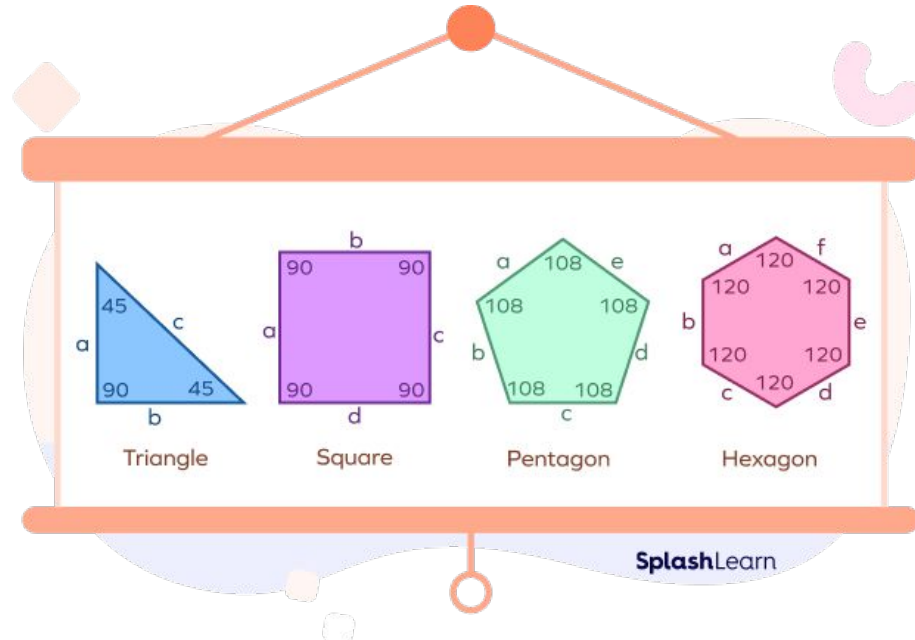
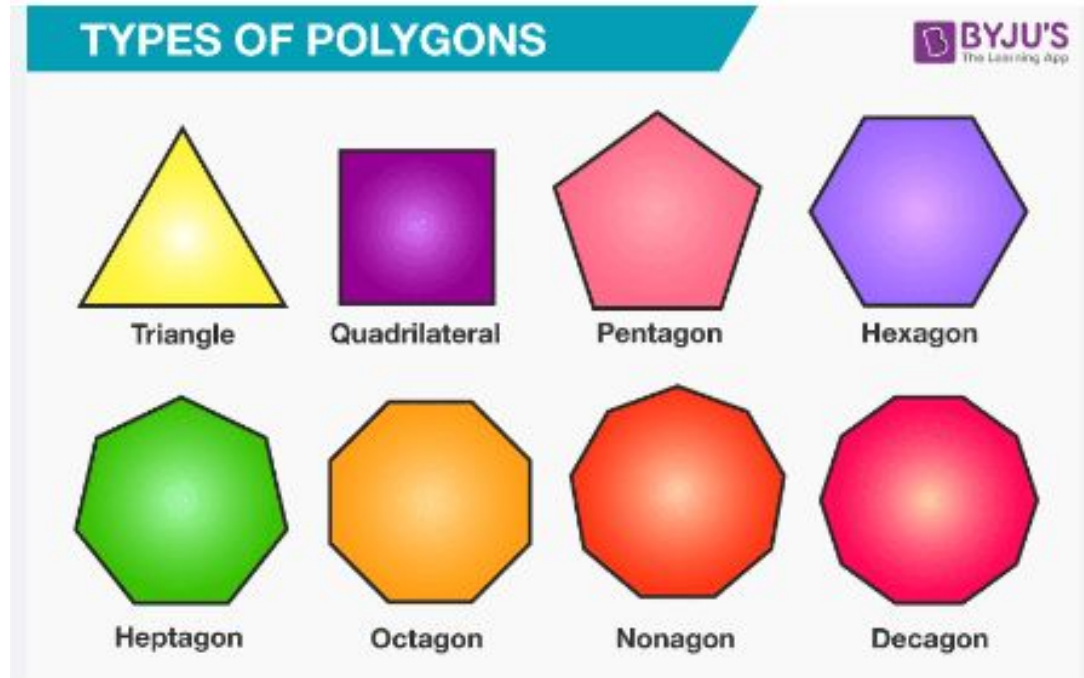


# Class 3: Geometry In Action

To make the robot draw the desired shape, we need to know the turning angle. Geometry is the study of angles. Let's put our knowledge of Geometry to work!!!

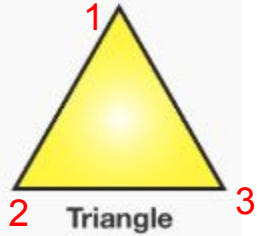


Question: How do we find the inner angles of any regular polygons? By “regular”, I mean inner angles are the same. For example, **pentagon** and **hexagon** are regular polygons.



# Observation

Let  $n$  = number of inner angles of a regular polygon.



$$n = 3$$

Sum of all inner angles = 180

Each inner angle =  $180/n = 60$



Quadrilateral

$$n = 4$$

Sum of all inner angles = 360

Each inner angle =  $360/n = 90$

Our Hypothesis...

