
           cols = torch.arange(H + left_context)
17
            indexes = rows + cols
           indexes = torch.tile(indexes, (N * T, 1))
       else:
21
           rows = torch.arange(start=H - 1, end=-1, step=-1)
22
           cols = torch.arange(H + left_context)
23
           rows = torch.cat([rows] * (N * T)).unsqueeze(-1)
            indexes = rows + cols
25
       print(indexes.shape)
27
       ta = a.reshape(-1, W)
29
       b = torch.gather(ta, dim=1, index=indexes)
31
       b = b.reshape(N, T, H, -1)
32
33
       c = a.as_strided(
34
            (N, T, H, H + left_context),
            (T * H * W, H * W, W - 1, 1),
36
           storage\_offset=H-1,
38
       assert torch.equal(b, c), (b, c)
40
   if __name__ == "__main__":
42
       torch.manual_seed(20220727)
       main()
```

8.3 DDP

8.3.1 Initialization

8.4 TorchScript

8.4.1 doxygen doc

See

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8.4.2 Hello

See https://pytorch.org/tutorials/beginner/Intro_to_TorchScript_tutorial.html.

torch.jit.script as a decorator

Listing 3: ./code/1-ex.py

```
@torch.jit.script
   def adder(x: int):
       return x + 1
   def test_adder():
       assert isinstance(adder, torch.jit.ScriptFunction)
       print(adder.graph)
       print("-" * 10)
       print(adder.code)
10
       adder.save("adder.pt")
11
12
       my_adder = torch.jit.load("adder.pt")
13
       assert isinstance(my_adder, torch.jit._script.RecursiveScriptModule)
15
       assert isinstance(my_adder, torch.jit.ScriptModule)
       assert not isinstance(my_adder, torch.jit.ScriptFunction)
17
       print(my_adder(torch.tensor([3])))
19
20
21
   graph(%x.1 : int):
22
     %2 : int = prim::Constant[value=1]() # ./1-ex.py:8:15
23
     %3 : int = aten::add(%x.1, %2) # ./1-ex.py:8:11
24
     return (%3)
25
26
   def adder(x: int) -> int:
28
    return torch.add(x, 1)
29
30
31
32
```

torch.jit.script as a function

Listing 4: ./code/2-ex.py

```
def adder(x: int):
    return x + 2

def test_adder():
    adder_func = torch.jit.script(adder)
```

8.4. TorchScript 23

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torchscript a module

Listing 5: ./code/3-ex.py

```
class MyModel(torch.nn.Module):
       def __init__(self):
2
           super().__init__()
            self.p = torch.nn.Parameter(torch.tensor([2.0]))
       def forward(self, x: torch.Tensor):
           return self.p * x
   def test_my_model():
       model = MyModel()
11
       scripted_model = torch.jit.script(model)
       print(scripted_model.graph)
13
       print("-" * 10)
       print(scripted_model.code)
15
       print(scripted_model(torch.tensor([10])))
17
19
   graph(%self : __torch__.MyModel,
20
         %x.1 : Tensor):
21
     %p : Tensor = prim::GetAttr[name="p"](%self)
22
     %4 : Tensor = aten::mul(%p, %x.1) # ./3-ex.py:12:15
23
     return (%4)
24
26
   def forward(self,
27
       x: Tensor) -> Tensor:
28
     p = self.p
     return torch.mul(p, x)
30
```

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trace a module

Listing 6: ./code/trace/ex0.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
2
   import torch
   import torch.nn as nn
   from typing import List
   class Foo(nn.Module):
        def __init__(self):
10
             super().__init__()
11
             self.relu = nn.ReLU()
12
        def forward(self, x):
14
            return self.relu(x)
15
17
   def test_foo():
18
        f = Foo()
19
        m = torch.jit.trace(f, torch.rand(2, 3))
20
21
        print(m(torch.rand(2)))
22
        print(m(torch.rand(2, 3, 4)))
23
        # Note: The input shape is dynamic, not fixed.
24
25
26
   def simple(x: List[torch.Tensor], y: torch.Tensor):
27
        x = x[0].item()
28
        if x > 2:
29
            return y + x + 1
        elif x < 1:
31
            return y
        else:
33
             return y + x
34
35
36
   def test_simple():
37
        f0 = torch.jit.trace(simple, ([torch.tensor([0])], torch.rand(2, 3)))
38
        # print(dir(f0))
40
        ['__call__', '__class__', '__delattr__', '__dict__', '__dir__', '__doc__',
                   '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattribute__', '__gt__',
                                                                            '__hash__',
42
          _init__', '__init_subclass__', '__le__', '__lt__', '__module__', '__ne__', 
_new__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__setattr__',
43
44
         '__sizeof__', '__str__', '__subclasshook__', '_debug_flush_compilation_cache',
        'code', 'get_debug_state', 'graph', 'graph_for', 'inlined_graph', 'name',
46
        'qualified_name', 'save', 'save_to_buffer', 'schema']
48
        # print(f0.schema) # simple(Tensor[] x, Tensor y) -> (Tensor)
```

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8.4. TorchScript 25

(continued from previous page)

```
# print(f0.code)
50
51
       def simple(x: List[Tensor],
52
           y: Tensor) -> Tensor:
53
         return y
55
       # print(f0.graph)
57
       graph(%x : Tensor[],
             %y : Float(2, 3, strides=[3, 1], requires_grad=0, device=cpu)):
         return (%y)
61
       # print(f0.inlined_graph) # same as the above one
       # print(f0.name) # simple
63
       print(f0.qualified_name) # __torch__.simple
65
   def main():
67
       # test_foo()
       test_simple()
71
   if
      __name__ == "__main__":
72
       main()
```

Export and ignore methods

- 1. Use @torch.jit.export decorator to export a method.
- 2. Use torch.jit.export function call to export a method.
- 3. Use @torch.jit.ignore decorator to ignore a method.
- 4. Use torch.jit.ignore function call to ignore a method.
- 5. Use @torch.jit.unused or torch.jit.unused to ignore a method.

See *Load in C++* to load the saved file.

Listing 7: ./code/4-ex.py

```
class MyModel(torch.nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        self.p = torch.nn.Parameter(torch.tensor([2.0]))

def foobar(self, x: torch.Tensor):
        return x + 3

def foo(self, x: torch.Tensor):
        return self.foobar(x)

def bar(self, x: torch.Tensor):
```

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(continued from previous page)

```
return self.p - x
13
14
       @torch.jit.export
15
       def baz(self, x: torch.Tensor):
16
           return self.p + x + 2
18
       def forward(self, x: torch.Tensor):
           return self.p * x
20
22
   def test_my_model():
23
       MyModel.foo = torch.jit.export(MyModel.foo) # manually export
24
       # Note: forward is exported by default. We ignore it here manually
26
       MyModel.forward = torch.jit.ignore(MyModel.forward)
28
       model = MyModel()
29
       scripted_model = torch.jit.script(model)
30
       assert hasattr(scripted_model, "foo")
31
       assert hasattr(scripted_model, "baz")
32
       assert hasattr(scripted_model, "foobar") # because it is called by `foo`
33
       assert not hasattr(scripted_model, "bar")
34
35
       scripted_model.save("foo.pt")
37
       m = torch.jit.load("foo.pt")
       print(m.foo(torch.tensor([1])))
39
       print(m.baz(torch.tensor([1])))
41
42
   mmm
43
   graph(%self : __torch__.MyModel,
         %x.1 : Tensor):
45
     %p : Tensor = prim::GetAttr[name="p"](%self)
     %4 : Tensor = aten::mul(%p, %x.1) # ./3-ex.py:12:15
47
     return (%4)
48
49
   _____
50
   def forward(self.
       x: Tensor) -> Tensor:
52
     p = self.p
     return torch.mul(p, x)
54
```

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8.4.3 Load in C++

See https://pytorch.org/tutorials/advanced/cpp_export.html.

Load the saved foo.pt in C++ from *Export and ignore methods*.

Listing 8: ./code/load-in-cpp/Makefile

```
USE_CXX11_ABI := $(shell python3 -c 'import torch; print(int(torch.compiled_with_cxx11_
   →abi()))')
   TORCH_INSTALL_DIR := $(shell python3 -c 'import os; import torch; print(os.path.
   →dirname(torch.__file__))')
3
   $(info USE_CXX11_ABI $(USE_CXX11_ABI))
   $(info TORCH_INSTALL_DIR $(TORCH_INSTALL_DIR))
   CXXFLAGS := -I$(TORCH_INSTALL_DIR)/include
   CXXFLAGS += -I$(TORCH_INSTALL_DIR)/include/torch/csrc/api/include
   CXXFLAGS += -I$(TORCH_INSTALL_DIR)/include/TH
   CXXFLAGS += -I$(TORCH_INSTALL_DIR)/include/THC
   CXXFLAGS += -std=c++14
11
   CXXFLAGS += -D_GLIBCXX_USE_CXX11_ABI=$(USE_CXX11_ABI)
12
13
   CXXFLAGS += -Wno-unknown-pragmas # disable omp warnings
14
15
   LDFLAGS := -L$(TORCH_INSTALL_DIR)/lib
16
   LDFLAGS += -lc10 -ltorch -ltorch_cpu
   # LDFLAGS += -lc10 -ltorch
18
   LDFLAGS += -Wl,-rpath, $(TORCH_INSTALL_DIR)/lib
20
   HAS_CUDA := $(shell python3 -c 'import torch; print("yes" if torch.cuda.is_available()_
   →else "no")')
   HAS_CUDA := yes
   $(info has cuda $(HAS_CUDA))
23
   ifeq ($(HAS_CUDA),yes)
25
   CUDA_HOME := $(shell which nvcc | xargs dirname | xargs dirname)
   CXXFLAGS += -I$(CUDA_HOME)/include
27
   LDFLAGS += -L$(CUDA_HOME)/lib64
28
   LDFLAGS += -lcudart -lc10_cuda -ltorch_cuda
   LDFLAGS += -Wl,-rpath, $(CUDA_HOME)/lib64
   endif
31
32
   .PHONY: clean
33
34
   main: main.o
           $(CXX) -o $@ $< $(LDFLAGS)
36
   main.o: main.cc
38
           $(CXX) $(CXXFLAGS) -c -o $@ $<
40
   clean:
           $(RM) main.o main
```

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Note: torch::jit::script::Module is deprecated, use torch::jit::Module instead.

Listing 9: ./code/load-in-cpp/main.cc

```
#include "torch/script.h"

int main() {
    // see torch/csrc/jit/module.h
    torch::jit::Module m = torch::jit::load("../foo.pt");
    std::cout << "is training: " << m.is_training() << "\n";
    m.eval();
    std::cout << "after m.eval(): is training: " << m.is_training() << "\n";
    torch::Tensor x = torch::tensor({1, 2, 3}, torch::kFloat);
    torch::Tensor y = m.run_method("baz", x).toTensor();
    std::cout << y << "\n";
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

The output of make is:

```
USE_CXX11_ABI 0
TORCH_INSTALL_DIR /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/py38/lib/python3.8/site-packages/torch
has cuda yes
g++ -I/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/py38/lib/python3.8/site-packages/torch/include \
    -I/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/py38/lib/python3.8/site-packages/torch/include/torch/
→csrc/api/include \
    -I/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/py38/lib/python3.8/site-packages/torch/include/TH \
    -I/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/py38/lib/python3.8/site-packages/torch/include/THC \
    -std=c++14
    -D_GLIBCXX_USE_CXX11_ABI=0 \
    -Wno-unknown-pragmas \
    -I/ceph-sh1/fangjun/software/cuda-10.2.89/include \
    -c -o main.o main.cc
g++ -o main main.o \
    -L/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/py38/lib/python3.8/site-packages/torch/lib \
    -lc10 -ltorch -ltorch_cpu \
    -Wl,-rpath,/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/py38/lib/python3.8/site-packages/torch/lib \
    -L/ceph-sh1/fangjun/software/cuda-10.2.89/lib64 \
    -lcudart -lc10_cuda -ltorch_cuda \
    -Wl,-rpath,/ceph-sh1/fangjun/software/cuda-10.2.89/lib64
```

The output of ./main is:

```
is training: 1
after m.eval(): is training: 0
5
6
7
[ CPUFloatType{3} ]
```

8.4.4 ArrayRef

See c10/utils/ArrayRef.h.

```
Caution: IntArrayRef is an alias to ArrayRef<int64_t>.
```

ArrayRef<T> contains only two members: A const data pointer and a size. It is trivially copyable and assignable.

It has similar methods like std::vector. It also has two methods to get the front and back: front() and back(); both return a const reference.

Its method vec() converts itself to a std::vector by copying the underlying data.

Constructors

Data members

Listing 10: ./code/array_ref/main.cc (Check size)

```
struct Foo {
const int32_t *p;
size_t len;
};

static void TestSize() {
   // Note: The data pointer in ArrayRef is const!
static_assert(sizeof(torch::ArrayRef<int32_t>) == sizeof(Foo), "");
}
```

Default constructed

Listing 11: ./code/array_ref/main.cc (Default constructor)

```
static void TestDefaultConstructor() {
  torch::ArrayRef<int32_t> a;
  TORCH_CHECK(a.data() == nullptr);
  TORCH_CHECK(a.size() == 0);
  TORCH_CHECK(a.empty() == true);

TORCH_CHECK(a.begin() == nullptr);
  TORCH_CHECK(a.end() == nullptr);
}
```

From a single element

Listing 12: ./code/array_ref/main.cc (From a single element)

```
static void TestFromSingleElement() {
   int32_t a = 10;
   torch::ArrayRef<int32_t> b(a);
   TORCH_CHECK(b[0] == a);
   TORCH_CHECK(b.data() == &a);
   TORCH_CHECK(b.size() == 1);
}
```

From an initializer list

Listing 13: ./code/array_ref/main.cc (From an initializer list)

```
static void TestFromInitializerList() {
   torch::ArrayRef<int32_t> a = {1, 2, 3};
   TORCH_CHECK(a.size() == 3);
   TORCH_CHECK(a[0] == 1);
   TORCH_CHECK(a[1] == 2);
   TORCH_CHECK(a[2] == 3);
}
```

Other types of constructors

- From two pointers: begin and end
- From a pointer and a length
- From a *std::vector*
- From a container that has data() and size() methods
- From a C array
- From a std::array

8.4.5 ScalarType

 $See \ c10/core/Scalar Type.h. \ and \ https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/torch/csrc/api/include/torch/types.h. \ and \ https://github.com/pytorch/pyto$

```
ScalarType is an enum class, i.e., enum class ScalarType : int8_t { ... }.
```

Members

It has the following members:

Listing 14: ./code/scalar-type/members.cc

Some aliases

Listing 15: ./code/scalar-type/main.cc (alias)

```
static void TestAlias() {
    static_assert(c10::ScalarType::Int == c10::kInt, "");
    static_assert(c10::ScalarType::Byte == c10::kByte, "");
}
```

Listing 16: ./code/scalar-type/alias.cc

```
// See torch/csrc/api/include/torch/types.h
   using Dtype = at::ScalarType;
   /// Fixed width dtypes.
   constexpr auto kUInt8 = at::kByte;
   constexpr auto kInt8 = at::kChar;
   constexpr auto kInt16 = at::kShort;
   constexpr auto kInt32 = at::kInt;
   constexpr auto kInt64 = at::kLong;
   constexpr auto kFloat16 = at::kHalf;
   constexpr auto kFloat32 = at::kFloat;
11
   constexpr auto kFloat64 = at::kDouble;
12
13
  /// Rust-style short dtypes.
   constexpr auto kU8 = kUInt8;
```

(continues on next page)

```
      16
      constexpr auto kI8 = kInt8;

      17
      constexpr auto kI16 = kInt16;

      18
      constexpr auto kI32 = kInt32;

      19
      constexpr auto kI64 = kInt64;

      20
      constexpr auto kF16 = kFloat16;

      21
      constexpr auto kF32 = kFloat32;

      22
      constexpr auto kF64 = kFloat64;
```

ScalarType to CPP type

Listing 17: ./code/scalar-type/main.cc

CPP type to ScalarType

Listing 18: ./code/scalar-type/main.cc

Note: It is c10::impl::ScalarTypeToCPPType, but it is c10::CppTypeToScalarType.

8.4.6 TypeMeta

See

- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/c10/util/typeid.h
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/c10/core/ScalarTypeToTypeMeta.h

struct TypeMeta contains only a single int16_t data member:

Listing 19: ./code/type-meta/main.cc (Check size)

```
static void TestSize() {
    static_assert(sizeof(caffe2::TypeMeta) == sizeof(int16_t), "");
}
```

Constructors

Listing 20: ./code/type-meta/main.cc (Make)

```
static void TestConstructor() {
    caffe2::TypeMeta t = caffe2::TypeMeta::Make<int32_t>();
    TORCH_CHECK(t.Match<int32_t>());

TORCH_CHECK(t.isScalarType());

TORCH_CHECK(t.isScalarType(torch::kInt));
TORCH_CHECK(t.isScalarType(torch::kFloat) == false);

TORCH_CHECK(t.name() == "int");
}
```

Operations with ScalarType

Listing 21: ./code/type-meta/main.cc (Operations with ScalarType)

```
static void TestFromScalarType() {
    caffe2::TypeMeta t = caffe2::TypeMeta::fromScalarType(torch::kDouble);

TORCH_CHECK(t.isScalarType(torch::kDouble));

TORCH_CHECK(t.name() == "double");

TORCH_CHECK(t.toScalarType() == torch::kDouble);

TORCH_CHECK(t == torch::kDouble);

TORCH_CHECK(t != torch::kFloat);

TORCH_CHECK(torch::kInt != t);
```

8.4.7 torch::Device

See

- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/c10/core/DeviceType.h
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/c10/core/Device.h

DeviceType

torch::DeviceType is defined as enum class Device: int8_t {...}. The most commonly used types are torch::DeviceType::CPU and torch::DeviceType::CUDA, which are aliased to torch::kCPU and torch::kCUDA.

Listing 22: ./code/device/main.cc

```
void TestDeviceType() {
  torch::DeviceType d = torch::kCPU;
  std::ostringstream os;
  os << d;</pre>
```

(continues on next page)

```
TORCH_CHECK(os.str() == "cpu");

TORCH_CHECK(DeviceTypeName(d /*,lower_case=false*/) == "CPU");

TORCH_CHECK(DeviceTypeName(d, /*lower_case*/ true) == "cpu");
```

Device

A torch::Device class has two members: a torch::DeviceType and an int8_t index.

Listing 23: ./code/device/main.cc (Constructors)

```
void TestDeviceConstructorCPU() {
     torch::Device d(torch::kCPU);
2
     TORCH_CHECK(d.is_cpu() == true);
     TORCH_CHECK(d.is_cuda() == false);
     TORCH_CHECK(d.type() == torch::kCPU);
     TORCH_CHECK(d.has_index() == false);
     TORCH\_CHECK(d.index() == -1);
     TORCH_CHECK(d.str() == "cpu");
   void TestDeviceConstructorCUDA() {
11
     torch::Device d(torch::kCUDA, 3);
     TORCH_CHECK(d.is_cpu() == false);
13
     TORCH_CHECK(d.is_cuda() == true);
     TORCH_CHECK(d.type() == torch::kCUDA);
15
     TORCH_CHECK(d.has_index() == true);
     TORCH_CHECK(d.index() == 3);
17
     TORCH_CHECK(d.str() == "cuda:3");
18
19
     d.set_index(2);
20
     TORCH_CHECK(d.index() == 2);
21
     TORCH_CHECK(d.str() == "cuda:2");
22
23
     d = torch::Device("cpu");
24
     TORCH_CHECK(d.is_cpu() == true);
26
     d = torch::Device("CPU");
     TORCH_CHECK(d.is_cpu() == true);
28
     d = torch::Device("cuda:1");
     TORCH_CHECK(d.is_cuda() == true);
31
     TORCH_CHECK(d.index() == 1);
32
     d = torch::Device("CUDA:1");
34
     TORCH_CHECK(d.is_cuda() == true);
     TORCH_CHECK(d.index() == 1);
36
```

8.4.8 TensorOptions

See https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/c10/core/TensorOptions.h

Constructors (not recommended)

Listing 24: ./code/tensor-options/main.cc (Not recommended constructors)

```
void TestConstructor() {
    // not recommended
    torch::TensorOptions opt1(torch::kCPU);
    torch::TensorOptions opt2(torch::Device(torch::kCPU));
    torch::TensorOptions opt3(torch::Device({torch::kCUDA, 1}));
    torch::TensorOptions opt4("cpu");
    // torch::TensorOptions opt5("CPU") // error;
    torch::TensorOptions opt6("cuda:1");
    // torch::TensorOptions opt7("CUDA:1"); // error

// not recommended, from a scalar type (implicit)
    torch::TensorOptions opt8(torch::kInt32);
}
```

Constructors (Recommended)

Listing 25: ./code/tensor-options/main.cc (Recommended constructors)

```
void TestConstructor2() {
     // recommended
2
     torch::TensorOptions opt1 = torch::dtype(torch::kFloat);
     torch::TensorOptions opt2 = torch::dtype(caffe2::TypeMeta::Make<float>());
     torch::TensorOptions opt3 = torch::device(torch::kCPU);
     torch::TensorOptions opt4 = torch::device({torch::kCUDA, 1});
     // Note: torch::device() returns a TensorOptions
     // while torch::Device() is the constructor of a class
     torch::TensorOptions opt5 = torch::requires_grad(true);
10
     std::cout << opt5 << "\n";
11
     // TensorOptions(dtype=float (default), device=cpu (default), layout=Strided
12
     // (default), requires_grad=true, pinned_memory=false (default),
13
     // memory_format=(nullopt))
15
     torch::TensorOptions opt6 = torch::dtype<float>();
     std::cout << torch::toString(opt6) << "\n";</pre>
17
     // TensorOptions(dtype=float, device=cpu (default), layout=Strided (default),
     // requires_grad=false (default), pinned_memory=false (default),
     // memory_format=(nullopt))
21
     std::cout << "default:" << torch::TensorOptions() << "\n";</pre>
22
     // default:TensorOptions(dtype=float (default), device=cpu (default),
23
     // layout=Strided (default), requires_grad=false (default),
```

(continues on next page)

```
25  // pinned_memory=false (default), memory_format=(nullopt))
26 }
```

Methods

Listing 26: ./code/tensor-options/main.cc (Methods)

```
void TestMethods() {
     torch::TensorOptions opts = torch::dtype<float>();
2
     TORCH_CHECK(opts.device() == torch::Device(torch::kCPU));
     // It has not device_type()!
     TORCH_CHECK(opts.device() == torch::kCPU);
     TORCH_CHECK(opts.device().type() == torch::kCPU);
     TORCH_CHECK(opts.requires_grad() == false);
     torch::TensorOptions opts2 =
         opts.device("cuda:2").dtype(torch::kInt).requires_grad(false);
11
     TORCH_CHECK(opts2.dtype() == caffe2::TypeMeta::Make<int32_t>());
12
     TORCH_CHECK(opts2.dtype() == torch::kInt32);
13
     TORCH_CHECK(opts2.requires_grad() == false);
14
```

8.4.9 Tensor Creation

See

TensorDataContainer

Note: data is **copied** to the returned tensor!

See

- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/torch/csrc/api/include/torch/detail/TensorDataContainer.h
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/tools/autograd/templates/variable_factories.h
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/Utils.cpp

Support the following data types:

- From a std::vector<T>
- · From a scalar
- From an initializer list
- From an ArrayRef<T>.

From std::vector

Listing 27: ./code/tensor-creation/main.cc

```
static void FromStdVecotr() {
     torch::Tensor t1 = torch::tensor(std::vector<int32_t>{1, 2, 3});
2
     TORCH_CHECK(t1.scalar_type() == torch::kLong);
     t1 = t1.to(torch::kInt);
     const int32_t *p1 = t1.data_ptr<int32_t>();
     TORCH\_CHECK(p1[0] == 1);
     TORCH\_CHECK(p1[1] == 2);
     TORCH\_CHECK(p1[2] == 3);
     torch::Tensor t2 = torch::tensor(std::vector<float>{1, 2, 3});
10
     TORCH_CHECK(t2.scalar_type() == torch::kFloat);
11
12
     torch::Tensor t3 =
         torch::tensor(std::vector<double>{1, 2, 3}, torch::kDouble);
14
     TORCH_CHECK(t3.scalar_type() == torch::kDouble);
15
     torch::Tensor t4 =
17
         torch::tensor(std::vector<double>{1, 2, 3},
                        torch::dtype(torch::kDouble).device("cuda:0"));
19
     TORCH_CHECK(t4.is_cuda());
20
   }
```

From scalar

Listing 28: ./code/tensor-creation/main.cc

```
static void FromScalar() {
  torch::Tensor t = torch::tensor(3);
  TORCH_CHECK(t.item<int64_t>() == 3);

torch::Tensor t2 = torch::tensor(0.5);
  TORCH_CHECK(t2.scalar_type() == torch::kFloat);
}
```

From initializer list

Listing 29: ./code/tensor-creation/main.cc

```
static void FromInitializerList() {
   torch::Tensor t1 = torch::tensor({1, 2, 3});
   torch::Tensor t2 = torch::tensor(std::vector<int32_t>{1, 2, 3});
   TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(t1, t2));

torch::Tensor t3 = torch::tensor({{1, 2, 3}, {4, 5, 6}});
   TORCH_CHECK(t3.dim() == 2);
```

(continues on next page)

```
torch::Tensor t4 = torch::tensor({1, 2, 3});
torch::Tensor t5 = torch::tensor({4, 5, 6});
TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(t3[0], t4));
TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(t3[1], t5));
}
```

From ArrayRef

Listing 30: ./code/tensor-creation/main.cc

```
static void FromArrayRef() {
    int32_t i[] = {1, 2, 3};
    torch::ArrayRef<int32_t> a(i);
    torch::Tensor t = torch::tensor(a);

// Data is copied to t

TORCH_CHECK(t[0].item<int64_t>(), 1);
    TORCH_CHECK(t[1].item<int64_t>(), 2);
    TORCH_CHECK(t[2].item<int64_t>(), 3);
}
```

8.4.10 Tensor

See

- $\bullet \ https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/core/TensorBase.h$
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/templates/TensorBody.h
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/c10/core/TensorImpl.h

Common methods

Listing 31: ./code/tensor/main.cc (Not recommended constructors)

```
static void TestCommonMethods() {
     torch::Tensor t = torch::rand({2, 3, 4});
2
                                             // 3-d tensor
     TORCH_CHECK(t.dim() == 3);
     TORCH_CHECK(t.ndimension() == t.dim()); // same
     TORCH\_CHECK(t.numel() == 2 * 3 * 4);
     TORCH_CHECK(t.is_contiguous() == true);
     TORCH_CHECK(t.contiguous().is_contiguous() == true);
     t.fill_(10); // fill all entries to 0
     t.zero_(); // zero out all entries
11
     t = t.to(torch::kInt);
13
     TORCH_CHECK(t.is_floating_point() == false);
     TORCH_CHECK(t.is_signed() == true);
```

(continues on next page)

```
16
     TORCH\_CHECK(t.size(0) == 2);
17
     TORCH_CHECK(t.size(1) == 3);
18
     TORCH\_CHECK(t.size(2) == 4);
     TORCH_CHECK(t.sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<iint64_t>({2, 3, 4}));
20
21
     t = t.contiguous();
22
     TORCH\_CHECK(t.stride(0) == 3 * 4);
23
     TORCH_CHECK(t.stride(1) == 4);
     TORCH_CHECK(t.stride(2) == 1);
25
     TORCH_CHECK(t.strides() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({12, 4, 1}));
26
27
     TORCH_CHECK(t.defined() == true);
29
       torch::Tensor a;
       TORCH_CHECK(a.defined() == false);
31
       TORCH_CHECK(a.defined() == true);
33
       a.reset();
       TORCH_CHECK(a.defined() == false);
35
     }
36
37
     t = t.to(torch::kShort);
38
     TORCH_CHECK(t.itemsize() == sizeof(int16_t));
     TORCH_CHECK(t.nbytes() == t.numel() * t.itemsize());
40
     TORCH_CHECK(t.itemsize() == t.element_size()); // same
41
42.
     TORCH_CHECK(t.scalar_type() == torch::kShort);
43
     TORCH_CHECK(t.dtype() == caffe2::TypeMeta::Make<int16_t>());
44
     TORCH_CHECK(t.dtype().toScalarType() == torch::kShort);
45
46
     TORCH_CHECK(t.device() == torch::Device("cpu"));
     TORCH_CHECK(t.device() == torch::Device(torch::kCPU));
48
     // Note: t.device() return an instance of torch::Device
50
     // t.get_device() returns the device index.
51
     TORCH_CHECK(t.get_device() == t.device().index());
52
53
     TORCH_CHECK(t.is_cpu() == true);
54
     TORCH_CHECK(t.is_cuda() == false);
55
     t = t.to(torch::kInt);
57
     int32_t *p = t.data_ptr<int32_t>();
     p[0] = 100;
59
60
     torch::TensorAccessor<int32_t, 3> acc = t.accessor<int32_t, 3>();
61
     TORCH\_CHECK(acc[0][0][0] == p[0]);
     p[12] = -2;
63
     TORCH\_CHECK(acc[1][0][0] == -2);
65
     acc[1][1][2] = 3;
     TORCH_CHECK(*(p + 12 + 4 + 2) == 3);
```

(continues on next page)

```
68
     t = t.to(torch::kFloat);
69
     t.set_requires_grad(true);
70
     TORCH_CHECK(t.requires_grad() == true);
71
     t.set_requires_grad(false);
73
     TORCH_CHECK(t.requires_grad() == false);
74
75
     t = t.cuda();
     TORCH_CHECK(t.device().type() == torch::kCUDA);
77
     t = t.cpu();
78
     torch::TensorOptions opts = t.options();
     TORCH_CHECK(opts.device() == t.device());
81
   }
```

slice

Listing 32: torch::slice

```
static void TestSlice() {
     auto t = torch::tensor({1, 2, 3, 4, 5}, torch::kInt);
2
     torch::TensorAccessor<int32_t, 1> acc = t.accessor<int32_t, 1>();
     // t2 = t[1:3]
     torch::Tensor t2 = t.slice(/*dim*/ 0, /*start*/ 1,
                                 /*end, exclusive*/ 3); // memory is shared
     torch::TensorAccessor<int32_t, 1> acc2 = t2.accessor<iint32_t, 1>();
     TORCH\_CHECK(acc2[0] == 2);
     TORCH_CHECK(acc2[1] == 3);
10
11
     acc2[0] = 10; // also changes t since the memory is shared
     TORCH\_CHECK(acc[1] == 10);
13
   }
```

topk

Listing 33: torch::topk

```
// https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/generated/torch.topk.html
static void TestTopK() {
   auto t = torch::tensor({1, 0, 3, -1}, torch::kInt).to(torch::kFloat);
   torch::Tensor values, indexes;
   std::tie(values, indexes) =
        t.topk(/*k*/ 2, /*dim*/ 0, /*largest*/ true, /*sorted*/ true);
   auto values_acc = values.accessor<float, 1>();
   auto indexes_acc = indexes.accessor<int64_t, 1>(); // Note: it is int64_t

TORCH_CHECK(values.numel() == 2); // k in topk is 2
```

(continues on next page)

```
TORCH_CHECK(values_acc[0] == 3); // the largest value is 3, at t[2]
TORCH_CHECK(values_acc[1] == 1); // the second largest value is 1, at t[0]

TORCH_CHECK(indexes_acc[0] == 2); // the largest value is t[2]

TORCH_CHECK(indexes_acc[1] == 0); // the second largest value is t[0]

TORCH_CHECK(indexes_acc[1] == 0); // the second largest value is t[0]
```

floor_divide

Listing 34: torch::floor_divide

```
static void TestFloorDivide() {
    auto t = torch::tensor({1, 0, 3, 5, 9}, torch::kInt);
    auto p = torch::floor_divide(t, 2);
    auto acc = p.accessor<int32_t, 1>();
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[0] == 1 / 2);
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[1] == 0 / 2);
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[2] == 3 / 2);
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[3] == 5 / 2);
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[4] == 9 / 2);
}
```

div

Listing 35: torch::div

```
// https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/generated/torch.div.html
static void TestDiv() {
    auto t = torch::tensor({1, 0, 3, 5, 9}, torch::kInt);
    // the rounding mode is supported in torch >= 1.8.0
    auto p = torch::div(t, 2, /*rounding_mode*/ "trunc");
    auto acc = p.accessor<int32_t, 1>();
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[0] == 1 / 2);
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[1] == 0 / 2);
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[1] == 0 / 2);
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[3] == 5 / 2);
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[4] == 9 / 2);
}
```

remainder

Listing 36: torch::remainder

```
static void TestRemainder() {
    auto t = torch::tensor({1, 3, 8}, torch::kInt);
    auto p = torch::remainder(t, 3);
    auto acc = p.accessor<int32_t, 1>();
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[0] == 1);
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[1] == 0);
    TORCH_CHECK(acc[2] == 2);
}
```

empty

Listing 37: torch::empty

```
static void TestEmpty() {
    auto t = torch::empty({3}, torch::kInt);
    TORCH_CHECK(t.scalar_type() == torch::kInt);
    TORCH_CHECK(t.numel() == 3);
}
```

stack

Listing 38: torch::stack

```
static void TestStack() {
    auto t = torch::empty({6, 5}, torch::kInt);
    auto a = torch::stack({t, t}, /*dim*/ 1);
    TORCH_CHECK(a.sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({6, 2, 5}));

a = torch::stack({t, t}, /*dim*/ 0);
    (continues on next page)
```

continues on next page)

(continues on next page)

```
TORCH_CHECK(a.sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({2, 6, 5}));

a = torch::stack({t, t}, /*dim*/ 2);

TORCH_CHECK(a.sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({6, 5, 2}));

}
```

unbind

Listing 39: torch::unbind

```
static void TestUnbind() {
    auto t = torch::empty({4, 6, 5}, torch::kInt);
    std::vector<torch::Tensor> v = torch::unbind(t, /*dim*/ 1);
    TORCH_CHECK(v.size() == t.size(1));
    for (int32_t i = 0; i != v.size(); ++i) {
        TORCH_CHECK(v[i].sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({4, 5}));
    }
}
```

full

Listing 40: torch::full

```
static void TestFull() {
    auto t = torch::full({2, 3}, 10, torch::kInt);
    const int32_t *p = t.data_ptr<int32_t>();
    for (int32_t i = 0; i != t.numel(); ++i) {
        TORCH_CHECK(p[i] == 10);
    }
}
```

split

Listing 41: torch::split

```
static void TestSplit() {
    auto t = torch::arange(6).reshape({2, 3});
    std::vector<torch::Tensor> s = t.split(1);
    TORCH_CHECK(s.size() == 2);
    TORCH_CHECK(s[0].sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({1, 3}));
    TORCH_CHECK(s[1].sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({1, 3}));

s = t.split(1, /*dim*/ 1);
    TORCH_CHECK(s.size() == 3);
    TORCH_CHECK(s[0].sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({2, 1}));
    TORCH_CHECK(s[1].sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({2, 1}));
```

```
TORCH_CHECK(s[2].sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({2, 1}));
}
```

zeros

Listing 42: torch::zeros

```
static void TestZeros() {
   auto t = torch::zeros({2, 3}, torch::kFloat);
   std::cout << t << "\n";</pre>
```

cat

Listing 43: torch::cat

```
static void TestCat() {
    auto t = torch::arange(24).reshape({2, 3, 4});
    std::vector<torch::Tensor> v(5, t);
    auto p = torch::cat(v, /*dim*/ 1);
    TORCH_CHECK(p.sizes() == torch::ArrayRef<int64_t>({2, 3 * 5, 4}));
}
```

division

Listing 44: test division

