# DIGITAL PREDISTORTION WITH LOW-PRECISION ADCS



# Chance Tarver and Joseph R. Cavallaro Rice University



#### Motivation

# • Spectrum scarcity is leading to more frequency-agile standards

- -Non-contiguous transmission
- -Carrier Aggregation (CA) in LTE-Advanced
- Cognitive radio
- -5G New Radio (NR) cellular
- -Citizens Broadband Radio Service

#### Non-contiguous carriers intermodulate

- -Caused by nonlinearities in power amplifiers (PAs)
- Undesired spurious emissions (spurs) and spectral regrowth
- -Could interfere with nearby channels
- –Self-interference to own receiver when using FDD

## • DPD requires extra hardware

- -Extra RX chains with fast sampling rates
- -Larger area
- –More power
- Need computationally and hardware efficient way to linearize for this scenario

#### Main Idea

# • Use a lower precision ADC for DPD on a UE device

- -Reduce the necessary area
- –Reduce the power
- -Reduce the cost
- Reduce the computational complexity by using shorter word lengths
- Increase sampling rates to support DPD for larger BWs

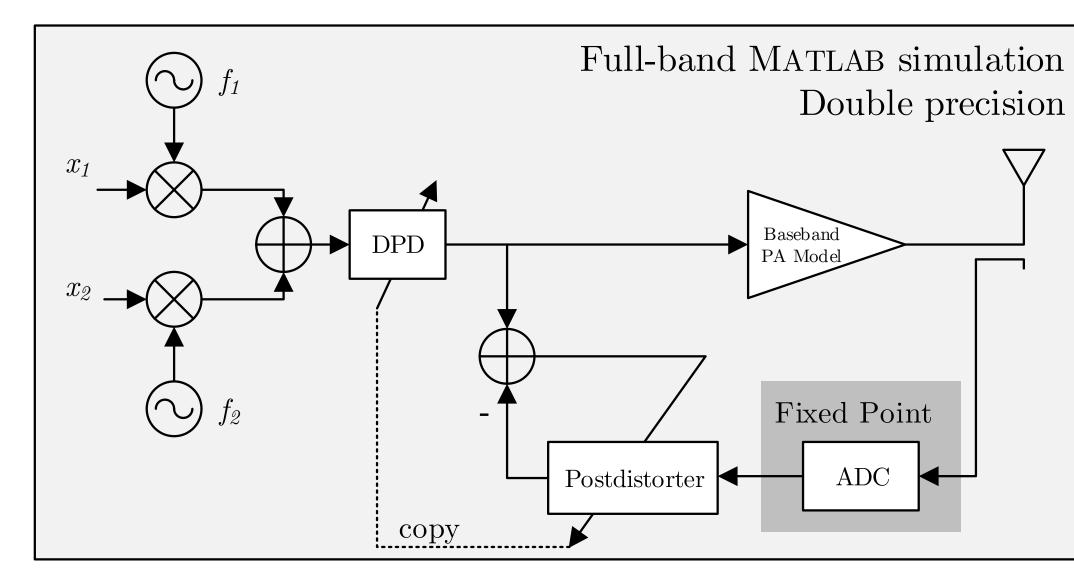
## MATLAB Simulator

#### LTE-Advanced CA Scenario

- -Two, 5 MHz component carriers
- -Intraband CA with 20 MHz spacing
- -5<sup>th</sup> order, parallel Hammerstein PA model
- -Fixed point toolbox to emulate ADC

