

**ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENTS
M.E. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
REGULATIONS – 2019
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM**

VISION AND MISSION

VISION OF THE DEPARTMENT

The Department of Computer Science and Engineering strives to create computing professionals, researchers, and entrepreneurs, with high technical knowledge, communication skills, values and ethics. It collaborates with academia, industry and community to set high standards in academic excellence and in fulfilling societal responsibilities.

MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT

The mission of the Department of Computer Science and Engineering is to

- Provide motivated faculty and state of the art facilities for education and research, both in foundational aspects and of relevance to emerging computing trends.
- Develop knowledgeable, industry-ready students with pertinent competencies.
- Inculcate responsibility through sharing of knowledge and innovative computing solutions that benefit the society-at-large.
- Engage in collaborative research with academia and industry for seamless transfer of knowledge resulting in patentable solutions.
- Generate adequate resources for research activities from sponsored projects and consultancy.

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PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES:

1. Prepare students to understand the foundational concepts in Computer Science and Engineering
2. Enable students to integrate theory and practice for problem solving.
3. Empower students to critically analyze current trends and future issues from a system perspective at multiple levels of detail and abstraction.
4. Prepare students to critically analyze existing literature, identify the gaps and propose innovative and research oriented solutions
5. Enable students to pursue lifelong multidisciplinary learning as professional engineers and scientists
6. Enable students to effectively communicate technical information, function effectively on teams, and apply computer engineering solutions within a global, societal, and environmental context by following ethical practices

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs):

PO #	Graduate Attribute	Programme Outcomes
1.	Research Aptitude	An ability to independently carry out research / Investigations, identify problems and develop solutions to solve practical problems.
2.	Technical documentation	An ability to write and present a substantial technical report/ document.
3.	Technical competence	Students should be able to demonstrate a degree of mastery over the area as per the specialization of the program. The mastery should be at a level higher than the requirements in the appropriate bachelor program
4	Handle complex problems	Use research based knowledge, methods, appropriate techniques, resources and tools to solve complex engineering issues with an understanding of the limitations.
5	Environmental Sustainability and societal Ethics	Ensure development of socially relevant and eco friendly indigenous products by applying technical knowledge, ethical principles and, sound engineering practices
6	Life-long learning	Recognize the need for independent, life-long learning and engage in the broadest context of technological change.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

1. To use mathematical, algorithmic and theoretical foundations in the study of computing systems.
2. To acquire in-depth knowledge and skills in core and emerging technologies of Computer Science and Engineering.
3. To develop and apply innovative solutions to real world problems using appropriate research techniques.

MAPPING OF PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

A broad relation between the programme educational objective and the outcomes is given in the following table

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1.	√		√	√		
2.	√		√	√		√
3.	√		√	√	√	√
4.	√		√	√		√
5.	√			√		√
6.	√	√	√	√	√	√

YEAR	SEMESTER	COURSE TITLE	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
YEAR 1	SEM1	Advanced Mathematics for Scientific Computing	√		√	√		
		Data Structures and Algorithms	√		√	√		
		Multi Core Architectures	√		√	√		
		Networking Technologies	√		√	√	√	√
		Research Methodology and IPR	√	√	√		√	
		Audit Course – I*						
		Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	√		√	√		
		Networking Laboratory	√		√	√		

YEAR 2	SEM2	Machine Learning	√		√	√	√	
		Advanced Operating Systems	√		√	√		
		Compiler Optimization Techniques	√		√	√		
		Program Elective I						
		Program Elective II						
		Audit Course –II						
		Machine Learning Techniques Laboratory	√		√	√		
		Professional Practices	√	√				√
	SEM3	Program Elective III						
		Program Elective IV						
		Program Elective V						
		Open Elective						
		Dissertation I	√	√	√	√	√	√
	SEM4	Dissertation II	√	√	√	√	√	√

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENTS
M.E. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
REGULATIONS – 2019
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I - IV SEMESTER CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

SEMESTER I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	MA5153	Advanced Mathematics for Scientific Computing	FC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	CP5151	Data Structures and Algorithms	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CP5152	Multi Core Architectures	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CP5153	Networking Technologies	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	RM5151	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2	0	0	2	2
6.		Audit Course – I*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICALS								
7.	CP5161	Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	CP5111	Networking Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
TOTAL				16	1	8	25	19

*Audit course is optional

SEMESTER II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	CP5251	Advanced Operating Systems	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CP5252	Compiler Optimization Techniques	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
3.	CP5253	Machine Learning	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.		Program Elective I	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
5.		Program Elective II	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.		Audit Course –II*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICALS								
7.	CP5261	Machine Learning Techniques Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	CP5262	Professional Practices	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
TOTAL				17	0	10	27	20

*Audit course is optional

SEMESTER III

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.		Program Elective III	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
2.		Program Elective IV	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Program Elective V	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.		Open Elective	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
5.	CP5311	Dissertation I	EEC	0	0	12	12	6
TOTAL				12	0	14	26	19

SEMESTER IV

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
PRACTICALS								
1.	CP5411	Dissertation II	EEC	0	0	24	24	12
TOTAL				0	0	24	24	12

TOTAL NO. OF CREDITS: 70

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENTS
M.E. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (PART TIME)
REGULATIONS – 2019
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I - VI SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

SEMESTER I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	MA5153	Advanced Mathematics for Scientific Computing	FC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	CP5151	Data Structures and Algorithms	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CP5152	Multi Core Architectures	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.		Audit Course – I*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICALS								
5.	CP5161	Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
TOTAL				11	1	4	16	12

* Audit Course is optional

SEMESTER II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	CP5251	Advanced Operating Systems	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CP5252	Compiler Optimization Techniques	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
3.		Program Elective I	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
4.		Audit Course –II*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICALS								
5.	CP5262	Professional Practices	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
TOTAL				11	0	6	17	12

* Audit Course is optional

SEMESTER III

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	CP5153	Networking Technologies	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	RM5151	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2	0	0	2	2
3.		Program Elective II	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
4.		Open Elective	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
5.	CP5111	Networking Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
TOTAL				11	0	6	17	14

SEMESTER IV

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	CP5253	Machine Learning	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.		Program Elective III	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Program Elective IV	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
4.	CP5261	Machine Learning Techniques Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
TOTAL				9	0	4	13	11

SEMESTER V

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.		Program Elective V	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
2.	CP5511	Dissertation I	EEC	0	0	12	12	6
TOTAL				3	0	12	15	9

SEMESTER VI

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
PRACTICALS								
1.	CP5611	Dissertation II	EEC	0	0	24	24	12
TOTAL				0	0	24	24	12

TOTAL NO. OF CREDITS: 70

FOUNDATION COURSES (FC)

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	L	T	P	TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
1.	MA5153	Advanced Mathematics for Scientific Computing	FC	3	1	0	4	4

PROGRAM CORE COURSES (PCC)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	L	T	P	TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
1.	CP5151	Data Structures and Algorithms	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CP5152	Multi Core Architectures	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CP5252	Compiler Optimization Techniques	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
4.	CP5161	Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
5.	CP5251	Advanced Operating Systems	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	CP5153	Networking Technologies	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	CP5253	Machine Learning	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	CP5111	Networking Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	CP5261	Machine Learning Techniques Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR COURSE (RMC)