```
static void TestDivision() {
     auto t = torch::arange(4).to(torch::kInt);
     auto b = t / 2;
     TORCH_CHECK(b.scalar_type() == torch::kFloat);
     const float *p = b.data_ptr<float>();
     TORCH\_CHECK(p[0] == 0 / 2.);
     TORCH\_CHECK(p[1] == 1 / 2.);
     TORCH\_CHECK(p[2] == 2 / 2.);
     TORCH\_CHECK(p[3] == 3 / 2.);
11
     auto c = b.to(torch::kInt);
12
13
     const int32_t *q = c.data_ptr<int32_t>();
     TORCH\_CHECK(q[0] == 0 / 2);
15
     TORCH\_CHECK(q[1] == 1 / 2);
     TORCH\_CHECK(q[2] == 2 / 2);
     TORCH\_CHECK(q[3] == 3 / 2);
18
   }
19
```

8.4.11 intrusive ptr

8.4.12 optional

8.4.13 PackedSequence

See

- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/torch/csrc/api/include/torch/nn/utils/rnn.h
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/torch/nn/utils/rnn.py

pack padded sequence

Listing 45: ./code/packed-sequence/main.cc

```
static void TestPadPackedSequence() {
     torch::Tensor t = torch::tensor({
2
          \{\{10, 20, 30\}, \{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\}\},\
          \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{4, 5, 6\}, \{7, 8, 9\}\},\
          \{\{-1, 2, 3\}, \{-4, 5, 6\}, \{0, 0, 0\}\},\
     });
     torch::Tensor lengths = torch::tensor({1, 3, 2});
     torch::nn::utils::rnn::PackedSequence packed_seq =
          torch::nn::utils::rnn::pack_padded_sequence(
              t, lengths, /*batch_first*/ true, /*enforce_sorted*/ false);
10
     std::cout << "data: " << packed_seq.data() << "\n";
11
     std::cout << "batch_sizes: " << packed_seq.batch_sizes() << "\n";</pre>
12
     std::cout << "sorted_indices: " << packed_seq.sorted_indices() << "\n";</pre>
13
     std::cout << "unsorted_indices: " << packed_seq.unsorted_indices() << "\n";</pre>
   }
15
16
            1
   data:
                2
                     3
17
          2
    -1
18
    10
       20 30
     4
         5
              6
20
        5
    -4
              6
21
     7
         8
22
   [ CPULongType{6,3} ]
   batch_sizes: 3
24
26
   [ CPULongType{3} ]
   sorted_indices: 1
28
29
30
   [ CPULongType{3} ]
   unsorted_indices: 2
32
33
   [ CPULongType{3} ]
35
```

The output is

Listing 46: ./code/packed-sequence/main.cc

```
}
   /*
2
   data:
            1
                2
                    3
   - 1
         2
             3
    10 20 30
         5
     4
              6
6
    -4
         5
              6
         8
              9
   [ CPULongType{6,3} ]
   batch_sizes: 3
10
   2
12
   [ CPULongType{3} ]
13
   sorted_indices: 1
14
```

8.4.14 ivalue

Listing 47: ./code/ivalue/main.cc

```
#include "torch/script.h"
2
   static void TestVectorOfTensor() {
     torch::jit::Module m("m");
     m.define(R"(
       def forward(self, x, y):
6
         return [x, y]
     )");
     auto x = torch::tensor({1, 2, 3});
     auto y = torch::tensor({4, 5, 6});
10
     auto i = m.run_method("forward", x, y);
11
12
     assert(i.tagKind() == "GenericList");
13
14
     torch::ArrayRef<torch::IValue> tensor_list = i.toListRef();
15
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(x, tensor_list[0].toTensor()));
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(y, tensor_list[1].toTensor()));
17
     torch::List<torch::IValue> k = i.toList();
19
     torch::List<torch::Tensor> o =
21
         c10::impl::toTypedList<torch::Tensor>(std::move(k));
23
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(o[0], x));
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(o[1], y));
25
     std::vector<torch::Tensor> p = o.vec();
27
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(p[0], x));
28
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(p[1], y));
```

(continues on next page)

```
}
30
31
   static void TestVectorOfTensor2() {
32
     torch::jit::Module m("m");
33
     m.define(R"(
34
       def forward(self, x):
35
         return [[x], [x,x]]
     )");
37
     auto x = torch::tensor({1, 2, 3});
     auto i = m.run_method("forward", x);
     TORCH_CHECK(i.tagKind() == "GenericList");
41
     torch::List<torch::IValue> list = i.toList();
42
     torch::Tensor a = list.get(0).toListRef()[0].toTensor();
43
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(a, x));
45
     std::vector<torch::Tensor> b =
         c10::impl::toTypedList<torch::Tensor>(list.get(1).toList()).vec();
47
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(b[0], x));
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(b[1], x));
49
   }
50
51
   static void TestVectorOfTensor3() {
52
     torch::jit::Module m("m");
     m.define(R"(
54
       def forward(self, x: List[torch.Tensor]):
         return x[0] + x[1]
56
     )");
58
     std::vector<torch::Tensor> v;
     v.push_back(torch::tensor({1, 2}));
60
     v.push_back(torch::tensor({3, 4}));
     c10::List<torch::Tensor> ilist(v);
62
     c10::impl::GenericList generic_list = c10::impl::toList(ilist);
     c10::List<torch::Tensor> 12 =
66
         c10::impl::toTypedList<torch::Tensor>(generic_list);
67
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(12[0], v[0]));
69
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(l2[1], v[1]));
71
     auto r = m.run_method("forward", generic_list);
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(r.toTensor(), v[0] + v[1]));
73
74
     // Note: We can pass a vector directly
75
     r = m.run_method("forward", v);
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(r.toTensor(), v[0] + v[1]));
77
     r = m.run_method("forward", ilist); // also OK
79
     TORCH\_CHECK(torch::allclose(r.toTensor(), v[0] + v[1]));
80
   }
81
```

(continues on next page)

```
82
    static void TestVectorOfTensor4() {
83
      torch::jit::Module m("m");
84
      m.define(R"(
85
        def forward(self, x: Tuple[List[torch.Tensor]]):
          return x[0][0] + x[0][1]
87
      )");
      std::vector<torch::Tensor> v;
      v.push_back(torch::tensor({1, 2}));
92
      v.push_back(torch::tensor({3, 4}));
      auto t = torch::ivalue::Tuple::create(v);
93
      auto r = m.run_method("forward", t);
      TORCH_CHECK(torch::allclose(r.toTensor(), v[0] + v[1]));
    }
97
    static void TestVectorOfTensor5() {
      torch::jit::Module m("m");
100
      m.define(R"(
101
        def forward(self, x: Tuple[List[List[torch.Tensor]], List[torch.Tensor]]):
102
          return x[0][0][0] + x[0][0][1] + x[1][0] + x[1][1]
103
      )");
104
      std::vector<torch::Tensor> v;
106
      v.push_back(torch::tensor({1, 2}));
107
      v.push_back(torch::tensor({3, 4}));
108
      std::vector<std::vector<torch::Tensor>> vv;
110
      vv.push_back(v);
111
      vv.push_back(v);
112
      auto t = torch::ivalue::Tuple::create(vv, v);
114
115
      auto r = m.run_method("forward", t);
116
      TORCH\_CHECK(torch::allclose(r.toTensor(), v[0] + v[1] + v[0] + v[1]));
117
    }
118
119
    static void TestVectorOfTensor6() {
120
      // List[List[Tensor]]
121
      std::vector<torch::Tensor> v;
122
      v.push_back(torch::tensor({1, 2}));
123
      v.push_back(torch::tensor({3, 4}));
125
      c10::List<torch::Tensor> ilist(v);
126
      torch::IValue ivalue(ilist);
127
      TORCH_CHECK(ivalue.tagKind() == "GenericList");
129
      c10::List<c10::List<torch::Tensor>> ilist2(ilist);
      ilist2.push_back(ilist);
131
      ilist2.push_back(ilist);
132
133
```

(continues on next page)

```
torch::IValue ivalue2(ilist2);
134
      TORCH_CHECK(ivalue2.tagKind() == "GenericList");
135
136
      c10::List<torch::IValue> a0 = ivalue2.toList();
137
      c10::List<c10::List<torch::Tensor>> a1 =
138
          c10::impl::toTypedList<c10::List<torch::Tensor>>(a0);
139
140
      c10::ArrayRef<torch::IValue> a = ivalue2.toListRef();
141
      torch::List<torch::Tensor> b =
143
          c10::impl::toTypedList<torch::Tensor>(a[0].toList());
144
      for (int32_t i = 0; i != b.size(); ++i) {
145
        std::cout << b[i] << "\n";
147
      std::vector<std::vector<torch::Tensor>> v2{v};
148
      torch::List<torch::Tensor>> c;
149
      for (auto k : v2) {
150
        c10::List<torch::Tensor> dd{torch::ArrayRef<torch::Tensor>(k)};
151
        c.push_back(std::move(dd));
152
      }
153
    }
154
155
    int main() {
156
      TestVectorOfTensor();
      TestVectorOfTensor2();
158
      TestVectorOfTensor3();
      TestVectorOfTensor4();
160
      TestVectorOfTensor5();
      TestVectorOfTensor6();
162
      return 0;
   }
164
```

8.4.15 method

See:

https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/torch/csrc/api/include/torch/imethod.h

Listing 48: ./code/method/main.cc

```
#include "torch/script.h"

static void TestHello() {
   torch::jit::Module m("m");
   m.define(R"(
    def forward(self, x: torch.Tensor, y: torch.Tensor):
        return x + y
   )");

torch::jit::Method method = m.get_method("forward");
TORCH_CHECK(method.name() == "forward");
```

(continues on next page)

```
12
     const std::vector<std::string> &names = method.getArgumentNames();
13
     TORCH_CHECK(names.size() == 2);
14
     TORCH\_CHECK(names[0] == "x");
15
     TORCH_CHECK(names[1] == "y");
17
     std::vector<torch::IValue> args;
     auto x = torch::tensor({1, 2});
19
     auto y = torch::tensor({1, 2});
     args.emplace_back(x);
21
     args.emplace_back(y);
22
     auto z = method(args).toTensor();
23
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::equal(z, x + y));
25
     std::shared_ptr<torch::jit::Graph> g = method.graph();
27
     // see node/main.cc
28
   }
29
   int main() {
31
     TestHello():
32
     return 0;
33
34
```

8.4.16 type

See: - https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/core/jit_type_base.h - https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/core/jit_type.h - https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src

torch::Type contains a member torch::TypeKind. torch::SharedType is a subclass of torch::Type and
std::enabled_shared_from_this<torch::SharedType>.

```
// https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/core/jit_type_base.h#L637
using TypePtr = SingletonOrSharedTypePtr<Type>;
```

Listing 49: ./code/type/main.cc

```
#include "torch/script.h"
2
   static void TestTypeKind() {
     // https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/core/jit_type_base.h
     torch::TypeKind k = torch::TypeKind::AnyType;
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::typeKindToString(k) == std::string("AnyType"));
     // NamedType is not a member of TypeKind
   }
10
   static void TestNumberType() {
11
     // torch::NumberType::get() returns a static object!
12
     // so p and q are actually the same
13
     torch::NumberTypePtr p = torch::NumberType::get();
```

(continues on next page)

```
torch::NumberTypePtr q = torch::NumberType::get();
15
16
     TORCH_CHECK(p.get() == q.get());
17
18
     TORCH_CHECK(p->str() == "Scalar");
     TORCH_CHECK(p->kind() == torch::NumberType::Kind);
20
     TORCH_CHECK(p->kind() == torch::TypeKind::NumberType);
21
22
   static void TestIntType() {
24
     torch::IntTypePtr p = torch::IntType::get();
25
     TORCH_CHECK(p->str() == "int");
26
     TORCH_CHECK(p->kind() == torch::TypeKind::IntType);
     TORCH_CHECK(p->kind() == torch::IntType::Kind);
28
     TORCH_CHECK(p->isSubtypeOf(torch::NumberType::get()) == true);
   }
30
31
   static void TestFloatType() {
32
     torch::FloatTypePtr p = torch::FloatType::get();
33
     TORCH_CHECK(p->str() == "float");
34
     TORCH_CHECK(p->kind() == torch::TypeKind::FloatType);
35
     TORCH_CHECK(p->kind() == torch::FloatType::Kind);
36
     TORCH_CHECK(p->isSubtypeOf(torch::NumberType::get()) == true);
     TORCH_CHECK(p->isSubtypeOf(torch::IntType::get()) == false);
39
   static void TestBoolType() {
41
     torch::BoolTypePtr p = torch::BoolType::get();
42
     TORCH_CHECK(p->str() == "bool");
43
     TORCH_CHECK(p->kind() == torch::TypeKind::BoolType);
     TORCH_CHECK(p->kind() == torch::BoolType::Kind);
45
     TORCH_CHECK(p->isSubtypeOf(torch::NumberType::get()) == true);
     TORCH_CHECK(p->isSubtypeOf(torch::IntType::get()) == false);
47
   }
49
   static void TestNamedType() {
     // torch::Type is an abstract class!
51
52
     // torch::NamedType is an abstract class!
53
54
     // torch::NamedType t(torch::TypeKind::AnyType, "foo.bar"); // error
     // TORCH_CHECK(t.name()->qualifiedName() == "foo.bar");
56
   }
58
   static void TestAnyType() {
59
     torch::AnyTypePtr p = torch::AnyType::get();
60
     TORCH_CHECK(p->Kind == torch::TypeKind::AnyType);
     TORCH_CHECK(p->kind() == torch::TypeKind::AnyType);
62
     TORCH_CHECK(p->str() == "Any");
     TORCH_CHECK(p->requires_grad() == false);
64
     TORCH_CHECK(p == torch::AnyType::get());
```

(continues on next page)

```
67
     // available in newer versions of PyTorch
68
     // TORCH_CHECK(p->equals(torch::AnyType::get()));
69
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::toString(p) == "Any");
72
   int main() {
74
     TestTypeKind();
     TestNumberType();
76
     TestIntType();
77
     TestFloatType();
78
     TestNamedType();
     TestAnyType();
80
     return 0;
   }
82
```

8.4.17 trace

Listing 50: ./code/trace/ex0.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
   import torch
   import torch.nn as nn
   from typing import List
   class Foo(nn.Module):
       def __init__(self):
10
            super().__init__()
11
            self.relu = nn.ReLU()
12
       def forward(self, x):
           return self.relu(x)
16
   def test_foo():
18
       f = Foo()
       m = torch.jit.trace(f, torch.rand(2, 3))
20
       print(m(torch.rand(2)))
22
       print(m(torch.rand(2, 3, 4)))
       # Note: The input shape is dynamic, not fixed.
24
25
26
   def simple(x: List[torch.Tensor], y: torch.Tensor):
27
       x = x[0].item()
28
       if x > 2:
```

(continues on next page)

```
return y + x + 1
30
       elif x < 1:
31
            return y
32
        else:
33
            \textbf{return} \ y \ + \ x
35
   def test_simple():
37
        f0 = torch.jit.trace(simple, ([torch.tensor([0])], torch.rand(2, 3)))
        # print(dir(f0))
39
        ['__call__', '__class__', '__delattr__', '__dict__', '__dir__', '__doc__',
41
         __eq__', '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattribute__', '__gt__', '__hash__',
                  '__init_subclass__', '__le__', '__lt__', '__module__', '__ne__',
        '_init__
43
        __new__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__',
                                                   '__repr__', '__setattr__'
        '__sizeof__', '__str__', '__subclasshook__', '_debug_flush_compilation_cache',
45
        'code', 'get_debug_state', 'graph', 'graph_for', 'inlined_graph', 'name',
46
        'qualified_name', 'save', 'save_to_buffer', 'schema']
47
48
        # print(f0.schema) # simple(Tensor[] x, Tensor y) -> (Tensor)
49
        # print(f0.code)
50
51
        def simple(x: List[Tensor],
52
            y: Tensor) -> Tensor:
          return y
54
        mmn
        # print(f0.graph)
56
        graph(%x : Tensor[],
58
              %y : Float(2, 3, strides=[3, 1], requires_grad=0, device=cpu)):
         return (%y)
60
        # print(f0.inlined_graph) # same as the above one
62
        # print(f0.name) # simple
       print(f0.qualified_name) # __torch__.simple
66
   def main():
67
        # test_foo()
68
       test_simple()
69
71
   if __name__ == "__main__":
72
       main()
73
```

Listing 51: ./code/trace/ex1.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3

import torch

(continues on next page)
```

```
def f(a, b):
       c = a + b
7
       d = c * c
       e = torch.tanh(d * c)
       return d + (e + e)
10
11
   m = torch.jit.script(f)
13
   print(m.graph)
15
   graph(%a.1 : Tensor,
17
         %b.1 : Tensor):
     %4 : int = prim::Constant[value=1]()
19
     %c.1 : Tensor = aten::add(%a.1, %b.1, %4) # ./ex1.py:7:8
     %d.1 : Tensor = aten::mul(%c.1, %c.1) # ./ex1.py:8:8
21
     %11 : Tensor = aten::mul(%d.1, %c.1) # ./ex1.py:9:19
22
     %e.1 : Tensor = aten::tanh(%11) # ./ex1.py:9:8
23
     %17 : Tensor = aten::add(%e.1, %e.1, %4) # ./ex1.py:10:16
     %19 : Tensor = aten::add(%d.1, %17, %4) # ./ex1.py:10:11
25
     return (%19)
26
27
28
   Note: for aten::add(a0, a1, a2), it does a0 + a2 * a1.
30
   See torch/csrc/jit/codegen/fuser/codegen.cpp
32
   assert isinstance(m.graph, torch._C.Graph)
34
   # Every graph has inputs and outputs
36
   # m.graph.inputs() returns an iterator
   assert len(list(m.graph.inputs())) == 2, "It has two inputs: a, b, in our case"
38
   it = m.graph.inputs()
   a = next(it)
   b = next(it)
41
42
   assert isinstance(a, torch._C.Value)
43
   assert isinstance(a.node(), torch._C.Node)
44
45
   # every node has inputs and outputs
   # a.node().inputs() is an iterator
47
   assert list(a.node().inputs()) == []
   assert a.node().kind() == "prim::Param"
49
   assert a.node().inputsSize() == 0
   assert a.node().outputsSize() == 2
51
   print(next(a.node().outputs()))
53
   oit = a.node().outputs()
   assert next(oit) == a
55
   assert next(oit) == b
56
```

(continues on next page)

```
assert next(a.node().outputs()) == a
58
   assert a.node().outputsAt(0) == a
   assert a.node().outputsAt(1) == b
   assert a.node() == b.node()
   assert a.node().attributeNames() == [], "this node has no attributes"
63
   assert a.debugName() == "a.1"
   assert isinstance(a.type(), torch._C.TensorType)
   assert a.type().kind() == "TensorType"
   assert a.unique() == 0 # TODO(fangjun): what does it mean?
   assert isinstance(a.uses(), list)
   assert isinstance(a.uses()[0], torch._C.Use)
   assert isinstance(a.uses()[0].user, torch._C.Node)
71
   c_node = a.uses()[0].user
   assert c_node.kind() == "aten::add"
73
   assert c_node.attributeNames() == []
   assert len(list(c_node.inputs())) == 3
   c_it = c_node.inputs()
   assert a == next(c_it)
   assert b == next(c_it)
78
   v4 = next(c_it)
   assert v4.debugName() == "4"
   assert c_node.hasAttributes() is False
   assert c_node.hasMultipleOutputs() is False
82
   assert c_node.hasUses() is True
   assert (
84
       c_node.schema()
       == "aten::add.Tensor(Tensor self, Tensor other, *, Scalar alpha=1) -> (Tensor)"
86
   print(c_node.schema())
88
   print(type(c_node.schema()))
   v4\_node = v4\_node()
   assert v4_node.attributeNames() == ["value"]
   assert v4_node.hasAttributes() is True
   assert v4_node.hasAttribute("value") is True
   # print(v4_node.t("value"))
   print(dir(v4_node))
```

8.4.18 Node

Listing 52: ./code/node/main.cc

```
#include "torch/csrc/jit/passes/quantization/helper.h" // for removeTorchMangle
#include "torch/script.h"

static void TestRemoveTorchMangle() {
   std::string s = torch::jit::removeTorchMangle("a.___torch_mangle_1.foo");
   TORCH_CHECK(s == "a.foo");
```

(continues on next page)

```
s = torch::jit::removeTorchMangle("a.___torch_mangle_123.foo");
     TORCH_CHECK(s == "a.foo");
   }
10
11
   static void TestSimple() {
12
     torch::jit::Module m("m");
13
     m.define(R"(
14
       def forward(self, x: torch.Tensor, y: torch.Tensor):
15
         a = x + 2
         b = y * 3
17
         return a + b
     )");
19
     std::shared_ptr<torch::jit::Graph> graph = m.get_method("forward").graph();
     std::cout << "graph string: \n" << graph->toString() << "\n";</pre>
21
     // Or we can use graph->dump();
22
     torch::jit::Block *block = graph->block();
23
     for (auto it = block->nodes().begin(), end = block->nodes().end();
          it != end;) {
25
       torch::jit::Node *n = *it++;
       torch::jit::NodeKind k = n->kind();
27
       std::cout << "node kind: " << k << " " << k.toQualString() << "\n";
28
     }
29
   #if 0
30
   graph string:
   graph(%self : __torch__.m,
32
         %x.1 : Tensor,
         %v.1 : Tensor):
34
     %5 : int = prim::Constant[value=1]()
     %4 : int = prim::Constant[value=2]() # <string>:3:14
36
     %8 : int = prim::Constant[value=3]() # <string>:4:14
     %a.1 : Tensor = aten::add(%x.1, %4, %5) # <string>:3:10
38
     %b.1 : Tensor = aten::mul(%y.1, %8) # <string>:4:10
     %13 : Tensor = aten::add(%a.1, %b.1, %5) # <string>:5:13
40
     return (%13)
42
   node kind: 14 prim::Constant
43
   node kind: 14 prim::Constant
44
   node kind: 14 prim::Constant
45
   node kind: 534 aten::add
   node kind: 241 aten::mul
47
   node kind: 534 aten::add
   #endif
49
   }
51
   static void TestFunctionCall() {
52
     torch::jit::Module m("m");
53
     m.define(R"(
       def add(self, x: torch.Tensor, y: torch.Tensor):
55
         '''my add doc'''
         return x + v + 3
57
58
       def forward(self, x: torch.Tensor, y: torch.Tensor):
```

(continues on next page)

```
c = self.add(x, y)
60
          return c
61
     )");
62
     std::shared_ptr<torch::jit::Graph> graph = m.get_method("forward").graph();
63
     std::cout << "graph string: \n" << graph->toString() << "\n";</pre>
     torch::jit::Block *block = graph->block();
65
     for (auto it = block->nodes().begin(), end = block->nodes().end();
           it != end;) {
67
       torch::jit::Node *n = *it++;
        torch::jit::NodeKind k = n->kind();
69
       std::cout << "node kind: " << k << " " << k.toQualString() << "\n";
     }
71
   #if 0
72
   graph string:
73
   graph(%self.1 : __torch__.m,
          %x.1 : Tensor,
75
          %y.1 : Tensor):
76
     %c.1 : Tensor = prim::CallMethod[name="add"](%self.1, %x.1, %y.1) # <string>:6:10
77
     return (%c.1)
   node kind: 149 prim::CallMethod
80
   #endif
81
     for (auto it = block->nodes().begin(), end = block->nodes().end();
82
           it != end;) {
       torch::jit::Node *n = *it++;
84
        torch::jit::NodeKind k = n->kind();
        if (k == c10::prim::CallMethod) {
86
          torch::ArrayRef<torch::jit::Value *> inputs = n->inputs();
          TORCH_CHECK(inputs.size() == 3);
88
          torch::jit::TypePtr type = inputs[0]->type();
          auto class_type = type->cast<torch::jit::ClassType>();
92
          TORCH_CHECK(class_type->str() == "__torch__.m");
          if (!class_type) {
            std::cout << "Not a class type: " << type->str() << "\n";</pre>
            continue;
96
          }
          // defined by the macro "CREATE_ACCESSOR()" in ir/ir.h
          const std::string &function_name = n->s(c10::attr::name);
          // const std::string &function_name = n->s(torch::jit::attr::name);
100
          TORCH_CHECK(function_name == "add");
101
          TORCH_CHECK(torch::jit::attr::name == c10::attr::name);
103
104
          torch::jit::Function &function = class_type->getMethod(function_name);
105
          if (!function.isGraphFunction()) {
            std::cout << function_name << " is not a graph function"</pre>
107
                       << "\n";
            continue:
109
110
          std::string class_type_str =
111
```

(continues on next page)

```
torch::jit::removeTorchMangle(class_type->str());
112
          // remove __torch__., which is 10 characters long
113
          std::string no_torch_class_type_str = class_type_str.substr(10);
114
        }
115
      }
116
    }
118
    int main() {
119
      // TestRemoveTorchMangle();
      // TestSimple();
121
      TestFunctionCall();
122
      return 0;
123
    }
```

8.4.19 symbol

See

- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/core/symbol.h
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/core/interned_strings.h

8.4.20 graph

Listing 53: ./code/graph/main.cc

```
#include "torch/script.h"
   static void TestConv2d() {
     torch::jit::Module m("m");
     m.define(R"(
       def __init__(self):
         self.conv = torch.nn.Conv2d(2, 3)
       def forward(self, x: torch.Tensor):
         return self.conv(x)
     )");
10
     torch::jit::Method method = m.get_method("forward");
11
     std::shared_ptr<torch::jit::Graph> g = method.graph();
12
     torch::ArrayRef<torch::jit::Value *> inputs = g->inputs();
13
     torch::ArrayRef<torch::jit::Value *> outputs = g->outputs();
14
     TORCH_CHECK(inputs.size() == 1);
     TORCH_CHECK(outputs.size() == 1);
16
     torch::jit::Value *in = inputs[0];
18
     std::cout << in->type()->str() << "\n";
     std::cout << in->debugName() << "\n";</pre>
20
   }
21
22
   int main() {
23
     TestConv2d();
```

(continues on next page)

```
25 return 0;
}
```

Listing 54: ./code/graph/inline_calls.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
   from pathlib import Path
   import torch
   import torch.nn as nn
   class Foo(nn.Module):
       def __init__(self):
10
           super().__init__()
           self.linear = nn.Linear(2, 2)
12
           self.linear2 = nn.Linear(2, 2)
13
           self.relu = nn.ReLU()
14
           self.t = torch.rand(2)
15
16
       def forward(self, x: torch.Tensor):
           y = self.linear(x + self.t)
           y = self.linear2(y)
19
           y = self.linear2(y)
20
           \# z = self.relu(y)
21
           return nn.functional.elu(y)
           return z
23
24
25
   def generate_foo_pt():
       f = Foo()
27
       x = torch.rand(1, 2)
       m = torch.jit.trace(f, x)
       m.save("foo.pt")
31
32
   def test_foo_pt():
33
       m = torch.jit.load("foo.pt")
       assert isinstance(m.forward, torch._C.ScriptMethod)
35
       assert isinstance(m.forward.graph, torch._C.Graph)
       assert isinstance(m.forward.inlined_graph, torch._C.Graph)
38
       print(m.linear.graph)
       return
40
       print(m.forward.graph)
42
       # print(m.forward.inlined_graph)
       g = m.forward.graph
44
       nodes = g.nodes()
46
       n = next(nodes)
```

(continues on next page)

```
print(dir(n))
48
       assert n.kind() == "prim::GetAttr"
49
       for i in n.inputs():
50
           assert isinstance(i, torch._C.Value)
           assert i.debugName() == "self.1"
           assert isinstance(i.type(), torch._C.ClassType)
53
           t = i.type()
           assert t.str() == "__torch__.Foo"
55
57
   def main():
       generate_foo_pt()
59
       # test_foo_pt()
61
   if __name__ == "__main__":
63
       main()
```

8.5 Logical operations

Listing 55: ./code/logical-op.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import torch

a = torch.tensor([float("inf")])
b = torch.tensor([float("nan")])
assert torch.isinf(a).item() is True
assert torch.isnan(a).item() is False

assert torch.isinf(b).item() is False
assert torch.isnan(b).item() is True

assert torch.logical_or(torch.isinf(a), torch.isnan(b)).item() is True

assert a.isinf().item() is True
assert a.isnan().item() is False
assert b.isinf().item() is False
assert b.isinf().item() is True
```

8.6 Note

To clip gradient, use:

```
tot_norm = torch.nn.utils.clip_grad_norm_(model.parameters(), max_norm=5, norm_type=2.0)
if torch.logical_or(tot_norm.isnan(), tot_norm.isinf()):
    # skip this update
    continue
else:
    optimizer.step()
```

8.7 Quantization

8.7.1 Internals

https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/core/QuantizerBase.h defines the base class Quantizer.

https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/quantized/Quantizer.h defines the subclasses of Quantizer, such as

• PerTensorAffineQuantizer - qscheme is kPerTensorAffine.

QScheme

See https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/c10/core/QScheme.h

Listing 56: ./code/qscheme/main.cc

```
#include "torch/script.h"
   static void TestQScheme() {
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::toString(torch::kPerTensorAffine) == "per_tensor_affine");
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::toString(torch::kPerChannelAffine) ==
6
                  "per_channel_affine");
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::toString(torch::kPerTensorSymmetric) ==
                  "per_tensor_symmetric");
11
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::toString(torch::kPerChannelSymmetric) ==
12
                  "per_channel_symmetric");
14
     TORCH_CHECK(torch::toString(torch::kPerChannelAffineFloatQParams) ==
15
                  "per_channel_affine_float_gparams");
16
18
   int main() {
     TestQScheme():
20
     return 0;
21
22
```

PerTensorAffineQuantizer

It has 4 important methods:

- QScheme qscheme() const, always returns kPerTensorAffine.
- double scale() const
- int64_t zero_point() const
- ScalarType scalar_type() const

It uses quantize_tensor_per_tensor_affine_cpu when FBGEMM is available.

Otherwise, it uses https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/native/quantized/cpu/kernels/QuantizedOpKernels.cpg

- For arm, it uses quantize_tensor_arm. It is a template with many specializations.
- For x86, it uses quantize_val
 - If FBGEMM is available, it uses quantize_val
 - Otherwise, it uses https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/native/quantized/AffineQuantizerBase.cpp

```
template <typename T>
T quantize_val(double scale, int64_t zero_point, float value) {
  // std::nearbyint results in nearest integer value according to the current
 // rounding mode and the default rounding mode is rounds to even in half-way
 // cases in most popular processor architectures like x86 and ARM. This is
 // typically faster than an alternatives like std::round that rounds half-way
 // cases away from zero, and can be consistent with SIMD implementations for
 // example in x86 using _mm512_cvtps_epi32 or mm512_round_ps with
 // _MM_FROUND_CUR_DIRECTION option that also follow the current rounding mode.
 int64_t qvalue;
 constexpr int64_t qmin = std::numeric_limits<typename T::underlying>::min();
 constexpr int64_t qmax = std::numeric_limits<typename T::underlying>::max();
 float inv_scale = 1.0f / static_cast<float>(scale);
 qvalue = static_cast<int64_t>(zero_point + Round(value * inv_scale));
 qvalue = std::max<int64_t>(qvalue, qmin);
 qvalue = std::min<int64_t>(qvalue, qmax);
 return static_cast<T>(qvalue);
```

dequantize_val is defined as:

```
template <typename T>
TORCH_API float dequantize_val(double scale, int64_t zero_point, T value) {
  return static_cast<float>(scale) * (value.val_ - static_cast<int32_t>(zero_point));
}
```

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8.7.2 torch.quantize per tensor

See https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/generated/torch.quantize_per_tensor.html

```
def test_quantize_per_tensor():
   scale = 0.1
   zero\_point = 1
   a = torch.tensor([10.0, 2.0], dtype=torch.float32)
   q = torch.quantize_per_tensor(
        input=a,
        scale=scale,
        zero_point=zero_point,
       dtype=torch.qint8,
   assert isinstance(q, torch.Tensor)
   assert q.is_quantized is True
   assert q.q_scale() == scale
   assert q.q_zero_point() == zero_point
   assert str(q.qscheme()) == "torch.per_tensor_affine"
   assert q.dtype == torch.qint8
   c = q.int_repr()
   assert c[0] == a[0] / scale + zero_point
   assert c[1] == a[1] / scale + zero_point
   assert torch.all(torch.eq(c, torch.tensor([101, 21], dtype=torch.int8)))
   d = q.dequantize()
   assert d.dtype == torch.float32
   assert torch.all(torch.eq(d, a))
   f = torch.dequantize(q)
   assert torch.all(torch.eq(f, a))
    # print(q)
    tensor([10., 2.], size=(2,), dtype=torch.qint8,
           quantization_scheme=torch.per_tensor_affine, scale=0.1, zero_point=1)
   assert q[0].item() == 10 # q[0].item() will dequantize() to a float
   assert q[1].item() == 2
   print(type(q[0].item()))
   q[0] = 2.5 # Note: it will quantize 2.5 and store it in q
   print(q.int_repr())
    tensor([26, 21], dtype=torch.int8)
```

Compress ration

```
def test_size():
    r = torch.rand(100, 100, dtype=torch.float32)
    q = torch.quantize_per_tensor(r, scale=0.1, zero_point=0, dtype=torch.qint8)
    torch.save(r, "float32.pt")
    torch.save(q, "int8.pt")
    float_size = os.path.getsize("float32.pt")
    int8_size = os.path.getsize("int8.pt")
    print("float_size:", float_size)
    print("int8_size:", int8_size)
    print("int8_size:", int8_size)
    print(f"ratio: {float_size}/{int8_size}: {float_size/int8_size:.3f}")
    os.remove("float32.pt")
    os.remove("int8.pt")
    """
    float_size: 40747
    int8_size: 10795
    ratio: 40747/10795: 3.775
    """
```

8.7.3 quantize per tensor dynamic

Listing 57: ./code/quantize_per_tensor_dynamic/main.cc

```
// #include "ATen/native/quantized/cpu/QuantUtils.h" // for the latest pytorch
2
   #include "ATen/native/quantized/cpu/quant_utils.h" // for torch 1.10
   #include "ATen/ops/quantize_per_tensor_dynamic.h" // needs torch>=1.11
   #include "torch/script.h"
   // See
   // https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/native/quantized/cpu/
   →QuantUtils.h#L59
   static void TestChooseQuantizationParams() {
     quant_utils::TensorQuantizationParams p;
10
     p = quant_utils::ChooseQuantizationParams(-1 /*min*/, 2 /*max*/,
11
                                                 -128 /*qmin*/, 127 /*qmax*/);
12
     std::cout << "zero_point: " << p.zero_point << "\n";</pre>
13
     std::cout << "scale: " << p.scale << "\n";</pre>
14
15
      * scale = (max - min) / (qmax - qmin) = 3 / 255 = 0.0117647
16
      * zero_point_min = qmin - min/scale = -128 - (-1)/scale = -43
      * zero_point_max = qmax - max/scale = 127 - 2/scale = -43
18
      * min_error = abs(qmin) -abs(min/scale) = 128 - 1/scale = 43
20
      * max_error = abs(qmax) - abs(max/scale) = 127 - 2/scale = -43
21
22
      * zero_point = (min_error < max_error) ? zero_point_min : zero_point_max
24
   }
25
26
```

(continues on next page)

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```
// See
27
   // https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/native/quantized/QTensor.
   // and
   static void TestQuantizePerTensorDynamic() {
     torch::Tensor r = torch::tensor(\{-1, 0, 2\}, torch::kFloat32);
31
     torch::Tensor q = torch::quantize_per_tensor_dynamic(r, torch::kQInt8, false);
     std::cout << "q: " << q << "\n";
33
   #if 0
   q: -1
35
    N
   2
37
   [ QuantizedCPUQInt8Type{3}, qscheme: per_tensor_affine, scale: 0.0117647, zero_point: -

→43 ]

   #endif
     std::cout << "q.int_repr(): " << q.int_repr() << "\n";
40
   q.int_repr(): -128
42
   -43
   127
44
   [ CPUCharType{3} ]
45
   #endif
47
   int main() {
49
     TestChooseQuantizationParams();
     TestQuantizePerTensorDynamic();
     return 0;
52
   }
```

8.7.4 torch.quantize_per_channel

See `https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/generated/torch.quantize_per_channel.html#torch.quantize_per_channel

```
def test_quantize_per_channel_2d():
    # (N, C)
    a = torch.tensor(
        [
            [1, 2, 3],
            [4, 5, 6],
        ],
        dtype=torch.float32,
    )
    assert a.shape == (2, 3)
    scales = torch.tensor([0.125, 0.25, 0.5])

# It will be converted to torch.int64 internally
    zero_points = torch.tensor([10, 20, 30], dtype=torch.int32)
    q = torch.quantize_per_channel(
        input=a,
        scales=scales,
```

