Assignment #9: 图论: 遍历, 及 树算

Updated 1739 GMT+8 Apr 14, 2024

2024 spring, Complied by <mark>苏王捷 工学院</mark>

说明:

- 1)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora https://typoraio.cn,或者用word)。AC或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 2) 提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 3) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

编程环境

(请改为同学的操作系统、编程环境等)

操作系统: Windows 11

Python编程环境: Spyder IDE 5.5.3

1. 题目

04081: 树的转换

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/dsapre/04081/

思路: dfs找距离

```
# # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""

Created on Wed Jan 24 12:18:44 2024

@author: Lenovo
"""

r1=r2=i=0

def dfs(d1,d2):
    global r1,r2,i
    r1=max(r1,d1)
    r2=max(r2,d2)
    cnt=1
    while s[i]:
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

#44334060提交状态

查看 提交 统计 提问

状态: Accepted

```
基本信息
源代码
                                                                                           #: 44334060
                                                                                         题目: 04081
 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
                                                                                       提交人: 23n2300011075(才疏学浅)
                                                                                         内存: 3644kB
 Created on Wed Jan 24 12:18:44 2024
                                                                                         时间: 24ms
 @author: Lenovo
                                                                                         语言: Python3
                                                                                      提交时间: 2024-03-22 09:11:16
 r1=r2=i=0
 def dfs(d1,d2):
    global r1, r2, i
     r1=max(r1,d1)
     r2=max(r2,d2)
     cnt=1
     while s[i]:
        if s[i]=='d':
             i+=1
             dfs(d1+1,d2+cnt)
              cnt+=1
 s=list(input())+[""]
 r1=r2=-1
 i=0
 dfs(0,0)
  \mathtt{print} \, (\mathtt{f}'' \{ \mathtt{r} 1 \} \ \Rightarrow \ \{ \mathtt{r} 2 \} \, '')
```

08581: 扩展二叉树

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/dsapre/08581/

思路:建树递归

```
# # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
```

```
Created on Thu Feb 15 12:35:56 2024
@author: Lenovo
class Node:
    def __init__(self):
        self.value=None
        self.lchild=None
        self.rchild=None
def build():
    node=Node()
    node.value=1.pop(0)
    return node
def Tree(root):
    if root.value==".":
        return
    root.lchild=build()
    Tree(root.lchild)
    root.rchild=build()
    Tree(root.rchild)
def midorder(tree):
    if tree.value==".":
        return
    midorder(tree.lchild)
    print(tree.value,end="")
    midorder(tree.rchild)
def lastorder(tree):
    if tree.value==".":
        return
    lastorder(tree.lchild)
    lastorder(tree.rchild)
    print(tree.value,end="")
l=list(input())
tree=build()
Tree(tree)
midorder(tree)
print()
lastorder(tree)
print()
```

#43898179提交状态 查看 提交 统计 提问

基本信息

状态: Accepted

```
源代码
                                                                              #: 43898179
                                                                            题目: 08581
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
                                                                          提交人: 23n2300011075(才疏学浅)
                                                                            内存: 3652kB
Created on Thu Feb 15 12:35:56 2024
                                                                            时间: 22ms
 @author: Lenovo
                                                                            语言: Python3
                                                                         提交时间: 2024-02-15 12:46:20
 class Node:
    def __init__(self):
        self.value=None
        self.lchild=None
        self.rchild=None
def build():
    node=Node()
    node.value=1.pop(0)
    return node
```

22067: 快速堆猪

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/22067/

思路: 堆实现, 懒删除

```
# # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Thu Feb 15 12:26:47 2024
@author: Lenovo
0.00
import heapq
from collections import defaultdict
heap,stack,count=[],[],defaultdict(int)
while True:
    try:
        function=list(input().split())
        if function[0]=="pop":
            if stack:
                count[stack.pop()]-=1
        elif function[0]=="push":
            stack.append(int(function[1]))
            count[int(function[1])]+=1
            heapq.heappush(heap,int(function[1]))
        else:
            if stack:
                while heap and not count[heap[0]]:
                    heapq.heappop(heap)
                print(heap[0])
    except EOFError:
        break
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

#43898136提交状态 查看 提交 统计 提问

基本信息

状态: Accepted

```
#: 43898136
源代码
                                                                                    题目: 22067
 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
                                                                                  提交人: 23n2300011075(才疏学浅)
                                                                                    内存: 8320kB
 Created on Thu Feb 15 12:26:47 2024
                                                                                    时间: 354ms
 @author: Lenovo
                                                                                    语言: Python3
                                                                                 提交时间: 2024-02-15 12:34:58
 import heapq
 \textbf{from} \text{ collections } \textbf{import} \text{ default} \text{dict}
 heap, stack, count=[], [], defaultdict(int)
 while True:
         function=list(input().split())
         if function[0] == "pop":
            if stack:
                count[stack.pop()]-=1
         elif function[0] == "push":
             stack.append(int(function[1]))
             count[int(function[1])]+=1
             heapq.heappush(heap,int(function[1]))
         else:
             if stack:
                 while heap and not count[heap[0]]:
                    heapq.heappop(heap)
                 print(heap[0])
     except EOFError:
         break
```