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	L	T	P	TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
1.	RM5151	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2	0	0	2	2

PROGRAM ELECTIVE COURSES (PEC)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	L	T	P	CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
1.	CP5090	Advanced Database Technology and Design	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
2.	CP5073	Cloud Computing Technologies	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
3.	CP5080	Ethical Hacking	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
4.	CP5079	Digital Image and Video Processing	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
5.	CP5085	Principles of Cryptography	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
6.	CP5083	Internet of Things	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
7.	CP5072	Advanced Software Engineering	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
8.	IF5076	Deep Learning	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
9.	CP5089	Web Content Design and Management	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
10.	IF5090	Semantic Web	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
11.	IF5088	Mobile Application Development	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
12.	CP5075	Cryptocurrency and Blockchain Technologies	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
13.	SE5071	Multimedia Systems and Applications	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
14.	CP5082	Information Retrieval Techniques	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
15.	BD5151	Big Data Mining and Analytics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
16.	CP5084	Parallel Algorithms	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
17.	CP5076	Cyber Security	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
18.	CP5087	Soft Computing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
19.	CP5081	Game Theory	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
20.	CP5071	Adhoc and Wireless Sensor Networks	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
21.	SE5075	Software Security	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
22.	CP5074	Cognitive Science	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
23.	CP5001	Virtualization Techniques	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
24.	CP5078	Database Administration and Tuning	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
25.	CP5077	Data Warehousing and Data Mining Techniques	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
26.	CP5086	Social Network Analysis	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
27.	SE5076	Software Testing and Quality Assurance	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
28.	CP5088	User Interface Design	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
29.	SE5074	Software Reliability Metrics and Models	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES (OEC)

*(out of 6 courses one course must be selected)

SI. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	OE5091	Business Data Analytics	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	OE5092	Industrial Safety	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	OE5093	Operations Research	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	OE5094	Cost Management of Engineering Projects	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	OE5095	Composite Materials	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	OE5096	Waste to Energy	OEC	3	0	0	3	3

AUDIT COURSES (AC)

Registration for any of these courses is optional to students

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
			L	T	P	
1.	AX5091	English for Research Paper Writing	2	0	0	0
2.	AX5092	Disaster Management	2	0	0	0
3.	AX5093	Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge	2	0	0	0
4.	AX5094	Value Education	2	0	0	0
5.	AX5095	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
6.	AX5096	Pedagogy Studies	2	0	0	0
7.	AX5097	Stress Management by Yoga	2	0	0	0
8.	AX5098	Personality Development Through Life Enlightenment Skills	2	0	0	0
9.	AX5099	Unnat Bharat Abhiyan	2	0	0	0
Total Credits						0

EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EEC)

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CONTACT PERIODS	C
				L	T	P		
1.	CP5262	Professional Practices	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
2.	CP5311	Dissertation I	EEC	0	0	12	12	6
3.	CP5411	Dissertation II	EEC	0	0	24	24	12

OBJECTIVES:

- To apply mathematical linear programming techniques to solve constrained problems.
- To appreciate the use of simulation techniques.
- To enable them to estimate the value of the parameters involved in the specific distribution from a possible continuum of alternatives.
- To give an idea of testing the statistical hypothesis claimed based on a set of data points using standard sampling distributions.
- To impart knowledge of handling random vectors which represent random variables in multi dimensional space.

UNIT I LINEAR PROGRAMMING**12**

Formulation – Graphical solution – Simplex method – Two phase method –Transportation and Assignment Problems.

UNIT II SIMULATION**12**

Discrete Event Simulation – Monte – Carlo Simulation – Stochastic Simulation – Applications to real time problems.

UNIT III ESTIMATION THEORY**12**

Estimators: Unbiasedness, Consistency, Efficiency and Sufficiency – Maximum Likelihood Estimation – Method of moments.

UNIT IV TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS**12**

Sampling distributions – Estimation of parameters – Statistical hypothesis – Tests based on Normal, t, Chi-square and F distributions for mean, variance and proportion, Tests for independence of attributes and goodness of fit.

UNIT V MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS**12**

Random vectors and Matrices – Mean vectors and Covariance matrices – Multivariate Normal density and its properties – Principal components: Population principal components – Principal components from standardized variables.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- Formulate and find optimal solution in the real life optimizing/allocation/assignment problems involving conditions and resource constraints.
- Simulate appropriate application/distribution problems.
- Obtain the value of the point estimators using the method of moments and method of maximum likelihood.
- Apply the concept of various test statistics used in hypothesis testing for mean and variances of large and small samples.
- Get exposure to the principal component analysis of random vectors and matrices.

REFERENCES:

1. Jay L. Devore, "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, 9th Edition, Boston, 2016.
2. Johnson, R.A, Irwin Miller and John Freund., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, 9th Edition, New York, 2016.
3. Johnson, R.A., and Wichern, D.W., "Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis", Pearson Education, Sixth Edition, New Delhi, 2013.
4. Ross. S.M., "Probability Models for Computer Science", Academic Press, SanDiego, 2002.
5. Taha H.A., "Operations Research: An Introduction", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2017.
6. Winston, W.L., "Operations Research", Thomson – Brooks/Cole, Fourth Edition, Belmont, 2003.

OBJECTIVES:

- To extend the students' knowledge of algorithms and data structures.
- To enhance their expertise in algorithmic analysis and algorithm design techniques.
- To understand various types of search and heap structures.
- To study various types of geometric, randomized and approximation algorithms.
- To extrapolate from them in order to apply those algorithms and techniques to solve problems.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS**9**

Properties of Big-oh Notation – Conditional Asymptotic Notation – Algorithm Analysis – Amortized Analysis – Introduction to NP-Completeness/NP-Hard – Recurrence Equations – Solving Recurrence Equations – Time-Space Tradeoff.

UNIT II SEARCH STRUCTURES**9**

Binary Search Trees – AVL Trees – Red-Black trees – Multi-way Search Trees – B-Trees – Splay Trees – Tries.

UNIT III HEAP STRUCTURES**9**

Min/Max heaps – Deaps – Leftist Heaps – Binomial Heaps – Fibonacci Heaps – Skew Heaps – Lazy Binomial Heaps

UNIT IV GEOMETRIC ALGORITHMS**9**

Segment Trees – 1-Dimensional Range Searching – k-d Trees – Line Segment Intersection – Computing the Overlay of Two Subdivisions – Range Trees – Voronoi Diagram

UNIT V ADDITIONAL TOPICS**9**

Approximation Algorithms: Vertex Cover & Euclidean Travelling Salesperson Problem – Randomized Algorithms: Closest Pair Problem & Minimum Spanning Trees – Online Algorithm: Euclidean Spanning Tree.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Analyze algorithms.
- Determine algorithm correctness.
- Choose appropriate data structures for the problems to be solved.
- Design algorithms for problems from different domains.
- Identify various research strategies on algorithmic design.