(continues on next page)

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```
zero_points=zero_points,
    axis=1,
    dtype=torch.qint8,
assert q.dtype == torch.qint8
assert q.q_per_channel_scales().dtype == torch.float64
assert torch.all(torch.eq(q.q_per_channel_scales(), scales))
assert q.q_per_channel_zero_points().dtype == torch.int64
assert torch.all(torch.eq(q.q_per_channel_zero_points(), zero_points))
assert str(q.qscheme()) == "torch.per_channel_affine"
assert q.q_per_channel_axis() == 1
i = q.int_repr()
expected_i = torch.tensor([[18, 28, 36], [42, 40, 42]], dtype=torch.int8)
assert i.dtype == torch.int8
assert torch.all(torch.eq(i, expected_i))
assert i[0][0].item() == a[0][0].item() / scales[0] + zero_points[0]
assert i[0][1].item() == a[0][1].item() / scales[1] + zero_points[1]
assert i[0][2].item() == a[0][2].item() / scales[2] + zero_points[2]
assert i[1][0].item() == a[1][0].item() / scales[0] + zero_points[0]
assert i[1][1].item() == a[1][1].item() / scales[1] + zero_points[1]
assert i[1][2].item() == a[1][2].item() / scales[2] + zero_points[2]
d = q.dequantize()
assert torch.all(torch.eq(d, a))
f = torch.dequantize(q)
assert torch.all(torch.eq(f, a))
# print(q)
tensor([[1., 2., 3.],
        [4., 5., 6.]], size=(2, 3), dtype=torch.qint8,
       quantization_scheme=torch.per_channel_affine,
       scale=tensor([0.1250, 0.2500, 0.5000], dtype=torch.float64),
       zero_point=tensor([10, 20, 30]), axis=1)
```

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8.7.5 Observer

Listing 58: ./code/observer/ex0.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
2
   import torch
   from torch.ao.quantization.observer import _with_args, MinMaxObserver
   class Foo:
       def __init__(self, a=1, b=2):
           self.a = a
           self.b = b
10
11
12
   def test_with_args():
       Foo.with_args = classmethod(_with_args)
14
       foo_builder = Foo.with_args(a=3).with_args(b=4).with_args(a=10)
15
       f = foo_builder()
       assert f.a == 10 # the last a=10 replaces the first a=3
17
       assert f.b == 4
18
19
       f2 = foo_builder()
20
       assert id(f) != id(f2)
21
23
   def test_min_max_observer():
       ob = MinMaxObserver(dtype=torch.gint8)
25
       print(ob) # MinMaxObserver(min_val=inf, max_val=-inf)
27
       ob(torch.tensor([1, 2, 3]))
       print(ob) # MinMaxObserver(min_val=1.0, max_val=3.0)
29
       ob(torch.tensor([-1, 30]))
31
       print(ob) # MinMaxObserver(min_val=-1.0, max_val=30.0)
       scale, zero_point = ob.calculate_qparams()
33
       print("scale", scale) # scale tensor([0.1216])
34
       print("zero_point", zero_point) # zero_point tensor([-120], dtype=torch.int32)
35
36
   def main():
38
       test_with_args()
       test_min_max_observer()
40
42
   if __name__ == "__main__":
       main()
```

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8.7.6 Hello

Listing 59: ./code/ex1.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
2
   import torch
   import torch.nn as nn
   class Model(torch.nn.Module):
       def __init__(self):
           super().__init__()
           self.fc = nn.Linear(1, 1)
10
11
       def forward(self, x):
12
           x = self.fc(x)
           return x
   def main():
17
       m = Model()
18
       model_int8 = torch.quantization.quantize_dynamic(
19
20
           model=m,
           qconfig_spec={torch.nn.Linear},
21
           dtype=torch.qint8,
23
       print(model_int8)
       print(model_int8.fc)
25
       assert model_int8.fc.weight().is_quantized
       assert model_int8.fc.weight().dtype == torch.qint8
27
       assert model_int8.fc.bias().is_quantized is False
29
       assert model_int8.fc.bias().dtype == torch.float32
       assert isinstance(model_int8.fc, torch.nn.quantized.dynamic.Linear)
31
       print(type(model_int8.fc))
       x = torch.tensor([[1.0]], dtype=torch.float32)
34
       y = m(x)
35
       print(x, y) # tensor([[1.]]) tensor([[-1.2900]], grad_fn=<AddmmBackward0>)
36
       qy = model_int8(x)
       print(qy) # tensor([[-1.2931]])
   if __name__ == "__main__":
42
       torch.manual_seed(20220723)
43
       main()
```

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8.7.7 References

The main implementation is in

https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/tree/master/aten/src/ATen/native/quantized

Introducing Quantized Tensor

https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/wiki/Introducing-Quantized-Tensor

• Model Quantization for PyTorch (Proposal) #18318

https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/issues/18318

• torch_quantization_design_proposal

https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/wiki/torch_quantization_design_proposal

Links

- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/test/quantization/core/test_quantized_tensor.py
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/test/quantization/core/experimental/test_quantized_tensor.py
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/test/quantized_test.cpp
- https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/master/aten/src/ATen/native/quantized/README.md
- https://pytorch.org/blog/introduction-to-quantization-on-pytorch/
- https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/quantization.html
- Deep Dive on PyTorch Quantization Chris Gottbrath

YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c3MT2qV5f9w

8.8 android

8.8.1 References

- https://zhuanlan.zhihu.com/p/54665674
- Pytorch model to Caffe & ncnn

https://github.com/starimeL/PytorchConverter

8.9 onnx

8.9.1 Install

```
pip install onnx onnxruntime
pip install netron # for visualization
# Or go to https://netron.app/
```

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API references

- https://github.com/onnx/onnx/blob/main/docs/PythonAPIOverview.md
- https://onnxruntime.ai/docs/api/python/api_summary.html#inferencesession

8.9.2 Hello

Listing 60: ./code/hello/ex0.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
2
   import torch
   import torch.nn as nn
   class Foo(nn.Module):
       def __init__(self, i):
            super().__init__()
            self.relu = nn.ReLU()
10
            self.i = 1
11
12
       def forward(self, x):
            if x.sum().item() > 0:
14
                return self.relu(x + 1)
            else:
16
                return self.relu(x + 2)
17
18
   def main():
20
        f = Foo(1)
21
       f.eval() # f.train(False)
22
       f = torch.jit.script(f)
23
24
       x = torch.rand(2, 3, 4)
25
       # [N, T, C]
26
       torch.onnx.export(
27
            f,
29
            "f.onnx",
            verbose=False,
31
            input_names=["x"],
32
            output_names=["y"],
33
            dynamic_axes={"x": {0: "batch_size", 1: "T"}, "y": [0, 1]},
              dynamic_axes={"x": [0, 1], "y": [0, 1]},
       )
37
   if __name__ == "__main__":
39
       main()
```

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Listing 61: ./code/hello/ex0-1.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
   import onnx
   def main():
       model = onnx.load("f.onnx")
       # print(model)
       # Check that the model is well formed
       onnx.checker.check_model(model)
10
       # Print a human readable representation of the graph
       print(onnx.helper.printable_graph(model.graph))
12
       onnx.save(model, "f2.onnx")
14
15
   if __name__ == "__main__":
16
       main()
```

Listing 62: ./code/hello/ex0-2.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
2
   import onnxruntime as ort
   import numpy as np
   def main():
       # https://github.com/microsoft/onnxruntime/issues/10113
       options = ort.SessionOptions()
       options.inter_op_num_threads = 1
10
       options.intra_op_num_threads = 1
11
12
       ort_session = ort.InferenceSession("f.onnx", sess_options=options)
14
       x = np.arange(24).reshape(2, 3, 4).astype(np.float32)
       ortvalue = ort.OrtValue.ortvalue_from_numpy(x)
16
       assert ortvalue.device_name() == "cpu"
       assert list(ortvalue.shape()) == list(x.shape)
18
       assert ortvalue.data_type() == "tensor(float)"
       assert ortvalue.is_tensor() is True
21
       results = ort_session.run(["y"], {"x": ortvalue})
22
       print(results)
23
24
       ort_inputs = {ort_session.get_inputs()[0].name: x}
25
       results = ort_session.run(["y"], ort_inputs)
26
       print(results)
27
       results = ort_session.run(["y"], {"x": x})
29
       print(results)
```

(continues on next page)

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```
31
       # https://onnxruntime.ai/docs/api/python/api_summary.html#onnxruntime.NodeArg
32
       inputs = ort_session.get_inputs()
33
       assert isinstance(inputs, list)
       assert len(inputs) == 1
       assert isinstance(inputs[0], ort.NodeArg)
36
       print(inputs[0].name, inputs[0].type, inputs[0].shape)
37
       assert inputs[0].name == "x"
38
       assert inputs[0].type == "tensor(float)"
       assert inputs[0].shape == ["batch_size", "T", 4]
40
41
       outputs = ort_session.get_outputs()
42
       assert isinstance(outputs, list)
       assert isinstance(outputs[0], ort.NodeArg)
44
       assert len(outputs) == 1
       assert outputs[0].name == "y"
46
       assert outputs[0].type == "tensor(float)"
       assert outputs[0].shape == ["y_dynamic_axes_1", "y_dynamic_axes_2", 4]
48
   if __name__ == "__main__":
51
       main()
52
```

8.9.3 Multiple models

Listing 63: ./code/multiple-models/ex.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
   import torch
   import torch.nn as nn
   import onnx
   import onnxruntime as ort
   import numpy as np
   import os
10
   class Foo(nn.Module):
11
       def forward(self, x):
12
           return x + 1
14
   class Bar(nn.Module):
16
       def forward(self, x):
           return x - 1
18
19
20
   def export_to_onnx():
21
       x = torch.rand(2, 3, dtype=torch.float32)
22
        f = Foo()
23
```

(continues on next page)

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```
torch.onnx.export(
24
            f,
25
            х,
26
            "f.onnx".
27
            verbose=False,
            input_names=["x1"],
29
            output_names=["y1"],
            dynamic_axes={
31
                "x1": {0: "N", 1: "T"},
32
                "y1": {0: "N", 1: "T"},
33
            },
       )
35
       x = torch.rand(1, dtype=torch.float32)
37
       b = Bar()
       torch.onnx.export(
39
            b,
            х,
41
            "b.onnx",
42
            verbose=False,
43
            input_names=["x2"],
44
            output_names=["y2"],
45
            dynamic_axes={
46
                "x2": {0: "N"},
                "y2": {0: "N"},
48
            },
       )
50
52
   def merge_models():
53
       f = onnx.load("f.onnx")
54
       f = onnx.compose.add_prefix(f, prefix="f/")
55
       b = onnx.load("b.onnx")
56
       combined_model = onnx.compose.merge_models(f, b, io_map={})
57
       onnx.save(combined_model, "all.onnx")
58
60
   def test_merged_model():
61
        # https://github.com/microsoft/onnxruntime/issues/10113
62
       options = ort.SessionOptions()
63
       options.inter_op_num_threads = 1
       options.intra_op_num_threads = 1
65
       all_model = onnx.load("all.onnx")
67
       extractor = onnx.utils.Extractor(all_model)
69
       f = extractor.extract_model(input_names=["f/x1"], output_names=["f/y1"])
71
        f_session = ort.InferenceSession(f.SerializeToString(), sess_options=options)
72
       f_inputs = f_session.get_inputs()
73
        f_{\text{out}} = f_{\text{session.run}}(["f/y1"], {"f/x1": np.array([[1, 3]], dtype=np.float32)})
74
       print(f_out[0]) # [[2. 4.]]
75
```

(continues on next page)

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```
76
       b = extractor.extract_model(input_names=["x2"], output_names=["y2"])
77
       b_session = ort.InferenceSession(b.SerializeToString(), sess_options=options)
78
       b_inputs = b_session.get_inputs()
       b_out = b_session.run(["y2"], {"x2": np.array([1, 3], dtype=np.float32)})
       print(b_out[0]) # [0. 2.]
81
83
   def main():
       export_to_onnx()
85
       merge_models()
       test_merged_model()
87
       os.remove("f.onnx")
       os.remove("b.onnx")
89
       os.remove("all.onnx")
91
   if __name__ == "__main__":
93
       main()
```

We can first merge multiple models into one and the extract them.

8.9.4 References

• (OPTIONAL) EXPORTING A MODEL FROM PYTORCH TO ONNX AND RUNNING IT USING ONNX RUNTIME

https://pytorch.org/tutorials/advanced/super_resolution_with_onnxruntime.html

- Dynamic dummy input when exporting a PyTorch model? #654 https://github.com/onnx/onnx/issues/654
- onnxruntime latest version segment fault #10113
 https://github.com/microsoft/onnxruntime/issues/10113

8.10 nn.LSTM

See https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/generated/torch.nn.LSTM.html

Listing 64: ./code/lstm-test.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3

import torch
import torch.nn as nn

self.lstm = LSTM(
    input_size=2,
    (continues on next page)
```

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```
hidden_size=5,
10
       num_layers=1,
11
       bias=True,
12
       proj_size=2,
13
14
15
   lstm.weight_ih_10 [20, 2]
   lstm.weight_hh_10 [20, 2]
17
   1stm.bias_ih_10 [20]
   lstm.bias_hh_10 [20]
19
   lstm.weight_hr_10 [2, 5]
20
21
22
23
   class Foo(nn.Module):
       def __init__(self):
25
            super().__init__()
26
            self.lstm = nn.LSTM(
27
                 input_size=3,
28
                hidden_size=5,
29
                 num_layers=1,
30
                bias=True,
31
                proj_size=4,
32
            )
34
       def forward(self, x, h0, c0):
36
            Args:
              x:
38
                 (T, N, H_in), H_in is input dimension of x
40
                 (num_layers, N, H_out), H_out is proj_size
              c0:
42
                 (num_layers, N, H_cell), H_cell is hidden_dim
44
            y, (hx, cx) = self.lstm(x, (h0, c0))
45
            return y, hx, cx
46
47
48
   @torch.no_grad()
49
   def main():
50
        f = Foo()
51
       dim_in = 3
52
       dim_proj = 4
53
       dim_hidden = 5
54
       x = torch.rand(1, 1, dim_in)
55
       h0 = torch.rand(1, 1, dim_proj)
       c0 = torch.rand(1, 1, dim_hidden)
57
       y, hx, cx = f(x, h0, c0)
59
       w_ih = f.state_dict()["lstm.weight_ih_l0"]
60
       w_hh = f.state_dict()["lstm.weight_hh_10"]
61
```

(continues on next page)

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```
62
       b_ih = f.state_dict()["lstm.bias_ih_10"]
63
       b_hh = f.state_dict()["lstm.bias_hh_10"]
64
       w_hr = f.state_dict()["lstm.weight_hr_10"]
67
       w_ii, w_if, w_ig, w_io = w_ih.split(5, dim=0)
       w_hi, w_hf, w_hg, w_ho = w_hh.split(5, dim=0)
       b_ii, b_if, b_ig, b_io = b_ih.split(5, dim=0)
71
       b_hi, b_hf, b_hg, b_ho = b_hh.split(5, dim=0)
72
73
       print(y, hx, cx)
       print(y.shape)
75
       print(hx.shape)
       print(cx.shape)
77
78
       i\_gate = (x @ w\_ii.t() + b\_ii + h0 @ w\_hi.t() + b\_hi).sigmoid()
79
       f_{gate} = (x @ w_{if.t}() + b_{if} + h0 @ w_{hf.t}() + b_{hf}).sigmoid()
       g_gate = (x @ w_ig.t() + b_ig + h0 @ w_hg.t() + b_hg).tanh()
81
       o_gate = (x @ w_io.t() + b_io + h0 @ w_ho.t() + b_ho).sigmoid()
82
       c = f_gate * c0 + i_gate * g_gate
83
84
       h = o_gate * c.tanh()
       h = h @ w_hr.t()
86
       print(h, h, c)
88
90
   if __name__ == "__main__":
91
       torch.manual_seed(20220903)
92
       main()
```

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CHAPTER

NINE

PYTHON

9.1 asyncio

9.1.1 asyncio.Future

9.1.2 iterator

See https://peps.python.org/pep-0234/

9.1.3 yield

9.1.4 Hello World

Exercise 1

Listing 1: ./code/hello_world/ex1.py

```
import asyncio

async def hello():
    print("hello world")

asyncio.run(hello())
```

Exercise 2

Listing 2: ./code/hello_world/ex2.py

```
import asyncio
import time

loop = asyncio.get_event_loop()

form
import asyncio
import asyncio
import time

comparison
import asyncio
import asyncio
import time

comparison
import asyncio
import asyncio
import time

comparison
import asyncio
import time

comparison
import time

compariso
```

(continues on next page)

```
@asyncio.coroutine
def hello():
    print(f"hello {time.strftime('%X')}")
    yield from asyncio.sleep(1)
    print(f"world {time.strftime('%X')}")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    loop.run_until_complete(hello())
```

9.1.5 References

• PEP 234 – Iterators

https://peps.python.org/pep-0234/

Why does defining __getitem__ on a class make it iterable in python?
 https://localcoder.org/why-does-defining-getitem-on-a-class-make-it-iterable-in-python

• PEP 255 – Simple Generators

https://peps.python.org/pep-0255/

• Curious Course on Coroutines and Concurrency

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z_OAlIhXziw&ab_channel=DavidBeazley

By David Beazley.

• Generator Tricks for Systems Programmers

https://www.dabeaz.com/generators2/

• Generators: The Final Frontier

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5-qadlG7tWo&ab_channel=DavidBeazley

By David Beazley.

9.1.6 TODOs

asyncio.to_thread() runs the function in an executor, where the default executor is a threadpool executor, which invokes loop.run_in_executor() indirectly.

How to set the executor of a loop? Maybe something related to set_default_executor?

If we want to schedule a callback to run in the loop from the C++ code, we can use <code>loop.call_soon_safe()</code> method.

9.2 argv

From the doc https://docs.python.org/3/library/sys.html:

```
The list of command line arguments passed to a Python script.

argv[0] is the script name (it is operating system dependent whether
this is a full pathname or not). If the command was executed using the
-c command line option to the interpreter, argv[0] is set to the string
'-c'. If no script name was passed to the Python interpreter,
argv[0] is the empty string.
```

Note that argv is at least of size 1, though argv[0] may be an empty string.

```
import sys
print(sys.argv)
```

9.3 TODO

Python with zeroMQ (c extension)

9.4 time

```
import time
print(f'Started at {time.strftime("%X")}')
# do something
print(f'Finished at {time.strftime("%X")}')
```

9.5 Numbers

9.5.1 binary representation

Listing 3: ./code/numbers/representations.py

```
print(bin(1)) # 0b1
print(bin(3)) # 0b11
print(bin(255)) # 0b11111111
print(bin(256)) # 0b1000000000
sassert isinstance(bin(1), str)
assert int("11", base=2) == 3
assert int("0b11", base=0) == 3
assert hex(2) == "0x2"
assert hex(10) == "0xa"

assert oct(10) == "0o12"
assert int("12", base=8) == 10
assert int("0o12", base=0) == 10
```

(continues on next page)

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```
assert 1_000 == 1000
assert 1_000_000 == 1000000
```

9.6 str

9.6.1 format

See https://docs.python.org/3/library/string.html#formatspec and https://peps.python.org/pep-3101/

Listing 4: ./code/str/format.py

```
a = 1
   b = 2
2
   c = 3
   assert "{}".format(a) == "1"
   assert "{}".format(b) == "2"
   assert "{0} {1} {foo}".format(a, b, foo=c) == "1 2 3"
   # 1 - the first positional argument (counting from 0)
   # foo - it is a keyword argument
   # 0 - the zeros positional
10
   assert "{1} {foo} {0}".format(a, b, foo=c) == "2 3 1"
11
12
   assert "{0} {1} {0} {0}".format(a, b) == "1 2 1 1"
13
14
   assert "skip braces {0} {{}}".format(a) == "skip braces 1 {}"
15
   print("{}") # {}
16
   try:
17
       print("{} {}".format(a))
18
   except IndexError as e:
       assert str(e) == "Replacement index 1 out of range for positional args tuple"
20
   assert "{0:2}".format(a) == " 1"
22
   assert "{0:02}".format(a) == "01"
   assert "\{0:03\}".format(a) == "001"
24
   assert "\{0:1\}".format(-1) == "-1"
   assert "{0:2}".format(-1) == "-1"
26
   assert "{0:3}".format(-1) == " -1"
   assert "{0:03}".format(-1) == "-01"
28
29
   assert "\{0:.2f\}".format(0.5) == "0.50"
30
   assert "\{0:.3f\}".format(0.5) == "0.500"
```

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9.7 enum

9.7.1 Hello

See https://docs.python.org/3.11/howto/enum.html

Enum

Note:

- It is iterable, i.e., supports __iter__
- · name and value
- alias and @unique.
- __members__.
- str and repr.
- auto

Listing 5: ./code/hello/ex1.py

```
from enum import Enum
2
   class Color(Enum):
       RED = 1
       GREEN = 2
       BLUE = 3
       # BLUE = 4 # TypeError: Attempted to reuse key: 'BLUE'
       ALIAS_FOR_RED = 1 # Use @unique to disallow this
       MAX_COLOR = 4 # Note the naming convention
10
12
   assert isinstance(Color.RED, Color)
14
   assert str(Color(1)) == "Color.RED"
15
   assert str(repr(Color(1))) == "<Color.RED: 1>"
16
17
   assert Color.RED.name == "RED"
   assert Color.BLUE.value == 3
19
20
   print(list(Color))
21
   print(type(list(Color)[0]))
22
   for c in Color:
23
       print(c, type(c))
24
25
   [<Color.RED: 1>, <Color.GREEN: 2>, <Color.BLUE: 3>, <Color.MAX_COLOR: 4>]
27
   <enum 'Color'>
   Color.RED <enum 'Color'>
29
   Color.GREEN <enum 'Color'>
   Color.BLUE <enum 'Color'>
```

(continues on next page)

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```
color.MAX_COLOR <enum 'Color'>
    """

assert Color(1) == Color.RED
assert Color["RED"] == Color.RED

print(Color.__members__)

"""

{'RED': <Color.RED: 1>, 'GREEN': <Color.GREEN: 2>, 'BLUE': <Color.BLUE: 3>, 'ALIAS_FOR_RED': <</pre>

color.RED: 1>, 'MAX_COLOR': <Color.MAX_COLOR: 4>}

"""
```

Flag

Listing 6: ./code/hello/ex2.py

```
from enum import Flag
   class Weekday(Flag):
       MONDAY = 1 << 0
       TUESDAY = 1 << 1
6
       WEDNESDAY = 1 << 2
       THURSDAY = 1 << 3
       FRIDAY = 1 << 4
       SATURDAY = 1 << 5
10
       SUNDAY = 1 << 6
11
12
   assert Weekday.MONDAY.value == 1
14
   assert Weekday.TUESDAY.value == 2
   assert Weekday.WEDNESDAY.value == 4
16
   assert Weekday.THURSDAY.value == 8
   assert Weekday.FRIDAY.value == 16
18
   assert Weekday.SATURDAY.value == 32
   assert Weekday.SUNDAY.value == 64
20
21
   weekend = Weekday.SATURDAY | Weekday.SUNDAY
22
   print(weekend) # Weekday.SUNDAY|SATURDAY
23
   print(repr(weekend)) # <Weekday.SUNDAY|SATURDAY: 96>
24
   assert Weekday.SATURDAY in weekend
   assert Weekday. SUNDAY in weekend
   assert Weekday. MONDAY not in weekend
```

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auto

Listing 7: ./code/hello/ex3.py

```
from enum import Enum, Flag, auto
2
   class Weekday(Flag):
       MONDAY = auto() # start from 1
       TUESDAY = auto()
6
       WEDNESDAY = auto()
       THURSDAY = auto()
       FRIDAY = auto()
       SATURDAY = 128
10
       SUNDAY = auto()
11
12
   assert Weekday.MONDAY.value == 1
14
   assert Weekday.TUESDAY.value == 2
15
   assert Weekday.WEDNESDAY.value == 4
   assert Weekday.THURSDAY.value == 8
   assert Weekday.FRIDAY.value == 16
   assert Weekday.SATURDAY.value == 128
19
   assert Weekday.SUNDAY.value == 256
20
21
22
   class Color(Enum):
23
       RED = auto()
                      # start from 1
24
       GREEN = auto()
25
       BLUE = auto()
       YELLOW = 10
27
       WHITE = auto()
29
   assert Color.RED.value == 1
31
   assert Color.GREEN.value == 2
   assert Color.BLUE.value == 3
   assert Color.YELLOW.value == 10
   assert Color.WHITE.value == 11
```

9.8 socket

9.8.1 AddressFamily

It is an IntEnum and all of its members are exported to socket.

Listing 8: ./code/address-family.py

```
import socket
print(list(socket.AddressFamily))
```

(continues on next page)

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```
[<AddressFamily.AF_UNSPEC: 0>, <AddressFamily.AF_UNIX: 1>,
   <AddressFamily.AF_INET: 2>, <AddressFamily.AF_AX25: 3>,
   <AddressFamily.AF_IPX: 4>, <AddressFamily.AF_APPLETALK: 5>,
   <AddressFamily.AF_NETROM: 6>, <AddressFamily.AF_BRIDGE: 7>,
   <AddressFamily.AF_ATMPVC: 8>, <AddressFamily.AF_X25: 9>,
   <AddressFamily.AF_INET6: 10>, <AddressFamily.AF_ROSE: 11>,
   <AddressFamily.AF_NETBEUI: 13>, <AddressFamily.AF_SECURITY: 14>,
11
   <AddressFamily.AF_KEY: 15>, <AddressFamily.AF_NETLINK: 16>,
   <AddressFamily.AF_PACKET: 17>, <AddressFamily.AF_ASH: 18>,
13
   <AddressFamily.AF_ECONET: 19>, <AddressFamily.AF_ATMSVC: 20>,
   <AddressFamily.AF_RDS: 21>, <AddressFamily.AF_SNA: 22>,
15
   <AddressFamily.AF_IRDA: 23>, <AddressFamily.AF_PPPOX: 24>,
   <AddressFamily.AF_WANPIPE: 25>, <AddressFamily.AF_LLC: 26>,
17
   <AddressFamily.AF_CAN: 29>, <AddressFamily.AF_TIPC: 30>,
   <AddressFamily.AF_BLUETOOTH: 31>, <AddressFamily.AF_ALG: 38>,
19
   <AddressFamily.AF_VSOCK: 40>, <AddressFamily.AF_QIPCRTR: 42>]
20
21
   assert socket.AF_UNIX == socket.AddressFamily.AF_UNIX
23
   assert socket.AF_INET == socket.AddressFamily.AF_INET
```

9.8.2 SocketKind

It is an IntEnum and all of its members are exported to socket.

Listing 9: ./code/socket-kind.py

```
import socket

print(list(socket.SocketKind))

| """
| [<SocketKind.SOCK_STREAM: 1>, <SocketKind.SOCK_DGRAM: 2>,
| <SocketKind.SOCK_RAW: 3>, <SocketKind.SOCK_RDM: 4>,
| <SocketKind.SOCK_SEQPACKET: 5>, <SocketKind.SOCK_NONBLOCK: 2048>,
| <SocketKind.SOCK_CLOEXEC: 524288>]
| """
| assert socket.SOCK_STREAM == socket.SocketKind.SOCK_STREAM | assert socket.SOCK_DGRAM == socket.SocketKind.SOCK_DGRAM
```

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9.8.3 struct sockaddr_in

See also

- https://www.gta.ufrj.br/ensino/eel878/sockets/sockaddr_inman.html
- https://man7.org/linux/man-pages/man7/ip.7.html

Listing 10: ./code/sockaddr_in.h

```
// https://github.com/lattera/glibc/blob/master/bits/sockaddr.h
   /* POSIX.1g specifies this type name for the `sa_family' member.
   typedef unsigned short int sa_family_t;
3
   #define __SOCKADDR_COMMON(sa_prefix) sa_family_t sa_prefix##family
   // https://github.com/lattera/glibc/blob/master/bits/socket.h
   struct sockaddr {
     __SOCKADDR_COMMON(sa_); /* Common data: address family and length.
10
     char sa_data[14];
                              /* Address data. */
11
   };
12
13
   // https://github.com/lattera/glibc/blob/master/inet/netinet/in.h
   struct sockaddr in {
15
     __SOCKADDR_COMMON(sin_);
     in_port_t sin_port;
                               /* Port number. */
17
     struct in_addr sin_addr; /* Internet address.
18
19
     /* Pad to size of `struct sockaddr'. */
20
     unsigned char sin_zero[sizeof(struct sockaddr) - __SOCKADDR_COMMON_SIZE -
21
                             sizeof(in_port_t) - sizeof(struct in_addr)];
22
   };
23
24
   typedef uint32_t in_addr_t;
25
   struct in_addr {
26
     in_addr_t s_addr;
27
   };
28
   /* Address to accept any incoming messages.
30
   #define INADDR_ANY ((in_addr_t)0x00000000)
   /* Address to send to all hosts. */
32
   #define INADDR_BROADCAST ((in_addr_t)0xffffffff)
   /* Address indicating an error return. */
34
   #define INADDR_NONE ((in_addr_t)0xffffffff)
36
   /* Network number for local host loopback.
37
   #define IN_LOOPBACKNET 127
38
   /* Address to loopback in software to local host.
   #ifndef INADDR_LOOPBACK
   #define INADDR_LOOPBACK ((in_addr_t)0x7f000001) /* Inet 127.0.0.1. */
41
   #endif
```

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9.8.4 AddressInfo

Listing 11: ./code/address-info.py

```
import socket
print(list(socket.AddressInfo))
[<AddressInfo.AI_PASSIVE: 1>, <AddressInfo.AI_CANONNAME: 2>,
<AddressInfo.AI_NUMERICHOST: 4>, <AddressInfo.AI_V4MAPPED: 8>,
<AddressInfo.AI_ALL: 16>, <AddressInfo.AI_ADDRCONFIG: 32>,
<AddressInfo.AI_NUMERICSERV: 1024>]
assert socket.AI_PASSIVE == socket.AddressInfo.AI_PASSIVE
```

9.8.5 inet_pton

https://man7.org/linux/man-pages/man3/inet_pton.3.html

Representation format to network address.

The resulting network address is in network order, i.e., big endian.

Listing 12: ./code/inet_pton.c

```
#include <arpa/inet.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   int main() {
     struct in_addr addr;
     int res = inet_pton(AF_INET, "192.168.1.2", &addr);
6
     printf("%08x\n", addr.s_addr);
     printf("192: %x\n", 192);
     printf("168: %x\n", 168);
     printf("1: %x\n", 1);
10
     printf("2: %x\n", 2);
     return 0;
12
   }
13
   #if 0
14
   ./inet_pton
15
   0201a8c0
   192: c0
   168: a8
   1: 1
   2: 2
20
   #endif
```

Its implementation can be found at https://github.com/bminor/glibc/blob/master/resolv/inet_pton.c

Listing 13: ./code/inet_pton_impl.c

```
// See https://github.com/bminor/glibc/blob/master/resolv/inet_pton.c
```

(continues on next page)

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```
Copyright (C) 1996-2022 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
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      modify it under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public
      License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either
      version 2.1 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
10
      The GNU C Library is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
      but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
12
      MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU
13
      Lesser General Public License for more details.
14
      You should have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public
16
      License along with the GNU C Library; if not, see
      <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>. */
18
19
20
    * Copyright (c) 1996,1999 by Internet Software Consortium.
21
22
    * Permission to use, copy, modify, and distribute this software for any
23
    * purpose with or without fee is hereby granted, provided that the above
24
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    * ALL WARRANTIES WITH REGARD TO THIS SOFTWARE INCLUDING ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES
    * OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS. IN NO EVENT SHALL INTERNET SOFTWARE
29
    * CONSORTIUM BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, DIRECT, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL
    * DAMAGES OR ANY DAMAGES WHATSOEVER RESULTING FROM LOSS OF USE, DATA OR
31
    * PROFITS, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE OR OTHER TORTIOUS
    * ACTION, ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS
33
    * SOFTWARE.
35
   #include <arpa/inet.h>
37
   #include <arpa/nameser.h>
   #include <ctype.h>
39
   #include <errno.h>
   #include <netinet/in.h>
41
   #include <resolv/resolv-internal.h>
42.
   #include <string.h>
43
   #include <sys/socket.h>
44
   #include <sys/types.h>
46
   static int inet_pton4 (const char *src, const char *src_end, u_char *dst);
47
   static int inet_pton6 (const char *src, const char *src_end, u_char *dst);
48
50
   51
   {
52
     switch (af)
53
       {
```

(continues on next page)

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```
case AF_INET:
55
          return inet_pton4 (src, src + srclen, dst);
56
        case AF_INET6:
57
          return inet_pton6 (src, src + srclen, dst);
        default:
          __set_errno (EAFNOSUPPORT);
60
          return -1;
61
62
   libc_hidden_def (__inet_pton_length)
64
    /* Like __inet_pton_length, but use strlen (SRC) as the length of
66
       SRC. */
   int
68
     _inet_pton (<mark>int</mark> af, const char *src, void *dst)
70
     return __inet_pton_length (af, src, strlen (src), dst);
71
72
   libc_hidden_def (__inet_pton)
73
   weak_alias (__inet_pton, inet_pton)
74
   libc_hidden_weak (inet_pton)
75
76
    /* Like inet_aton but without all the hexadecimal, octal and shorthand
77
       (and trailing garbage is not ignored). Return 1 if SRC is a valid
       dotted quad, else 0. This function does not touch DST unless it's
79
       returning 1.
       Author: Paul Vixie, 1996. */
81
   static int
   inet_pton4 (const char *src, const char *end, unsigned char *dst)
83
      int saw_digit, octets, ch;
85
      unsigned char tmp[NS_INADDRSZ], *tp;
87
      saw_digit = 0;
88
      octets = 0;
89
      *(tp = tmp) = 0;
      while (src < end)</pre>
91
        {
92
          ch = *src++;
93
          if (ch >= '0' && ch <= '9')
94
            {
              unsigned int new = *tp * 10 + (ch - '0');
              if (saw_digit && *tp == 0)
98
                return 0;
              if (new > 255)
100
                return 0;
              *tp = new;
102
              if (! saw_digit)
                 {
104
                   if (++octets > 4)
105
                     return 0;
106
```

(continues on next page)

```
saw_digit = 1;
107
                 }
108
             }
109
          else if (ch == '.' && saw_digit)
110
111
               if (octets == 4)
112
                 return 0;
113
               *++tp = 0;
114
               saw_digit = 0;
116
          else
117
            return 0;
118
        }
119
      if (octets < 4)</pre>
120
        return 0;
      memcpy (dst, tmp, NS_INADDRSZ);
122
      return 1;
123
    }
124
125
    /* Return the value of CH as a hexademical digit, or -1 if it is a
126
       different type of character. */
127
    static int
128
    hex_digit_value (char ch)
129
130
      if ('0' <= ch && ch <= '9')</pre>
131
        return ch - '0';
132
      if ('a' <= ch && ch <= 'f')
133
        return ch - 'a' + 10;
134
      if ('A' <= ch && ch <= 'F')</pre>
135
        return ch - 'A' + 10;
      return -1;
137
    }
138
139
    /* Convert presentation-level IPv6 address to network order binary
       form. Return 1 if SRC is a valid [RFC1884 2.2] address, else 0.
141
       This function does not touch DST unless it's returning 1.
142
       Author: Paul Vixie, 1996. Inspired by Mark Andrews. */
143
    static int
144
    inet_pton6 (const char *src, const char *src_endp, unsigned char *dst)
145
146
      unsigned char tmp[NS_IN6ADDRSZ], *tp, *endp, *colonp;
147
      const char *curtok;
148
      int ch;
149
      size_t xdigits_seen;
                                     /* Number of hex digits since colon. */
150
      unsigned int val;
151
152
      tp = memset (tmp, '\0', NS_IN6ADDRSZ);
      endp = tp + NS_IN6ADDRSZ;
154
      colonp = NULL;
155
156
      /* Leading :: requires some special handling. */
157
      if (src == src_endp)
158
```

(continues on next page)

9.8. socket 91

```
return 0;
159
      if (*src == ':')
160
161
           ++src;
162
           if (src == src_endp || *src != ':')
163
             return 0;
164
        }
165
166
      curtok = src;
      xdigits_seen = 0;
168
169
      val = 0;
      while (src < src_endp)</pre>
170
171
           ch = *src++;
172
           int digit = hex_digit_value (ch);
173
           if (digit >= 0)
174
175
               if (xdigits_seen == 4)
176
                  return 0;
177
               val <<= 4;</pre>
178
               val |= digit;
179
               if (val > 0xffff)
180
                  return 0;
181
               ++xdigits_seen;
               continue;
183
             }
           if (ch == ':')
185
                curtok = src;
187
               if (xdigits_seen == 0)
                  {
189
                    if (colonp)
                      return 0;
191
                    colonp = tp;
192
                    continue;
193
                  }
194
                else if (src == src_endp)
195
                  return 0;
196
               if (tp + NS_INT16SZ > endp)
                  return 0;
198
               *tp++ = (unsigned char) (val >> 8) & 0xff;
                *tp++ = (unsigned char) val & 0xff;
200
               xdigits_seen = 0;
               val = 0;
202
               continue;
203
204
           if (ch == '.' && ((tp + NS_INADDRSZ) <= endp)</pre>
               && inet_pton4 (curtok, src_endp, tp) > 0)
206
                tp += NS_INADDRSZ;
208
                xdigits_seen = 0;
209
               break; /* '\0' was seen by inet_pton4.
210
```

(continues on next page)

```
}
211
          return 0;
212
213
      if (xdigits_seen > 0)
214
215
          if (tp + NS_INT16SZ > endp)
216
             return 0;
217
           *tp++ = (unsigned char) (val >> 8) & 0xff;
218
           *tp++ = (unsigned char) val & 0xff;
220
      if (colonp != NULL)
221
222
           /* Replace :: with zeros. */
          if (tp == endp)
224
             /* :: would expand to a zero-width field. */
             return 0;
226
           size_t n = tp - colonp;
227
          memmove (endp - n, colonp, n);
228
          memset (colonp, 0, endp - n - colonp);
229
           tp = endp;
230
        }
231
      if (tp != endp)
232
        return 0;
233
      memcpy (dst, tmp, NS_IN6ADDRSZ);
      return 1;
235
```

9.8.6 inet_ntop

Network address to representation format.