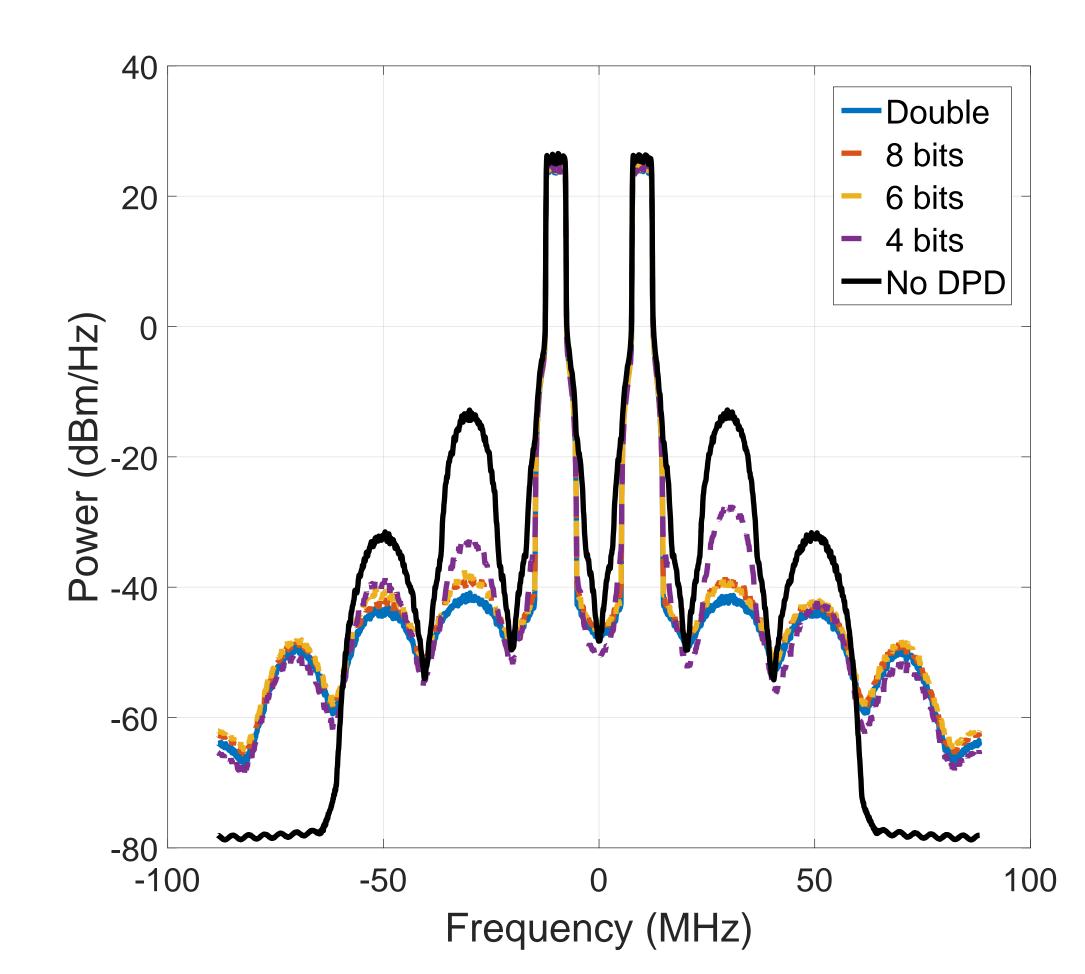
# Full-band DPD Simulations

#### Simulation Architecture



-Traditional, indirect-learning DPD

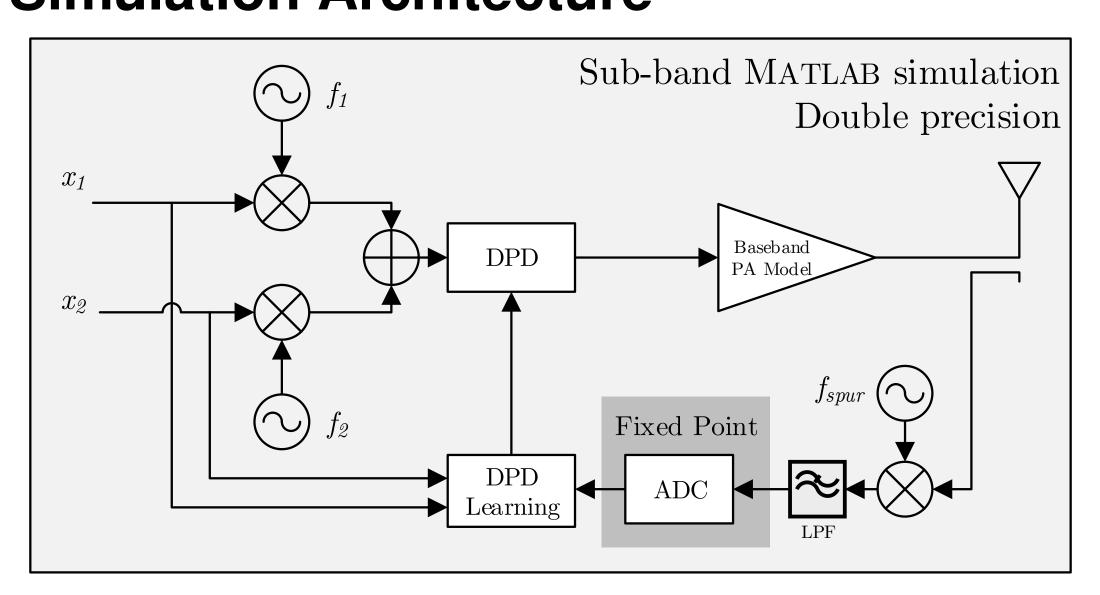
## Suppression Results:



- -Near ideal performance for as low as 6 bits
- Main carriers begin to saturate the ADC at low precisions

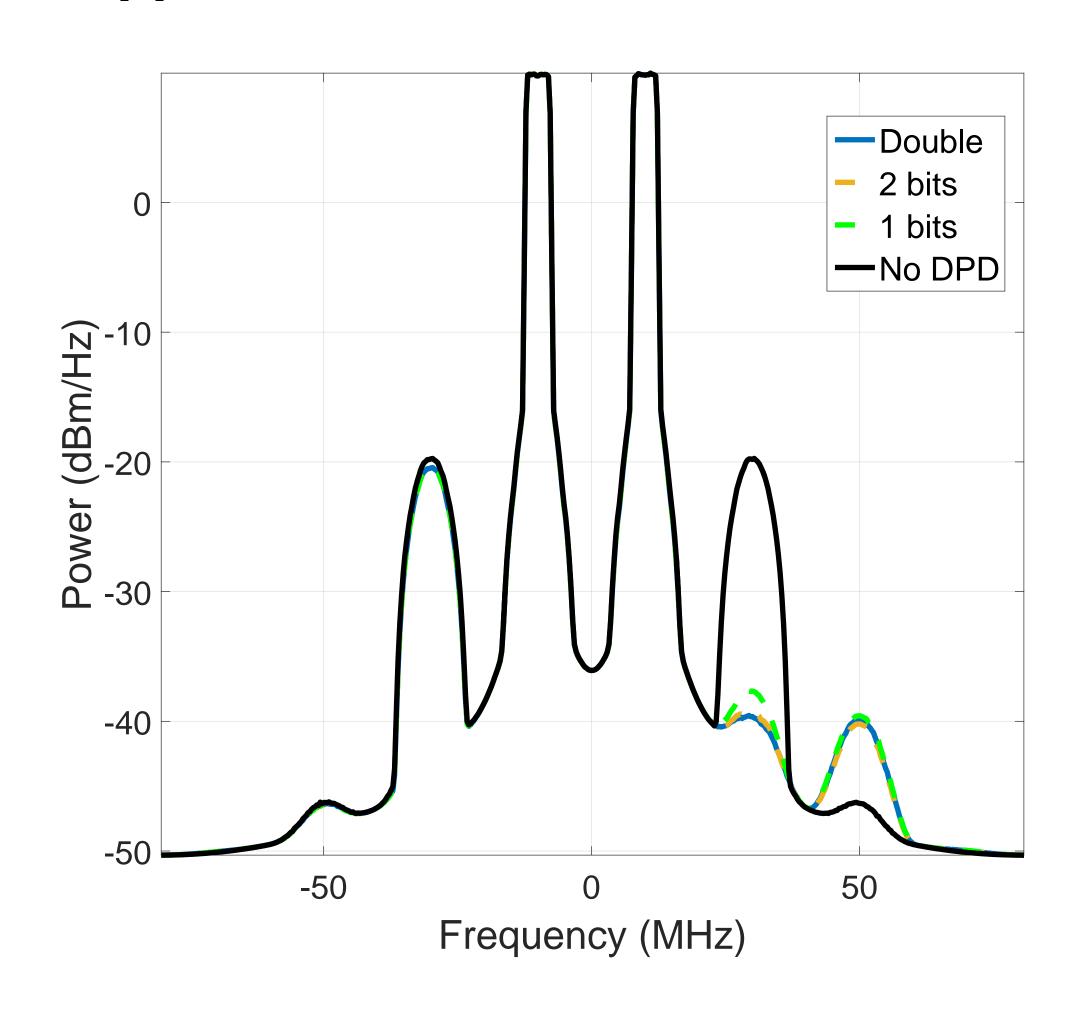
# **Sub-band DPD Simulations**

#### Simulation Architecture



-Uses LMS adaptive training to learn inverse of PA nonlinearities

#### Suppression Results:



- -Near ideal performance for as low as 1 bit
- -RX feedback gain can be set to get better resolution of the spurious signal
- –Main carriers no longer likely to saturate the ADC

#### **Future Work**

- Multi sub-band, single-bit DPD solution
- Hardware testing with a real PA using the WARP SDR platform