REFERENCES:

1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Susan Anderson-Freed, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C", Second Edition, University Press, 2008.
2. Gilles Brassard, Paul Bratley, "Algorithmics: Theory and Practice", Prentice Hall, 1988.
3. Mark de Berg, Otfried Cheong, Marc van Kreveld, Mark Overmars, "Computational Geometry Algorithms and Applications", Third Edition, Springer, 2008.
4. R.C.T Lee, S.S Tseng, R.C Chang and Y.T Tsai, "Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, 2012.
5. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", MIT Press, 2009.

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.			√	√		√	√		
2.		√		√		√	√		
3.	√		√	√		√	√		
4.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
5.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√

CP5152

MULTICORE ARCHITECTURES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the students to the recent trends in the field of Computer Architecture and identify performance related parameters.
- To understand the different multiprocessor issues.
- To expose the different types of multicore architectures.
- To understand the design of the memory hierarchy.
- To understand how the various forms of parallelism are exploited by the architecture.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER DESIGN AND ILP 9

Fundamentals of Computer Design – Measuring and Reporting Performance – Instruction Level Parallelism and its Exploitation – Concepts and Challenges – Limitations of ILP – Multithreading – SMT and CMP Architectures – The Multicore era.

UNIT II MEMORY HIERARCHY DESIGN 9

Introduction – Optimizations of Cache Performance – Memory Technology and Optimizations – Protection: Virtual Memory and Virtual Machines – Design of Memory Hierarchies – Case Studies.

UNIT III MULTIPROCESSOR ISSUES 9

Symmetric and Distributed Shared Memory Architectures – Cache Coherence Issues – Performance Issues – Synchronization Issues – Models of Memory Consistency – Interconnection Networks – Buses, Crossbar and Multi-stage Interconnection Networks.

UNIT IV MULTICORE ARCHITECTURES 9

Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Multi-core Architectures – Intel Multicore Architectures – SUN CMP architecture – IBM Cell Architecture. Introduction to Warehouse-Scale computers, Cloud Computing – Architectures and Issues – Case Studies.

UNIT V VECTOR, SIMD AND GPU ARCHITECTURES 9

Vector Architecture – SIMD Extensions for Multimedia – Graphics Processing Units – Case Studies – GPGPU Computing – Detecting and Enhancing Loop Level Parallelism – Introduction to Domain Specific Architectures.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:**Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to**

- Identify the limitations of ILP and the need for multicore architectures.
- Discuss the issues related to multiprocessing and suggest solutions.
- Point out the salient features of different multicore architectures and how they exploit parallelism.
- Point out the various optimizations that can be performed to improve the memory hierarchy design.
- Point out the salient features of vector, GPU and domain specific architectures.

REFERENCES:

1. John L. Hennessey and David A. Patterson, "Computer Architecture – A Quantitative Approach", Morgan Kaufmann / Elsevier, 5th edition, 2012.
2. Darryl Gove, "Multicore Application Programming: For Windows, Linux, and Oracle Solaris", Pearson, 2011.
3. David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu, "Programming Massively Parallel Processors", Morgan Kaufmann, 2010.
4. Wen-mei W. Hwu, "GPU Computing Gems", Morgan Kaufmann / Elsevier, 2011.

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.	√			√		√	√	√	√
2.	√		√	√		√		√	√
3.	√			√			√	√	√
4.	√			√			√	√	√
5.	√			√		√	√	√	

CP5153**NETWORKING TECHNOLOGIES**
L T P C
3 0 0 3
OBJECTIVES:

- To learn about integrated and differentiated services architectures.
- To understand the working of wireless network protocols.
- To study the developments in cellular networks.
- To get familiarized with next generation networks.
- To know the concepts behind software defined networks.

UNIT I NETWORK ARCHITECTURE AND QoS**9**

Overview of TCP/IP Network Architecture – Integrated Services Architecture – Approach – Components – Services – Queuing Discipline – FQ – PS – BRFQ – GPS – WFQ – Random Early Detection – Differentiated Services.

9

UNIT III CELLULAR NETWORKS

9

UNIT IV 4G NETWORKS

9

UNIT V SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS

9

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

- Identify the different features of integrated and differentiated services.
- Demonstrate various protocols of wireless networks.
- Analyze the use of next generation networks.
- Provide solutions using SDN.
- Design protocols for cellular networks.

1. William Stallings, "High Speed Networks and Internets: Performance and Quality of Service", Prentice Hall, Second Edition, 2002.
2. Martin Sauter, "From GSM to LTE, An Introduction to Mobile Networks and Mobile Broadband", Wiley, 2014.
3. Savo G Glisic, "Advanced Wireless Networks – 4G Technologies", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.
4. Jonathan Rodriguez, "Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks", Wiley, 2015.
5. Martin Sauter, "Beyond 3G – Bringing Networks, Terminals and the Web Together: LTE,
6. WiMAX, IMS, 4G Devices and the Mobile Web 2.0", Wiley, 2009.
7. Naveen Chilamkurti, SheraliZeadally, HakimaChaouchi, "Next-Generation Wireless Technologies", Springer, 2013.
8. Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Skold, "4G: LTE/LTE-Advanced for Mobile Broadband". Academic Press. 2013.

CO	PO						PSO		
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1.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
2.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
3.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
4.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
5.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√

RM5151

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR

**LT P C
2 0 0 2**

OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge and skills required for research and IPR:

- Problem formulation, analysis and solutions.
- Technical paper writing / presentation without violating professional ethics
- Patent drafting and filing patents.

UNIT I RESEARCH PROBLEM FORMULATION

6

Meaning of research problem- Sources of research problem, criteria characteristics of a good research problem, errors in selecting a research problem, scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, necessary instrumentations

UNIT II LITERATURE REVIEW

6

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, plagiarism, and research ethics.

UNIT III TECHNICAL WRITING /PRESENTATION

6

Effective technical writing, how to write report, paper, developing a research proposal, format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee.

UNIT IV INTRODUCTION TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (IPR)

6

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

UNIT V INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (IPR)

6

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System, IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc.

Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

TOTAL: 30 HOURS

OUTCOMES:

1. Ability to formulate research problem
2. Ability to carry out research analysis
3. Ability to follow research ethics
4. Ability to understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity
5. Ability to understand about IPR and filing patents in R & D.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	✓										
CO2	✓											
CO3	✓							✓				
CO4	✓				✓							
CO5	✓					✓						✓

REFERENCES:

1. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
2. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
3. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
4. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
5. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners" 2010

CP5161**DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS LABORATORY****L T P C****0 0 4 2****OBJECTIVES:**

- To familiarize various data structure implementations.
- To implement heap and various tree structures like AVL, Red-black, B-Tree and segment trees.
- To understand efficient implementation of line segment intersection.
- To understand various search structures.
- To get understanding of problem to program mapping.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Binary Search Trees
2. Min/Max Heaps
3. Leftist Heaps
4. AVL Trees
5. Red-Black Trees
6. B-Trees
7. Segment Trees
8. Line segment intersection

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to**

- Achieve programming skill to convert a problem to a programming logic.
- Apply suitable data structure for the problem in hand.
- Implement heap and various tree structures like AVL, Red-black, B-Tree and segment trees.
- Understand the usage of data structures for geometric problems.
- Understand the importance of height balancing in search structures.

