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Bad-Algorithms-Made-Worse / DPLL / README.md

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227 lines (179 sloc) 3.26 KB

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Compiling:

This program was developed on Ubuntu 16.04 xenial using g++ 5.4.0

C++11 is required.

Please use your local machine or a server like linux.tamu.edu via ssh.

To compile run one of the following commands:

```
g++ -o main main.cpp -std=c++11
```

make

Running:

To run the program type ./main with or without problem flags.

To specify which problem to run, add the name of the problem to the next runtime argument.

You can run the program in your terminal by typing some of the following examples:

```
./main
./main test
```

./main 1a

I highly recommend running the test file, because it is carefully crafted to work as intended. Careful running falseTest though, it will generate the empty clause but will take a long time before it truly decides falseTest is unsatisfiable.

Output:

When and if a solution is found a corresponding output file is generated in problemSet-SolutionTraces/

For example: ./main test produces problemSet-SolutionTraces/test

Note: The program substitutes satisfied clauses with (*). Meaning stared clauses are true, and empty clauses () are false.

1d. FOL KB of the map of Australia

```
adjacent( WA, NT )
adjacent( WA, SA )
adjacent( NT, WA )
adjacent( NT, SA )
adjacent( NT, Q )
adjacent( Q, NT )
adjacent( Q, SA )
adjacent( Q, NSW )
adjacent( NSW, SA )
adjacent( NSW, V )
adjacent( V, SA )
adjacent( V, NSW )
adjacent( SA, WA )
adjacent( SA, NT )
adjacent( SA, Q )
adjacent( SA, NSW )
adjacent( SA, V )
adjacent( T )
color( SA, r )
color( WA, b )
color( NT, g )
color( Q, b )
color( NSW, g )
color( V, b )
color( T, r )
```

5. FOL KB for N-Queens Problem

```
Where N = even integer
Queen( i, j ) means there is a queen in that ( row, col ).

No queen is implicitly defined by not claiming a queen is in that space.

Queen( 1, 2 )
Queen( 2, 4 )
Queen( 3, 6 )
...
Queen( N/2, N )

Queen( 1, 1 )
Queen( 2, 3 )
Queen( 2, 3 )
Queen( 4, 5 )
...
Queen( N, N - 1 )
```

Example Trace

```
From: test.cnf

0: (-A v -B )
1: ( A v B )
```

```
2: (-B v D )
3: (-A v D )
4: (-B v -C )
5: ( B V C )
6: (-C v -A )
7: (-C v -B )
8: ( A V B V C )
Model: { }
Pure Symbol: true D
0: (-A v -B )
1: ( A V B )
2: ( * )
3: ( * )
4: (-B v -C )
5: ( B v C )
6: (-C v -A)
7: (-C v -B )
8: ( A v B v C )
Model: { D }
Chose: true A
0: (-B)
1: ( * )
2: ( * )
3: ( * )
4: (-B v -C )
5: ( B V C )
6: (-C)
7: (-C v -B )
8: ( * )
Model: { D A }
Unit Clause: false B
0: ( * )
1: ( * )
2: ( * )
3: ( * )
4: ( * )
5: ( C )
6: (-C)
7: ( * )
8: ( * )
Model: { D A -B }
Unit Clause: true C
0: ( * )
1: ( * )
2: ( * )
3: ( * )
4: ( * )
5: ( * )
6: ( )
7: ( * )
8: ( * )
Model: { D A -B C }
Back-tracking...
Chose: false A
0: ( * )
1: ( B )
2: (-B v D )
3: ( * )
4: (-B v -C )
5: ( B V C )
6: ( * )
7: (-C v -B )
8: ( B V C )
Model: { -A }
```

```
Pure Symbol: true D
0: ( * )
1: ( B )
2: ( * )
3: ( * )
4: (-B v -C )
5: ( B v C )
6: ( * )
7: (-C v -B )
8: ( B v C )
Model: { -A D }
Unit Clause: true B
0: ( * )
1: ( * )
2: ( * )
3: ( * )
4: (-C)
5: ( * )
6: ( * )
7: (-C)
8: ( * )
Model: { -A D B }
Pure Symbol: false C
0: ( * )
1: ( * )
2: ( * )
3: ( * )
4: ( * )
5: ( * )
6: ( * )
7: ( * )
8: ( * )
Model: { -A D B -C }
The logic is satisfiable
Model: { -A D B -C }
```