Sum of all inner angles =  
 $180*(n-2)$

Thus each inner angle =  
 $180*(n-2) / n$

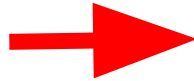
Test our hypothesis on <https://skulpt.org/>



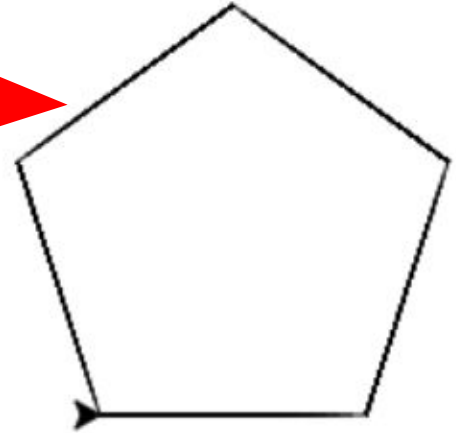
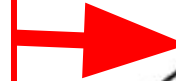
**n=5**

Sum =  $180 \times (n-2) = 540$

Inner angle =  $540/5 = 108$



```
from turtle import *  
  
pendown()  
  
for x in range(5):  
    forward (100)  
    left(180-108) # cmpl  
  
penup()
```



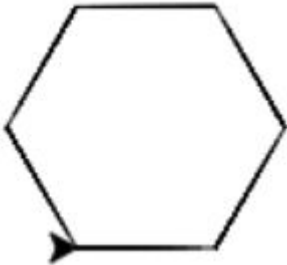
**YES !!!**

**How about**  
**n=6,7,8,9,10?**

# Computer Science & Math: Concept: **Variables**

Let's use **variables** in our program so it can work with any integer  $n$  for the number of inner angles...

Does that work? Try it...



```
from turtle import *
```

```
# define # of inner angles
```

```
n=6
```

```
### calculate each turn
```

```
sum_angles = 180*(n-2)
```

```
inside_angle = sum_angles/n
```

```
left_turn_angle = 180-inside_angle
```

```
### draw
```

```
pendown()
```

```
for x in range(n):
```

```
    forward (20)
```

```
    left(left_turn_angle)
```

```
penup()
```

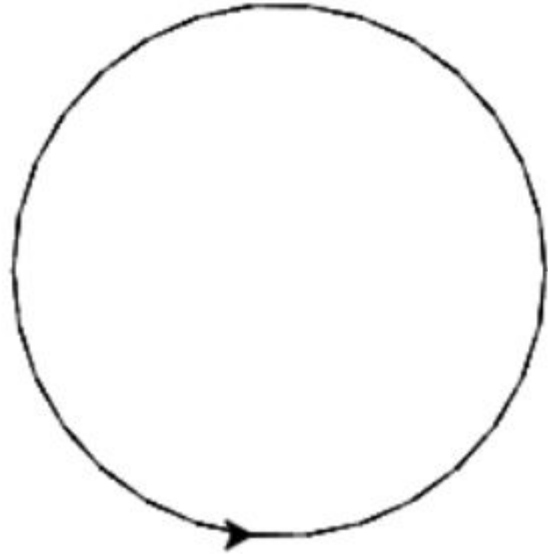
# Computer Science & Math: Concept: **Algorithm**

What if we make  **$n=30$** , what do you see?

Does that look like a circle as we increase the number of inner angles?

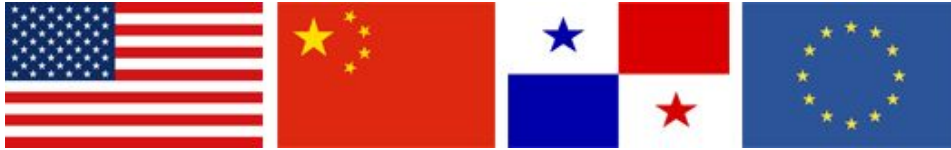
Can we use that algorithm to create a circle? or a curve?

Try it !!!

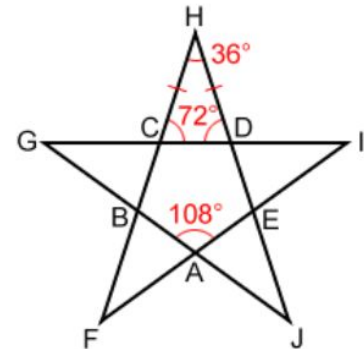
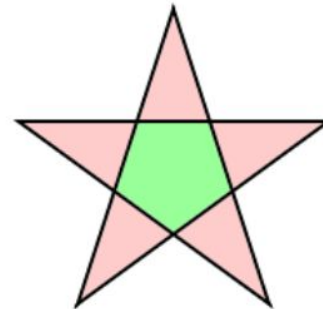


# How about the inner angle for a 5-point star (Pentagram)?

Pentagram is a popular shape, used in many national flags...



Hint: There is a **Pentagon inside** with 108 deg inner angle as we learned previously. Using complementary angles HCD & HDC, we can calculate the inner angle on each point to be **36 degrees**.



# Assignment:

Write a TurtleBot program that draws your initials on paper. Make it as pretty as possible using techniques you learned in the past classes. Turn in the paper for grading.