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
2.	√			√		√		√	√
3.			√			√		√	
4.			√	√		√		√	
5.			√			√		√	

CP5111

NETWORKING LABORATORY

L T P C
0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

- Demonstrate the operation of wireless networks.
- Simulate and analyze the performance of GSM, CDMA, LTE and SDN.
- To gain knowledge and work on various protocol layers.
- To explore network simulators.
- Identify the different features of integrated and differentiated services.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1) Configure networks using:
 - a) Distance Vector Routing protocol
 - b) Link State Vector Routing protocol
- 2) Implement the congestion control using Leaky bucket algorithm.
- 3) Installation of NS3 and execution of TCL commands / scripts.
- 4) Implementation Point to Point network using duplex links between the nodes. Analyze the packet transfer by varying the queue size and bandwidth. (using simulator)
- 5) Implement the dynamic routing protocol by varying the CBR traffic for each node and use a flow monitor() to monitor losses at nodes. (using simulator)
- 6) Create a wireless mobile ad-hoc network environment and implement the OLSR routing protocol. (using simulator)
- 7) Implement CDMA by assigning orthogonal code sequence for 5 stations, generate the CDMA code sequence and communicate between the stations using the generated code.
- 8) Create a GSM environment and implement inter and intra handover mechanisms. (using simulator)
- 9) In LTE environment implement Round Robin and Token Bank Fair Queue scheduler in MAC layer.
- 10) Write python script to create topology in Mininet and configure OpenFlow switches with POX controller to communicate between nodes.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Judge the emerging wireless technology standards.
- Configure functionalities of router and switches.
- Assess the importance of wireless adhoc networks.
- Compare and contrast various wireless technologies.
- Explain and design the considerations for deploying wireless network infrastructure.

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.	√		√	√		√		√	
2.			√			√	√	√	
3.	√		√				√		
4.	√					√		√	
5.	√		√	√		√			√

CP5251**ADVANCED OPERATING SYSTEMS****L T P C
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the concepts of distributed systems.
- To get an insight into the various issues and solutions in distributed operating systems.
- To learn about real-time operating systems.
- To gain knowledge on the design concepts of mobile operating systems.
- To understand cloud operating systems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Distributed Operating Systems – Issues – Communication Primitives – Limitations of a Distributed System – Lamport's Logical Clocks – Vector Clocks – Causal Ordering of Messages

UNIT II DISTRIBUTED OPERATING SYSTEMS**9**

Distributed Mutual Exclusion Algorithms – Classification – Preliminaries – Simple Solution – Lamport's Algorithm – Ricart-Agrawala Algorithm – Suzuki-Kasami's Broadcast Algorithm – Raymond's Tree-Based Algorithm – Distributed Deadlock Detection – Preliminaries – Centralized Deadlock Detection Algorithms – Distributed Deadlock Detection Algorithms – Path Pushing Algorithm – Edge Chasing Algorithm – Hierarchical Deadlock Detection Algorithms – Agreement Protocols – Classification – Solutions to the Byzantine Agreement Problem – Lamport-Shostak-Pease Algorithm

UNIT III DISTRIBUTED RESOURCE MANAGEMENT 9

Distributed File Systems – Design Issues – Google File System – Hadoop Distributed File System – Distributed Shared Memory – Algorithms for Implementing Distributed Shared Memory – Load Distributing Algorithms – Synchronous and Asynchronous Check Pointing and Recovery – Fault Tolerance – Two-Phase Commit Protocol – Nonblocking Commit Protocol

UNIT IV REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS 9

Basic Model of Real - Time Systems – Characteristics – Application of Real - Time Systems – Real - Time Task Scheduling – Handling Resource Sharing

UNIT V MOBILE AND CLOUD OPERATING SYSTEMS 9

Android – Overall Architecture – Linux Kernel – Hardware Support – Native User-Space – Dalvik and Android's Java – System Services – Introduction to Cloud Operating Systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Identify the features of distributed operating systems.
- Demonstrate the various protocols of distributed operating systems.
- Identify the different features of real time operating systems.
- Discuss the features of mobile operating systems.
- Discuss the features of cloud operating systems.

REFERENCES:

1. Mukesh Singhal and Niranjana G. Shivaratri, "Advanced Concepts in Operating Systems – Distributed, Database and Multiprocessor Operating Systems", Tata MC Graw-Hill, 2001.
2. Rajib Mall, "Real-Time Systems: Theory and Practice", Pearson Education India, 2006.
3. Karim Yaghmour, "Embedded Android", O'Reilly, First Edition, 2013.
4. Nikolay Elenkov, "Android Security Internals: An In-Depth Guide to Android's Security Architecture", No Starch Press, 2014.

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1.	√		√	√			√	√	
2.	√		√	√			√	√	
3.	√		√	√	√		√	√	√
4.	√		√	√			√	√	
5.	√		√	√			√	√	

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand different forms of intermediate languages and analyzing programs.
- To understand optimizations techniques for single program blocks.
- To apply optimizations on procedures and low level code.
- To explore and enhance inter procedural optimizations.
- To enhance resource utilization.

UNIT I INTERMEDIATE REPRESENTATION OF PROGRAMS AND ANALYSIS 9+6

Structure of an Optimizing Compiler – Compiler Construction tools – LIR, MIR, HIR, DAG, SyntaxTree and Postfix. Analysis: Control Flow Analysis, Iterative Data Flow Analysis, Static Single Assignment – A Linear Time Algorithm for Placing ϕ -Nodes, Basic Block Dependence, Alias Analysis. Introduction to LLVM – Compiling a language.

UNIT II LOCAL AND LOOP OPTIMIZATIONS 9+6

Early Optimizations: Constant-Expression Evaluation – Scalar Replacement of Aggregates – Algebraic Simplifications and Re-association – Value Numbering – Copy Propagation – Sparse Conditional Constant Propagation. Redundancy Elimination: Common – Subexpression Elimination – Loop-Invariant Code Motion – Partial-Redundancy Elimination – Redundancy Elimination and Reassociation – Code Hoisting. Loop Optimizations: Induction Variable Optimizations – Unnecessary Bounds Checking Elimination. LLVM pass –LLVM Test Infrastructure.

UNIT III PROCEDURE OPTIMIZATION AND SCHEDULING 9+6

Procedure Optimizations: Tail-Call Optimization and Tail-Recursion Elimination – Procedure Integration – In-Line Expansion – Leaf-Routine Optimization and Shrink Wrapping. Code Scheduling: Instruction Scheduling – Speculative Loads and Boosting – Speculative Scheduling – Software Pipelining – Trace Scheduling – Percolation Scheduling. Control-Flow and Low-Level Optimizations: Unreachable-Code Elimination – Straightening – If Simplifications – Loop Simplifications –Loop Inversion Un-switching – Branch Optimizations – Tail Merging or Cross Jumping – Conditional Moves – Dead-Code Elimination – Branch Prediction – Machine Idioms and Instruction Combining. LLVM API procedure optimization.