04123: 马走日

dfs, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/04123

思路: dfs 记录路径数

```
# # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""

Created on Tue Oct 31 10:32:15 2023

@author: Lenovo
"""

d=[(1,2),(2,1),(-1,2),(-2,1),(-1,-2),(-2,-1),(1,-2),(2,-1)]
maze=[[0]*11 for _ in range(11)]
ans=0
def dfs(step,x,y):
    global ans,maze
    if step==n*m:
        ans+=1
        return
```

```
for i in range(8):
    nx,ny=d[i]
    nx,ny=x+nx,y+ny
    if 0<=nx<n and 0<=ny<m and not maze[nx][ny]:
        maze[nx][ny]=1
        dfs(step+1,nx,ny)
        maze[nx][ny]=0

t=int(input())
for i in range(t):
    n,m,x0,y0=map(int,input().split())
    maze=[[0]*11 for _ in range(11)]
    ans=0
    maze[x0][y0]=1
    dfs(1,x0,y0)
    print(ans)</pre>
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

基本信息

状态: Accepted

```
源代码
                                                                           #: 42124978
                                                                         题目: 04123
 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
                                                                        提交人: 23n2300011075(才疏学浅)
Created on Tue Oct 31 10:32:15 2023
                                                                         内存: 3604kB
                                                                          时间: 3340ms
 @author: Lenovo
                                                                          语言: Python3
                                                                       提交时间: 2023-10-31 10:44:11
d=[(1,2),(2,1),(-1,2),(-2,1),(-1,-2),(-2,-1),(1,-2),(2,-1)]
\texttt{maze=[[0]*11 for \_ in range(11)]}
 ans=0
def dfs(step,x,y):
    global ans, maze
    if step==n*m:
       ans+=1
        return
    for i in range(8):
       nx,ny=d[i]
        nx, ny=x+nx, y+ny
        maze[nx][ny]=1
           dfs(step+1,nx,ny)
            maze[nx][ny]=0
 t=int(input())
 for i in range(t):
    n,m,x0,y0=map(int,input().split())
    maze=[[0]*11 for _ in range(11)]
    ans=0
    maxe[x0][y0]=1
    dfs(1,x0,y0)
    print (ans)
```

28046: 词梯

bfs, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/28046/

思路: 建词桶 bfs同时记录路径

```
# # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Wed Apr 10 21:00:19 2024
@author: Lenovo
import heapq
n=int(input())
word,words={},{}
for i in range(n):
    w=input()
    for p in range(4):
        ws=w[:p]+"_"+w[p+1:]
        word[w]=word.get(w,[])+[ws]
        words[ws]=words.get(ws,[])+[w]
start,end=input().split()
vis=set([start])
heap=[]
flag=False
heapq.heappush(heap,(1,[start]))
while heap:
    1,path=heapq.heappop(heap)
    node=path[-1]
    if node==end:
        flag=True
        break
    for ws in word[node]:
        if ws in vis:
            continue
        vis.add(ws)
        for w in words[ws]:
            if w in vis:
                continue
            vis.add(w)
            heapq.heappush(heap,(l+1,path+[w]))
if flag:
   print(*path)
else:
    print("NO")
```

基本信息

状态: Accepted

```
#: 44600962
源代码
                                                                              题目: 28046
 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
                                                                            提交人: 23n2300011075(才疏学浅)
                                                                              内存: 7276kB
 Created on Wed Apr 10 21:00:19 2024
                                                                              时间: 61ms
 @author: Lenovo
                                                                              语言: Python3
                                                                           提交时间: 2024-04-11 00:29:24
 import heapq
 n=int(input())
 word, words={},{}
 for i in range (n):
    w=input()
     for p in range (4):
        ws=w[:p]+"_"+w[p+1:]
        word[w]=word.get(w,[])+[ws]
        words[ws]=words.qet(ws,[])+[w]
```

28050: 骑士周游

dfs, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/28050/

思路: Warnsdorff算法优化,每次走之后可能性最少的地方

```
# # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Fri Apr 12 00:23:41 2024
@author: Lenovo
move=[(-2, -1), (-2, 1), (-1, -2), (-1, 2), (1, -2), (1, 2), (2, -1), (2, 1)]
def is_valid(x,y):
    return 1 <= x <= n and 1 <= y <= n and not visited[x][y]
def get_degree(x,y):
    count=0
    for i in range(8):
        dx, dy=x+move[i][0], y+move[i][1]
        if is_valid(dx,dy):
            count+=1
    return count
def dfs(x,y,step):
    if step==n*n:
        return True
    mindind, mind=-1, 9
    for i in range(8):
        dx, dy=x+move[i][0], y+move[i][1]
        if is_valid(dx,dy) and get_degree(dx,dy)<mind:
            mindind=i
            mind=get_degree(dx,dy)
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图,至少包含有"Accepted")

状态: Accepted

```
源代码

# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""

Created on Fri Apr 12 00:23:41 2024

@author: Lenovo
"""

move=[(-2, -1), (-2, 1), (-1, -2), (-1, 2), (1, -2), (1, 2), (2, -1), (2, 1)]

def is_valid(x,y):
    return 1<=x<=n and 1<=y<=n and not visited[x][y]

def get_degree(x,y):
    count=0
    for i in range(8):
        dx, dy=x+move[i][0], y+move[i][1]
```

基本信息

#: 44610972 题目: 28050

提交人: 23n2300011075(才疏学浅)

内存: 3724kB 时间: 31ms 语言: Python3

提交时间: 2024-04-12 00:48:34

2. 学习总结和收获

<mark>如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"2024spring每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站</mark> 题目<mark>。</mark>

期中! 寄!