See https://man7.org/linux/man-pages/man3/inet_ntop.3.html

Listing 14: ./code/inet_ntop.c

```
#include <arpa/inet.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   int main() {
     struct in_addr addr;
     uint8_t *p = (uint8_t *)&addr.s_addr;
     p[0] = 192;
     p[1] = 168;
     p[2] = 1;
     p[3] = 2;
     char buf[INET_ADDRSTRLEN];
11
     const char *ret = inet_ntop(AF_INET, &addr.s_addr, buf, sizeof(buf));
12
     printf("%s\n", buf);
13
     printf("%p, %p\n", buf, ret);
     return 0;
15
16
```

(continues on next page)

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Its implementation can be found at https://github.com/bminor/glibc/blob/master/resolv/inet_ntop.c

Listing 15: ./code/inet_ntop_impl.c

```
// https://github.com/bminor/glibc/blob/master/resolv/inet_ntop.c
    * Copyright (c) 1996-1999 by Internet Software Consortium.
    * Permission to use, copy, modify, and distribute this software for any
    * purpose with or without fee is hereby granted, provided that the above
    * copyright notice and this permission notice appear in all copies.
    * THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS" AND INTERNET SOFTWARE CONSORTIUM DISCLAIMS
    * ALL WARRANTIES WITH REGARD TO THIS SOFTWARE INCLUDING ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES
10
    * OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS. IN NO EVENT SHALL INTERNET SOFTWARE
    * CONSORTIUM BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, DIRECT, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL
12
    * DAMAGES OR ANY DAMAGES WHATSOEVER RESULTING FROM LOSS OF USE, DATA OR
13
    * PROFITS, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE OR OTHER TORTIOUS
14
    * ACTION, ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS
    * SOFTWARE.
16
18
   #include <sys/param.h>
19
   #include <sys/types.h>
20
   #include <sys/socket.h>
21
22
   #include <netinet/in.h>
23
   #include <arpa/inet.h>
24
   #include <arpa/nameser.h>
25
26
   #include <errno.h>
27
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <string.h>
29
   #ifdef SPRINTF_CHAR
31
   # define SPRINTF(x) strlen(sprintf/**/x)
33
   # define SPRINTF(x) ((size_t)sprintf x)
   #endif
35
37
    * WARNING: Don't even consider trying to compile this on a system where
38
    * sizeof(int) < 4. sizeof(int) > 4 is fine; all the world's not a VAX.
39
40
41
   static const char *inet_ntop4 (const u_char *src, char *dst, socklen_t size);
42
   static const char *inet_ntop6 (const u_char *src, char *dst, socklen_t size);
```

(continues on next page)

```
44
   /* char *
45
     inet_ntop(af, src, dst, size)
46
             convert a network format address to presentation format.
    * return:
             pointer to presentation format address ('dst'), or NULL (see errno).
    * author:
50
             Paul Vixie, 1996.
51
   const char *
53
   inet_ntop (int af, const void *src, char *dst, socklen_t size)
55
           switch (af) {
           case AF_INET:
57
                    return (inet_ntop4(src, dst, size));
           case AF_INET6:
59
                    return (inet_ntop6(src, dst, size));
           default:
61
                    __set_errno (EAFNOSUPPORT);
62
                    return (NULL);
           /* NOTREACHED */
65
66
   libc_hidden_def (inet_ntop)
68
   /* const char *
    * inet_ntop4(src, dst, size)
70
             format an IPv4 address
    * return:
72
              `dst' (as a const)
    * notes:
74
              (1) uses no statics
              (2) takes a u_char* not an in_addr as input
76
    * author:
             Paul Vixie, 1996.
78
   static const char *
80
   inet_ntop4 (const u_char *src, char *dst, socklen_t size)
81
82
           static const char fmt[] = "%u.%u.%u.%u";
83
           char tmp[sizeof "255.255.255.255"];
85
           if (SPRINTF((tmp, fmt, src[0], src[1], src[2], src[3])) >= size) {
                    __set_errno (ENOSPC);
87
                    return (NULL);
89
           return strcpy(dst, tmp);
91
   /* const char *
93
    * inet_ntop6(src, dst, size)
              convert IPv6 binary address into presentation (printable) format
```

(continues on next page)

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```
* author:
              Paul Vixie, 1996.
97
    static const char *
    inet_ntop6 (const u_char *src, char *dst, socklen_t size)
100
    {
101
102
              * Note that int32_t and int16_t need only be "at least" large enough
103
             * to contain a value of the specified size. On some systems, like
              * Crays, there is no such thing as an integer variable with 16 bits.
105
              * Keep this in mind if you think this function should have been coded
             * to use pointer overlays. All the world's not a VAX.
107
              */
            char tmp[sizeof "ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:255.255.255.255"], *tp;
109
            struct { int base, len; } best, cur;
110
            u_int words[NS_IN6ADDRSZ / NS_INT16SZ];
111
            int i;
112
113
114
             * Preprocess:
115
                       Copy the input (bytewise) array into a wordwise array.
116
                       Find the longest run of 0x00's in src[] for :: shorthanding.
117
             */
118
            memset(words, '\0', sizeof words);
            for (i = 0; i < NS_IN6ADDRSZ; i += 2)
120
                     words[i / 2] = (src[i] << 8) | src[i + 1];
            best.base = -1;
122
            cur.base = -1;
123
            best.len = 0;
124
            cur.len = 0;
125
            for (i = 0; i < (NS_IN6ADDRSZ / NS_INT16SZ); i++) {
126
                     if (words[i] == 0) {
                              if (cur.base == -1)
128
                                       cur.base = i, cur.len = 1;
129
                              else
130
                                       cur.len++;
131
                     } else {
132
                              if (cur.base != -1) {
133
                                       if (best.base == -1 || cur.len > best.len)
134
                                               best = cur;
135
                                       cur.base = -1;
136
                              }
137
                     }
138
139
            if (cur.base != -1) {
140
                     if (best.base == -1 || cur.len > best.len)
141
                              best = cur;
143
            if (best.base != -1 && best.len < 2)
                     best.base = -1:
145
146
147
```

(continues on next page)

```
* Format the result.
148
149
             tp = tmp;
150
             for (i = 0; i < (NS_IN6ADDRSZ / NS_INT16SZ); i++) {
151
                     /* Are we inside the best run of 0x00's? */
152
                      if (best.base != -1 \&\& i >= best.base \&\&
153
                          i < (best.base + best.len)) {</pre>
154
                               if (i == best.base)
155
                                       *tp++ = ':';
                               continue:
157
158
                      /* Are we following an initial run of 0x00s or any real hex? */
159
                      if (i != 0)
                               *tp++ = ':';
161
                      /* Is this address an encapsulated IPv4? */
                      if (i == 6 && best.base == 0 &&
163
                          (best.len == 6 || (best.len == 5 && words[5] == 0xffff))) {
                              if (!inet_ntop4(src+12, tp, sizeof tmp - (tp - tmp)))
165
                                       return (NULL);
166
                              tp += strlen(tp);
167
                              break;
168
169
                      tp += SPRINTF((tp, "%x", words[i]));
170
            }
             /* Was it a trailing run of 0x00's? */
172
            if (best.base != -1 && (best.base + best.len) ==
                 (NS_IN6ADDRSZ / NS_INT16SZ))
174
                      *tp++ = ':';
             *tp++ = '\0';
176
177
178
              * Check for overflow, copy, and we're done.
180
             if ((socklen_t)(tp - tmp) > size) {
181
                      __set_errno (ENOSPC);
182
                     return (NULL);
183
             }
184
            return strcpy(dst, tmp);
185
186
```

9.8.7 Echo Server and Client

Server

Listing 16: ./code/echo-hello/server.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import socket
import threading

4
```

9.8. socket 97

(continues on next page)

```
# nc localhost 6006
6
   def run_server():
       sock = socket.socket(family=socket.AF_INET, type=socket.SOCK_STREAM)
       sock.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1)
10
       sock.bind(("", 6006))
       # sock.setblocking(False) # It returns socket.BlockingIOError
12
       sock.listen(2) # backlog is 2
       while True:
           client_sock, addr = sock.accept()
           assert isinstance(client_sock, socket.socket)
           assert isinstance(addr, tuple)
           assert isinstance(addr[0], str)
18
           assert isinstance(addr[1], int)
           print("Connected from", addr) # Connected from ('127.0.0.1', 54266)
20
           threading.Thread(target=handle_client, args=(client_sock,)).start()
21
22
23
   def handle_client(sock: socket.socket):
24
       while True:
25
           data = sock.recv(1024)
26
           if not data:
27
               break
           sock.sendall(data.decode("utf-8").upper().encode())
29
       print("Disconnected from", sock.getpeername())
       sock.close()
33
   if __name__ == "__main__":
       run_server()
35
```

To test the server, use nc localhost 6006 or use the following client.

Client

Listing 17: ./code/echo-hello/client.py

```
def main():
    sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    sock.connect(("localhost", 6006))

for i in range(5):
    sock.send("hello".encode())

b = sock.recv(1024)
    print(b.decode())
    time.sleep(0.5)
```

Server2

With concurrent.futures.ThreadPoolExecutor.

Listing 18: ./code/echo-hello/server2.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
   import socket
   import threading
   from concurrent.futures import ThreadPoolExecutor
   # nc localhost 6006
   pool = ThreadPoolExecutor(max_workers=3)
   def run_server():
10
       sock = socket.socket(family=socket.AF_INET, type=socket.SOCK_STREAM)
11
       sock.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1)
12
       sock.bind(("", 6006))
13
       # sock.setblocking(False) # It returns socket.BlockingIOError
14
       sock.listen(2) # backlog is 2
15
       while True:
           client_sock, addr = sock.accept()
           assert isinstance(client_sock, socket.socket)
18
           assert isinstance(addr, tuple)
19
           assert isinstance(addr[0], str)
20
           assert isinstance(addr[1], int)
21
           print("Connected from", addr) # Connected from ('127.0.0.1', 54266)
           pool.submit(handle_client, client_sock)
23
25
   def handle_client(sock: socket.socket):
       while True:
27
           data = sock.recv(1024)
           if not data:
               break
           sock.sendall(data.decode("utf-8").upper().encode())
31
       print("Disconnected from", sock.getpeername())
32
       sock.close()
34
```

(continues on next page)

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```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    run_server()
```

9.8.8 TODOs

- Beej's Guide to Network Programming Using Internet Sockets https://www.gta.ufrj.br/ensino/eel878/sockets/index.html
- LWN.net Weekly Edition Archives https://lwn.net/Archives/

CHAPTER

TEN

JAVA

10.1 Install

10.1.1 formatter

Install https://github.com/google/google-java-format

```
wget https://github.com/google/google-java-format/releases/download/v1.15.0/google-java-_{\hookrightarrow}format-1.15.0-all-deps.jar
```

Create a script with filename google-java-format:

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
java -jar /ceph-sh0/fangjun/download/google-java-format-1.15.0-all-deps.jar $@
```

chmod +x google-java-format and add the path to PATH.

10.1.2 JDK

Go to https://www.oracle.com/java/technologies/downloads/#java17 and download

```
wget https://download.oracle.com/java/17/latest/jdk-17_linux-x64_bin.tar.gz
mkdir /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/
tar xvf jdk-17_linux-x64_bin.tar.gz -C /ceph-fj/fangjun/software
```

And then set the following environment variables:

```
export JAVA_HOME=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/jdk-17.0.3
export PATH=$JAVA_HOME/bin:$JAVA_HOME
```

The source code of JDK can be download from

```
git clone https://github.com/openjdk/jdk.git
```

10.2 Hello world

Look at the code https://github.com/openjdk/jdk/blob/master/src/java.base/share/classes/java/lang/System.java to learn the coding style of java.

All primitive types, such as int, char, and double begin with a lowercase. All other types, such as String and Math, begin with an uppercase.

```
package java.lang;

// Class names looks like: MyClass
public final class System {}

// method name
private static native void registerNatives();

// constructor
private System() {}

// member variables
public static final InputStream in = null;
private static String notSupportedJnuEncoding;

// constants
private static final int NEVER = 1;
```

It using // and /**/ as comments, same as C++.

Listing 1: Hello.java

```
// Usage 1:
// java Hello.java
// Usage 2:
// javac Hello.java
    java Hello
//
// Note:
// - "javac Hello.java" generates a file "Hello.class"
    - "java Hello" takes as input "Hello.class" and executes it
// The class name Hello must match the filename Hello.java
// By convention, the class name looks like `MyClass`.
class Hello {
 // Note: How is array defined in java
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   System.out.println("hello world");
} // There is no ';' here
// Every line of runnable code must be in some `class`
```

Listing 2: EqualTest.java

```
class EqualTest {

(continues on next page)
```

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```
public int i;
  public EqualTest(int a) {
   this.i = a;
  }
  public boolean equals(Object anObject) {
   if (this == anObject) {
     return true;
   if (anObject instanceof EqualTest) {
     return this.i == ((EqualTest) anObject).i;
   }
   return false;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
   EqualTest e1 = new EqualTest(10);
   EqualTest e2 = new EqualTest(10);
   System.out.println(e1 == e2); // false, compare the reference
   System.out.println(e1 != e2); // true
   System.out.println(e1.equals(e2)); // true, compare the contained value
 }
}
```

Listing 3: Variables.java

```
class Variables {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   String msg = "Hello world";
   int i = 10;
   i++; // ok
   ++i; // ok
   // i-- // error, should be --i
   --i;
   int ii = i % 2;
   i = 10;
   ii = i / 3; // truncated
   System.out.println(ii); // 3
   ii += 2;
   System.out.println(ii); // 5
   // also has:
   // -=, &=, /=, >>=, <<=, ^=, /=, *=
   // Similar to C/C++
   /* float f = 1.25; // error: possible lossy conversion from double to float */
   // Caution: We have to use `1.25f` instead of `1.25` to assign a float variable
   float f = 1.25f;
   double d = 1.25;
   d = 1.25d; // also ok
```

(continues on next page)

10.2. Hello world

```
// f = d; // error: possible lossy conversion from double to float
    f = (float) d; // ok, explicit cast
   d = f; // ok
   char c = 'h'; // a character
   i = 10;
   System.out.println(msg);
   System.out.println(i); // 10
   System.out.println(f); // 1.25
   System.out.println(d); // 1.25
   System.out.println(c); // h
   // define multiple variable in the same line
   int i1 = 1, i2;
   // System.out.println(i2); // variable i2 might not have been initialized
   i2 = 3;
   System.out.println(i2); // 3
   boolean b = false;
   System.out.println(b); // false
   b = true;
   // b = 1; // error: int cannot be converted to boolean
   System.out.println(b); // true
   // byte b0 = 128; // error: lossy conversion from int to byte
   byte b0 = 127; // ok
    /* b0 = -129; // error: lossy conversion from int to type */
   b0 = -128; // ok
   // short s0 = 32768; // error: lssoy conversion from int to short
   short s0 = 32767; // ok
   // s0 = -32769; // error: lossy conversion fro int to short
   s0 = -32768; // ok
   // other types: int, long, float, double, boolean, char
   // Note: char has 2-byte
   // boolean has 1-bit
   // There are no unsigned integers !!
    // ternary operator :?
   System.out.println(2 > 3 ? "yes" : "no"); // no
  }
}
```

Listing 4: Strings.java

```
class Strings {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String s = "abc";
    System.out.println(s.length()); // 3
    System.out.println(s.toUpperCase()); // ABC
    System.out.println(s.toUpperCase().toLowerCase()); // abc
```

(continues on next page)

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```
System.out.println(s.indexOf("ab")); // 0
System.out.println(s.indexOf("a")); // 1
System.out.println(s.indexOf("bc")); // 1
System.out.println(s.indexOf("bca")); // when not found, it is -1

System.out.println(s.charAt(0) == 'a'); // true
System.out.println(s + "123" == "abc123"); // false, == compares the reference
System.out.println((s + "123").equals("abc123")); // true, compare the content
System.out.println(s.concat("123").equals("abc123")); // true, compare the content
System.out.println((s + 123).equals("abc123")); // true, compare the content
System.out.println((123 + s).equals("123abc")); // true, compare the content
s = "a\"b";
}
;
```

Listing 5: MathTest.java

```
class MathTest {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println(Math.max(2, 3)); // 3
    System.out.println(Math.max(2, 3.5)); // 3.5
    System.out.println(Math.min(2, 3.5)); // 2
    System.out.println(Math.sqrt(6.25)); // 2.5
    System.out.println(Math.sqrt(9)); // 3.0, note it is a double
    System.out.println(Math.abs(-9)); // -9
    System.out.println(Math.abs(-9)); // -9.0
    System.out.println(Math.abs(-9.0)); // -9.0
    System.out.println(Math.random()); // a number in the range [0, 1)
}
```

Listing 6: ArrayTest.java

```
class ArrayTest {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   int[] a = {1, 2, 3};
   for (int i : a) {
      System.out.println(i);
   }
   1
    2
    3
   System.out.println(a[0]); // 1
   System.out.println(a.length); // 3
   for (int i = 0; i != a.length; ++i) {
      System.out.println(a[i]);
   }
    1
    2
```

(continues on next page)

10.2. Hello world

```
3 */
}
}
```

10.2.1 TODOs

- 1. How to define an array? How to iterate an array?
- 2. What methods does the String class have
- 3. What are final variables?
- 4. How to define a package?
- 5. What is static import?
- 6. What is a lambda expression?
- 7. How to write comments using javadoc?
- 8. How to generate documentation from javadoc?
- 9. How to use a for-each loop?
- 10. How to import a class from another file?

10.3 Reference

- https://www.w3schools.com/java/default.asp
- https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/
- https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/17/docs/api/index.html
- https://github.com/openjdk/jdk.git

Clone it and you can find the source code in src/java.base/share/classes/java/lang/System.java for java.lang.System.

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CHAPTER

ELEVEN

JAVASCRIPT

11.1 Hello world

```
console.log('hello world')
console.log(eval('3 + 5'))
```

To write multi-line javascript, use shift + Enter for a new line.

```
(function(){
  "use strict";
  /* Start of your code */
  function greetMe(yourName) {
    alert('Hello ' + yourName);
  }

  greetMe('World');
  /* End of your code */
})();
```

It is case sensitive. Statements are separated by ;. Comments are the same as in C/C++.

11.1.1 array

Listing 1: ./code/hello_world/array.js

```
let a = [ 1, 2, 3 ];
2
   function sum(arr) {
    let s = 0;
     for (let x of arr) {
       s += x;
     return s;
   // Sum of the array [1,2,3] is 6
   console.log('Sum of the array [' + a + '] is ' + sum(a));
10
11
   function sum2(arr) {
12
     let s = 0;
13
     for (let i = 0; i != arr.length; ++i) {
```

Note that there are two ways to iterate an array:

- for(let x of array)
- for(let i = 0; i != array.length; ++i) { ... }

To run the above code, use:

```
node array.js
```

11.1.2 class

Listing 2: ./code/hello_world/class.js

```
class Point {
    constructor(x, y) {
        this.x = x;
        this.y = y;
    }

distance() { return Math.sqrt(this.x * this.x + this.y * this.y); }

let p = new Point(1, 1);
    console.log(p.distance()); // 1.4142135623730951
```

It defines a Point class with two fields x, y. Point has two methods: a constructor and a method distance().

Note that class names are by convention capitalized.

11.2 node

Go to https://nodejs.org/en/download/ to download pre-built binaries:

```
wget https://nodejs.org/dist/v16.15.1/node-v16.15.1-linux-x64.tar.xz
tar xvf node-v16.15.1-linux-x64.tar.xz
```

and then add /path/to/node-v16.15.1-linux-x64/bin/ to PATH.

11.3 TODOs

1. This page https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/Getting_started_with_the_web/Installing_basic_software lists some tools to minify code:

• WebPack: https://webpack.js.org/

• Grunt: https://gruntjs.com/

• Gulp: https://gulpjs.com/

2. Color picker tool: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/CSS_Colors/Color_picker_tool

3. Google font: https://fonts.google.com/ and https://developers.google.com/fonts/docs/getting_started

11.3. TODOs 109

CHAPTER

TWELVE

HTML

12.1 Hello world

Listing 1: hello_world.html

12.1.1 comments

```
<!-- this is a comment -->
```

12.1.2 images

```
<img src="a.png" alt="yyy"></img>
<img src="foo/bar/b.png" alt="yyy"></img>
<img src="../../c.png" alt="yyy"></img>
```

12.1.3 ordered lists

```
 The following points 

    first 
    Second
```

12.1.4 unordered lists

```
The following points 

    foo 
    bar
```

12.1.5 links

```
<a href="https://www.google.com">some text</a>
```

12.2 References

• Structuring the web with HTML

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/HTML

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CHAPTER

THIRTEEN

CSS

13.1 Hello world

13.1.1 comment

```
p { color: red; }
```

Then, in some html file, use:

```
<link href="abc/foo.css" rel="stylesheet">
```

13.1.2 Selector

- tag name or element name: e.g., p selects ; h1 selects <h1>.
- ID:, e.g., #my-id selects or
- class: e.g., .my-class selects and
- attribute: e.g., img[src] selects but not

See https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/Getting_started_with_the_web/CSS_basics#different_types_of_selectors and https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS/Building_blocks/Selectors for more.

Example with multiple rules:

Listing 1: Example with multiple rules

```
p {
  color: red;
  width: 500px;
  border: 1px solid black;
}
```

Example with multiple selectors:

Listing 2: Example with multiple selectors

```
p, li, h1 { color: red; }
```

13.2 References

• CSS basics

 $https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/Getting_started_with_the_web/CSS_basics$

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CHAPTER

FOURTEEN

PYBIND11

14.1 GIL

CHAPTER

FIFTEEN

PROTOCOL BUFFERS

15.1 Installation

15.1.1 C++

See https://github.com/protocolbuffers/protobuf/blob/main/src/README.md.

```
make protocol-buffers
cd protocol-buffers
wget https://github.com/protocolbuffers/protobuf/releases/download/v3.20.1/protobuf-all-
3.20.1.tar.gz
tar xvf protobuf-all-3.20.1.tar.gz
cd protobuf-all-3.20.1
./configure --prefix=$HOME/software/protobuf-3.20.1
make -j 20
make -j 10 check
make install 2>&1 | tee my-log.txt
cd $HOME/software/protobuf-3.20.1
tree . > tree-log.txt
```

```
$ export PKG_CONFIG_PATH=$HOME/software/protobuf-3.20.1:$PKG_CONFIG_PATH
$ pkg-config --cflags protobuf
-I/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include
$ pkg-config --libs protobuf
-L/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib -lprotobuf
$ pkg-config --cflags --libs protobuf
-I/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include -L/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.
-1/lib -lprotobuf
$ pkg-config --libs-only-L protobuf
-L/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib
$ pkg-config --libs-only-l protobuf
-lprotobuf
```

```
$ export PATH=$HOME/software/protobuf-3.20.1/bin:$PATH
$ protoc --version
libprotoc 3.20.1
```

Listing 1: ./code/my-log.txt (Installation logs)

```
Making install in
  make[1]: Entering directory '/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/protocol-buffers/protobuf-3.
  make[2]: Entering directory '/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/protocol-buffers/protobuf-3.
   →20.1'
   make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'install-exec-am'.
   /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib/pkgconfig'
   /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 protobuf.pc protobuf-lite.pc '/root/fangjun/software/
   →protobuf-3.20.1/lib/pkgconfig'
   make[2]: Leaving directory '/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/protocol-buffers/protobuf-3.
   make[1]: Leaving directory '/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/protocol-buffers/protobuf-3.
   →20.1'
   Making install in src
   make[1]: Entering directory '/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/protocol-buffers/protobuf-3.
   →20.1/src'
   make[2]: Entering directory '/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/protocol-buffers/protobuf-3.
11
   →20.1/src'
   /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib'
12
                          --mode=install /usr/bin/install -c
   /bin/bash ../libtool
                                                              libprotobuf-lite.la_
13
   →libprotobuf.la libprotoc.la '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib'
   libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c .libs/libprotobuf-lite.so.31.0.1 /root/fangjun/
14
   →software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotobuf-lite.so.31.0.1
   libtool: install: (cd /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib && { ln -s -f_
15
   →libprotobuf-lite.so.31.0.1 libprotobuf-lite.so.31 || { rm -f libprotobuf-lite.so.31 &&_
   →ln -s libprotobuf-lite.so.31.0.1 libprotobuf-lite.so.31; }; })
   libtool: install: (cd /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib && { ln -s -f_
   →libprotobuf-lite.so.31.0.1 libprotobuf-lite.so || { rm -f libprotobuf-lite.so && ln -s_
   →libprotobuf-lite.so.31.0.1 libprotobuf-lite.so; }; })
   libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c .libs/libprotobuf-lite.lai /root/fangjun/software/
   →protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotobuf-lite.la
   libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c .libs/libprotobuf.so.31.0.1 /root/fangjun/software/
   →protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotobuf.so.31.0.1
   libtool: install: (cd /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib && { ln -s -f_u
   →libprotobuf.so.31.0.1 libprotobuf.so.31 || { rm -f libprotobuf.so.31 && ln -s_
   →libprotobuf.so.31.0.1 libprotobuf.so.31; }; })
   libtool: install: (cd /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib && { ln -s -f_
   →libprotobuf.so.31.0.1 libprotobuf.so || { rm -f libprotobuf.so && ln -s libprotobuf.so.
   \rightarrow31.0.1 libprotobuf.so; }; })
   libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c .libs/libprotobuf.lai /root/fangjun/software/
   ⇒protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotobuf.la
   libtool: warning: relinking 'libprotoc.la'
   libtool: install: (cd /root/fangjun/open-source-2/protocol-buffers/protobuf-3.20.1/src; /
   →bin/bash "/root/fangjun/open-source-2/protocol-buffers/protobuf-3.20.1/libtool" --
   →silent --tag CXX --mode=relink g++ -pthread -DHAVE_PTHREAD=1 -DHAVE_ZLIB=1 -Wall -Wno-
   ⇒sign-compare -O2 -g -std=c++11 -DNDEBUG -version-info 31:1:0 -export-dynamic -no-
   →undefined -Wl,--version-script=./libprotoc.map -o libprotoc.la -rpath /root/fangjun/
   →software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib google/protobuf/compiler/code_generator.lo google/onext page)
   →protobuf/compiler/command_line_interface.lo google/protobuf/compiler/cpp/cpp_enum.lo_
   →extension.lo google/protobuf/compiler/cpp/cpp_field.lo google/protobuf/compiler/cpp/
   -cpp_file.lo google/protobuf/compiler/cpp/cpp_generator.lo google/protobuf/compiler/cpp/
   →cpp_helpers.lo google/protobuf/compiler/cpp/cpp_map_field.lo google/protobuf/compiler/
```

cnn/cnn wassaga la gaagla/nrotabuf/compilar/cnn/cnn wassaga field la gaagla/nrotabuf/

```
libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c .libs/libprotoc.so.31.0.1T /root/fangjun/software/
   →protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotoc.so.31.0.1
   libtool: install: (cd /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib && { ln -s -f libprotoc.
   →so.31.0.1 libprotoc.so.31 || { rm -f libprotoc.so.31 && ln -s libprotoc.so.31.0.1
   →libprotoc.so.31; }; })
   libtool: install: (cd /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib && { ln -s -f libprotoc.
   →so.31.0.1 libprotoc.so || { rm -f libprotoc.so && ln -s libprotoc.so.31.0.1 libprotoc.
   →so; }; })
   libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c .libs/libprotoc.lai /root/fangjun/software/
   ⇒protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotoc.la
   libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c .libs/libprotobuf-lite.a /root/fangjun/software/
   ⇒protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotobuf-lite.a
   libtool: install: chmod 644 /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotobuf-lite.a
   libtool: install: ranlib /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotobuf-lite.a
30
   libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c .libs/libprotobuf.a /root/fangjun/software/
   ⇒protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotobuf.a
   libtool: install: chmod 644 /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotobuf.a
32
   libtool: install: ranlib /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotobuf.a
33
   libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c .libs/libprotoc.a /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-
   \rightarrow 3.20.1/lib/libprotoc.a
   libtool: install: chmod 644 /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotoc.a
35
   libtool: install: ranlib /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib/libprotoc.a
36
   libtool: finish: PATH="/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/py38/bin:/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/jdk-
   →17.0.3/bin:/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/cmake/bin:/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/texlive2021-
   -20210325/bin/x86_64-linux:/ceph-sh1/fangjun/software/cuda-10.2.89/bin:/ceph-fj/fangjun/
   →software/bin:/ceph-sh1/fangjun/software/bin:/ceph-sh1/fangjun/software/nvim-linux64/
   →bin:/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/py38/bin:/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/cmake/bin:/ceph-fj/
   →fangjun/software/texlive2021-20210325/bin/x86_64-linux:/ceph-sh1/fangjun/software/cuda-
   →10.2.89/bin:/ceph-sh1/fangjun/software/nvim-linux64/bin:/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/
   -bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/usr/games:/sbin" ldconfig -n /root/fangjun/software/
   →protobuf-3.20.1/lib
   Libraries have been installed in:
39
      /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/lib
   If you ever happen to want to link against installed libraries
42
   in a given directory, LIBDIR, you must either use libtool, and
43
   specify the full pathname of the library, or use the '-LLIBDIR'
44
   flag during linking and do at least one of the following:
45
       add LIBDIR to the 'LD_LIBRARY_PATH' environment variable
46
        during execution
47

    add LIBDIR to the 'LD_RUN_PATH' environment variable

48
        during linking

    use the '-Wl,-rpath -Wl,LIBDIR' linker flag

50
      - have your system administrator add LIBDIR to '/etc/ld.so.conf'
51
52
   See any operating system documentation about shared libraries for
   more information, such as the ld(1) and ld.so(8) manual pages.
54
   /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/bin'
56
     /bin/bash ../libtool
                           --mode=install /usr/bin/install -c protoc '/root/fangjun/
   →software/protobuf-3.20.1/bin'
```

(continues on next page)

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```
libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c .libs/protoc /root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.
58
     →1/bin/protoc
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include'
59
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf'
60
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/any.proto google/protobuf/api.proto google/
     →protobuf/descriptor.proto google/protobuf/duration.proto google/protobuf/empty.proto⊔
     {\tt \neg google/protobuf/field\_mask.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.proto~google/protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_context.protobuf/source\_contex
     struct.proto google/protobuf/timestamp.proto google/protobuf/type.proto google/
     →protobuf/wrappers.proto '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf
      /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler'
62
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/compiler/plugin.proto '/root/fangjun/
     →software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf'
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/any.h google/protobuf/any.pb.h google/
     protobuf/api.pb.h google/protobuf/arena.h google/protobuf/arena_impl.h google/protobuf/
     →arenastring.h google/protobuf/arenaz_sampler.h google/protobuf/descriptor.h google/

¬protobuf/descriptor.pb.h google/protobuf/descriptor_database.h google/protobuf/
     →duration.pb.h google/protobuf/dynamic_message.h google/protobuf/empty.pb.h google/
     protobuf/explicitly_constructed.h google/protobuf/extension_set.h google/protobuf/
     →extension_set_inl.h google/protobuf/field_access_listener.h google/protobuf/field_mask.
     →pb.h google/protobuf/generated_enum_reflection.h google/protobuf/generated_enum_util.h_
     \neg google/protobuf/generated\_message\_bases.h \ google/protobuf/generated\_message\_reflection.
     →h google/protobuf/generated_message_tctable_decl.h google/protobuf/generated_message_
     →tctable_impl.h google/protobuf/generated_message_util.h google/protobuf/has_bits.h_
     →qoogle/protobuf/implicit_weak_message.h google/protobuf/inlined_string_field.h google/
     protobuf/map.h google/protobuf/map_entry.h google/protobuf/map_entry_lite.h google/
     →protobuf/map_field.h google/protobuf/map_field_inl.h google/protobuf/map_field_lite.h_
     →google/protobuf/map_type_handler.h google/protobuf/message.h google/protobuf/message_
     →lite.h google/protobuf/metadata.h google/protobuf/metadata_lite.h google/protobuf/
     -parse_context.h '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/
67
     ن js'
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/compiler/js/js_generator.h '/root/fangjun/
68
     →software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/js'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/
69
     -cpp '
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/compiler/cpp/cpp_file.h google/protobuf/
     -compiler/cpp/cpp_generator.h google/protobuf/compiler/cpp/cpp_helpers.h google/
     →protobuf/compiler/cpp/cpp_names.h '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/
     →google/protobuf/compiler/cpp'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/compiler/ruby/ruby_generator.h '/root/
72
     →fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/ruby'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/
     ⇒python'
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/compiler/python/python_generator.h google/
     →protobuf/compiler/python/python_pyi_generator.h '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.
     →1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/python'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/util'
```

```
/usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/util/delimited_message_util.h google/
76

-protobuf/util/field_comparator.h google/protobuf/util/field_mask_util.h google/

-protobuf/util/json_util.h google/protobuf/util/message_differencer.h google/protobuf/
     util/time_util.h google/protobuf/util/type_resolver.h google/protobuf/util/type_
     →resolver_util.h '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/util'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/io'
77
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/io/coded_stream.h google/protobuf/io/gzip_
     stream.h google/protobuf/io/io_win32.h google/protobuf/io/printer.h google/protobuf/io/
     strtod.h google/protobuf/io/tokenizer.h google/protobuf/io/zero_copy_stream.h google/
     protobuf/io/zero_copy_stream_impl.h google/protobuf/io/zero_copy_stream_impl_lite.h '/
     →root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/io'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/
79
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/compiler/csharp/csharp_doc_comment.h google/
80
     protobuf/compiler/csharp/csharp_generator.h google/protobuf/compiler/csharp/csharp_
     anames.h google/protobuf/compiler/csharp/csharp_options.h '/root/fangjun/software/
     →protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/csharp'
      /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/
81
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/compiler/php/php_generator.h '/root/fangjun/
82
     →software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/php'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/stubs'
83
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/stubs/bytestream.h google/protobuf/stubs/
     →callback.h google/protobuf/stubs/casts.h google/protobuf/stubs/common.h google/
     →protobuf/stubs/hash.h google/protobuf/stubs/logging.h google/protobuf/stubs/macros.h.
     →google/protobuf/stubs/map_util.h google/protobuf/stubs/mutex.h google/protobuf/stubs/
     →once.h google/protobuf/stubs/platform_macros.h google/protobuf/stubs/port.h google/
     →protobuf/stubs/status.h google/protobuf/stubs/stl_util.h google/protobuf/stubs/
     -stringpiece.h google/protobuf/stubs/strutil.h google/protobuf/stubs/template_util.h '/
     →root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/stubs'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/
85
     → java¹
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/compiler/java/java_generator.h google/
86
     protobuf/compiler/java/java_kotlin_generator.h google/protobuf/compiler/java/java_
     →names.h '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/java'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf'
87
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/port.h google/protobuf/port_def.inc google/
     protobuf/port_undef.inc google/protobuf/reflection.h google/protobuf/reflection_ops.h.
     →google/protobuf/repeated_field.h google/protobuf/repeated_ptr_field.h google/protobuf/
     -service.h google/protobuf/source_context.pb.h google/protobuf/struct.pb.h google/
     --protobuf/text_format.h google/protobuf/timestamp.pb.h google/protobuf/type.pb.h google/
     protobuf/unknown_field_set.h google/protobuf/wire_format.h google/protobuf/wire_format_
     →lite.h google/protobuf/wrappers.pb.h '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/
     -google/protobuf'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/
     →objectivec'
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/compiler/objectivec/objectivec_generator.h_
     →google/protobuf/compiler/objectivec/objectivec_helpers.h '/root/fangjun/software/
     →protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler/objectivec'
     /bin/mkdir -p '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler'
91
     /usr/bin/install -c -m 644 google/protobuf/compiler/code_generator.h google/protobuf/
     -compiler/command_line_interface.h google/protobuf/compiler/importer.h google/protobuf/
     →compiler/parser.h google/protobuf/compiler/plugin.h google/protobuf/compident/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugiaent/plugia
     →h '/root/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1/include/google/protobuf/compiler'
```

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```
make[2]: Leaving directory '/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/protocol-buffers/protobuf-3.