UNIT IV INTER PROCEDURAL OPTIMIZATION 9+6

Symbol table Runtime Support – Interprocedural Analysis and Optimization: Interprocedural Control- Flow Analysis – The Call Graph – Interprocedural Data-Flow Analysis – Interprocedural Constant Propagation – Interprocedural Alias Analysis – Interprocedural Optimizations – Interprocedural Register Allocation – Aggregation of Global References. LLVM – Interprocedural Analyses.

UNIT V OPTIMIZING FOR MEMORY 9+6

Register Allocation: Register Allocation and Assignment – Local Methods – Graph Coloring Priority Based Graph Coloring. Computations on Iteration Spaces- Optimization for the Memory Hierarchy: Impact of Data and Instruction Caches – Instruction-Cache Optimization – Scalar Replacement of Array Elements – Data-Cache Optimization – Scalar vs. Memory-Oriented Optimizations. Software Prefetching – Parallelization – Instruction Level Parallelism – Automatic Parallelization.

TOTAL: 45 +30 = 75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Identify the different optimization techniques that are possible for a sequence of code.
- Design performance enhancing optimization techniques.
- Manage procedures with optimal overheads.
- Understand modern programming language features and constructs.
- Learn to work on a larger software project.

REFERENCES:

1. Steven.S. Muchnick, Advanced Compiler Design and Implementation, Morgan Kaufman Publishers, 1997.
2. Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools", Addison Wesley, Second Edition, 2007.
3. Y.N.Srikant, Priti Shankar, "The Compiler Design Handbook – Optimizations and Machine Code Generation", CRC Press, Second Edition, 2008.
4. Andrew W. Appel, Jens Palsberg, "Modern Compiler Implementation in Java", Cambridge University Press, Second Edition, 2002.
5. Keith Cooper, Linda Torczon, "Engineering a Compiler", Morgan Kaufmann, Second Edition, 2011.
6. Randy Allen and Ken Kennedy, Optimizing Compilers for Modern Architectures: A Dependence based Approach, Morgan Kaufman, 2001.

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1.	√		√			√	√	√	√
2.	√	√	√	√			√	√	√
3.	√		√	√			√	√	√
4.	√		√	√				√	
5.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√

CP5253**MACHINE LEARNING****L T P C
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the concepts of Machine Learning.
- To appreciate supervised learning and their applications.
- To appreciate the concepts and algorithms of unsupervised learning.
- To understand the theoretical and practical aspects of Probabilistic Graphical Models.
- To appreciate the concepts and algorithms of advanced learning.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**8**

Machine Learning–Types of Machine Learning –Machine Learning process- preliminaries, testing Machine Learning algorithms, turning data into Probabilities, and Statistics for Machine Learning- Probability theory – Probability Distributions – Decision Theory.

UNIT II SUPERVISED LEARNING**10**

Linear Models for Regression – Linear Models for Classification- Discriminant Functions, Probabilistic Generative Models, Probabilistic Discriminative Models – Decision Tree Learning – Bayesian Learning, Naïve Bayes – Ensemble Methods, Bagging, Boosting, Neural Networks, Multi-layer Perceptron, Feed- forward Network, Error Back propagation - Support Vector Machines.

9

UNIT IV PROBABILISTIC GRAPHICAL MODELS

9

UNIT V ADVANCED LEARNING

9

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- ## REFERENCES:

1. Christopher Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning" Springer, 2007.
2. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning – An Algorithmic Perspective", Chapman andHall, CRC Press, Second Edition, 2014.
3. Kevin P. Murphy, "Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective", MIT Press, 2012.
4. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", MIT Press, Third Edition, 2014.
5. Tom Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw-Hill, 1997.

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.	√		√	√			√	√	√
2.	√		√	√			√	√	√
3.	√		√	√			√	√	√
4.	√		√	√			√	√	√
5.	√		√	√			√	√	√
6.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To apply the concepts of Machine Learning to solve real-world problems
- To implement basic algorithms in clustering & classification applied to text & numeric data
- To implement algorithms emphasizing the importance of bagging & boosting in classification & regression
- To implement algorithms related to dimensionality reduction
- To apply machine learning algorithms for Natural Language Processing applications

EXERCISES RECOMMENDED

1. Solving Regression & Classification using Decision Trees
2. Root Node Attribute Selection for Decision Trees using Information Gain
3. Bayesian Inference in Gene Expression Analysis
4. Pattern Recognition Application using Bayesian Inference
5. Bagging in Classification
6. Bagging, Boosting applications using Regression Trees
7. Data & Text Classification using Neural Networks
8. Using Weka tool for SVM classification for chosen domain application
9. Data & Text Clustering using K-means algorithm
10. Data & Text Clustering using Gaussian Mixture Models
11. Dimensionality Reduction Algorithms in Image Processing applications
12. Application of CRFs in Natural Language Processing

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to**

- To learn to use Weka tool for implementing machine learning algorithms related to numeric data
- To learn the application of machine learning algorithms for text data
- To use dimensionality reduction algorithms for image processing applications
- To apply CRFs in text processing applications
- To use fundamental and advanced neural network algorithms for solving real-world data

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
2.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
3.	√		√	√			√	√	√
4.	√		√	√			√	√	√
5.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To facilitate analysis, design and problem solving skills.
- To have a thorough domain knowledge.
- To understand the best Industr practices by reading case studies.
- To kindle innovative and professional thinking.
- To explore possible alternative solutions.
- To estimate feasibility, cost, risk and ROI.

SESSIONS BASED ON:

Identify an Application/Projects (may be of social relevance) – Understand Customer Requirements – Analyze and Understand Customers and Stakeholders – Value Additions – Innovations and Research Component – Preparing Plan / SRS Document Indicating Feasibility, Cost, Risk, ROI and Related Design – Suggest Implementation Methodology – Perform Risk Assessment and Management

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Identify and formulate the problem.
- Describe the background of the problem.
- Assess the needs of stakeholders.
- Make estimates like cost, risk, ROI etc., to justify the business opportunity.
- Describe the industry standards and procedures.
- Predict the business opportunity.
- Suggest system implications.

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.	√						√		√
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3.			√		√			√	
4.			√	√			√		
5.			√	√			√		√
6					√		√		
7					√	√			√

OBJECTIVES:

- To comprehend the underlying principles of Relational Database Management System.
- To develop database models using parallel and distributed databases.
- To understand the concepts of XML and Web databases.
- To apprehend the design and implementation of active temporal and deductive databases.
- To develop applications based on NoSQL database.

UNITI RELATIONAL MODEL

9+6

Entity Relationship Model – Relational Data Model – Mapping Entity Relationship Model to Relational Model – Relational Algebra – Structured Query Language-Database Normalization – Transaction Management-Recovery

UNIT II PARALLEL AND DISTRIBUTED DATABASES

9+6

Parallel Databases– I/O Parallelism– Inter-Query and Intra-Query Parallelism– Inter-Operation and Intra-operation Parallelism – Performance evaluation for Parallel DB Systems – Distributed Database Architecture-Distributed Data Storage – Distributed Transactions – Distributed Query Processing –Distributed Transaction Management – Load balancing tools for DDB – DDB Security.

