Welcome to CTASS!

10/11/2019

Student group for...

Computational

Text

Analysis in the

Social

Sciences

What are we about?

Building an interdisciplinary community

Sharing knowledge and building a common vocabulary

Providing support

Expanding the acceptance and legitimacy of text analysis methods in the social sciences

What to expect from...

Sessions - Some background information and lively discussion

Workshops - More guided exposure to common tools and a chance to work with other CTASS members

Virtual Poster Sessions - Opportunity to share your work and see what everyone else is up to

Faculty Speakers - Broad exposure to actual uses of text analysis across the social sciences

Social Half-Hours - A casual opportunity to get to know other CTASS members

Hackathons - Group problem solving to develop new skills and refine old ones

Austin van Loon

PhD Candidate in Sociology President of CTASS (Autumn)



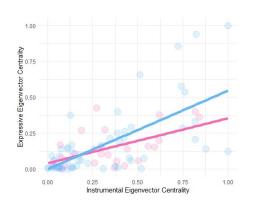
- Political Polarization
- Organizational Culture
- Social Networks

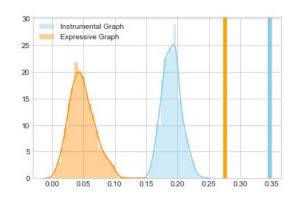
Gender-based Allocative Discrimination in Organizations (with Kata Mueller-Gastelle)

RQ: How do organizational processes combine with perceptual biases to result in gender-based allocative discrimination?

Data: Enron Email Corpus

Hypothesis: Women end up excluded in either work email networks or social email networks but not both







Klint Kanopka

PhD Candidate in GSE President of CTASS (Winter)



- Educational Measurement
- Psychometrics
- Deep Learning

The Fragility of Scoring Decisions in Automatic Essay Grading Software

RQ: How do automatic essay scoring (AES) systems make scoring decisions and can better understanding these decisions help develop "gaming" strategies?

Data: The Hewlett Foundation AES Kaggle Competition

Preliminary Finding: Seemingly high-performing AES systems can make scoring decisions based on single words and randomly inserting these words into low-scoring essays can result in better scores.

Sheridan Stewart

PhD Candidate in Sociology President of CTASS (Spring)



- Meaning of work
- Modernity and cultural change
- Stratification

"Getting" a Job: Social Position and the Experience and Meaning of Work

RQ: How do occupations "hang together" with respect to the meaning of work?

Data: ~3 million company reviews from Glassdoor, Inc.

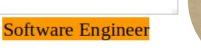
Preliminary analysis: Features that predict the occupation of the reviewer

Text with highlighted words

lot bright dedicated hard work people committed customer local management recognize reward top performer local management seem supportive internal move provide people challenging growth opportunity general local management supportive achieve good work life balance see downside

Text with highlighted words

long term vision planning process improvement always talk seldom ever execute seem primarily due lack adequate resource support upper management abundance work local management supportive allow people pursue healthy work life balance amount work need get combine number people experience level make virtually impossible people achieve



Coming up in the autumn quarter...

October 25th:

- CTASS Social Half-hour (10:00 AM 10:30 AM)
- Amir Goldberg (Stanford GSB; 10:30 AM 11:30 AM)

November 8th:

Session: "From Theory to Measurement" (10:30 AM - 11:30 AM)

November 22nd:

• Workshop: "Web Scraping, Pre-Processing, and the Garden of Forking Paths" (10:30 AM - 11:30 AM)

December 6th:

- Virtual Poster Session: Greet and Treat (10:00 AM 10:30 AM)
- Guest speaker: Brandon Stewart (Princeton Sociology; 10:30 AM 11:30 AM)
- CTASS BBQ (4:00 PM 6:00 PM)

Coming up in the winter quarter...

Session: "Topic Models"

Session: "Word Embeddings"

Faculty Speaker + CTASS social half-hour

Faculty speaker: Jen Pan (Stanford Communication) + Yak and Snack (Virtual Poster Session)

Workshop: "The Twitter API and Common Tools for Sentiment Analysis, Topic Models, and Word Embeddings"

Coming up in the spring quarter...

Session: "Deep Learning"

Faculty Speaker + Reveal and Meal (Virtual poster session)

Faculty Speaker + CTASS Social Half-Hour

CTASS Hackathon

(Potentially) CTASS Student Conference

The Whens and Whys of Text Analysis

Why NOT Text Analysis?

Language is noisy ("I made her duck")

Language use is context-dependent

Might not be tied to any reality beyond subjective experience ("I'm upper-middle class")

No unified model of language generation; requires assumptions that are difficult to validate or that we know/suspect are wrong

Why Text Analysis?

Massive sources of text data increasingly accessible

- Historical materials (Google Books)
- Everyday communications (text, emails, etc.)
- Digital trace data (social media, web searches, etc.)

Social life (arguably increasingly so) is mediated through text

Very impressive momentum methodologically from computational linguistics and industry

Increased computational resources for complicated models and high-dimensional data

To NLP or not to NLP?

That is NOT the question!

When Text Analysis?

Is the text a (behavioral) measure, an outcome, or a thing to be studied in and of itself? How does it compare to alternative sources of data?

Consider volume of data vs. complexity of information (cf. human doing a deep read)

Can you validate conclusions you draw from the text (balancing against the unique contribution of the text) or can the text validate another measure?

How well-trodden is the proposed method, and what are its assumptions?

https://tinyurl.com/kss-ctass-10-11