20.1/src'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/protocol-buffers/protobuf-3.

20.1/src'
```

Listing 2: ./code/tree-log.txt (Installed files)

```
2
   |-- bin
       `-- protoc
   |-- include
        `-- google
             -- protobuf
                |-- any.h
                |-- any.pb.h
                |-- any.proto
                |-- api.pb.h
10
                |-- api.proto
                |-- arena.h
12
                |-- arena_impl.h
13
                |-- arenastring.h
14
                |-- arenaz_sampler.h
                |-- compiler
                     |-- code_generator.h
17
                     |-- command_line_interface.h
                     |-- cpp
19
                         |-- cpp_file.h
                         |-- cpp_generator.h
21
                         |-- cpp_helpers.h
22
                         `-- cpp_names.h
23
                     |-- csharp
                         |-- csharp_doc_comment.h
25
                         |-- csharp_generator.h
                         |-- csharp_names.h
                         `-- csharp_options.h
28
                     |-- importer.h
29
                     |-- java
                         |-- java_generator.h
                     1
31
                         |-- java_kotlin_generator.h
32
                         `-- java_names.h
33
                     |-- js
                         `-- js_generator.h
                     |-- objectivec
36
                         |-- objectivec_generator.h
37
                         `-- objectivec_helpers.h
38
                     |-- parser.h
                     |-- php
40
                         `-- php_generator.h
                     |-- plugin.h
42.
                     |-- plugin.pb.h
                     |-- plugin.proto
44
                     |-- python
```

```
|-- python_generator.h
46
                         `-- python_pyi_generator.h
                     -- ruby
48
                         `-- ruby_generator.h
                |-- descriptor.h
                |-- descriptor.pb.h
51
                |-- descriptor.proto
52
                |-- descriptor_database.h
53
                |-- duration.pb.h
                |-- duration.proto
55
                |-- dynamic_message.h
                |-- empty.pb.h
57
                |-- empty.proto
                |-- explicitly_constructed.h
59
                |-- extension_set.h
                |-- extension set inl.h
61
                |-- field_access_listener.h
                |-- field_mask.pb.h
63
                |-- field_mask.proto
                |-- generated_enum_reflection.h
                |-- generated_enum_util.h
66
                |-- generated_message_bases.h
67
                |-- generated_message_reflection.h
68
                |-- generated_message_tctable_decl.h
                |-- generated_message_tctable_impl.h
70
                |-- generated_message_util.h
                |-- has_bits.h
72
                |-- implicit_weak_message.h
                |-- inlined_string_field.h
74
                |-- io
                    |-- coded_stream.h
76
                    |-- gzip_stream.h
                    |-- io_win32.h
78
                    |-- printer.h
                    |-- strtod.h
                    |-- tokenizer.h
81
                    |-- zero_copy_stream.h
82
                    |-- zero_copy_stream_impl.h
83
                    `-- zero_copy_stream_impl_lite.h
                |-- map.h
85
                |-- map_entry.h
                |-- map_entry_lite.h
87
                |-- map_field.h
                |-- map_field_inl.h
89
                |-- map_field_lite.h
                |-- map_type_handler.h
91
                |-- message.h
                |-- message_lite.h
93
                |-- metadata.h
                |-- metadata lite.h
                |-- parse_context.h
                |-- port.h
```

(continues on next page)

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```
|-- port_def.inc
                 |-- port_undef.inc
                 |-- reflection.h
100
                 |-- reflection_ops.h
101
                 |-- repeated_field.h
                 |-- repeated_ptr_field.h
103
                 |-- service.h
104
                 |-- source_context.pb.h
105
                 |-- source_context.proto
                 |-- struct.pb.h
107
                 |-- struct.proto
                 |-- stubs
109
                      |-- bytestream.h
                      |-- callback.h
111
                     |-- casts.h
                      |-- common.h
113
                      |-- hash.h
                      |-- logging.h
115
                      |-- macros.h
116
                      |-- map_util.h
117
                      |-- mutex.h
118
                      |-- once.h
119
                      |-- platform_macros.h
120
                      |-- port.h
                      |-- status.h
                      |-- stl_util.h
123
                      |-- stringpiece.h
124
                      |-- strutil.h
                      `-- template_util.h
126
                 |-- text_format.h
127
                 |-- timestamp.pb.h
128
                 |-- timestamp.proto
                 |-- type.pb.h
130
                 |-- type.proto
131
                 |-- unknown_field_set.h
132
                 |-- util
133
                      |-- delimited_message_util.h
134
                      |-- field_comparator.h
135
                      |-- field_mask_util.h
136
                      |-- json_util.h
137
                      |-- message_differencer.h
138
                      |-- time_util.h
139
                      |-- type_resolver.h
                      `-- type_resolver_util.h
141
                 |-- wire_format.h
142
                 |-- wire_format_lite.h
143
                 |-- wrappers.pb.h
                  `-- wrappers.proto
145
    |-- lib
        |-- libprotobuf-lite.a
147
        |-- libprotobuf-lite.la
148
        |-- libprotobuf-lite.so -> libprotobuf-lite.so.31.0.1
149
```

```
|-- libprotobuf-lite.so.31 -> libprotobuf-lite.so.31.0.1
150
        |-- libprotobuf-lite.so.31.0.1
151
        |-- libprotobuf.a
152
        |-- libprotobuf.la
153
        |-- libprotobuf.so -> libprotobuf.so.31.0.1
        |-- libprotobuf.so.31 -> libprotobuf.so.31.0.1
155
        |-- libprotobuf.so.31.0.1
156
        |-- libprotoc.a
157
        |-- libprotoc.la
        |-- libprotoc.so -> libprotoc.so.31.0.1
159
        |-- libprotoc.so.31 -> libprotoc.so.31.0.1
        |-- libprotoc.so.31.0.1
161
        `-- pkgconfig
            |-- protobuf-lite.pc
163
             `-- protobuf.pc
    `-- tree-log.txt
165
   18 directories, 146 files
167
```

15.1.2 Install with cmake

```
make protocol-buffers
cd protocol-buffers
wget https://github.com/protocolbuffers/protobuf/releases/download/v3.20.1/protobuf-all-
3.20.1.tar.gz
tar xvf protobuf-all-3.20.1.tar.gz
cd protobuf-all-3.20.1
mkdir my-build
cd my-build
cd my-build
cmake -Dprotobuf_BUILD_SHARED_LIBS=ON -DCMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/
→protobuf-3.20.1-cmake/ ../cmake 2>&1 | tee cmake-configure-shared-lib.log
make -j10 2>&1 | tee make-shared.log
make install 2>&1 | tee make-shared-install.log

cd $HOME/software/protobuf-3.20.1-cmake
tree . > tree-cmake-log.txt
```

15.2 Hello

15.2.1 hello.proto

See

- https://developers.google.com/protocol-buffers/docs/cpptutorial
- https://developers.google.com/protocol-buffers/docs/pythontutorial

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Listing 3: ./code/hello.proto

```
syntax = "proto2";
   package tutorial;
   // available types:
   // bool, int32, float, double, string
   message Person {
     optional string name = 1;
     optional int32 id = 2;
     optional string email = 3;
10
     enum PhoneType {
12
       MOBILE = 0;
13
       HOME = 1;
14
       WORK = 2;
15
16
17
     message PhoneNumber {
18
       optional string number = 1;
19
       optional PhoneType type = 2 [ default = HOME ];
20
21
22
     repeated PhoneNumber phones = 4;
23
   }
24
25
   message AddressBook { repeated Person people = 1; }
```

15.2.2 makefile

Listing 4: ./code/Makefile

15.2.3 hello.pb.h

Listing 5: ./code/hello.pb.h

```
// Generated by the protocol buffer compiler. DO NOT EDIT!
   // source: hello.proto
   #ifndef GOOGLE_PROTOBUF_INCLUDED_hello_2eproto
   #define GOOGLE_PROTOBUF_INCLUDED_hello_2eproto
   #include <limits>
   #include <string>
   #include <google/protobuf/port_def.inc>
10
   #if PROTOBUF_VERSION < 3020000
   #error This file was generated by a newer version of protoc which is
12
   #error incompatible with your Protocol Buffer headers. Please update
   #error your headers.
   #endif
   #if 3020001 < PROTOBUF_MIN_PROTOC_VERSION
   #error This file was generated by an older version of protoc which is
   #error incompatible with your Protocol Buffer headers. Please
   #error regenerate this file with a newer version of protoc.
   #endif
20
   #include <google/protobuf/port_undef.inc>
22
   #include <google/protobuf/io/coded_stream.h>
23
   #include <google/protobuf/arena.h>
   #include <google/protobuf/arenastring.h>
25
   #include <google/protobuf/generated_message_util.h>
   #include <google/protobuf/metadata_lite.h>
27
   #include <google/protobuf/generated_message_reflection.h>
   #include <google/protobuf/message.h>
   #include <google/protobuf/repeated_field.h> // IWYU pragma: export
   #include <google/protobuf/extension_set.h> // IWYU pragma: export
   #include <google/protobuf/generated_enum_reflection.h>
```

(continues on next page)

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```
#include <google/protobuf/unknown_field_set.h>
33
   // @@protoc_insertion_point(includes)
   #include <google/protobuf/port_def.inc>
   #define PROTOBUF_INTERNAL_EXPORT_hello_2eproto
   PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_OPEN
   namespace internal {
   class AnyMetadata;
   } // namespace internal
40
   PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_CLOSE
42.
   // Internal implementation detail -- do not use these members.
   struct TableStruct_hello_2eproto {
44
     static const uint32_t offsets[];
   };
46
   extern const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::DescriptorTable descriptor_table_hello_
   →2eproto:
   namespace tutorial {
   class AddressBook:
   struct AddressBookDefaultTypeInternal;
   extern AddressBookDefaultTypeInternal _AddressBook_default_instance_;
   class Person:
   struct PersonDefaultTypeInternal;
53
   extern PersonDefaultTypeInternal _Person_default_instance_;
   class Person_PhoneNumber;
   struct Person_PhoneNumberDefaultTypeInternal;
   extern Person_PhoneNumberDefaultTypeInternal _Person_PhoneNumber_default_instance_;
   } // namespace tutorial
   PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_OPEN
   template<> ::tutorial::AddressBook* Arena::CreateMaybeMessage<::tutorial::AddressBook>
60
   template<> ::tutorial::Person* Arena::CreateMaybeMessage<::tutorial::Person>(Arena*);
61
   template<> ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber* Arena::CreateMaybeMessage<::tutorial::Person_</pre>
   →PhoneNumber>(Arena*):
   PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_CLOSE
   namespace tutorial {
   enum Person_PhoneType : int {
66
     Person_PhoneType_MOBILE = 0.
67
     Person_PhoneType_HOME = 1,
     Person_PhoneType_WORK = 2
   };
   bool Person_PhoneType_IsValid(int value);
71
   constexpr Person_PhoneType Person_PhoneType_PhoneType_MIN = Person_PhoneType_MOBILE;
   constexpr Person_PhoneType Person_PhoneType_PhoneType_MAX = Person_PhoneType_WORK;
73
   constexpr int Person_PhoneType_PhoneType_ARRAYSIZE = Person_PhoneType_PhoneType_MAX + 1;
75
   const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::EnumDescriptor* Person_PhoneType_descriptor();
   template<typename T>
77
   inline const std::string& Person_PhoneType_Name(T enum_t_value) {
     static_assert(::std::is_same<T, Person_PhoneType>::value ||
79
       ::std::is_integral<T>::value,
80
       "Incorrect type passed to function Person_PhoneType_Name.");
81
```

```
return ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::NameOfEnum(
82
       Person_PhoneType_descriptor(), enum_t_value);
83
84
   inline bool Person_PhoneType_Parse(
85
        ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::ConstStringParam name, Person_PhoneType* value) {
     return ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ParseNamedEnum<Person_PhoneType>(
87
       Person_PhoneType_descriptor(), name, value);
91
   class Person_PhoneNumber final :
92
       public ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message /* @@protoc_insertion_point(class_
    →definition:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber) */ {
     inline Person_PhoneNumber() : Person_PhoneNumber(nullptr) {}
     ~Person PhoneNumber() override:
     explicit PROTOBUF_CONSTEXPR Person_PhoneNumber(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_

→ID::internal::ConstantInitialized);
     Person_PhoneNumber(const Person_PhoneNumber& from);
     Person_PhoneNumber(Person_PhoneNumber&& from) noexcept
100
        : Person_PhoneNumber() {
101
        *this = ::std::move(from);
102
     }
104
     inline Person_PhoneNumber& operator=(const Person_PhoneNumber& from) {
       CopyFrom(from);
106
       return *this;
108
     inline Person_PhoneNumber& operator=(Person_PhoneNumber&& from) noexcept {
       if (this == &from) return *this;
110
       if (GetOwningArena() == from.GetOwningArena()
      #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_MOVE
112
            && GetOwningArena() != nullptr
113
     #endif // !PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_MOVE
114
       ) {
115
          InternalSwap(&from);
116
        } else {
117
          CopyFrom(from);
        }
119
       return *this;
120
121
     inline const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet& unknown_fields() const {
123
       return _internal_metadata_.unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>
124
    →(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet::default_instance);
125
     inline ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet* mutable_unknown_fields() {
126
       return _internal_metadata_.mutable_unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_</pre>
    →ID::UnknownFieldSet>():
     }
128
129
```

(continues on next page)

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```
static const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Descriptor* descriptor() {
130
       return GetDescriptor();
131
132
     static const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Descriptor* GetDescriptor() {
133
       return default_instance().GetMetadata().descriptor;
134
135
     static const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Reflection* GetReflection() {
136
       return default_instance().GetMetadata().reflection;
137
     static const Person_PhoneNumber& default_instance() {
139
       return *internal_default_instance();
140
141
     static inline const Person_PhoneNumber* internal_default_instance() {
       return reinterpret_cast<const Person_PhoneNumber*>(
143
                   &_Person_PhoneNumber_default_instance_);
145
     static constexpr int kIndexInFileMessages =
       0;
147
148
     friend void swap(Person_PhoneNumber& a, Person_PhoneNumber& b) {
149
        a.Swap(&b);
150
151
     inline void Swap(Person_PhoneNumber* other) {
152
       if (other == this) return;
      #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_SWAP
154
       if (GetOwningArena() != nullptr &&
            GetOwningArena() == other->GetOwningArena()) {
156
       #else // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_SWAP
        if (GetOwningArena() == other->GetOwningArena()) {
158
      #endif // !PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_SWAP
159
          InternalSwap(other);
160
        } else {
          ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::GenericSwap(this, other);
162
       }
     }
     void UnsafeArenaSwap(Person_PhoneNumber* other) {
165
        if (other == this) return;
166
       GOOGLE_DCHECK(GetOwningArena() == other->GetOwningArena());
167
        InternalSwap(other);
     }
169
170
     // implements Message -----
171
     Person_PhoneNumber* New(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena* arena = nullptr) const final {
173
       return CreateMaybeMessage<Person_PhoneNumber>(arena);
174
175
     using ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::CopyFrom;
     void CopyFrom(const Person_PhoneNumber& from);
177
     using ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::MergeFrom;
     void MergeFrom(const Person_PhoneNumber& from);
179
     private:
180
     static void MergeImpl(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message* to, const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
    →ID::Message& from);
                                                                                   (continues on next page)
```

```
public:
182
     PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_REINITIALIZES void Clear() final;
183
     bool IsInitialized() const final;
184
185
     size_t ByteSizeLong() const final;
186
     const char* _InternalParse(const char* ptr, ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
187
    →ID::internal::ParseContext* ctx) final;
     uint8_t* _InternalSerialize(
188
         uint8_t* target, ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::io::EpsCopyOutputStream* stream) const_
     int GetCachedSize() const final { return _cached_size_.Get(); }
190
191
     private:
192
     void SharedCtor();
193
     void SharedDtor();
     void SetCachedSize(int size) const final;
195
     void InternalSwap(Person_PhoneNumber* other);
197
     private:
198
     friend class ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::AnyMetadata;
     static ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::StringPiece FullMessageName() {
200
       return "tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber";
201
     }
202
     protected:
     explicit Person_PhoneNumber(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena* arena,
204
                           bool is_message_owned = false);
     public:
206
     static const ClassData _class_data_;
208
     const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::ClassData*GetClassData() const final;
210
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Metadata GetMetadata() const final;
212
     // nested types ------
213
214
     // accessors ------
215
216
     enum : int {
217
       kNumberFieldNumber = 1.
218
       kTypeFieldNumber = 2,
219
     };
220
     // optional string number = 1;
221
     bool has_number() const;
223
     bool _internal_has_number() const;
224
     public:
225
     void clear_number();
     const std::string& number() const;
227
     template <typename ArgT0 = const std::string&, typename... ArgT>
     void set_number(ArgT0&& arg0, ArgT... args);
229
     std::string* mutable_number();
     PROTOBUF_NODISCARD std::string* release_number();
231
```

(continues on next page)

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```
void set_allocated_number(std::string* number);
232
      private:
233
      const std::string& _internal_number() const;
234
      inline PROTOBUF_ALWAYS_INLINE void _internal_set_number(const std::string& value);
235
      std::string* _internal_mutable_number();
236
      public:
237
238
      // optional .tutorial.Person.PhoneType type = 2 [default = HOME];
239
      bool has_type() const;
      private:
241
      bool _internal_has_type() const;
242
      public:
243
      void clear_type();
      ::tutorial::Person_PhoneType type() const;
245
      void set_type(::tutorial::Person_PhoneType value);
247
      ::tutorial::Person_PhoneType _internal_type() const;
      void _internal_set_type(::tutorial::Person_PhoneType value);
249
      public:
250
251
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(class_scope:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber)
252
    private:
253
      class _Internal;
254
      template <typename T> friend class ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena::InternalHelper;
256
      typedef void InternalArenaConstructable_;
257
      typedef void DestructorSkippable_;
258
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::HasBits<1> _has_bits_;
      mutable ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::CachedSize _cached_size_;
260
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ArenaStringPtr number_;
      int type_;
262
      friend struct ::TableStruct_hello_2eproto;
    };
264
    class Person final:
267
        public ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message /* @@protoc_insertion_point(class_
268
    →definition:tutorial.Person) */ {
    public:
269
      inline Person() : Person(nullptr) {}
270
      ~Person() override;
271
      explicit PROTOBUF_CONSTEXPR Person(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
272
    →ID::internal::ConstantInitialized);
273
      Person(const Person& from);
274
      Person(Person&& from) noexcept
275
        : Person() {
        *this = ::std::move(from);
277
279
      inline Person& operator=(const Person& from) {
280
        CopyFrom(from);
281
```

```
return *this;
282
283
      inline Person& operator=(Person&& from) noexcept {
284
        if (this == &from) return *this;
285
        if (GetOwningArena() == from.GetOwningArena()
      #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_MOVE
287
            && GetOwningArena() != nullptr
288
      #endif // !PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_MOVE
289
        ) {
          InternalSwap(&from);
291
        } else {
292
          CopyFrom(from);
293
        }
        return *this;
295
      }
297
      inline const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet& unknown_fields() const {
        return _internal_metadata_.unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>
299
    →(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet::default_instance);
      }
300
      inline ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet* mutable_unknown_fields() {
301
        return _internal_metadata_.mutable_unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
302
    →ID::UnknownFieldSet>();
      }
304
      static const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Descriptor* descriptor() {
        return GetDescriptor();
      static const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Descriptor* GetDescriptor() {
308
        return default_instance().GetMetadata().descriptor;
310
      static const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Reflection* GetReflection() {
        return default_instance().GetMetadata().reflection;
312
313
      static const Person& default_instance() {
314
        return *internal_default_instance();
315
316
      static inline const Person* internal_default_instance() {
317
        return reinterpret_cast<const Person*>(
318
                   &_Person_default_instance_);
319
320
      static constexpr int kIndexInFileMessages =
321
        1;
323
      friend void swap(Person& a, Person& b) {
324
        a.Swap(&b);
325
      inline void Swap(Person* other) {
327
        if (other == this) return;
      #ifdef PROTOBUF FORCE COPY IN SWAP
329
        if (GetOwningArena() != nullptr &&
330
            GetOwningArena() == other->GetOwningArena()) {
331
```

(continues on next page)

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```
#else // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_SWAP
332
        if (GetOwningArena() == other->GetOwningArena()) {
333
      #endif // !PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_SWAP
334
          InternalSwap(other);
335
        } else {
          ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::GenericSwap(this, other);
337
        }
338
     }
339
     void UnsafeArenaSwap(Person* other) {
       if (other == this) return;
341
       GOOGLE_DCHECK(GetOwningArena() == other->GetOwningArena());
342
        InternalSwap(other);
343
     }
345
     // implements Message ------
347
     Person* New(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena* arena = nullptr) const final {
348
       return CreateMaybeMessage<Person>(arena);
349
     }
350
     using ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::CopyFrom;
351
     void CopyFrom(const Person& from);
352
     using ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::MergeFrom;
353
     void MergeFrom(const Person& from);
354
     private:
     static void MergeImpl(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message* to, const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
356
    →ID::Message& from);
     public:
357
     PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_REINITIALIZES void Clear() final;
358
     bool IsInitialized() const final;
359
     size_t ByteSizeLong() const final;
361
     const char* _InternalParse(const char* ptr, ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
    →ID::internal::ParseContext* ctx) final;
     uint8_t* _InternalSerialize(
          uint8_t* target, ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::io::EpsCopyOutputStream* stream) const_
    →final:
     int GetCachedSize() const final { return _cached_size_.Get(); }
365
366
     private:
     void SharedCtor();
368
     void SharedDtor();
     void SetCachedSize(int size) const final;
370
     void InternalSwap(Person* other);
372
     private:
373
     friend class ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::AnyMetadata;
374
     static ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::StringPiece FullMessageName() {
       return "tutorial.Person";
376
     }
     protected:
378
     explicit Person(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena* arena,
379
                           bool is_message_owned = false);
380
```

```
public:
381
382
      static const ClassData _class_data_;
383
      const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::ClassData*GetClassData() const final;
384
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Metadata GetMetadata() const final;
386
387
      // nested types -----
388
      typedef Person_PhoneNumber PhoneNumber;
390
391
      typedef Person_PhoneType PhoneType;
392
      static constexpr PhoneType MOBILE =
        Person_PhoneType_MOBILE;
394
      static constexpr PhoneType HOME =
        Person_PhoneType_HOME;
      static constexpr PhoneType WORK =
        Person_PhoneType_WORK;
398
      static inline bool PhoneType_IsValid(int value) {
399
        return Person_PhoneType_IsValid(value);
400
401
      static constexpr PhoneType PhoneType_MIN =
402
        Person_PhoneType_PhoneType_MIN;
403
      static constexpr PhoneType PhoneType_MAX =
        Person_PhoneType_PhoneType_MAX;
405
      static constexpr int PhoneType_ARRAYSIZE =
        Person_PhoneType_PhoneType_ARRAYSIZE;
407
      static inline const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::EnumDescriptor*
      PhoneType_descriptor() {
409
        return Person_PhoneType_descriptor();
410
      }
411
      template<typename T>
      static inline const std::string& PhoneType_Name(T enum_t_value) {
413
        static_assert(::std::is_same<T, PhoneType>::value ||
414
          ::std::is_integral<T>::value,
415
          "Incorrect type passed to function PhoneType_Name.");
416
        return Person_PhoneType_Name(enum_t_value);
417
418
      static inline bool PhoneType_Parse(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::ConstStringParam name,
419
          PhoneType* value) {
420
        return Person_PhoneType_Parse(name, value);
421
422
423
      // accessors ------
424
425
      enum : int {
426
        kPhonesFieldNumber = 4,
        kNameFieldNumber = 1,
428
        kEmailFieldNumber = 3,
        kIdFieldNumber = 2.
430
431
      // repeated .tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber phones = 4;
```

(continues on next page)

15.2. Hello 135

```
int phones_size() const;
433
      private:
434
      int _internal_phones_size() const;
435
      public:
436
      void clear_phones();
      ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber* mutable_phones(int index);
438
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::RepeatedPtrField< ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber >*
439
          mutable_phones();
440
      private:
      const ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber& _internal_phones(int index) const;
442
      ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber* _internal_add_phones();
443
444
      const ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber& phones(int index) const;
      ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber* add_phones();
446
      const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::RepeatedPtrField< ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber >&
          phones() const;
448
      // optional string name = 1;
450
      bool has_name() const;
451
      private:
452
      bool _internal_has_name() const;
      public:
454
      void clear_name();
455
      const std::string& name() const;
      template <typename ArgT0 = const std::string&, typename... ArgT>
457
      void set_name(ArgT0&& arg0, ArgT... args);
      std::string* mutable_name();
459
      PROTOBUF_NODISCARD std::string* release_name();
      void set_allocated_name(std::string* name);
461
      private:
      const std::string& _internal_name() const;
      inline PROTOBUF_ALWAYS_INLINE void _internal_set_name(const std::string& value);
      std::string* _internal_mutable_name();
465
      public:
      // optional string email = 3;
      bool has_email() const;
469
      private:
470
      bool _internal_has_email() const;
471
      public:
472
      void clear_email();
473
      const std::string& email() const;
474
      template <typename ArgT0 = const std::string&, typename... ArgT>
      void set_email(ArgT0&& arg0, ArgT... args);
476
      std::string* mutable_email();
477
      PROTOBUF_NODISCARD std::string* release_email();
478
      void set_allocated_email(std::string* email);
      private:
480
      const std::string& _internal_email() const;
      inline PROTOBUF_ALWAYS_INLINE void _internal_set_email(const std::string& value);
482
      std::string* _internal_mutable_email();
      public:
484
```

```
485
      // optional int32 id = 2;
486
      bool has_id() const;
487
      private:
488
      bool _internal_has_id() const;
      public:
490
      void clear_id();
491
      int32_t id() const;
492
      void set_id(int32_t value);
      private:
494
      int32_t _internal_id() const;
495
      void _internal_set_id(int32_t value);
496
      public:
498
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(class_scope:tutorial.Person)
    private:
500
      class _Internal;
502
      template <typename T> friend class ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena::InternalHelper;
503
      typedef void InternalArenaConstructable_;
      typedef void DestructorSkippable_;
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::HasBits<1> _has_bits_;
506
      mutable ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::CachedSize _cached_size_;
507
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::RepeatedPtrField< ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber > phones_;
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ArenaStringPtr name_;
509
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ArenaStringPtr email_;
510
      int32_t id_;
511
      friend struct ::TableStruct_hello_2eproto;
512
513
514
515
    class AddressBook final :
        public ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message /* @@protoc_insertion_point(class_
517
    →definition:tutorial.AddressBook) */ {
    public:
518
      inline AddressBook() : AddressBook(nullptr) {}
519
      ~AddressBook() override:
520
      explicit PROTOBUF_CONSTEXPR AddressBook(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
521
    →ID::internal::ConstantInitialized);
522
      AddressBook(const AddressBook& from);
523
      AddressBook(AddressBook&& from) noexcept
524
        : AddressBook() {
        *this = ::std::move(from);
526
527
528
      inline AddressBook& operator=(const AddressBook& from) {
        CopyFrom(from);
530
        return *this;
532
      inline AddressBook& operator=(AddressBook&& from) noexcept {
533
        if (this == &from) return *this;
534
```

(continues on next page)

```
if (GetOwningArena() == from.GetOwningArena()
535
      #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_MOVE
536
            && GetOwningArena() != nullptr
537
      #endif // !PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_MOVE
538
          InternalSwap(&from);
540
        } else {
541
          CopyFrom(from);
542
        }
        return *this:
544
545
546
      inline const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet& unknown_fields() const {
        return _internal_metadata_.unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>
548
    -- (::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet::default_instance);
549
      inline ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet* mutable_unknown_fields() {
        return _internal_metadata_.mutable_unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_</pre>
551
    →ID::UnknownFieldSet>();
      }
552
553
      static const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Descriptor* descriptor() {
554
        return GetDescriptor();
555
      }
      static const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Descriptor* GetDescriptor() {
557
        return default_instance().GetMetadata().descriptor;
559
      static const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Reflection* GetReflection() {
        return default_instance().GetMetadata().reflection;
561
      static const AddressBook& default_instance() {
        return *internal_default_instance();
565
      static inline const AddressBook* internal_default_instance() {
        return reinterpret_cast<const AddressBook*>(
                    &_AddressBook_default_instance_);
569
      static constexpr int kIndexInFileMessages =
570
        2:
572
      friend void swap(AddressBook& a, AddressBook& b) {
573
        a.Swap(&b);
574
      }
      inline void Swap(AddressBook* other) {
576
        if (other == this) return;
577
      #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_SWAP
578
        if (GetOwningArena() != nullptr &&
            GetOwningArena() == other->GetOwningArena()) {
580
       #else // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_SWAP
        if (GetOwningArena() == other->GetOwningArena()) {
582
      #endif // !PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_IN_SWAP
583
          InternalSwap(other);
584
```

```
} else {
585
          ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::GenericSwap(this, other);
586
       }
587
     }
588
     void UnsafeArenaSwap(AddressBook* other) {
        if (other == this) return;
590
       GOOGLE_DCHECK(GetOwningArena() == other->GetOwningArena());
591
        InternalSwap(other);
592
     }
594
     // implements Message ------
595
596
     AddressBook* New(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena* arena = nullptr) const final {
       return CreateMaybeMessage<AddressBook>(arena);
598
     }
     using ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::CopyFrom;
     void CopyFrom(const AddressBook& from);
     using ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::MergeFrom;
602
     void MergeFrom(const AddressBook& from);
603
     private:
     static void MergeImpl(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message* to, const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
    →ID::Message& from);
     public:
606
     PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_REINITIALIZES void Clear() final;
     bool IsInitialized() const final;
608
     size_t ByteSizeLong() const final;
610
     const char* _InternalParse(const char* ptr, ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
    →ID::internal::ParseContext* ctx) final;
     uint8_t* _InternalSerialize(
612
          uint8_t* target, ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::io::EpsCopyOutputStream* stream) const_
613
    →final:
     int GetCachedSize() const final { return _cached_size_.Get(); }
614
615
     private:
616
     void SharedCtor();
     void SharedDtor();
618
     void SetCachedSize(int size) const final;
619
     void InternalSwap(AddressBook* other);
621
     private:
622
     friend class ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::AnyMetadata;
623
     static ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::StringPiece FullMessageName() {
       return "tutorial.AddressBook";
625
626
627
     explicit AddressBook(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena* arena,
                           bool is_message_owned = false);
629
     public:
631
     static const ClassData _class_data_;
632
     const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::ClassData*GetClassData() const final;
633
```

(continues on next page)

```
634
     ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Metadata GetMetadata() const final;
635
636
     // nested types ------
637
     // accessors -----
639
640
     enum : int {
641
       kPeopleFieldNumber = 1,
     }:
643
     // repeated .tutorial.Person people = 1;
     int people_size() const;
645
     private:
     int _internal_people_size() const;
647
     public:
     void clear_people();
649
     ::tutorial::Person* mutable_people(int index);
     ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::RepeatedPtrField< ::tutorial::Person >*
651
         mutable_people();
652
     private:
653
     const ::tutorial::Person& _internal_people(int index) const;
654
     ::tutorial::Person* _internal_add_people();
655
656
     const ::tutorial::Person& people(int index) const;
     ::tutorial::Person* add_people();
658
     const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::RepeatedPtrField< ::tutorial::Person >&
         people() const;
660
     // @@protoc_insertion_point(class_scope:tutorial.AddressBook)
662
    private:
     class _Internal;
664
     template <typename T> friend class ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena::InternalHelper;
666
     typedef void InternalArenaConstructable_;
     typedef void DestructorSkippable_;
668
     ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::RepeatedPtrField< ::tutorial::Person > people_;
     mutable ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::CachedSize _cached_size_;
670
     friend struct ::TableStruct_hello_2eproto;
671
   };
672
673
674
675
   677
   #ifdef __GNUC__
678
     #pragma GCC diagnostic push
679
     #pragma GCC diagnostic ignored "-Wstrict-aliasing"
   #endif // __GNUC__
681
   // Person_PhoneNumber
683
   // optional string number = 1;
   inline bool Person_PhoneNumber::_internal_has_number() const {
```

```
bool value = (_has_bits_[0] & 0x00000001u) != 0;
686
      return value;
687
688
   inline bool Person_PhoneNumber::has_number() const {
689
      return _internal_has_number();
691
   inline void Person_PhoneNumber::clear_number() {
692
      number_.ClearToEmpty();
      _has_bits_[0] &= \sim 0 \times 000000001u;
695
   inline const std::string& Person_PhoneNumber::number() const {
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_get:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber.number)
697
      return _internal_number();
699
   template <typename ArgT0, typename... ArgT>
   inline PROTOBUF ALWAYS INLINE
   void Person_PhoneNumber::set_number(ArgT0&& arg0, ArgT... args) {
     _has_bits_[0] |= 0x00000001u;
703
    number_.Set(static_cast<ArgT0 &&>(arg0), args..., GetArenaForAllocation());
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_set:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber.number)
706
   inline std::string* Person_PhoneNumber::mutable_number() {
707
      std::string* _s = _internal_mutable_number();
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_mutable:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber.number)
      return _s;
710
711
   inline const std::string& Person_PhoneNumber::_internal_number() const {
712
      return number_.Get();
714
   inline void Person_PhoneNumber::_internal_set_number(const std::string& value) {
715
      has_bits_[0] = 0x00000001u;
716
      number_.Set(value, GetArenaForAllocation());
718
   inline std::string* Person_PhoneNumber::_internal_mutable_number() {
719
      _has_bits_[0] |= 0x00000001u;
720
      return number_.Mutable(GetArenaForAllocation());
721
722
    inline std::string* Person_PhoneNumber::release_number() {
723
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_release:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber.number)
      if (!_internal_has_number()) {
725
        return nullptr;
726
727
      _has_bits_[0] &= ~0x00000001u;
      auto* p = number_.Release();
729
    #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
730
      if (number_.IsDefault()) {
731
        number_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
733
    #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
     return p;
735
   inline void Person_PhoneNumber::set_allocated_number(std::string* number) {
```