UNIT III XML AND WEB DATABASES

9+6

XML Data Model – DTD – XML Schema – XML Querying – Web Databases – Open Database Connectivity-Java Database Connectivity–Accessing Relational database using PHP – User Driven Querying – Writing to Web Databases – Session Management.

UNIT IV ACTIVE TEMPORAL AND DEDUCTIVE DATABASES

9+6

Event Condition Action Model – Design and Implementation Issues for Active Databases – Termination, Confluence, Determination and Modularization – Temporal Databases – Interpreting Time in Relational Databases – Deductive Databases – Datalog Queries

UNIT V NoSQL DATABASES

9+6

NoSQL database vs traditional RDBMS database – Migrating from RDBMS to NoSQL– CRUD operations – Querying NoSQL stores – Indexing and Ordering Datasets – MongoDB-Database creation and Querying– Web Application development using MongoDB

TOTAL: 45 +30: 75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Design and implement relational databases.
- Design and implement parallel and distributed databases.
- Design and implement XML databases, Active, Temporal and Deductive databases.
- Implement the concept of database connectivity with the applications.
- Design and implement NoSQL database.

REFERENCES:

1. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Addison-Wesley, 2011.
2. Han, Jiawei, Jian Pei, and Micheline Kamber. Data mining: Concepts and Techniques. 2011.
3. Thomas Cannolly and Carolyn Begg, "Database Systems, A Practical Approach to Design, Implementation and Management", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
4. Henry F Korth, Abraham Silberschatz, S. Sudharshan, "Database System Concepts", Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill, 2006.
5. C. J. Date, A.Kannan and S. Swamynathan, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Eighth Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

6. V.S.Subramanian, "Principles of Multimedia Database Systems", Harcourt India Pvt. Ltd., 2001.
7. ShashankTiwari, "Professional NoSQL", Wiley, 2011.
8. David Lane, Hugh.E.Williams, Web Database Applications with PHP and MySQL, O'Reilly Media; 2nd edition, 2004

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
2.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
3.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
4.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
5.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√

CP5073

CLOUD COMPUTING TECHNOLOGIES

LT P C
3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concept of cloud and utility computing.
- To understand the various issues in cloud computing.
- To familiarize themselves with the lead players in cloud.
- To appreciate the emergence of cloud as the next generation computing paradigm.
- To be able to set up a private cloud.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9+6

Introduction- Historical Development – Cloud Computing Architecture – The Cloud Reference Model – Cloud Characteristics – Cloud Deployment Models: Public, Private, Community, Hybrid Clouds- Cloud Delivery Models: IaaS, PaaS, SaaS – Open Source Private Cloud Software: Eucalyptus, Open Nebula, Open Stack.

UNIT II VIRTUALIZATION

9+6

Data Center Technology – Virtualization – Characteristics of Virtualized Environments – Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques – Virtualization and Cloud Computing – Pros and Cons of Virtualization – Implementation Levels of Virtualization – Tools and Mechanisms: Xen, VMWare, Microsoft Hyper-V, KVM, Virtual Box

UNIT III CLOUD COMPUTING MECHANISM

9+6

Cloud Infrastructure Mechanism: Cloud Storage, Cloud Usage Monitor, Resource Replication – Specialized Cloud Mechanism: Load Balancer, SLA Monitor, Pay-per-use Monitor, Audit Monitor, Failover System, Hypervisor, Resource Cluster, Multi Device Broker, State Management Database – Cloud Management Mechanism: Remote Administration System, Resource Management System, SLA Management System, Billing Management System

UNIT IV HADOOP AND MAP REDUCE**9+6**

Apache Hadoop – Hadoop Map Reduce –Hadoop Distributed File System- Hadoop I/O- Developing a Map Reduce Application – Map Reduce Types and Formats – Map Reduce Features– Hadoop Cluster Setup –Administering Hadoop.

UNIT V SECURITY IN THE CLOUD**9+6**

Basic Terms and Concepts – Threat Agents – Cloud Security Threats –Cloud Security Mechanism: Encryption, Hashing, Digital Signature, Public Key Infrastructure, Identity and Access Management, Single Sign-on, Cloud Based Security Groups, Hardened Virtual Server Images.

TOTAL: 45 +30 = 75 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to**

- Articulate the main concepts, key technologies, strengths and limitations of cloud computing.
- Identify the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
- Explain the core issues of cloud computing such as security, privacy and interoperability.
- Choose the appropriate technologies, algorithms and approaches for the related issues.
- Facilitate Service Level Agreements (SLA).

REFERENCES:

1. Thomas Erl, Zaigham Mahood, Ricardo Puttini, "Cloud Computing, Concept, Technology & Architecture", Prentice Hall, 2013.
2. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. Thamarai Selvi, "Mastering Cloud Computing", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013.
3. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert C. Elsenpeter, "Cloud Computing, A Practical Approach", Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, 2010.
4. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madiseti, "Cloud Computing: A Hands-On Approach", Universities Press(India) Private Limited, 2014.
5. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilly Media, 4th Edition, 2015.
6. James E Smith and Ravi Nair, "Virtual Machines", Elsevier, 2005.
7. John Rittinghouse & James Ransome, "Cloud Computing, Implementation, Management and Strategy", CRC Press, 2010.

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.	√		√	√			√	√	
2.	√		√	√			√	√	
3.	√		√	√			√	√	
4.	√		√	√		√	√	√	
5.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn about the importance of information security.
- To learn different scanning and enumeration methodologies and tools.
- To understand various hacking techniques and attacks.
- To be exposed to programming languages for security professionals.
- To understand the different phases in penetration testing.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO HACKING**9+6**

Introduction to Hacking – Importance of Security – Elements of Security – Phases of an Attack – Types of Hacker Attacks – Hacktivism – Vulnerability Research – Introduction to Footprinting – Information Gathering Methodology – Footprinting Tools – WHOIS Tools – DNS Information Tools – Locating the Network Range – Meta Search Engines

UNIT II SCANNING AND ENUMERATION**9+6**

Introduction to Scanning – Objectives – Scanning Methodology – Tools – Introduction to Enumeration – Enumeration Techniques – Enumeration Procedure – Tools

UNIT III SYSTEM HACKING**9+6**

Introduction – Cracking Passwords – Password Cracking Websites – Password Guessing – Password Cracking Tools – Password Cracking Countermeasures – Escalating Privileges – Executing Applications – Keyloggers and Spyware

UNIT IV PROGRAMMING FOR SECURITY PROFESSIONALS**9+6**

Programming Fundamentals – C language – HTML – Perl – Windows OS Vulnerabilities – Tools for Identifying Vulnerabilities – Countermeasures – Linux OS Vulnerabilities – Tools for Identifying Vulnerabilities – Countermeasures

UNIT V PENETRATION TESTING**9+6**

Introduction – Security Assessments – Types of Penetration Testing- Phases of Penetration Testing– Tools – Choosing Different Types of Pen-Test Tools – Penetration Testing Tools

TOTAL: 45+30=75 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Identify threats to computers.
- Defend hacking attacks.
- Protect data assets.
- Defend a computer against a variety of security attacks using various tools.
- Practice and use safe techniques on the World Wide Web.

REFERENCES:

1. EC-Council, "Ethical Hacking and Countermeasures: Attack Phases", Cengage Learning, 2010.
2. Jon Erickson, "Hacking, 2nd Edition: The Art of Exploitation", No Starch Press Inc., 2008.
3. Michael T. Simpson, Kent Backman, James E. Corley, "Hands-On Ethical Hacking and Network Defense", Cengage Learning, 2013.
4. Patrick Engebretson, "The Basics of Hacking and Penetration Testing – Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing Made Easy", Second Edition, Elsevier, 2013.
5. RafayBoloach, "Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing Guide", CRC Press, 2014.

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CP5079

DIGITAL IMAGE AND VIDEO PROCESSING

L T P C
3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand broad range of image processing techniques and their applications.
- To learn about video processing techniques and understand the video content.
- To appreciate various techniques used for acquisition, preprocessing, enhancement and analysis of image and video data.
- To appreciate the use of image& video processing in current technologies.
- To expose the students to real-world applications and case studies of the image& video processing.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF IMAGE PROCESSING

9+6

Introduction – Elements of visual perception, Steps in Image Processing Systems – Digital Imaging System – Image Acquisition – Sampling and Quantization – Pixel Relationships – File Formats – colour images and models – Image Operations

UNIT II IMAGE ENHANCEMENT AND RESTORATION

9+6

Image Transforms – Enhancement in the Spatial Domain – Enhancement in the Frequency Domain – Image restoration.

UNIT III IMAGE SEGMENTATION AND MORPHOLOGY

9+6

Detection of Discontinuities – Edge operators- Edge Linking and Boundary Detection – Thresholding – Region Based Segmentation – Motion Segmentation- Binary and Gray level morphology operations – Erosion, Dilation, Opening and Closing Operations Distance Transforms- Basic morphological Algorithms. Features – Textures – Boundary representations and Descriptions- Component Labeling – Regional Descriptors and Feature Selection Techniques.

UNIT IV BASICS OF VIDEO PROCESSING

9+6

Introduction – Video Sampling and Interpolation- Motion Detection and Estimation – Video Enhancement and Restoration

UNIT V VIDEO SEGMENTATION, TRACKING & APPLICATIONS

9+6

Video Segmentation- Motion Segmentation- Motion Tracking in Video-Video Quality Assessment- Case Studies – Image processing in Biometrics, Image Security, Steganography and Watermarking, Stereo vision, Object Segmentation and Tracking in the Presence of Complex Background in video, Forensic video analysis.

TOTAL: 45+30 :75PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Have a clear impression of the breadth and practical scope of digital image processing and have arrived at a level of understanding that is the foundation for most of the work currently underway in this field.
- Critically analyze the role of video in modern technologies.
- Implement basic image and video processing algorithms.
- Design and develop various applications that incorporates different techniques of Image and Video processing.
- Apply and explore new techniques in the areas of image and video Processing.

REFERENCES:

1. Rafael C.Gonzalez and Richard E.Woods, "Digital Image Processing", Third Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2008,.
2. S.Sridhar, "Digital Image Processing", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2011.
3. Al Bovik (Alan C Bovik, "The Essential Guide to Video Processing", Academic Press, Second Edition, 2009.
4. A. Murat Tekalp, "Digital Video Processing", Prentice Hall, 1995.
5. Oges Marques, "Practical Image and Video Processing Using MATLAB", Wiley-IEEE Press, 2011.

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CP5085**PRINCIPLES OF CRYPTOGRAPHY****L T P C****3 0 2 4****OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the mathematical foundations of security principles.
- To appreciate the different aspects of encryption techniques.
- To understand various attacks present over encryption and authentications techniques.
- To understand the role played by authentication in security.
- To appreciate the current trends of security practices.

UNIT I CLASSICAL ENCRYPTION AND BLOCKCIPHERS**9+6**

Classical Encryption – Substitution Cipher – One-time-pad Encryption – Block Ciphers – DES – Key Recovery Attacks on Block Ciphers – Iterated-DES and DESX – AES – Limitations of Key-recovery based Security.

UNIT II PSEUDO RANDOM FUNCTIONS AND SYMMETRIC ENCRYPTION 9+6

Random Functions – Permutations – Pseudo Functions – Pseudo-random Permutations – Modelling Blockciphers – Security Against Key Recovery – The Birthday Attack – Symmetric Encryption Schemes – Chosen Plaintext Attacks – Semantic Security – Security of CTR and CBC – Chosen Ciphertext Attack.

UNIT III HASH FUNCTIONS AND MESSAGE AUTHENTICATION 9+6

Hash Function SHA1 – Collision resistant Hash Functions – Collision Finding Attacks – Onewayness of Collision resistant Hash Functions – MD Transform – Syntax for message Authentication – PRF as a MAC Paradigm – CBC MAC – Universal-hashing Approach – Authenticated Encryption.

UNIT IV NUMBER THEORY AND ASYMMETRIC ENCRYPTION 9+6

Computational Number Theory – Number Theoretic Primitives – Diffie Hellman Problem – Asymmetric Encryption Schemes – Hybrid Encryption – ElGamal Scheme and its Variants – Homomorphic Encryption – Digital Signatures

UNIT V SECURITY PRACTICES AND ADVANCED TOPICS 9+6

Electronic Mail Security – IP Security – Digital Cash – Schnorr's Identification Protocol and Signature – Blind Signature – Distributed Ledger and Bitcoin – Secret Sharing – Shamir Threshold Scheme – Security in Routing – Mixnet

TOTAL : 45 +30 = 75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Demonstrate the various classical encryption techniques and the adversary capabilities.
- Apply computational secrecy and semantic security to find out the probability of how strong are the security schemes.
- Illustrate the various MAC and HASH functions and apply the Birthday attack over Hash.
- Apply number theory in public key encryption techniques.
- Analyze the application of cryptography for secure E-Commerce and other secret transactions.

REFERENCES:

1. MihirBellare and Phillip Rogaway, "Introduction to Modern Cryptography", 2005.
2. Jonathan Katz and Yehuda Lindell, "Introduction to Modern Cryptography ",Chapman and Hall/CRC Press Second Edition,2015.
3. Hans Delfts and Helmut Knebl, "Introduction to Cryptography – Principles and Applications", Springer, Third Edition by,2015.

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1.	√		√				√	√	
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4.	√		√				√	√	
5.	√		√	√			√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the different architectures for IoT.
- To learn various protocols at the different layers for IoT.
- To develop prototype systems using Arduino / Raspberry Pi.
- To apply the use of data analytics in IoT.
- To develop applications of IoT in Industrial contexts.