(continues on next page)

```
if (number != nullptr) {
738
        _has_bits_[0] |= 0x00000001u;
739
      } else {
740
        _has_bits_[0] &= \sim 0 \times 000000001u;
741
742
      number_.SetAllocated(number, GetArenaForAllocation());
743
    #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
744
      if (number_.IsDefault()) {
745
        number_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
747
    #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_set_allocated:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber.number)
749
    }
751
    // optional .tutorial.Person.PhoneType type = 2 [default = HOME];
    inline bool Person_PhoneNumber::_internal_has_type() const {
753
      bool value = (_has_bits_[0] & 0x00000002u) != 0;
      return value;
755
756
    inline bool Person_PhoneNumber::has_type() const {
757
      return _internal_has_type();
758
759
    inline void Person_PhoneNumber::clear_type() {
760
      type_{-} = 1;
      _has_bits_[0] &= ~0x00000002u;
762
    inline ::tutorial::Person_PhoneType Person_PhoneNumber::_internal_type() const {
764
      return static_cast< ::tutorial::Person_PhoneType >(type_);
766
    inline ::tutorial::Person_PhoneType Person_PhoneNumber::type() const {
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_get:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber.type)
768
      return _internal_type();
770
    inline void Person_PhoneNumber::_internal_set_type(::tutorial::Person_PhoneType value) {
771
      assert(::tutorial::Person_PhoneType_IsValid(value));
772
      has_bits_[0] = 0x00000002u;
      type_ = value;
774
775
    inline void Person_PhoneNumber::set_type(::tutorial::Person_PhoneType value) {
776
      _internal_set_type(value);
777
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_set:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber.type)
779
781
782
    // Person
783
    // optional string name = 1;
785
    inline bool Person::_internal_has_name() const {
      bool value = (_has_bits_[0] & 0x00000001u) != 0;
787
      return value;
788
   }
789
```

```
inline bool Person::has_name() const {
      return _internal_has_name();
791
792
    inline void Person::clear_name() {
793
      name_.ClearToEmpty();
      _has_bits_[0] &= \sim 0 \times 000000001u;
795
    inline const std::string& Person::name() const {
797
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_get:tutorial.Person.name)
      return _internal_name();
    template <typename ArgT0, typename... ArgT>
801
    inline PROTOBUF_ALWAYS_INLINE
    void Person::set_name(ArgT0&& arg0, ArgT... args) {
803
    has_bits_[0] = 0x00000001u;
    name_.Set(static_cast<ArgT0 &&>(arg0), args..., GetArenaForAllocation());
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_set:tutorial.Person.name)
807
    inline std::string* Person::mutable_name() {
      std::string* _s = _internal_mutable_name();
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_mutable:tutorial.Person.name)
810
      return _s;
811
812
    inline const std::string& Person::_internal_name() const {
      return name_.Get();
814
    inline void Person::_internal_set_name(const std::string& value) {
816
      has_bits_[0] = 0x00000001u;
      name_.Set(value, GetArenaForAllocation());
818
    inline std::string* Person::_internal_mutable_name() {
820
      has_bits_[0] = 0x00000001u;
      return name_.Mutable(GetArenaForAllocation());
822
823
    inline std::string* Person::release_name() {
824
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_release:tutorial.Person.name)
      if (!_internal_has_name()) {
826
        return nullptr:
827
      }
828
      _has_bits_[0] &= \sim 0 \times 000000001u;
829
      auto* p = name_.Release();
830
    #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
831
      if (name_.IsDefault()) {
        name_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
833
834
    #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
835
      return p;
837
    inline void Person::set_allocated_name(std::string* name) {
      if (name != nullptr) {
839
        _has_bits_[0] |= 0x00000001u;
      } else {
841
```

(continues on next page)

```
_has_bits_[0] &= \sim 0 \times 000000001u;
842
843
      name_.SetAllocated(name, GetArenaForAllocation());
844
    #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
845
      if (name_.IsDefault()) {
846
        name_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
847
848
    #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
849
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_set_allocated:tutorial.Person.name)
851
852
    // optional int32 id = 2;
853
    inline bool Person::_internal_has_id() const {
      bool value = (_has_bits_[0] & 0x00000004u) != 0;
855
      return value;
857
    inline bool Person::has_id() const {
      return _internal_has_id();
859
    inline void Person::clear_id() {
      id_{\underline{}} = 0;
      _has_bits_[0] &= ~0x00000004u;
863
    inline int32_t Person::_internal_id() const {
      return id_;
866
    inline int32_t Person::id() const {
868
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_get:tutorial.Person.id)
      return _internal_id();
870
871
    inline void Person::_internal_set_id(int32_t value) {
872
      has_bits_[0] = 0x00000004u;
      id_ = value;
874
875
    inline void Person::set_id(int32_t value) {
876
      _internal_set_id(value);
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_set:tutorial.Person.id)
878
879
880
    // optional string email = 3;
881
    inline bool Person::_internal_has_email() const {
882
      bool value = (_has_bits_[0] & 0x00000002u) != 0;
883
      return value;
885
    inline bool Person::has_email() const {
886
      return _internal_has_email();
887
    inline void Person::clear_email() {
889
      email_.ClearToEmpty();
      _has_bits_[0] &= ~0x00000002u;
891
    inline const std::string& Person::email() const {
893
```

```
// @@protoc_insertion_point(field_get:tutorial.Person.email)
894
      return _internal_email();
895
896
    template <typename ArgT0, typename... ArgT>
897
    inline PROTOBUF_ALWAYS_INLINE
    void Person::set_email(ArgT0&& arg0, ArgT... args) {
     has_bits_[0] = 0x00000002u;
     email_.Set(static_cast<ArgT0 &&>(arg0), args..., GetArenaForAllocation());
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_set:tutorial.Person.email)
903
   inline std::string* Person::mutable_email() {
      std::string* _s = _internal_mutable_email();
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_mutable:tutorial.Person.email)
      return _s;
907
   }
   inline const std::string& Person::_internal_email() const {
      return email_.Get();
911
   inline void Person::_internal_set_email(const std::string& value) {
912
      has_bits_[0] = 0x00000002u;
913
      email_.Set(value, GetArenaForAllocation());
914
915
   inline std::string* Person::_internal_mutable_email() {
916
      has_bits_[0] = 0x00000002u;
      return email_.Mutable(GetArenaForAllocation());
918
    inline std::string* Person::release_email() {
920
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_release:tutorial.Person.email)
      if (!_internal_has_email()) {
922
        return nullptr;
923
924
      _has_bits_[0] &= ~0x00000002u;
      auto* p = email_.Release();
926
    #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
927
      if (email_.IsDefault()) {
928
        email_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
930
    #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
931
     return p;
932
933
   inline void Person::set_allocated_email(std::string* email) {
934
      if (email != nullptr) {
935
        has_bits_[0] = 0x00000002u;
      } else {
937
        _has_bits_[0] &= \sim 0 \times 000000002u;
938
939
      email_.SetAllocated(email, GetArenaForAllocation());
    #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
941
      if (email_.IsDefault()) {
        email_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
943
   #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
```

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```
// @@protoc_insertion_point(field_set_allocated:tutorial.Person.email)
946
947
948
    // repeated .tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber phones = 4;
949
   inline int Person::_internal_phones_size() const {
      return phones_.size();
951
952
    inline int Person::phones_size() const {
953
      return _internal_phones_size();
955
   inline void Person::clear_phones() {
956
      phones_.Clear();
957
   inline ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber* Person::mutable_phones(int index) {
959
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_mutable:tutorial.Person.phones)
      return phones_.Mutable(index);
   inline ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::RepeatedPtrField< ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber >*
963
   Person::mutable_phones() {
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_mutable_list:tutorial.Person.phones)
      return &phones_;
966
967
   inline const ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber& Person::_internal_phones(int index) const {
      return phones_.Get(index);
970
   inline const ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber& Person::phones(int index) const {
971
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_get:tutorial.Person.phones)
972
      return _internal_phones(index);
974
   inline ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber* Person::_internal_add_phones() {
975
      return phones_.Add();
976
   inline ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber* Person::add_phones() {
978
      ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber* _add = _internal_add_phones();
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_add:tutorial.Person.phones)
980
      return _add;
981
982
   inline const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::RepeatedPtrField< ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber >&
983
   Person::phones() const {
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_list:tutorial.Person.phones)
985
      return phones_;
   }
987
989
    // AddressBook
991
    // repeated .tutorial.Person people = 1;
993
   inline int AddressBook::_internal_people_size() const {
     return people_.size();
995
   inline int AddressBook::people_size() const {
```

```
return _internal_people_size();
998
999
    inline void AddressBook::clear_people() {
1000
      people_.Clear();
1001
    inline ::tutorial::Person* AddressBook::mutable_people(int index) {
1003
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_mutable:tutorial.AddressBook.people)
1004
      return people_.Mutable(index);
1005
    inline ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::RepeatedPtrField< ::tutorial::Person >*
1007
    AddressBook::mutable_people() {
1008
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_mutable_list:tutorial.AddressBook.people)
1009
      return &people_;
1011
    inline const ::tutorial::Person& AddressBook::_internal_people(int index) const {
      return people_.Get(index);
1013
1014
    inline const ::tutorial::Person& AddressBook::people(int index) const {
1015
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_get:tutorial.AddressBook.people)
1016
      return _internal_people(index);
1017
1018
    inline ::tutorial::Person* AddressBook::_internal_add_people() {
1019
      return people_.Add();
1020
    inline ::tutorial::Person* AddressBook::add_people() {
1022
      ::tutorial::Person* _add = _internal_add_people();
1023
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_add:tutorial.AddressBook.people)
1024
      return _add;
1025
1026
    inline const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::RepeatedPtrField< ::tutorial::Person >&
1027
    AddressBook::people() const {
1028
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(field_list:tutorial.AddressBook.people)
      return people_;
1030
    }
1031
1032
    #ifdef __GNUC__
1033
      #pragma GCC diagnostic pop
1034
    #endif // __GNUC__
1035
1036
1037
1038
1039
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(namespace_scope)
1041
1042
    } // namespace tutorial
1043
    PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_OPEN
1045
    template <> struct is_proto_enum< ::tutorial::Person_PhoneType> : ::std::true_type {};
1047
    template <>
    inline const EnumDescriptor* GetEnumDescriptor< ::tutorial::Person_PhoneType>() {
```

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15.2.4 hello.pb.cc

Listing 6: ./code/hello.pb.cc

```
// Generated by the protocol buffer compiler. DO NOT EDIT!
   // source: hello.proto
   #include "hello.pb.h"
   #include <algorithm>
   #include <google/protobuf/io/coded_stream.h>
   #include <google/protobuf/extension_set.h>
   #include <google/protobuf/wire_format_lite.h>
10
   #include <google/protobuf/descriptor.h>
   #include <google/protobuf/generated_message_reflection.h>
12
   #include <google/protobuf/reflection_ops.h>
   #include <google/protobuf/wire_format.h>
   // @@protoc_insertion_point(includes)
   #include <google/protobuf/port_def.inc>
16
17
   PROTOBUF_PRAGMA_INIT_SEG
18
   namespace _pb = ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID;
   namespace _pbi = _pb::internal;
21
   namespace tutorial {
23
   PROTOBUF_CONSTEXPR Person_PhoneNumber::Person_PhoneNumber(
24
       ::_pbi::ConstantInitialized)
25
     : number_(&::_pbi::fixed_address_empty_string, ::_pbi::ConstantInitialized{})
     , type_(1)
27
   {}
   struct Person_PhoneNumberDefaultTypeInternal {
29
     PROTOBUF_CONSTEXPR Person_PhoneNumberDefaultTypeInternal()
         : _instance(::_pbi::ConstantInitialized{}) {}
31
     ~Person_PhoneNumberDefaultTypeInternal() {}
32
     union {
33
       Person_PhoneNumber _instance;
     };
35
   };
```

```
PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_NO_DESTROY PROTOBUF_CONSTINIT PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_INIT_PRIORITY1_
    →Person_PhoneNumberDefaultTypeInternal _Person_PhoneNumber_default_instance_;
   PROTOBUF_CONSTEXPR Person::Person(
       ::_pbi::ConstantInitialized)
     : phones_()
     , name_(&::_pbi::fixed_address_empty_string, ::_pbi::ConstantInitialized{})
41
     , email_(&::_pbi::fixed_address_empty_string, ::_pbi::ConstantInitialized{})
42
     , id_{(0)}{}
43
   struct PersonDefaultTypeInternal {
     PROTOBUF_CONSTEXPR PersonDefaultTypeInternal()
45
         : _instance(::_pbi::ConstantInitialized{}) {}
     ~PersonDefaultTypeInternal() {}
47
     union {
       Person _instance;
49
     };
51
   PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_NO_DESTROY PROTOBUF_CONSTINIT PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_INIT_PRIORITY1_
   →PersonDefaultTypeInternal _Person_default_instance_;
   PROTOBUF_CONSTEXPR AddressBook::AddressBook(
53
       ::_pbi::ConstantInitialized)
54
     : people_(){}
55
   struct AddressBookDefaultTypeInternal {
56
     PROTOBUF_CONSTEXPR AddressBookDefaultTypeInternal()
57
         : _instance(::_pbi::ConstantInitialized{}) {}
     ~AddressBookDefaultTypeInternal() {}
     union {
       AddressBook _instance:
     };
   };
63
   PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_NO_DESTROY PROTOBUF_CONSTINIT PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_INIT_PRIORITY1_
   →AddressBookDefaultTypeInternal _AddressBook_default_instance_;
   } // namespace tutorial
   static ::_pb::Metadata file_level_metadata_hello_2eproto[3];
   static const ::_pb::EnumDescriptor* file_level_enum_descriptors_hello_2eproto[1];
   static constexpr ::_pb::ServiceDescriptor const** file_level_service_descriptors_hello_
   →2eproto = nullptr;
   const uint32_t TableStruct_hello_2eproto::offsets[] PROTOBUF_SECTION_VARIABLE(protodesc_
   \hookrightarrowcold) = {
     PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber, _has_bits_),
71
     PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber, _internal_metadata_),
72
     ~Ou, // no _extensions_
73
     ~Ou, // no _oneof_case_
          // no _weak_field_map_
75
     ~Ou, // no _inlined_string_donated_
     PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber, number_),
     PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber, type_),
     0,
     1,
     PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::Person, _has_bits_),
81
     PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::Person, _internal_metadata_),
82
     ~Ou, // no _extensions_
```

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```
~Ou, // no _oneof_case_
84
      ~Ou, // no _weak_field_map_
85
      ~Ou, // no _inlined_string_donated_
      PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::Person, name_),
      PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::Person, id_),
      PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::Person, email_),
      PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::Person, phones_),
      2.
      1.
      \sim 0u.
      ~Ou, // no _has_bits_
      PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::AddressBook, _internal_metadata_),
      ~Ou, // no _extensions_
      ~Ou, // no _oneof_case_
      ~Ou, // no _weak_field_map_
           // no _inlined_string_donated_
      PROTOBUF_FIELD_OFFSET(::tutorial::AddressBook, people_),
101
102
   static const ::_pbi::MigrationSchema schemas[] PROTOBUF_SECTION_VARIABLE(protodesc_cold)_
103
    →= {
      { 0, 8, -1, sizeof(::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber)},
104
      { 10, 20, -1, sizeof(::tutorial::Person)},
105
      { 24, -1, -1, sizeof(::tutorial::AddressBook)},
   };
107
   static const ::_pb::Message* const file_default_instances[] = {
109
      &::tutorial::_Person_PhoneNumber_default_instance_._instance,
      &::tutorial::_Person_default_instance_._instance,
111
      &::tutorial::_AddressBook_default_instance_._instance,
   };
113
   const char descriptor_table_protodef_hello_2eproto[] PROTOBUF_SECTION_VARIABLE(protodesc_
115
    = cold) =
      "\n\013hello.proto\022\010tutorial\"\333\001\n\006Person\022\014\n\004na"
116
      "me\030\001 \001(\t\022\n\n\002id\030\002 \001(\005\022\r\n\005email\030\003 \001(\t\
117
    \rightarrow 022, \n\006p"
      "hones\030\004 \003(\0132\034.tutorial.Person.PhoneNumbe"
118
      "r\032M\n\013PhoneNumber\\022\\016\n\\006number\\030\\001\\\002\.\n\\004\type\"
119
      "\030\002 \001(\0162\032.tutorial.Person.PhoneType:\004HOME"
120
      "\"+\n\tPhoneType\022\n\n\006M0BILE\020\000\022\010\n\004H0ME\020\001\022\010\n\004W"
121
      "ORK\020\002\"/\n\013AddressBook\022 \n\006people\030\001 \003(\0132\020.t"
      "utorial.Person"
123
124
   static ::_pbi::once_flag descriptor_table_hello_2eproto_once;
125
    const ::_pbi::DescriptorTable descriptor_table_hello_2eproto = {
126
        false, false, 294, descriptor_table_protodef_hello_2eproto,
        "hello.proto",
128
        &descriptor_table_hello_2eproto_once, nullptr, 0, 3,
        schemas, file_default_instances, TableStruct_hello_2eproto::offsets,
130
        file_level_metadata_hello_2eproto, file_level_enum_descriptors_hello_2eproto,
131
        file_level_service_descriptors_hello_2eproto,
132
```

```
}:
133
   PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_WEAK const ::_pbi::DescriptorTable* descriptor_table_hello_2eproto_
134
    →getter() {
      return &descriptor_table_hello_2eproto;
135
   }
136
137
    // Force running AddDescriptors() at dynamic initialization time.
   PROTOBUF_ATTRIBUTE_INIT_PRIORITY2 static ::_pbi::AddDescriptorsRunner dynamic_init_dummy_
139
    →hello_2eproto(&descriptor_table_hello_2eproto);
   namespace tutorial {
140
   const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::EnumDescriptor* Person_PhoneType_descriptor() {
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::AssignDescriptors(&descriptor_table_hello_2eproto);
142
      return file_level_enum_descriptors_hello_2eproto[0];
144
   bool Person_PhoneType_IsValid(int value) {
      switch (value) {
146
        case 0:
        case 1:
148
        case 2:
149
          return true;
150
        default:
151
          return false:
152
      }
153
   }
154
155
   #if (__cplusplus < 201703) && (!defined(_MSC_VER) || (_MSC_VER >= 1900 && _MSC_VER <__
    →1912))
   constexpr Person_PhoneType Person::MOBILE;
157
   constexpr Person_PhoneType Person::HOME;
158
   constexpr Person_PhoneType Person::WORK;
   constexpr Person_PhoneType Person::PhoneType_MIN;
160
   constexpr Person_PhoneType Person::PhoneType_MAX;
   constexpr int Person::PhoneType_ARRAYSIZE;
162
    #endif // (__cplusplus < 201703) && (!defined(_MSC_VER) || (_MSC_VER >= 1900 && _MSC_
    \hookrightarrow VER < 1912))
165
166
   class Person_PhoneNumber::_Internal {
    public:
168
      using HasBits = decltype(std::declval<Person_PhoneNumber>()._has_bits_);
169
      static void set_has_number(HasBits* has_bits) {
170
        (*has_bits)[0] |= 1u;
172
      static void set_has_type(HasBits* has_bits) {
173
        (*has\_bits)[0] \mid = 2u;
174
      }
   };
176
   Person_PhoneNumber::Person_PhoneNumber(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena* arena,
178
                              bool is_message_owned)
179
      :::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message(arena, is_message_owned) {
180
```

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```
SharedCtor();
181
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(arena_constructor:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber)
182
183
    Person_PhoneNumber::Person_PhoneNumber(const Person_PhoneNumber& from)
184
      : ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message(),
185
           _has_bits_(from._has_bits_) {
186
      _internal_metadata_.MergeFrom<:::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>(from._internal_
187
    →metadata_);
      number_.InitDefault();
      #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
189
        number_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
190
      #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
191
      if (from._internal_has_number()) {
        number_.Set(from._internal_number(),
193
          GetArenaForAllocation());
195
      type_ = from.type_;
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(copy_constructor:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber)
197
198
199
    inline void Person_PhoneNumber::SharedCtor() {
200
    number_.InitDefault();
201
    #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
202
      number_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
    #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
204
    type_{-} = 1;
    }
206
    Person_PhoneNumber::~Person_PhoneNumber() {
208
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(destructor:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber)
      if (auto *arena = _internal_metadata_.DeleteReturnArena<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_</pre>
210
    →ID::UnknownFieldSet>()) {
      (void) arena;
211
        return;
212
213
      SharedDtor();
214
    }
215
216
    inline void Person_PhoneNumber::SharedDtor() {
217
      GOOGLE_DCHECK(GetArenaForAllocation() == nullptr);
218
      number_.Destroy();
219
220
    void Person_PhoneNumber::SetCachedSize(int size) const {
222
      _cached_size_.Set(size);
223
    }
224
    void Person_PhoneNumber::Clear() {
226
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(message_clear_start:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber)
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
228
      // Prevent compiler warnings about cached_has_bits being unused
229
      (void) cached_has_bits;
230
```

```
231
      cached_has_bits = _has_bits_[0];
232
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000003u) {
233
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000001u) {
234
          number_.ClearNonDefaultToEmpty();
236
        type_{-} = 1;
237
238
      _has_bits_.Clear();
      _internal_metadata_.Clear<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>();
240
241
242
    const char* Person_PhoneNumber::_InternalParse(const char* ptr, ::_pbi::ParseContext*_
    \rightarrowctx) {
    #define CHK_(x) if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_FALSE(!(x))) goto failure
      _Internal::HasBits has_bits{};
245
      while (!ctx->Done(&ptr)) {
246
        uint32_t tag;
247
        ptr = ::_pbi::ReadTag(ptr, &tag);
248
        switch (tag >> 3) {
249
          // optional string number = 1;
250
          case 1:
251
            if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_TRUE(static_cast<uint8_t>(tag) == 10)) {
252
               auto str = _internal_mutable_number();
               ptr = ::_pbi::InlineGreedyStringParser(str, ptr, ctx);
254
              CHK_(ptr);
               #ifndef NDEBUG
256
               ::_pbi::VerifyUTF8(str, "tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber.number");
               #endif // !NDEBUG
258
            } else
               goto handle_unusual;
260
            continue;
          // optional .tutorial.Person.PhoneType type = 2 [default = HOME];
262
          case 2:
            if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_TRUE(static_cast<uint8_t>(tag) == 16)) {
              uint64_t val = ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ReadVarint64(&ptr);
265
               CHK_(ptr);
266
               if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_TRUE(::tutorial::Person_PhoneType_IsValid(val))) {
                 _internal_set_type(static_cast<::tutorial::Person_PhoneType>(val));
269
                 ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WriteVarint(2, val, mutable_unknown_
270
    →fields());
            } else
272
               goto handle_unusual;
273
            continue;
274
          default:
            goto handle_unusual;
276
        } // switch
      handle unusual:
278
        if ((tag == 0) \mid | ((tag \& 7) == 4)) {
279
          CHK_(ptr);
280
```

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```
ctx->SetLastTag(tag);
281
          goto message_done;
282
283
        ptr = UnknownFieldParse(
284
285
            _internal_metadata_.mutable_unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
286
    →ID::UnknownFieldSet>(),
            ptr, ctx);
287
        CHK_(ptr != nullptr);
      } // while
289
   message_done:
      _has_bits_.0r(has_bits);
291
     return ptr;
    failure:
293
     ptr = nullptr;
      goto message_done;
    #undef CHK_
   }
297
298
    uint8_t* Person_PhoneNumber::_InternalSerialize(
299
        uint8_t* target, ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::io::EpsCopyOutputStream* stream) const {
300
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(serialize_to_array_start:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber)
301
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
302
      (void) cached_has_bits;
304
      cached_has_bits = _has_bits_[0];
      // optional string number = 1;
306
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000001u) {
        ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormat::VerifyUTF8StringNamedField(
308
          this->_internal_number().data(), static_cast<iint>(this->_internal_number().
    →length()),
          ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormat::SERIALIZE,
310
          "tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber.number"):
311
        target = stream->WriteStringMaybeAliased(
312
            1, this->_internal_number(), target);
313
      }
314
315
      // optional .tutorial.Person.PhoneType type = 2 [default = HOME];
316
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000002u) {
        target = stream->EnsureSpace(target);
318
        target = ::_pbi::WireFormatLite::WriteEnumToArray(
319
          2, this->_internal_type(), target);
320
      }
322
      if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_FALSE(_internal_metadata_.have_unknown_fields())) {
323
        target = ::_pbi::WireFormat::InternalSerializeUnknownFieldsToArray(
324
            _internal_metadata_.unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>
    →(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet::default_instance), target, stream);
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(serialize_to_array_end:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber)
327
      return target;
328
   }
329
```

```
330
    size_t Person_PhoneNumber::ByteSizeLong() const {
331
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(message_byte_size_start:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber)
332
      size_t total_size = 0;
333
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
335
      // Prevent compiler warnings about cached_has_bits being unused
336
      (void) cached_has_bits;
337
      cached_has_bits = _has_bits_[0];
339
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000003u) {
340
        // optional string number = 1;
341
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000001u) {
          total_size += 1 +
343
            ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormatLite::StringSize(
              this->_internal_number());
345
        }
347
        // optional .tutorial.Person.PhoneType type = 2 [default = HOME];
348
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000002u) {
349
          total_size += 1 +
350
            ::_pbi::WireFormatLite::EnumSize(this->_internal_type());
351
        }
352
354
      return MaybeComputeUnknownFieldsSize(total_size, &_cached_size_);
   }
356
    const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::ClassData Person_PhoneNumber::_class_data_ = {
358
        ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::CopyWithSizeCheck,
        Person_PhoneNumber::MergeImpl
360
    const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::ClassData*Person_PhoneNumber::GetClassData()_
362

→const { return &_class_data_; }
363
   void Person_PhoneNumber::MergeImpl(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message* to,
                           const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message& from) {
365
      static_cast<Person_PhoneNumber *>(to)->MergeFrom(
366
          static_cast<const Person_PhoneNumber &>(from));
368
370
    void Person_PhoneNumber::MergeFrom(const Person_PhoneNumber& from) {
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(class_specific_merge_from_start:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber)
372
      GOOGLE_DCHECK_NE(&from, this);
373
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
374
      (void) cached_has_bits;
376
      cached_has_bits = from._has_bits_[0];
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000003u) {
378
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000001u) {
379
          _internal_set_number(from._internal_number());
380
```

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```
}
381
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000002u) {
382
          type_ = from.type_;
383
        }
384
        _has_bits_[0] |= cached_has_bits;
386
      _internal_metadata_.MergeFrom<:::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>(from._internal_
    →metadata_);
    }
389
    void Person_PhoneNumber::CopyFrom(const Person_PhoneNumber& from) {
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(class_specific_copy_from_start:tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber)
391
      if (&from == this) return;
      Clear();
393
      MergeFrom(from);
    }
395
    bool Person_PhoneNumber::IsInitialized() const {
397
      return true;
398
    }
    void Person_PhoneNumber::InternalSwap(Person_PhoneNumber* other) {
401
      using std::swap;
402
      auto* lhs_arena = GetArenaForAllocation();
      auto* rhs_arena = other->GetArenaForAllocation();
404
      _internal_metadata_.InternalSwap(&other->_internal_metadata_);
      swap(_has_bits_[0], other->_has_bits_[0]);
406
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ArenaStringPtr::InternalSwap(
          &number_, lhs_arena,
          &other->number_, rhs_arena
      );
410
      swap(type_, other->type_);
412
413
    ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Metadata Person_PhoneNumber::GetMetadata() const {
414
      return ::_pbi::AssignDescriptors(
415
          &descriptor_table_hello_2eproto_getter, &descriptor_table_hello_2eproto_once,
416
          file_level_metadata_hello_2eproto[0]);
417
    }
418
419
420
421
    class Person::_Internal {
    public:
423
      using HasBits = decltype(std::declval<Person>()._has_bits_);
424
      static void set_has_name(HasBits* has_bits) {
425
        (*has_bits)[0] |= 1u;
427
      static void set_has_id(HasBits* has_bits) {
        (*has_bits)[0] |= 4u;
429
430
      static void set_has_email(HasBits* has_bits) {
431
```

```
(*has_bits)[0] |= 2u;
432
      }
433
    };
434
435
    Person::Person(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena* arena,
436
                               bool is_message_owned)
437
      : ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message(arena, is_message_owned),
438
      phones_(arena) {
439
      SharedCtor();
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(arena_constructor:tutorial.Person)
441
442
    Person::Person(const Person& from)
443
      : ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message(),
          _has_bits_(from._has_bits_),
445
          phones_(from.phones_) {
      _internal_metadata_.MergeFrom<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>(from._internal_
447
    ⊸metadata_);
      name_.InitDefault();
448
      #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
        name_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
450
      #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
45
      if (from._internal_has_name()) {
452
        name_.Set(from._internal_name(),
453
          GetArenaForAllocation());
455
      email_.InitDefault();
      #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
457
        email_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
      #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
459
      if (from._internal_has_email()) {
        email_.Set(from._internal_email(),
          GetArenaForAllocation());
463
      id_ = from.id_;
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(copy_constructor:tutorial.Person)
467
    inline void Person::SharedCtor() {
    name_.InitDefault();
    #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
470
      name_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
471
    #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
472
    email_.InitDefault();
    #ifdef PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
474
      email_.Set("", GetArenaForAllocation());
475
    #endif // PROTOBUF_FORCE_COPY_DEFAULT_STRING
476
    id_{\underline{}} = 0;
    }
478
    Person::~Person() {
480
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(destructor:tutorial.Person)
      if (auto *arena = _internal_metadata_.DeleteReturnArena<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_</pre>
    →ID::UnknownFieldSet>()) {
                                                                                    (continues on next page)
```

```
(void) arena;
483
        return;
484
485
      SharedDtor();
486
    }
187
488
    inline void Person::SharedDtor() {
489
      GOOGLE_DCHECK(GetArenaForAllocation() == nullptr);
490
      name_.Destroy();
      email_.Destroy();
492
    }
493
494
    void Person::SetCachedSize(int size) const {
      _cached_size_.Set(size);
496
    }
498
    void Person::Clear() {
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(message_clear_start:tutorial.Person)
500
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
501
      // Prevent compiler warnings about cached_has_bits being unused
502
      (void) cached_has_bits;
503
504
      phones_.Clear();
505
      cached_has_bits = _has_bits_[0];
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000003u) {
507
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000001u) {
          name_.ClearNonDefaultToEmpty();
509
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000002u) {
511
          email_.ClearNonDefaultToEmpty();
512
        }
513
      }
      id_{-} = 0;
515
      _has_bits_.Clear();
516
      _internal_metadata_.Clear<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>();
517
    }
518
519
    const char* Person::_InternalParse(const char* ptr, ::_pbi::ParseContext* ctx) {
520
    #define CHK_(x) if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_FALSE(!(x))) goto failure
521
      _Internal::HasBits has_bits{};
522
      while (!ctx->Done(&ptr)) {
523
        uint32_t tag;
524
        ptr = ::_pbi::ReadTag(ptr, &tag);
        switch (tag >> 3) {
526
          // optional string name = 1;
527
          case 1:
528
            if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_TRUE(static_cast<uint8_t>(tag) == 10)) {
               auto str = _internal_mutable_name();
530
              ptr = ::_pbi::InlineGreedyStringParser(str, ptr, ctx);
              CHK_(ptr);
532
               #ifndef NDEBUG
533
               ::_pbi::VerifyUTF8(str, "tutorial.Person.name");
534
```

```
#endif // !NDEBUG
535
            } else
536
               goto handle_unusual;
537
            continue:
538
          // optional int32 id = 2;
          case 2:
540
            if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_TRUE(static_cast<uint8_t>(tag) == 16)) {
541
               _Internal::set_has_id(&has_bits);
542
              id_ = ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ReadVarint32(&ptr);
               CHK_(ptr);
544
            } else
545
               goto handle_unusual;
546
            continue;
          // optional string email = 3;
548
          case 3:
            if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_TRUE(static_cast<uint8_t>(tag) == 26)) {
550
               auto str = _internal_mutable_email();
551
              ptr = ::_pbi::InlineGreedyStringParser(str, ptr, ctx);
552
              CHK_(ptr);
553
               #ifndef NDEBUG
               ::_pbi::VerifyUTF8(str, "tutorial.Person.email");
555
               #endif // !NDEBUG
556
            } else
557
               goto handle_unusual;
            continue;
559
          // repeated .tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber phones = 4;
          case 4:
561
            if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_TRUE(static_cast<uint8_t>(tag) == 34)) {
              ptr -= 1;
563
               do {
                 ptr += 1;
565
                 ptr = ctx->ParseMessage(_internal_add_phones(), ptr);
                 CHK_(ptr);
567
                 if (!ctx->DataAvailable(ptr)) break;
               } while (::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ExpectTag<34>(ptr));
            } else
570
               goto handle_unusual;
571
            continue:
572
          default:
            goto handle_unusual;
574
        } // switch
575
      handle_unusual:
576
        if ((tag == 0) || ((tag \& 7) == 4)) {
          CHK_(ptr);
578
          ctx->SetLastTag(tag);
579
          goto message_done;
580
        }
        ptr = UnknownFieldParse(
582
             _internal_metadata_.mutable_unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
584
    →ID::UnknownFieldSet>(),
            ptr, ctx);
585
```

(continues on next page)

```
CHK_(ptr != nullptr);
586
      } // while
587
   message_done:
588
      _has_bits_.0r(has_bits);
589
      return ptr;
    failure:
591
     ptr = nullptr;
592
      goto message_done;
    #undef CHK_
595
    uint8_t* Person::_InternalSerialize(
597
        uint8_t* target, ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::io::EpsCopyOutputStream* stream) const {
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(serialize_to_array_start:tutorial.Person)
599
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
      (void) cached_has_bits;
      cached_has_bits = _has_bits_[0];
603
      // optional string name = 1;
604
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000001u) {
        ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormat::VerifyUTF8StringNamedField(
606
          this->_internal_name().data(), static_cast<int>(this->_internal_name().length()),
607
          ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormat::SERIALIZE,
608
          "tutorial.Person.name");
        target = stream->WriteStringMaybeAliased(
610
            1, this->_internal_name(), target);
      }
612
      // optional int32 id = 2;
614
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000004u) {
        target = stream->EnsureSpace(target);
616
        target = ::_pbi::WireFormatLite::WriteInt32ToArray(2, this->_internal_id(), target);
      }
618
      // optional string email = 3;
620
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000002u) {
621
        ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormat::VerifyUTF8StringNamedField(
622
          this->_internal_email().data(), static_cast<iint>(this->_internal_email().length()),
623
          ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormat::SERIALIZE,
          "tutorial.Person.email");
625
        target = stream->WriteStringMaybeAliased(
626
            3, this->_internal_email(), target);
627
      }
629
      // repeated .tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber phones = 4;
630
      for (unsigned i = 0,
631
          n = static_cast<unsigned>(this->_internal_phones_size()); i < n; i++) {</pre>
        const auto& repfield = this->_internal_phones(i);
633
        target = ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormatLite::
            InternalWriteMessage(4, repfield, repfield.GetCachedSize(), target, stream);
635
      }
636
637
```

```
if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_FALSE(_internal_metadata_.have_unknown_fields())) {
638
        target = ::_pbi::WireFormat::InternalSerializeUnknownFieldsToArray(
639
            _internal_metadata_.unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>
640
    →(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet::default_instance), target, stream);
641
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(serialize_to_array_end:tutorial.Person)
642
      return target;
643
   }
644
    size_t Person::ByteSizeLong() const {
646
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(message_byte_size_start:tutorial.Person)
      size_t total_size = 0;
648
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
650
      // Prevent compiler warnings about cached_has_bits being unused
      (void) cached_has_bits;
652
      // repeated .tutorial.Person.PhoneNumber phones = 4;
654
      total_size += 1UL * this->_internal_phones_size();
655
      for (const auto& msg : this->phones_) {
        total_size +=
657
          ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormatLite::MessageSize(msg);
658
      }
659
      cached_has_bits = _has_bits_[0];
661
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000007u) {
662
        // optional string name = 1;
663
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000001u) {
          total_size += 1 +
665
            ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormatLite::StringSize(
              this->_internal_name());
        }
669
        // optional string email = 3;
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000002u) {
671
          total\_size += 1 +
            ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormatLite::StringSize(
673
              this->_internal_email());
674
        }
676
        // optional int32 id = 2;
677
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000004u) {
678
          total_size += ::_pbi::WireFormatLite::Int32SizePlusOne(this->_internal_id());
        }
680
681
682
      return MaybeComputeUnknownFieldsSize(total_size, &_cached_size_);
   }
684
    const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::ClassData Person::_class_data_ = {
686
        ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::CopyWithSizeCheck,
687
        Person::MergeImpl
688
```

(continues on next page)

```
};
689
    const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::ClassData*Person::GetClassData() const { return &
    →_class_data_; }
691
   void Person::MergeImpl(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message* to,
                           const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message& from) {
693
      static_cast<Person *>(to)->MergeFrom(
          static_cast<const Person &>(from));
   }
697
    void Person::MergeFrom(const Person& from) {
699
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(class_specific_merge_from_start:tutorial.Person)
      GOOGLE_DCHECK_NE(&from, this);
701
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
      (void) cached_has_bits;
      phones_.MergeFrom(from.phones_);
705
      cached_has_bits = from._has_bits_[0];
706
      if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000007u) {
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000001u) {
708
          _internal_set_name(from._internal_name());
709
710
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000002u) {
          _internal_set_email(from._internal_email());
712
        if (cached_has_bits & 0x00000004u) {
714
          id_ = from.id_;
716
        _has_bits_[0] |= cached_has_bits;
717
718
      _internal_metadata_.MergeFrom<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>(from._internal_
    →metadata_);
    }
720
721
   void Person::CopyFrom(const Person& from) {
722
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(class_specific_copy_from_start:tutorial.Person)
723
      if (&from == this) return;
724
      Clear();
      MergeFrom(from);
726
   }
727
728
   bool Person::IsInitialized() const {
     return true:
730
   }
731
732
   void Person::InternalSwap(Person* other) {
      using std::swap;
734
      auto* lhs_arena = GetArenaForAllocation();
      auto* rhs_arena = other->GetArenaForAllocation();
736
      _internal_metadata_.InternalSwap(&other->_internal_metadata_);
737
      swap(_has_bits_[0], other->_has_bits_[0]);
738
```

```
phones_.InternalSwap(&other->phones_);
739
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ArenaStringPtr::InternalSwap(
740
          &name_, lhs_arena,
741
          &other->name_, rhs_arena
742
     );
      ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ArenaStringPtr::InternalSwap(
744
          &email_, lhs_arena,
745
          &other->email_, rhs_arena
746
     );
     swap(id_, other->id_);
748
   }
749
750
    ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Metadata Person::GetMetadata() const {
751
     return ::_pbi::AssignDescriptors(
752
          &descriptor_table_hello_2eproto_getter, &descriptor_table_hello_2eproto_once,
          file_level_metadata_hello_2eproto[1]);
754
   }
755
756
    757
758
   class AddressBook::_Internal {
759
    public:
760
   };
761
    AddressBook::AddressBook(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Arena* arena,
763
                             bool is_message_owned)
      :::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message(arena, is_message_owned),
765
     people_(arena) {
     SharedCtor();
767
     // @@protoc_insertion_point(arena_constructor:tutorial.AddressBook)
769
   AddressBook::AddressBook(const AddressBook& from)
      : ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message(),
771
         people_(from.people_) {
772
     _internal_metadata_.MergeFrom<:::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>(from._internal_
773
    →metadata_);
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(copy_constructor:tutorial.AddressBook)
774
775
   inline void AddressBook::SharedCtor() {
777
   }
778
779
   AddressBook::~AddressBook() {
     // @@protoc_insertion_point(destructor:tutorial.AddressBook)
781
     if (auto *arena = _internal_metadata_.DeleteReturnArena<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_</pre>
782
    →ID::UnknownFieldSet>()) {
      (void) arena;
       return;
784
     SharedDtor();
786
   }
787
788
```

(continues on next page)

```
inline void AddressBook::SharedDtor() {
789
      GOOGLE_DCHECK(GetArenaForAllocation() == nullptr);
790
    }
791
792
    void AddressBook::SetCachedSize(int size) const {
      _cached_size_.Set(size);
794
    void AddressBook::Clear() {
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(message_clear_start:tutorial.AddressBook)
798
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
      // Prevent compiler warnings about cached_has_bits being unused
800
      (void) cached_has_bits;
802
      people_.Clear();
      _internal_metadata_.Clear<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>();
806
    const char* AddressBook::_InternalParse(const char* ptr, ::_pbi::ParseContext* ctx) {
807
    #define CHK_(x) if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_FALSE(!(x))) goto failure
      while (!ctx->Done(&ptr)) {
        uint32_t tag;
810
        ptr = ::_pbi::ReadTag(ptr, &tag);
811
        switch (tag >> 3) {
          // repeated .tutorial.Person people = 1;
813
          case 1:
            if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_TRUE(static_cast<uint8_t>(tag) == 10)) {
815
              ptr -= 1;
              do {
817
                ptr += 1;
                ptr = ctx->ParseMessage(_internal_add_people(), ptr);
819
                 CHK_(ptr);
                 if (!ctx->DataAvailable(ptr)) break;
821
              } while (::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::ExpectTag<10>(ptr));
822
823
              goto handle_unusual;
824
            continue:
825
          default:
826
            goto handle_unusual;
        } // switch
828
      handle_unusual:
829
        if ((tag == 0) \mid | ((tag \& 7) == 4)) {
830
          CHK_(ptr);
          ctx->SetLastTag(tag);
832
          goto message_done;
833
834
        ptr = UnknownFieldParse(
836
            _internal_metadata_.mutable_unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_
    →ID::UnknownFieldSet>(),
            ptr, ctx);
838
        CHK_(ptr != nullptr);
839
```

```
} // while
840
   message_done:
841
     return ptr;
842
    failure:
843
     ptr = nullptr;
844
      goto message_done;
845
    #undef CHK_
846
   }
847
    uint8_t* AddressBook::_InternalSerialize(
849
        uint8_t* target, ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::io::EpsCopyOutputStream* stream) const {
850
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(serialize_to_array_start:tutorial.AddressBook)
851
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
      (void) cached_has_bits;
853
      // repeated .tutorial.Person people = 1;
855
      for (unsigned i = 0,
          n = static_cast<unsigned>(this->_internal_people_size()); i < n; i++) {</pre>
857
        const auto& repfield = this->_internal_people(i);
858
        target = ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormatLite::
859
            InternalWriteMessage(1, repfield, repfield.GetCachedSize(), target, stream);
      }
861
862
      if (PROTOBUF_PREDICT_FALSE(_internal_metadata_.have_unknown_fields())) {
        target = ::_pbi::WireFormat::InternalSerializeUnknownFieldsToArray(
864
            _internal_metadata_.unknown_fields<::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>
    →(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet::default_instance), target, stream);
      // @@protoc_insertion_point(serialize_to_array_end:tutorial.AddressBook)
867
      return target;
   }
    size_t AddressBook::ByteSizeLong() const {
871
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(message_byte_size_start:tutorial.AddressBook)
872
      size_t total_size = 0;
873
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
875
      // Prevent compiler warnings about cached_has_bits being unused
876
      (void) cached_has_bits;
878
      // repeated .tutorial.Person people = 1;
879
      total_size += 1UL * this->_internal_people_size();
880
      for (const auto& msg : this->people_) {
        total size +=
882
          ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::internal::WireFormatLite::MessageSize(msg);
883
      }
884
      return MaybeComputeUnknownFieldsSize(total_size, &_cached_size_);
886
   }
888
    const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::ClassData AddressBook::_class_data_ = {
889
        ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::CopyWithSizeCheck,
890
```

(continues on next page)

```
AddressBook::MergeImpl
891
   };
892
   const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message::ClassData*AddressBook::GetClassData() const {_
893
    →return &_class_data_; }
80/
    void AddressBook::MergeImpl(::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message* to,
895
                           const ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Message& from) {
      static_cast<AddressBook *>(to)->MergeFrom(
          static_cast<const AddressBook &>(from));
   }
899
901
    void AddressBook::MergeFrom(const AddressBook& from) {
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(class_specific_merge_from_start:tutorial.AddressBook)
903
      GOOGLE_DCHECK_NE(&from, this);
      uint32_t cached_has_bits = 0;
      (void) cached_has_bits;
907
      people_.MergeFrom(from.people_);
      _internal_metadata_.MergeFrom<:::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::UnknownFieldSet>(from._internal_
    →metadata_);
   }
910
911
   void AddressBook::CopyFrom(const AddressBook& from) {
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(class_specific_copy_from_start:tutorial.AddressBook)
913
      if (&from == this) return;
      Clear();
915
      MergeFrom(from);
   }
917
   bool AddressBook::IsInitialized() const {
919
      return true;
921
922
   void AddressBook::InternalSwap(AddressBook* other) {
923
      using std::swap;
924
      _internal_metadata_.InternalSwap(&other->_internal_metadata_);
925
      people_.InternalSwap(&other->people_);
926
   }
927
928
    ::PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_ID::Metadata AddressBook::GetMetadata() const {
929
      return ::_pbi::AssignDescriptors(
930
          &descriptor_table_hello_2eproto_getter, &descriptor_table_hello_2eproto_once,
          file_level_metadata_hello_2eproto[2]);
932
   }
933
934
    // @@protoc_insertion_point(namespace_scope)
      // namespace tutorial
936
   PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_OPEN
   template<> PROTOBUF_NOINLINE ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber*
938
   Arena::CreateMaybeMessage< ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber >(Arena* arena) {
939
      return Arena::CreateMessageInternal< ::tutorial::Person_PhoneNumber >(arena);
940
```

```
}
941
    template<> PROTOBUF_NOINLINE ::tutorial::Person*
942
   Arena::CreateMaybeMessage< ::tutorial::Person >(Arena* arena) {
943
      return Arena::CreateMessageInternal< ::tutorial::Person >(arena);
944
   }
945
    template<> PROTOBUF_NOINLINE ::tutorial::AddressBook*
946
    Arena::CreateMaybeMessage< ::tutorial::AddressBook >(Arena* arena) {
947
      return Arena::CreateMessageInternal< ::tutorial::AddressBook >(arena);
948
   PROTOBUF_NAMESPACE_CLOSE
950
951
   // @@protoc_insertion_point(global_scope)
952
   #include <google/protobuf/port_undef.inc>
```

CHAPTER

SIXTEEN

GRPC

16.1 Install

See https://grpc.io/docs/languages/cpp/quickstart/

```
git clone --recurse-submodules -b v1.46.3 --depth 1 --shallow-submodules https://github.

--com/grpc/grpc
mkdir build
cd build
cmake -DgRPC_INSTALL=ON -DgRPC_BUILD_TESTS=OFF -DCMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX=/ceph-fj/fangjun/
--software/grpc-1.46.3 .. 2>&1 | tee cmake-configure-1.log
make -j20 2>&1 | tee make-1.log
make install 2>&1 | tee make-2.log
```

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CHAPTER

SEVENTEEN

LWN.NET

17.1 TODOs

- Striking gold in binutils https://lwn.net/Articles/274859/
- A ToC of the 20 part linker essay

https://lwn.net/Articles/276782/

There are other resources for linkers and loaders, see

- Executables linking and loading reading
 http://research.tedneward.com/reading/software/linking-loading/index.html
- Optimizing real-world applications with GCC Link Time Optimization
 https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/6adf/872e3533f40a607f39cdeaf264585efde9af.pdf
 by Honza Hubicka, whose scholar page is https://scholar.google.cz/citations?user=vhXJ0JEAAAAJ&hl=en

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EIGHTEEN

LINKER AND LOADER

18.1 References

• A ToC of the 20 part linker essay

https://lwn.net/Articles/276782/, which is written by Ian Lance Taylor

- 1. Introduction, personal history, first half of what's-a-linker
- 2. What's-a-linker: Dynamic linking, linker data types, linker operation
- 3. Address spaces, Object file formats
- 4. Shared Libraries
- 5. More Shared Libraries -- specifically, linker implementation; ELF Symbols
- https://www.ucw.cz/~hubicka/, author of the gold linker
- Rod Evans: Surfing With a Linker Alien http://www.linker-aliens.org/blogs/rie/
 - 1. Hello there
- Michael Walker's Weblog http://www.linker-aliens.org/blogs/msw/
 - 1. Hello World
 - 2. How to build a Shared Library
 - 3. Library Bindings let's be a little bit more precise shall we

Note: It shows the usage of LD_DEBUG, pldd, ldd, pgrep elfdump.

- Solaris Linking Blogs (Combined Index) http://www.linker-aliens.org/blogs/
- LD_LIBRARY_PATH just say no

http://www.linker-aliens.org/blogs/rie/entry/tt_ld_library_path_tt/

• https://github.com/berkus/odin/blob/master/tools/sjofn/sjofn.c

An ELF linker. Read its source code!

18.2 Questions

- 1. How to view PLT?
- 2. How to view the relocation information? How many types of relocation are there?
- 3. What PIC code and non-PIC code look like?
- 4. What is lazy binding and how to use LD_BIND_NOW?
- 5. What is PLT and GOT?

NINETEEN

ESPNET

19.1 aishell

19.1.1 AM training

The first one was added on 2019-02-01.

asr_train.py is in espnet/bin/asr_train.py, which invokes espnet.asr.pytorch_backend.asr.train.

The model is from espnet.nets.pytorch_backend.e2e_asr.E2E.

The encoder type vggblstm, 3 layers, hidden dim, 1024, proj dim 1024, subsampling 1_2_2_1_1.

Command is:

```
asr_train.py \
    --config conf/train.yaml \
    --preprocess-conf \
    --ngpu 1 \
    --backend pytorch \
    --outdir exp/xxx \
    --debugmode 1 \
    --dict data/lang_char/train_sp_units.txt
    --minibatches 0 \
    --verbose 0 \
    --resume \
    --train-json xxx/data.json \
    --valid-json yyy/data.json
```

TWENTY

CMAKE

20.1 Tutorials

• https://cmake.org/cmake/help/latest/guide/tutorial/index.html

20.2 Install

Go to https://github.com/Kitware/CMake/releases for download.

```
wget https://github.com/Kitware/CMake/releases/download/v3.10.3/cmake-3.10.3-Linux-x86_
-64.sh
chmod +x ./cmake-3.10.3-Linux-x86_64.sh
./cmake-3.10.3-Linux-x86_64.sh --help
mkdir /path/to/software/cmake-3.10.3
./cmake-3.10.3-Linux-x86_64.sh --prefix=/path/to/software/cmake-3.10.3 --skip-license
export PATH=/path/to/software/cmake-3.10.3/bin:$PATH
```

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TWENTYONE

HUGGINGFACE

21.1 spaces

21.1.1 Install client API

pip install huggingface_hub

21.1.2 gradio

- https://huggingface.co/spaces/alphacep/asr
- https://huggingface.co/spaces/jonatasgrosman/asr
- https://github.com/gradio-app/gradio/issues/1359
- https://huggingface.co/spaces/Gradio-Blocks/neon-tts-plugin-coqui/blob/main/app.py, css styles

TWENTYTWO

EECS E6870 SPEECH RECOGNITION

22.1 Notes

- $\bullet\ https://www.ee.columbia.edu/{\sim} stanchen/spring 16/e6870/outline.html$
 - username: speech
 - password: pythonrules

TWENTYTHREE

NCNN

23.1 Hello

```
git clone https://github.com/tencent/ncnn
cd ncnn
git checkout 7b4e77671a4457a414b60cee5425758212e725cf
mkdir build
cd build
cmake -DCMAKE_PREFIX_PATH=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/protobuf-3.20.1-cmake ...
```

We have to make the following changes:

Listing 1: ./code/hello/7b4e77.diff

```
diff --git a/tools/CMakeLists.txt b/tools/CMakeLists.txt
   index 0b710050..e1a5b3d0 100644
   --- a/tools/CMakeLists.txt
   +++ b/tools/CMakeLists.txt
   @@ -8,6 +8,7 @@ include_directories(${CMAKE_CURRENT_BINARY_DIR})
   protobuf_generate_cpp(CAFFE_PROTO_SRCS CAFFE_PROTO_HDRS caffe.proto)
   add_executable(caffe2ncnn caffe2ncnn.cpp ${CAFFE_PROTO_SRCS} ${CAFFE_PROTO_HDRS})
   +include_directories(${Protobuf_INCLUDE_DIR})
10
   target_link_libraries(caffe2ncnn ${PROTOBUF_LIBRARIES})
11
12
   diff --git a/tools/caffe2ncnn.cpp b/tools/caffe2ncnn.cpp
   index 0eff756a..229cc653 100644
14
   --- a/tools/caffe2ncnn.cpp
   +++ b/tools/caffe2ncnn.cpp
16
   @@ -193,7 +193,7 @@ static bool read_proto_from_binary(const char* filepath,_
   google::protobuf::io::IstreamInputStream input(&fs);
18
        google::protobuf::io::CodedInputStream codedstr(&input);
20
        codedstr.SetTotalBytesLimit(INT_MAX, INT_MAX / 2);
        codedstr.SetTotalBytesLimit(INT_MAX);
22
23
        bool success = message->ParseFromCodedStream(&codedstr);
24
```

To install the Python package:

```
cd ncnn
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ..
make -j
cd ..
pip install .
```

23.2 ncnn::Mat

- Use CHW format
- Support reference counting, like a smart pointer.

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TWENTYFOUR

LLVM

24.1 Installation

Refer to https://llvm.org/docs/GettingStarted.html#requirements

 $https://llvm.org/docs/GettingStarted.html \#getting-a-modern-host-c-toolchain \ describes \ how \ to \ install \ GCC \ from source.$

Use of a user provided GCC:

```
mkdir build
cd build
CC=$HOME/toolchains/bin/gcc CXX=$HOME/toolchains/bin/g++ \
cmake .. -DCMAKE_CXX_LINK_FLAGS="-W1,-rpath,$HOME/toolchains/lib64 -L$HOME/toolchains/
ib64"
```

Useful tools that can be found in build/bin:

```
$ llvm-config --cxxflags
-I/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/llvm-project/llvm/include -I/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-
→source-2/llvm-project/build/include -std=c++14 -fno-exceptions -fno-rtti -D_GNU_
SOURCE -D_STDC_CONSTANT_MACROS -D_STDC_FORMAT_MACROS -D_STDC_LIMIT_MACROS
$ llvm-config --libdir
/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/llvm-project/build/lib
$ llvm-config --cflags
-I/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/llvm-project/llvm/include -I/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-
-source-2/llvm-project/build/include -D_GNU_SOURCE -D__STDC_CONSTANT_MACROS -D__STDC_
→FORMAT_MACROS -D__STDC_LIMIT_MACROS
$ llvm-config --ldflags
-L/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/llvm-project/build/lib
$ 11vm-config --src-root
/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/llvm-project/llvm
$ llvm-config --obj-root
/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/llvm-project/build
$ llvm-config --version
15.0.0git
```

(continues on next page)

```
$ llvm-config --bindir
/ceph-fj/fangjun/open-source-2/llvm-project/build/bin
```

24.2 ninja

```
pip install ninja
ninja
```

will look for the file \$PWD/build.ninja

```
ninja --help
ninja -C build -j 20
ninja -t targets
ninja -t clean
ninja -t cleandead

ninja -v # be verbose while compiling files

# suppose hello is a target
ninja -v hello
ninja -v -t clean hello

ninja -n -v hello # dry run
```

24.3 Documentation

• Coding standard

https://llvm.org/docs/CodingStandards.html

• LLVM Developer Policy

https://llvm.org/docs/DeveloperPolicy.html

• doxygen doc

https://llvm.org/doxygen/

• http://www.aosabook.org/en/llvm.html

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24.4 Intermediate representation

```
clang --help
-emit-llvm Use the LLVM representation for assembler and object files
-S Only run preprocess and compilation steps
```

- clang -S -emit-llvm ex.c generates a text file ex.11.
- clang -c -emit-llvm ex.c generates a binary file ex.bc.
- 11vm-dis ex.bc generates a file ex.11, which is identical with the file generated using `clang -S -emit-llvm ex.c`.
- llvm-as ex.ll generates a file ex.bc, which is identical with the file generated using clang -c -emit-llvm ex.c.
- 11c ex.11 generates the assembly file ex.s
- 11i ex.11 can run this file. Use echo \$? to see the return value.

See https://llvm.org/devmtg/2019-04/slides/Tutorial-Bridgers-LLVM_IR_tutorial.pdf.

24.5 Install GCC

```
tar xvf gcc-12.2.0.tar.gz
cd gcc-12.2.0
./configure --prefix=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/gcc-12.2.0
make -j 5
make install
```

```
gcc_dir=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/gcc-12.2.0
export CC=$gcc_dir/bin/gcc
export CXX=$gcc_dir/bin/g++
export LIBRARY_PATH=$gcc_dir/lib64:$LIBRARY_PATH
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$gcc_dir/lib64:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
export C_INCLUDE_PATH=$gcc_dir/include
export CPLUS_INCLUDE_PATH=$gcc_dir/include
```

24.5.1 Using conda

```
conda install -c conda-forge gcc==9.5.0
conda install -c conda-forge gxx==9.5.0
```

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TWENTYFIVE

ANDROID

25.1 kotlin

25.1.1 Install

See https://kotlinlang.org/docs/command-line.html#run-scripts

```
wget https://github.com/JetBrains/kotlin/releases/download/v1.7.22/kotlin-compiler-1.7.

22.zip
cd $HOME/software
mkdir kotlin
cd kotlin
unzip /path/to/kotlin-compiler-1.7.22.zip
mv kotlinc 1.7.22
export PATH=$HOME/software/kotlin/1.7.22/bin:$PATH
```

Hello world

Create a file hello.kt:

```
fun main() {
  println("hello world")
}
```

Usage 1

```
kotlinc hello.kt
```

It will generate a binary hello.native:

```
$ ls -lh hello.native
-rwxr-xr-x 1 kuangfangjun root 8.1K Mar 18 2022 hello.native
```

```
readelf -d hello.native
```

It prints:

```
Dynamic section at offset 0xe20 contains 24 entries:
Tag Type Name/Value
0x0000000000000001 (NEEDED) Shared library: [libc.so.6]
```

Note: It depends only on libc.

Usage 2

```
kotlinc hello.kt -d hello.jar
# or
kotlinc hello.kt -include-runtime -d hello.jar

# It can be run using:
java -jar hello.jar
kotlin -classpath ./hello.jar HelloKt
```

kotlinc-jvm

To run kotlin inside an interactive shell.

25.1.2 Hello jni

Listing 1: ./code/jni/hello/Makefile

Listing 2: ./code/jni/hello/hello.h

```
#ifndef HELLO_H
#define HELLO_H
#include "jni.h"

#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C" {
```

(continues on next page)

```
#endif
JNIEXPORT void JNICALL Java_NativeSample_sayHello(JNIEnv *env, jobject obj);
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
#endif // HELLO_H
```

Listing 3: ./code/jni/hello/hello.cc

```
#include "hello.h"
#include <iostream>

JNIEXPORT void JNICALL Java_NativeSample_sayHello(JNIEnv *env, jobject obj) {
   std::cout << "hello world\n";
}</pre>
```

Listing 4: ./code/jni/hello/NativeSample.kt

```
class NativeSample {
  init {
    System.loadLibrary("hello")
  }
  external fun sayHello()
}
```

Listing 5: ./code/jni/hello/Main.kt

```
fun main() {
  NativeSample().sayHello()
}
```

25.2 Basics

There are two tools: NDK and SDK. Each tool has a version.

Android has a concept of Android native API level.

There are three environment variables to set:

- ANDROID_NDK_ROOT
- ANDROID_SDK_ROOT
- ANDROID_HOME

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25.3 Installation

25.3.1 Install NDK on Linux (not recommmended)

(Use the following SDK to install NDK)

See https://developer.android.com/ndk/downloads/index.html

See https://www.cryptopp.com/wiki/Android_Setup_(Command_Line) for details.

```
wget https://dl.google.com/android/repository/android-ndk-r25-linux.zip
unzip -d /ceph-fj/fangjun/software android-ndk-r25-linux.zip
# It will create /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-ndk-r25
```

Other versions can be downloaded from https://github.com/android/ndk/wiki/Unsupported-Downloads

```
wget https://dl.google.com/android/repository/android-ndk-r24-linux.zip
unzip -d /ceph-fj/fangjun/software android-ndk-r24-linux.zip
# It will create /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-ndk-r24
```

Now create a symlink in /ceph-fj/fangjun/software:

```
cd /ceph-fj/fangjun/software
ln -s android-ndk-r25 android-ndk
```

Set the following environment variable:

```
export ANDROID_NDK_ROOT=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-ndk
export PATH=$ANDROID_NDK_ROOT:$PATH
```

25.3.2 Install SDK on Linux

Download the commandline tools only from https://developer.android.com/studio#downloads

```
wget https://dl.google.com/android/repository/commandlinetools-linux-8512546_latest.zip
unzip -d /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-sdk ./commandlinetools-linux-8512546_latest.

--zip
# Everything is inside /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-sdk/cmdline-tools/
cd /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-sdk
mv cmdline-tools latest
mkdir cmdline-tools
mv latest ./cmdline-tools/
```

If we don't run mv cmdline-tools latest, it will throw the following error

```
sdkmanager --update
sdkmanager --list

# Install the build tools
sdkmanager "platforms; android-28" "build-tools; 28.0.3"

# It will create the following directories inside /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-sdk/

# build-tools, emulator, licenses, patcher, platform-tools, platforms, tools
```

```
$ sdkmanager --list_installed
Installed packages:======
                         ========] 100% Fetch remote repository...
 Path
                     | Version | Description
                                                            | Location
                    | -----
 build-tools;28.0.3 | 28.0.3 | Android SDK Build-Tools 28.0.3 | build-tools/28.0.3
 emulator
                    | 31.3.10 | Android Emulator
                                                            | emulator
                    | 1
                              | SDK Patch Applier v4
                                                            | patcher/v4
 patcher; v4
 platform-tools | 33.0.2 | Android SDK Platform-Tools
                                                            | platform-tools
 platforms; android-28 | 6 | Android SDK Platform 28
                                                            | platforms/android-28
```

```
sdkmanager --help
yes | sdkmanager --licenses # to accept or licenses, the decision is saved in a cache∟
⇔file.
```

Set the following environment variables:

```
export ANDROID_SDK_ROOT=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-sdk
export PATH=$ANDROID_SDK_ROOT/cmdline-tools/latest/bin:$PATH

export ANDROID_HOME=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-sdk

# for emulator
export PATH=$ANDROID_SDK_ROOT/emulator:$PATH

# for adb
export PATH=$ANDROID_SDK_ROOT/platform-tools:$PATH

# We installed 28.0.3 before
export PATH=$ANDROID_SDK_ROOT/build-tools/28.0.3:$PATH # change it for different versions
```

Now install NDK using sdkmanager:

```
# sdkmanager --list | grep ndk
sdkmanager "ndk;21.0.6113669"
# it will download android-ndk-r21 and will generate
# android-sdk/ndk/21.0.6113669

export ANROID_NDK_HOME=$ANDROID_SDK_ROOT/ndk/21.0.6113669
export PATH=$ANDROID_NDK_ROOT:$PATH
```

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25.4 cmake

See

- https://cmake.org/cmake/help/latest/manual/cmake-toolchains.7.html
- https://developer.android.com/ndk/guides/cmake#command-line
- /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-ndk/build/cmake/android.toolchain.cmake

User provided:

- ANDROID_NDK: Set to the path of android-ndk
- ANDROID_ABI: armeabi-v7a, arm64-v8a, x86, x86_64,
- ANDROID_PLATFORM
- ANDROID_NATIVE_API_LEVEL
- ANDROID_TOOLCHAIN
- ANDROID: TRUE
- CMAKE_SYSTEM_NAME: Anroid
- ANDROID_STL
- ANDROID_HOST_TAG

Auto generated:

- ANDROID_NDK_MAJOR see android-ndk/source.properties
- ANDROID_NDK_MINOR see android-ndk/source.properties
- ANDROID_NDK_BUILD see android-ndk/source.properties
- ANDROID_NDK_REVISION see android-ndk/source.properties
- ANDROID_TOOLCHAIN_ROOT
- ANDROID_C_COMPILER

25.5 hello

In this note, we describe how to build an executable, how to create an emulator, and how to run the executable in the emulator via adb push, adb shell.

Listing 6: ./code/hello/hello.cc

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
   std::cout << "hello world\n";
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Listing 7: ./code/hello/CMakeLists

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.8)
project(hello)
add_executable(hello hello.cc)
```

25.5.1 x86

```
export ANDROID_NDK_ROOT=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-ndk
cmake -DCMAKE_TOOLCHAIN_FILE=$ANDROID_NDK_ROOT/build/cmake/android.toolchain.cmake -

DANDROID_ABI=x86 ..
```

Other values:

- -DANDROID_ABI="arm64-v8a"
- -DANDROID_ABI="armeabi-v7a"
- -DANDROID_ARM_NEON=ON
- -DANDROID_PLATFORM=android-21
- -DANDROID_PLATFORM=android-24

```
$ sdkmanager --list | grep system-images | grep x86 | grep android-28
$ sdkmanager "system-images;android-28;default;x86"
$ which avdmanager
/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/android-sdk/cmdline-tools/latest/bin/avdmanage
$ avdmanager create avd --help
$ -k --package : Package path of the system image for this AVD
                  (e.g., 'system-images; android-19; google_apis; x86').
# -n --name
               : Name of the new AVD [required]
              : The ABI to use for the AVD. The default is to auto-select
# -b --abi
                 the ABI if the platform has only one ABI for its system images
# -g --tag
               : The sys-img tag to use for the AVD. The default is to
#
                  auto-select if the platform has only one tag for its system
                  images
$ avdmanager create avd -k "system-images;android-28;default;x86" -n hello -b x86 -g_
# Use the default option [no] when it prompts:
# Do you wish to create a custom hardware profile? [no]
$ avdmanager delete avd -n hello # to delete it
```

```
$ avdmanager list avd
Available Android Virtual Devices:
    Name: hello
    Path: /root/fangjun/.android/avd/hello.avd
    Target: Default Android System Image
        Based on: Android 9.0 (Pie) Tag/ABI: default/x86
Sdcard: 512 MB
```

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```
emulator -avd hello -no-window -no-accel # then, open a new terminal
```

```
# push the binary from code/hello/build/hello
adb push ./code/hello/build/hello /sdcard # not able to use chmod +x in it
adb push ./code/hello/build/hello /data/local
adb shell /data/local/hello
adb shell
generic_x86:/ #
```

```
generic_x86:/ # ./data/local/hello
hello world
```

25.6 Android.mk

See https://developer.android.com/ndk/guides/android_mk

25.6.1 hello

Listing 8: ./code/android_mk/hello/jni/foo.cc

```
#include <iostream>
int main() { std::cout << "hello world\n"; }</pre>
```

Listing 9: ./code/android_mk/hello/jni/Android.mk

```
LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)
include $(CLEAR_VARS)

LOCAL_MODULE := foo

LOCAL_SRC_FILES := foo.cc

# include $(BUILD_SHARED_LIBRARY)
include $(BUILD_EXECUTABLE)
```

Listing 10: ./code/android_mk/hello/jni/Application.mk

```
APP_ABI := x86
APP_STL := c++_shared
```

APP_STL := c++_shared is to fix the following errors:

```
ld: error: undefined symbol: std::__ndk1::cout
```

To compile:

```
cd code/android_mk/hello
ndk-build
```

It will generate two directories in hello: libs and obj..

```
adb push libs/x86/foo /data/local
adb push libs/x86/libc++_shared.so /data/local
adb shell
cd /data/local
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=.
./foo
```

25.7 adb

25.7.1 install on macos

wget https://dl.google.com/android/repository/platform-tools-latest-darwin.zip
unzip it and you will find the binary `adb`

25.7.2 install on windows

Go to https://adbshell.com/downloads to download it.

25.7.3 install on Linux

wget https://dl.google.com/android/repository/platform-tools-latest-linux.zip
unzip it

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TWENTYSIX

QEMU

26.1 Install

```
git clone --depth 1 https://github.com/qemu/qemu
cd qemu
```

26.1.1 qemu-arm

Refer to https://github.com/Tencent/ncnn/blob/master/.github/workflows/linux-arm-cpu-gcc.yml

To run it, we have to download some cross-compile toochain, e.g.,

Go to https://developer.arm.com/tools-and-software/open-source-software/developer-tools/gnu-toolchain/gnu-a/downloads/8-3-2019-0 to download the toolchain.

```
mkdir /ceph-fj/fangjun/software
cd /ceph-fj/fangjun/software
tar xvf /path/to/gcc-arm-8.3-2019.03-x86_64-arm-linux-gnueabihf.tar.xz

export PATH=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/gcc-arm-8.3-2019.03-x86_64-arm-linux-gnueabihf/bin:

$\text{SPATH}$
```

If we have built an executable using the above toolchain, we can run it with qemu-arm:

```
./build/qemu-arm /path/to/sherpa-ncnn
```

It throws the following error:

```
qemu-arm: Unable to reserve 0xffffff000 bytes of virtual address space at 0x1000 (Success) for use as guest address space (check your virtual memory ulimit setting, min_mmap_addr or reserve less using -R option)
```

We can use

```
./build/qemu-arm -B 0x10000000 /path/to/sherpa-ncnn
```

which throws the following new error:

Now we can restart:

```
./build/qemu-arm -B 0x10000000 /path/to/sherpa-ncnn
```

```
export PATH=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/qemu/bin:$PATH
export QEMU_LD_PREFIX=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/gcc-arm-8.3-2019.03-x86_64-arm-linux-
gnueabihf/arm-linux-gnueabihf/libc

qemu-arm -B 0x10000000 ./build-arm-linux-gnueabihf/bin/sherpa-ncnn \
    ./sherpa-ncnn-2022-09-05/tokens.txt \
    ./sherpa-ncnn-2022-09-05/bar/encoder_jit_trace-v2-iter-468000-avg-16-pnnx.ncnn.param \
    ./sherpa-ncnn-2022-09-05/bar/encoder_jit_trace-v2-iter-468000-avg-16-pnnx.ncnn.bin \
    ./sherpa-ncnn-2022-09-05/bar/decoder_jit_trace-v2-iter-468000-avg-16-pnnx.ncnn.param \
    ./sherpa-ncnn-2022-09-05/bar/decoder_jit_trace-v2-iter-468000-avg-16-pnnx.ncnn.bin \
    ./sherpa-ncnn-2022-09-05/bar/joiner_jit_trace-v2-iter-468000-avg-16-pnnx.ncnn.param \
    ./sherpa-ncnn-2022-09-05/bar/joiner_jit_trace-v2-iter-468000-avg-16-pnnx.ncnn.bin \
    ./test_wavs/1221-135766-0002.wav
```

26.1.2 qemu-aarch64

```
wget https://releases.linaro.org/components/toolchain/binaries/latest-7/aarch64-linux-

gnu/gcc-linaro-7.5.0-2019.12-x86_64_aarch64-linux-gnu.tar.xz

cd /ceph-fj/fangjun/software

tar xvf /path/to/gcc-linaro-7.5.0-2019.12-x86_64_aarch64-linux-gnu.tar.xz
```

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```
./sherpa-ncnn-2022-09-05/bar/decoder_jit_trace-v2-iter-468000-avg-16-pnnx.ncnn.bin \
./sherpa-ncnn-2022-09-05/bar/joiner_jit_trace-v2-iter-468000-avg-16-pnnx.ncnn.param \
./sherpa-ncnn-2022-09-05/bar/joiner_jit_trace-v2-iter-468000-avg-16-pnnx.ncnn.bin \
./test_wavs/1221-135766-0002.wav
```

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TWENTYSEVEN

SOX

27.1 Basics

27.1.1 Extract part of a wave

```
# offset 2 seconds, length 0.195 seconds
sox in.mp3 out.mp3 trim 2 0.195
```

27.1.2 Fix broken waves

```
sox --ignore-length corrupted.wav fixed.wav
```

27.1.3 pad

```
# add 2 seconds of silence at the begining and 3 seconds of silence
# at the end.
sox in.wav out.wav pad 2 3
```

27.2 base64

```
import base64
encode_string = base64.b64encode(open("audio.wav", "rb").read())
wav_file = open("temp.wav", "wb")
decode_string = base64.b64decode(encode_string)
wav_file.write(decode_string)
```

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TWENTYEIGHT

MNN

28.1 Install

Refer to https://mnn-docs.readthedocs.io/en/latest/compile/engine.html

```
./schema/generate.sh
mkdir build
cd build
cmake -DMNN_BUILD_CONVERTER=ON -DMNN_SUPPORT_DEPRECATED_OP=OFF -DMNN_BUILD_TORCH=ON ..
make -j 10
```

Note: Use CPLUS_INCLUDE_PATH and C_INCLUDE_PATH to add additional paths for searching.

28.1.1 Python

See https://mnn-docs.readthedocs.io/en/latest/compile/pymnn.html

To build a python package, use:

```
cd pymnn/pip_package/
python3 ./build_deps.py
python3 setup.py bdist_wheel --version 2.1.1
# We can get the version from include/MNN/MNNDefine.h
# or we can give it an arbitrary version string.
pip install ./dist/MNN-2.1.1-cp38-cp38-linux_x86_64.whl
cd $HOME
python3 -c "import MNN; print(dir(MNN))"
```

28.2 Hello

Create a simple torchscript model:

Listing 1: ./code/hello/ex1.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import torch
```

(continues on next page)

```
class Foo(torch.nn.Module):
    def forward(self, x):
        return torch.nn.functional.relu(x)

f = Foo()
    x = torch.rand(2)
    m = torch.jit.trace(f, x)
    m.save("ex1.pt")
    print(m.graph)
```

```
MNNConvert -f TORCH --modelFile ./ex1.pt --MNNModel ex1.mnn --bizCode MNN
```

It prints:

```
Start to Convert Other Model Format To MNN Model...
Start to Optimize the MNN Net...
inputTensors: [ x.1, ]
outputTensors: [ 2, ]
Converted Success!
```

We can use:

```
netron ex1.mnn --port 6006
```

to view it:

```
Serving 'ex1.mnn' at http://localhost:6006
```

To convert the model to json, use:

```
MNNDump2Json ./ex1.mnn ./ex1.json
```

which generates:

Listing 2: ./code/hello/ex1.json

```
{ "bizCode": "MNN", "extraInfo":
     "version": "2.1.1" }
2
     "oplists":
   { "main_type": "Input", "main":
     "dtype": "DT_FLOAT", "dformat": "NCHW" }
   , "name": "x.1", "outputIndexes":
   [ 0 ]
     "type": "Input", "defaultDimentionFormat": "NHWC" }
   { "inputIndexes":
11
   [ 0 ]
12
     "main_type": "Relu", "main":
13
   { "slope": 0.0 }
```

(continues on next page)

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To convert ex1. json back to a .mnn file, use:

```
MNNRevert2Buffer ex1.json ex11.mnn
```

To show the information of the model:

```
MNNConvert --framework MNN --modelFile ./ex1.mnn --info
```

It prints:

```
Model default dimensionFormat is NCHW
Model Inputs:
[ x.1 ]: dimensionFormat: NCHW, size: [ ], type is float
Model Outputs:
[ 2 ]
Model Version: 2.1.1
```

To run it with MNN in Python:

Listing 3: ./code/hello/test-ex1-mnn.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
2
   import numpy as np
   import MNN
   import torch
   def main():
       interpreter = MNN.Interpreter("ex1.mnn")
       config = {}
11
       config["precision"] = "low" # low, high, normal
12
       config["backend"] = "CPU"
13
       # config["thread"] = 1
       session = interpreter.createSession(config)
15
16
       # a = torch.tensor([1, -2.5, 3.2], dtype=torch.float32)
17
       # b = a.numpy()
18
       input_tensor = interpreter.getSessionInput(session)
20
       interpreter.resizeTensor(input_tensor, (3,))
21
```

(continues on next page)

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```
interpreter.resizeSession(session)
22
       print("input_tensor.getShape()", input_tensor.getShape())
23
24
       input_data = MNN.expr.const(
25
           np.array([1, -2.5, 3.2], dtype=np.float32),
           (3,),
27
           MNN.expr.NCHW,
           MNN.expr.float,
29
       input_tensor.copyFrom(MNN.Tensor(input_data))
31
       print("input_tensor.getNumpyData()", input_tensor.getNumpyData())
32
33
       interpreter.runSession(session)
35
       output_tensor = interpreter.getSessionOutput(session)
       print("output_tensor.getNumpyData()", output_tensor.getNumpyData())
37
       output_data = MNN.Tensor(
           output_tensor.getShape(), MNN.Halide_Type_Float, MNN.Tensor_DimensionType_Caffe
41
       output_tensor.copyToHostTensor(output_data)
42
       print("output_data.getNumpyData()", output_data.getNumpyData())
43
44
   if __name__ == "__main__":
46
       main()
```

It prints:

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TWENTYNINE

SIMD

29.1 References

- https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/docs/intrinsics-guide/index.html All APIs for intrinsics with examples
- 15-418/15-618: Parallel Computer Architecture and Programming, Spring 2018: Schedule https://www.cs.cmu.edu/afs/cs.cmu.edu/academic/class/15418-s18/www/schedule.html
- How to Write Fast Code 18-645 (CMU, ECE)
 https://users.ece.cmu.edu/~pueschel/teaching/18-645-CMU-spring08/course.html
- http://spcl.inf.ethz.ch/Teaching/2018-dphpc/lectures/lecture8-simd.pdf

SSE:

- 128-bit
- __m128, __m128d
- _mm_load_ps, _mm_add_pd

AVX:

- 256-bit
- __m256, __mm256d
- _mm256_load_ps, _mm256_add_pd

AVX512:

• 512-bit

29.2 Headers

- mmintrin.h MMX
- xmmintrin.h SSE
- emmintrin.h, SSE2
- pmmintrin.h, SSE3
- tmmintrin.h, SSSE3
- smmintrin.h, SSE4.1

- nmmintrin.h, SSE4.2
- ammintrin.h, SSE4A
- wmmintrin.h, AES
- immintrin.h, AVX

29.3 SSE

The header file is xmmintrin.h, it is in /usr/lib/gcc/x86_64-linux-gnu/7/include. There is also a file mmintrin.h.

29.4 avx

SSE4 data types:

- __m128, 4 floats
- __m128d, 2 doubles
- __m128i, it depends, can be 16 8-bit, 8 16-bit, 4 32-bit, 2 64-bit

AVX2 data types:

- __m256, 8 floats
- __m256d, 4 doubles
- __m256i, 32 8-bt, 16 16-bit, 8 32-bit, 4 64-bit

Listing 1: ./code/avx/main.cc

```
#include <cassert>
   #include <immintrin.h>
   // ps means packed signle precision
   static void TestLoadStore() {
     alignas(16) float a[4] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\};
     alignas(16) float b[4];
     _{m128} f = _{mm}load_ps(a);
     // f = _mm_loadu_ps(a); // if a not aligned
     _mm_store_ps(b, f);
     // _mm_storeu_ps(b, f); // if b is not aligned
11
     assert(b[0] == a[0]);
12
     assert(b[1] == a[1]);
13
     assert(b[2] == a[2]);
     assert(b[3] == a[3]);
15
16
     // set manually
17
     f = _mm_set_ps(a[3], a[2], a[1], a[0]);
18
     _mm_store_ps(b, f);
     assert(b[0] == a[0]);
20
     assert(b[1] == a[1]);
21
     assert(b[2] == a[2]);
```

(continues on next page)

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```
assert(b[3] == a[3]);
23
24
      // for double
25
     alignas(32) double k[4] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\};
26
     _{m256d} d = _{mm256\_load\_pd(k)};
27
     // d = _mm256_loadu_pd(k); // if k is not aligned
28
     alignas(32) double m[4];
29
     _mm256_store_pd(m, d);
30
     // _mm256_storeu_pd(m, d); // if m is not aligned
     assert(m[0] == k[0]);
32
33
     assert(m[1] == k[1]);
     assert(m[2] == k[2]);
34
     assert(m[3] == k[3]);
36
     d = _{mm256\_set\_pd(k[3], k[2], k[1], k[0])};
     _mm256_store_pd(m, d);
38
     assert(m[0] == k[0]);
     assert(m[1] == k[1]);
40
     assert(m[2] == k[2]);
     assert(m[3] == k[3]);
42
43
44
   static void TestLoadStore1() {
45
     float a = 10;
     float b[4];
47
     _{m128} f = _{mm}load_ps1(&a);
     _mm_store_ps(b, f);
49
     assert(b[0] == a);
50
     assert(b[1] == a);
51
     assert(b[2] == a);
52
     assert(b[3] == a);
53
55
   static void TestAdd() {
     float a[4] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\};
57
     float b[4] = \{10, 20, 30, 40\};
58
     _{m128} f = _{mm}load_{ps(a)};
59
     _{m128} g = _{mm}load_{ps}(b);
60
      _{\tt m128} h = _{\tt mm\_add\_ps(f, g);}
     float c[4];
62
     _mm_store_ps(c, h);
     assert(c[0] == a[0] + b[0]);
64
     assert(c[1] == a[1] + b[1]);
     assert(c[2] == a[2] + b[2]);
66
     assert(c[3] == a[3] + b[3]);
67
   }
68
   static void AddIndex1(double *x, int32_t n) {
70
     for (int32_t i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
71
        x[i] = x[i] + i;
72
73
   }
```

(continues on next page)

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```
75
    // assume n % 4 == 0
76
    static void AddIndex2(double *x, int32_t n) {
77
      assert(n \% 4 == 0);
78
       __m256d index, x_vec;
      for (int32_t i = 0; i < n; i += 4) {
80
        x_{ec} = _{mm256\_load\_pd(x + i)};
81
        // x_vec[0] = x[i]
82
        // x_{vec[1]} = x[i+1]
        // x_{vec}[2] = x[i+2]
84
85
        // x_{vec[3]} = x[i+3]
86
        index = _{mm256\_set\_pd(i + 3, i + 2, i + 1, i)};
        // index[0] = i
88
        // index[1] = i+1
        // index[2] = i+2
90
        // index[3] = i+3
91
92
        x_{ec} = _{mm256\_add\_pd(x_{ec}, index)};
        // x_{vec}[0] = x_{vec}[0] + index[0]
94
        // x_{vec}[1] = x_{vec}[1] + index[1]
95
        // x_{vec[2]} = x_{vec[2]} + index[2]
        // x_{vec}[3] = x_{vec}[3] + index[3]
97
        _{mm256\_store\_pd(x + i, x\_vec);}
        // (x+i)[0] = x_{vec}[0]
100
        // (x+i)[1] = x_{vec}[1]
101
        // (x+i)[2] = x_{vec}[2]
102
        // (x+i)[3] = x_{vec}[3]
103
      }
    }
105
    static void TestAddIndex() {
107
      alignas(32) double a[64];
108
      alignas(32) double b[64];
109
      for (int32_t i = 0; i != 64; ++i) {
110
        a[i] = b[i] = i;
111
112
      AddIndex1(a, 64);
113
      AddIndex2(b, 64);
114
      for (int32_t i = 0; i != 64; ++i) {
115
        assert(a[i] == b[i]);
116
      }
    }
118
119
    int main() {
120
      TestLoadStore();
      TestLoadStore1();
122
      TestAdd();
      TestAddIndex();
124
      return 0;
125
126
```

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CHAPTER

THIRTY

ASIO

30.1 Install

```
git clone https://github.com/chriskohlhoff/asio/
cd asio/asio
./autogen.sh
./configure --prefix=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/asio
make -j 10
make install
```

It will create include and lib/pkgconfig/asio.pc inside /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/asio. Note that it is a header only library.

30.2 Hello

https://think-async.com/Asio/asio-1.24.0/doc/asio/tutorial/tuttimer1.html

Listing 1: ./code/Makefile

```
CXXFLAGS := -I /ceph-fj/fangjun/software/asio/include -pthread

srcs := $(shell find . -type f -name "*.cc" -printf "%f ")
targets :=$(srcs:%.cc=%)

all: $(targets)

%: %.cc

$(CXX) $(CXXFLAGS) -o $@ $<

.PHONY: clean
clean:
$(RM) $(targets)
```

Listing 2: ./code/1-timer-synchronous.cc

```
#include "asio.hpp"
#include <iostream>
#include <iostream>
```

```
int main() {
    asio::io_context io;
    std::cout << "sleep for 1 second\n";
    asio::steady_timer t(io, asio::chrono::seconds(1));
    t.wait();
    std::cout << "hello world\n";
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Listing 3: ./code/2-timer-asynchronous.cc

```
#include "asio.hpp"
   #include <iostream>
   void print(const asio::error_code &) { std::cout << "done\n"; }</pre>
   int main() {
     asio::io_context io;
     std::cout << "sleep for 1 seconds\n";</pre>
     asio::steady_timer t(io, asio::chrono::seconds(1));
10
     t.async_wait(&print);
11
     t.async_wait(&print);
12
     io.run();
13
     return 0;
14
   }
15
```

Listing 4: ./code/3-timer-async-bind-argument.cc

```
#include "asio.hpp"
   #include <iostream>
2
   void print(const asio::error_code &ec, asio::steady_timer *t, int *counter) {
     if (*counter < 3) {</pre>
       std::cout << *counter << "\n";</pre>
       *counter += 1;
       t->expires_at(t->expiry() + asio::chrono::seconds(1));
       t->async_wait(
            [t, counter](const asio::error_code &e) { print(e, t, counter); });
10
     }
11
   }
12
13
   int main() {
14
     asio::io_context io;
15
     asio::steady_timer t(io, asio::chrono::seconds(1));
     int counter = 0;
17
     // use a lambda to pass extra parameters
19
     t.async_wait(
20
          [&t, &counter](const asio::error_code &ec) { print(ec, &t, &counter); });
21
     io.run();
22
     return 0;
```

(continues on next page)

24 }

Listing 5: ./code/4-timer-async-member-function.cc

```
#include "asio.hpp"
   #include <iostream>
   class printer {
   public:
     printer(asio::io_context &io)
          : t_(io, asio::chrono::seconds(1)), counter_(0) {
        t_.async_wait([this](const asio::error_code &ec) { print(ec); });
     void print(const asio::error_code &ec) {
11
       if (counter_ < 6) {</pre>
12
          std::cout << counter_ << "\n";</pre>
13
          counter_ += 1;
          t_.async_wait([this](const asio::error_code &e) { this->print(e); });
15
16
     }
17
18
   private:
19
     asio::steady_timer t_;
20
     int counter_;
21
22
   };
   int main() {
23
     asio::io_context io;
24
     printer p(io);
25
     io.run();
26
     return 0;
27
28
```

Listing 6: ./code/5-timer-async-thread-non-synchronization.cc

```
#include "asio.hpp"
   #include <iostream>
   #include <thread>
   class printer {
   public:
6
     printer(asio::io_context &io)
         : t1_(io, asio::chrono::seconds(1)), t2_(io, asio::chrono::seconds(1)) {
       t1_.async_wait([this](const asio::error_code &e) { print1(e); });
       t2_.async_wait([this](const asio::error_code &e) { print2(e); });
11
     void print1(const asio::error_code &ec) {
13
       if (counter_ < 8) {</pre>
         std::cout << "print1 id: " << std::this_thread::get_id() << ", counter "
15
                    << counter_ << "\n";
         counter_ += 1;
```

(continues on next page)

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```
t1_.expires_at(t1_.expiry() + asio::chrono::seconds(1));
18
         t1_.async_wait([this](const asio::error_code &e) { print1(e); });
19
       }
20
     }
21
22
     void print2(const asio::error_code &ec) {
23
       if (counter_ < 8) {</pre>
24
         std::cout << "print2 id: " << std::this_thread::get_id() << ", counter "
25
                    << counter_ << "\n";
         counter_ += 1;
27
         t2_.expires_at(t2_.expiry() + asio::chrono::seconds(1));
         t2_.async_wait([this](const asio::error_code &e) { print2(e); });
29
       }
     }
31
   private:
33
     asio::steady_timer t1_;
     asio::steady_timer t2_;
35
     int counter_ = 0;
   };
37
38
   int main() {
39
     asio::io_context io;
40
     printer p(io);
     std::thread t([&io]() { io.run(); }); // NOTE: print1() and print2() can run
42
                                             // either in t or in the main thread
     io.run();
44
     t.join();
   }
46
   #if 0
48
   (py38) kuangfangjun:code$ ./5-timer-async-thread-non-synchronization
   print1 id: print2 id: 140164266059584, counter 0
50
   140164247860992, counter 1
   print1 id: 140164266059584, counter 2
52
   print2 id: 140164247860992, counter 3
53
   print1 id: 140164266059584, counter 4
54
   print2 id: 140164247860992, counter 5
55
   print1 id: 140164266059584, counter 6
   print2 id: 140164247860992, counter 7
57
   (py38) kuangfangjun:code$ ./5-timer-async-thread-non-synchronization
   print2 id: print1 id: 140191018206976, counter 140191036405568, counter 0
59
   print1 id: 140191018206976, counter print2 id: 2
61
   140191036405568, counter 3
   print1 id: 140191018206976, counter 4
   print2 id: 140191036405568, counter 5
   print1 id: 140191018206976, counter 6
   print2 id: 140191036405568, counter 7
   #endif
```

Listing 7: ./code/6-timer-async-thread-with-synchronization.cc

```
#include "asio.hpp"
   #include <iostream>
   #include <thread>
   class printer {
   public:
6
     printer(asio::io_context &io)
          : strand_(asio::make_strand(io)), t1_(io, asio::chrono::seconds(1)),
            t2_(io, asio::chrono::seconds(1)) {
       t1_.async_wait(asio::bind_executor(
10
            strand_, [this](const asio::error_code &e) { print1(e); }));
       t2_.async_wait(asio::bind_executor(
12
           strand_, [this](const asio::error_code &e) { print2(e); }));
14
15
     void print1(const asio::error_code &ec) {
16
       if (counter_ < 8) {</pre>
          std::cout << "print1 id: " << std::this_thread::get_id() << ", counter "
18
                    << counter_ << "\n";
         counter_ += 1;
20
         t1_.expires_at(t1_.expiry() + asio::chrono::seconds(1));
21
         t1_.async_wait([this](const asio::error_code &e) { print1(e); });
22
       }
23
     }
24
25
     void print2(const asio::error_code &ec) {
26
       if (counter_ < 8) {</pre>
27
         std::cout << "print2 id: " << std::this_thread::get_id() << ", counter "
28
                    << counter_ << "\n";
29
         counter_ += 1;
         t2_.expires_at(t2_.expiry() + asio::chrono::seconds(1));
31
         t2_.async_wait([this](const asio::error_code &e) { print2(e); });
32
       }
33
     }
35
   private:
     asio::strand<asio::io_context::executor_type> strand_;
37
     asio::steady_timer t1_;
38
     asio::steady_timer t2_;
39
     int counter_ = 0;
   };
41
42
   int main() {
43
     asio::io_context io;
44
     printer p(io);
45
     std::thread t([&io]() { io.run(); }); // NOTE: print1() and print2() can run
46
                                              // either in t or in the main thread
47
     io.run();
48
     t.join();
   }
50
```

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```
#if 0
51
   (py38) kuangfangjun:code$ ./6-timer-async-thread-with-synchronization
52
   print1 id: 140648598263616, counter 0
   print2 id: 140648598263616, counter 1
   print1 id: 140648580065024, counter 2
   print2 id: 140648598263616, counter 3
56
   print1 id: 140648580065024, counter 4
   print2 id: 140648598263616, counter 5
   print1 id: 140648580065024, counter 6
   print2 id: 140648598263616, counter 7
60
   (py38) kuangfangjun:code$ ./6-timer-async-thread-with-synchronization
   print1 id: 139671509145408, counter 0
62
   print2 id: 139671509145408, counter 1
   print1 id: 139671490946816, counter 2
   print2 id: 139671509145408, counter 3
  print1 id: 139671490946816, counter 4
   print2 id: 139671509145408, counter 5
   print1 id: 139671490946816, counter 6
   print2 id: 139671509145408, counter 7
   #endif
```

Listing 8: ./code/7-daytime-sync-client.cc

```
#include "asio.hpp"
   #include <array>
   #include <iostream>
   using asio::ip::tcp;
   int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
     try {
       if (argc != 2) {
         std::cerr << "Usage: client <host>" << std::endl;</pre>
         return 1;
       }
11
12
       asio::io_context io;
13
       tcp::resolver resolver(io);
14
15
       tcp::resolver::results_type endpoints =
           resolver.resolve(argv[1], "daytime");
17
18
       tcp::socket socket(io);
19
       asio::connect(socket, endpoints);
20
21
       for (;;) {
22
         std::array<char, 128> buf;
         asio::error_code ec;
24
         size_t len = socket.read_some(asio::buffer(buf), ec);
         if (ec == asio::error::eof) {
26
           break:
27
         } else if (ec) {
28
            throw asio::system_error(ec);
```

(continues on next page)

Listing 9: ./code/8-daytime-sync-server.cc

```
#include "asio.hpp"
   #include <ctime>
   #include <iostream>
   #include <string>
   using asio::ip::tcp;
   std::string make_daytime_string() {
     using namespace std;
     time_t now = time(0);
     return ctime(&now);
10
   }
11
12
   int main() {
13
     try {
14
       asio::io_context io;
15
       // need sudo permission to bind port 13
       tcp::acceptor acceptor(io, tcp::endpoint(tcp::v4(), 13));
17
       std::cout << "started\n";</pre>
       for (;;) {
19
          tcp::socket socket(io);
          acceptor.accept(socket);
21
          auto message = make_daytime_string();
23
          asio::error_code ec;
24
          asio::write(socket, asio::buffer(message), ec);
25
26
     } catch (std::exception &e) {
27
       std::cout << "Exception: " << e.what() << "\n";</pre>
28
29
     return 0;
30
   }
31
```

Listing 10: ./code/9-daytime-async-server.cc

```
#include "asio.hpp"
#include <ctime>
#include <iostream>
#include <memory>

using asio::ip::tcp;
```

(continues on next page)

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```
std::string make_daytime_string() {
     using namespace std;
     time_t now = time(0);
10
     return ctime(&now);
11
12
13
   class tcp_connection : public std::enable_shared_from_this<tcp_connection> {
14
   public:
15
     using pointer = std::shared_ptr<tcp_connection>;
17
     static pointer create(asio::io_context &io) {
       return pointer(new tcp_connection(io));
19
       // return std::make_shared<tcp_connection>(io);
21
22
     tcp::socket &socket() { return socket_; }
23
     void start() {
25
       message_ = make_daytime_string();
       auto p = shared_from_this();
27
       asio::async_write(
28
           socket_, asio::buffer(message_),
29
            [p](const asio::error_code &ec, size_t bytes_transferred) {
30
             p->handle_write(ec, bytes_transferred);
           });
32
     }
34
   private:
     tcp_connection(asio::io_context &io) : socket_(io) {}
36
37
     void handle_write(const asio::error_code & /*ec*/,
38
                        size_t /*bytes_transferred*/) {}
40
     tcp::socket socket_;
     std::string message_;
42
   };
43
44
   class tcp_server {
45
   public:
46
     tcp_server(asio::io_context &io)
47
          : io_(io), acceptor_(io, tcp::endpoint(tcp::v4(), 13)) {
48
       start_accept();
49
     }
51
   private:
52
     void start_accept() {
53
       tcp_connection::pointer new_connection = tcp_connection::create(io_);
       acceptor_.async_accept(new_connection->socket(),
55
                                [this, new_connection](const asio::error_code &ec) {
                                  this->handle_accept(new_connection, ec);
57
                                });
58
     }
```

(continues on next page)

```
void handle_accept(tcp_connection::pointer new_connection,
60
                          const asio::error_code &ec) {
61
       if (!ec) {
62
         new_connection->start();
63
       }
       start_accept();
65
67
     asio::io_context &io_;
     tcp::acceptor acceptor_;
   };
71
   int main() {
72
     try {
73
       asio::io_context io;
       tcp_server server(io);
75
       io.run();
76
     } catch (std::exception &e) {
77
       std::cout << "Exception: " << e.what();</pre>
     }
     return 0;
80
   }
```

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CHAPTER

THIRTYONE

WEBSOCKETPP

31.1 Install

```
git clone https://github.com/zaphoyd/websocketpp
cd websocketpp
mkdir build
cmake -DCMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX=/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/websocketpp ..
make -j install
```

31.2 hello

Listing 1: ./code/hello/Makefile

```
CXXFLAGS := -DASIO_STANDALONE

CXXFLAGS += -I/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/asio/include

CXXFLAGS += -I/ceph-fj/fangjun/software/websocketpp/include

CXXFLAGS += -std=c++14

LDFLAGS += -pthread

main: main.o uri.o

$(CXX) -o $@ $^ $(LDFLAGS)

%.o: %.cc

$(CXX) -c $(CXXFLAGS) -o $@ $<

clean:

$(RM) *.o main
```

Listing 2: ./code/hello/main.cc

```
#include "websocketpp/client.hpp"

#include "websocketpp/config/asio_no_tls_client.hpp"

#include <assert.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <memory>
#include <string>
#include <thread>
```

```
using client = websocketpp::client<websocketpp::config::asio_client>;
10
   class connection_metadata {
11
   public:
12
     using ptr = std::shared_ptr<connection_metadata>;
     connection_metadata(int32_t id, websocketpp::connection_hdl hdl,
14
                          std::string uri)
         : m_id(id), m_hdl(hdl), m_status("Connecting"), m_uri(uri),
16
           m_server("N/A") {}
     void on_open(client *c, websocketpp::connection_hdl hdl) {
18
       m_status = "Open";
       client::connection_ptr con = c->get_con_from_hdl(hdl);
20
       m_server = con->get_response_header("Server");
22
       // the type of con->get_response() is defined in
       // websocketpp/http/response.hpp
24
       assert(con->get_response().get_version() == "HTTP/1.1");
25
   #if 0
26
       // header_list is a std::map<std::string, std::string>
27
       auto header_list = con->get_response().get_headers();
28
       for (const auto &it : header_list) {
29
         std::cout << it.first << ": " << it.second << "\n";</pre>
30
       }
31
       /*
       Connection: upgrade
33
       Date: Wed, 05 Oct 2022 11:33:39 GMT
       Sec-WebSocket-Accept: QvLQVaiZn5YWerU3s15SuDWypjo=
35
       Server: nginx
       Upgrade: websocket
37
        */
   #endif
39
       assert(con->get_response().get_body() == "");
41
     void on_fail(client *c, websocketpp::connection_hdl hdl) {
43
       m_status = "Failed";
       client::connection_ptr con = c->get_con_from_hdl(hdl);
45
       m_server = con->get_response_header("Server");
46
       m_error_reason = con->get_ec().message();
47
48
49
     void on_close(client *c, websocketpp::connection_hdl hdl) {
50
       m_status = "Closed";
       client::connection_ptr con = c->get_con_from_hdl(hdl);
52
       std::ostringstream os;
53
       os << "close code: " << con->get_remote_close_code() << " ("
54
          << websocketpp::close::status::get_string(con->get_remote_close_code())
          << "), close reason: " << con->get_remote_close_reason();
56
       m_error_reason = os.str();
     }
58
59
     websocketpp::connection_hdl get_hdl() const { return m_hdl; }
```

```
int32_t get_id() const { return m_id; }
61
      const std::string &get_status() const { return m_status; }
62
63
      friend std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &out,</pre>
                                        const connection_metadata &data);
66
   private:
      int32_t m_id;
68
      websocketpp::connection_hdl m_hdl;
      std::string m_status;
      std::string m_uri;
71
      std::string m_server;
72
      std::string m_error_reason;
   };
74
   std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &out, const connection_metadata &data) {</pre>
76
      out << "> URI: " << data.m_uri << "\n"
77
          << "> Status: " << data.m_status << "> Remote Server: "
78
          << (data.m_server.empty() ? "None Specified" : data.m_server) << "\n"</pre>
          << "> Error/close reason: "
          << (data.m_error_reason.empty() ? "N/A" : data.m_error_reason);</pre>
81
     return out;
82
83
    class websocket_endpoint {
85
   public:
      websocket_endpoint() : m_next_id(0) {
87
        m_endpoint.clear_access_channels(websocketpp::log::alevel::all);
        m_endpoint.clear_error_channels(websocketpp::log::elevel::all);
89
        m_endpoint.init_asio();
91
        m_endpoint.start_perpetual();
93
        m_thread.reset(new std::thread(&client::run, &m_endpoint));
      }
95
      ~websocket_endpoint() {
97
        m_endpoint.stop_perpetual();
        for (auto it = m_connection_list.begin(); it != m_connection_list.end();
             ++it) {
100
          if (it->second->get_status() != "Open") {
101
            continue;
102
          }
104
          std::cout << "> Closing connection " << it->second->get_id() << std::endl;</pre>
105
          websocketpp::lib::error_code ec;
106
          m_endpoint.close(it->second->get_hdl(),
                            websocketpp::close::status::going_away, "", ec);
108
          if (ec) {
            std::cout << "> Error closing connection " << it->second->get_id()
110
                       << ": " << ec.message() << std::endl;</pre>
111
          }
112
```

(continues on next page)

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```
}
113
        m_thread->join();
114
      }
115
116
      int32_t connect(std::string uri) {
117
        websocketpp::lib::error_code ec;
118
        client::connection_ptr con = m_endpoint.get_connection(uri, ec);
119
        if (ec) {
120
          std::cout << "> Connect initialization error: " << ec.message()</pre>
                     << std::endl;
122
          return -1;
123
        }
124
        int32_t new_id = m_next_id++;
        connection_metadata::ptr metadata_ptr(
126
            new connection_metadata(new_id, con->get_handle(), uri));
        m_connection_list[new_id] = metadata_ptr;
128
129
        // see websocketpp/connection.hpp
130
        con->set_open_handler(
131
             [metadata_ptr = metadata_ptr, this](websocketpp::connection_hdl hdl) {
132
               metadata_ptr->on_open(&m_endpoint, hdl);
133
            });
134
135
        // see websocketpp/connection.hpp
        con->set_fail_handler(
137
             [metadata_ptr = metadata_ptr, this](websocketpp::connection_hdl hdl) {
              metadata_ptr->on_fail(&m_endpoint, hdl);
139
            });
141
        con->set_close_handler(
142
             [metadata_ptr = metadata_ptr, this](websocketpp::connection_hdl hdl) {
143
              metadata_ptr->on_close(&m_endpoint, hdl);
            });
145
        m_endpoint.connect(con);
147
148
        return new_id;
149
      }
150
151
      connection_metadata::ptr get_metadata(int32_t id) const {
152
        auto metadata_it = m_connection_list.find(id);
153
        if (metadata_it == m_connection_list.end()) {
154
          return connection_metadata::ptr();
        } else {
156
          return metadata_it->second;
157
        }
158
      }
160
      void close(int32_t id, websocketpp::close::status::value code,
                  const std::string &reason = "") {
162
        websocketpp::lib::error_code ec;
163
        auto metadata_it = m_connection_list.find(id);
164
```

```
if (metadata_it == m_connection_list.end()) {
165
           std::cout << "> No connection found with id " << id << std::endl;</pre>
166
          return:
167
        }
168
        m_endpoint.close(metadata_it->second->get_hdl(), code, reason, ec);
170
        if (ec) {
171
           std::cout << "> Error initiating close: " << ec.message() << std::endl;</pre>
172
        }
      }
174
175
    private:
176
      client m_endpoint;
      std::shared_ptr<std::thread> m_thread;
178
      std::map<int32_t, connection_metadata::ptr> m_connection_list;
      int32_t m_next_id;
180
    };
181
182
    void test_uri();
183
184
    int main() {
185
      test_uri();
186
      // return 0;
187
      bool done = false;
189
      std::string input;
      websocket_endpoint endponit;
191
192
      while (true) {
193
        std::cout << "Enter command: ";</pre>
        std::getline(std::cin, input);
195
        if (input == "quit") {
          done = true;
197
        } else if (input == "help") {
           std::cout << "\nCommand List:\n"</pre>
199
                      << "connect <ws uri>\n"
200
                      << "show <connection_id>\n"
201
                      << "close <connection_id> <close_code> <close_reason>\n"
202
                      << "help: Display the help and exit\n"
                      << "quit: Exit the program\n"</pre>
204
                      << "\n";
         } else if (input.substr(0, 7) == "connect") {
206
           int32_t id = endponit.connect(input.substr(8));
           if (id != -1) {
208
             std::cout << "Created connection with id " << id << "\n";</pre>
209
210
        } else if (input.substr(0, 5) == "close") {
           std::stringstream ss(input);
212
           std::string cmd;
           int32_t id;
214
           int32_t close_code = websocketpp::close::status::normal;
215
           std::string reason;
216
```

(continues on next page)

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```
ss >> cmd >> id >> close_code;
217
           std::getline(ss, reason);
218
           endponit.close(id, close_code, reason);
219
        } else if (input.substr(0, 4) == "show") {
220
           int32_t id = atoi(input.substr(5).c_str());
           connection_metadata::ptr metadata = endponit.get_metadata(id);
222
           if (metadata) {
223
             std::cout << *metadata << std::endl;</pre>
224
          } else {
             std::cout << "Unknown connection id " << id << std::endl;</pre>
226
227
        } else {
228
           std::cout << "Unrecognized command\n";</pre>
230
        if (done)
          break:
232
233
      return 0;
234
235
    // connect ws://websocket-echo.com
236
    // close 0 1001 example message
237
```

Listing 3: ./code/hello/uri.cc

```
#include "websocketpp/uri.hpp"
   #include <assert.h>
   #include <iostream>
   static void check_valid_ipv4() {
     std::string s = "10.192.168.1";
     bool b = websocketpp::uri_helper::ipv4_literal(s.begin(), s.end());
     assert(b == true);
     s = "256.192.168.1";
10
     b = websocketpp::uri_helper::ipv4_literal(s.begin(), s.end());
11
     assert(b == false);
12
   }
13
14
   static void check_uri() {
15
     websocketpp::uri uri("ws://localhost:81");
     assert(uri.str() == "ws://localhost:81/");
17
     assert(uri.get_valid() == true);
     assert(uri.is_ipv6_literal() == false);
19
     assert(uri.get_secure() == false);
20
     assert(uri.get_scheme() == "ws");
21
     assert(uri.get_host() == "localhost");
     assert(uri.get_port() == 81);
23
     assert(uri.get_port_str() == "81");
     assert(uri.get_host_port() == "localhost:81");
25
     assert(uri.get_authority() == "localhost:81");
     assert(uri.get_resource() == "/");
27
     assert(uri.get_query() == "");
```

```
}
29
30
   static void check_uri2() {
31
     websocketpp::uri uri("wss://localhost/foo/bar?hello=12");
32
     assert(uri.str() == "wss://localhost/foo/bar?hello=12");
     assert(uri.get_valid() == true);
34
     assert(uri.is_ipv6_literal() == false);
     assert(uri.get_secure() == true);
     assert(uri.get_scheme() == "wss");
     assert(uri.get_host() == "localhost");
     assert(uri.get_port() == 443);
     assert(uri.get_port_str() == "443");
     assert(uri.get_host_port() == "localhost");
     assert(uri.get_authority() == "localhost:443");
42
     assert(uri.get_resource() == "/foo/bar?hello=12");
     assert(uri.get_query() == "hello=12");
44
45
46
   void test_uri() {
47
     check_valid_ipv4();
48
     check_uri();
49
     check_uri2();
50
   }
51
```

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CHAPTER

THIRTYTWO

OPERATING SYSTEMS

32.1 macos

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