UNIT I ARCHITECTURES AND MODELS**9+6**

Introduction to IoT – IoT Architectures – Core IoT Functional Stack, Sensors and Actuators Layer, Communications Network Layer, Applications and Analytics Layer – IoT Data Management and Compute Stack, Fog Computing, Edge Computing, Cloud Computing – Sensors, Actuators, Smart Objects, Sensor networks.

UNIT II CONNECTIVITY**9+6**

Communications Criteria – Access Technologies – IP as IoT Network Layer – Business case – Optimization – Profiles and compliances – Application Protocols – Transport Layer – Application Transport Methods.

UNIT III SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT**9+6**

Design Methodology – Case study – Basic blocks of IoT device – Raspberry Pi – Board, Interfaces, Linux, Setting up, Programming – Arduino – Other IoT Devices.

UNIT IV DATA ANALYTICS AND IoT SECURITY**9+6**

Data Analytics for IoT – Big Data Analytics Tools and Technology – Edge Streaming Analytics – Network Analytics, Applications. Security history, challenges, variations – Risk Analysis Structures – Application in Operational Environment.

UNIT V IoT IN INDUSTRY**9+6**

Manufacturing, Architecture, Protocols – Utilities, Grid Blocks - Smart Cities, Architecture, Use cases – Transportation, Architecture, Use cases.

TOTAL: 45+30 =75 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Explain the underlying architectures and models in IoT.
- Analyze different connectivity technologies for IoT.
- Develop simple applications using Arduino / Raspberry Pi.
- Apply data analytics techniques to IoT.
- Study the needs and suggest appropriate solutions for Industrial applications.

REFERENCES:

1. David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Rob Barton and Jerome Henry, "IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols and Use Cases for Internet of Things", Cisco Press, 2017
2. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloum, "The Internet of Things – Key applications and Protocols", Wiley, 2012.
3. Michael Miller, "The Internet of Things", Pearson Education, 2015.
4. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things – A hands-on approach", Universities Press, 2015.
5. Jan Ho" ller, VlasiosTsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stamatis , Karnouskos, Stefan Avesand. David Boyle,"From Machine - to-Machine to the Internet of Things - Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence", Elsevier, 2014.
6. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), "Architecting the Internet of Things", Springer, 2011.

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CP5072

ADVANCED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

L T P C
3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES :

- Comprehend the different stages of Software Development Lifecycle.
- Comprehend the Process of developing Analysis models and map the Analysis models to Design Models.
- Comprehend the Design Issues related to Web applications and Mobile Apps.
- Comprehend the Quality Factors associated with Software Development.
- Comprehend the use of different Testing Strategies in Software Development.

UNIT I PROCESS MODELS

9+6

Prescriptive process models – Specialized process models –The Unified Process – Personal and Team Software process – Product and Process – Agile development – Extreme Programming – Other Agile process models – Human aspects of Software Engineering

UNIT II REQUIREMENTS MODELING AND DESIGN CONCEPTS

9+6

Understanding Requirements–Scenario based methods–Class based methods–Behavior, Patterns and Web/Mobile Apps – Design Process – Design concepts – Design Model

UNIT III SOFTWARE DESIGN

9+6

Architectural design–Component level Design–User Interface Design–Pattern based design–Web App design– Mobile App design

UNIT IV SOFTWARE QUALITY

9+6

Garvin's Quality dimensions–McCall's Quality factors–ISO9126 Quality factors – Software Quality Dilemma – Achieving Software Quality–Review Techniques–Elements of Software Quality Assurance–SQA Processes and Product Characteristics–SQA Tasks, Goals, and Metrics–Statistical Software Quality Assurance–Software Reliability–The ISO 9000 Quality Standards–SQA Plan

UNIT V SOFTWARE TESTING AND SOFTWARE CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT**9+6**

Software Testing Strategies–Testing Conventional Applications–Testing Object Oriented Applications–Testing Web applications–Testing Mobile Apps–Software Configuration management– SCM process–Configuration Management for Web and Mobile App.

TOTAL: 45+30: 75 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to**

- Select Appropriate Process Model for Software Development.
- Develop Analysis Models and Map the Analysis Models to Design Models.
- Address the Design Issues related To Web Applications and Mobile Apps.
- Incorporate Appropriate Quality Factors and Standards during Software Development.
- Select Appropriate Testing Strategies For Software Testing.

REFERENCES:

1. Roger S. Pressman, "Software Engineering – A Practitioner's Approach", MC Graw Hill, 8th edition.
2. Ian Sommerville, "Software Engineering", Addison-Wesley, 9th Edition, 2010.
3. Bernd Bruegge, Allen H. Dutoit, "Object-Oriented Software Engineering", Prentice Hall, Third Edition, 2009.
4. Robert E. Filman, TzillaElrad, Siobhán Clarke, Mehmet Aksit, "Aspect-Oriented Software Development", Addison-Wesley Professional, 2004.
5. RenuRajni, Pradeep Oak, "Software Testing: Effective Methods, Tools and Techniques", Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.
6. Jonathan Bowen, "Formal Specification and Documentation using Z – A Case Study Approach", Intl Thomson Computer Press, 1996.
7. Antoni Diller, "Z: An Introduction to Formal Methods", Wiley, 1994.
8. James Shore, Shane Warden "The Art of Agile Development – Pragmatic guide to agile software development", O'Reilly Media, October 2007.
9. Ken Schwaber, "Agile Project Management with SCRUM", Microsoft Press, 2004.

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OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic ideas and principles of Neural Networks
- To understand the basic concepts of Big Data and Statistical Data Analysis
- To familiarize the student with The Image Processing facilities like Tensorflow and Keras
- To appreciate the use of Deep Learning Applications
- To understand and implement Deep Learning Architectures

UNIT I BASICS OF NEURAL NETWORKS**9**

Basic concept of Neurons – Perceptron Algorithm – Feed Forward and Back Propagation Networks.

Suggested Activities:

- Discussion of role of Neural Networks.
- External learning – Boltzmann Machine and Perceptron.
- Practical – Installation of TensorFlow and Keras.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – Perceptron.
- Assignment problems on backpropagation networks.
- Quizzes on Neural Networks.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO DEEP LEARNING**9**

Feed Forward Neural Networks – Gradient Descent – Back Propagation Algorithm – Vanishing Gradient problem – Mitigation – ReLU Heuristics for Avoiding Bad Local Minima – Heuristics for Faster Training – Nestors Accelerated Gradient Descent – Regularization – Dropout.

Suggested Activities:

- Discussion of role of Gradient Descent in Deep Learning.
- External learning – Feature extraction and feature learning.
- Survey of Deep Learning Development Frameworks.
- Discussion of Gradient Descent Problem.

Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Tutorial – Gradient descent in deep learning.
- Assignment problems in optimization.
- Quizzes on deep learning regularization and optimization.

UNIT III CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORKS**9**

CNN Architectures – Convolution – Pooling Layers – Transfer Learning – Image Classification using Transfer Learning

Suggested Activities:

- Discussion of role of Convolutional Networks in Machine Learning.
- External learning – Concept of convolution and need for Pooling.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – Image classification and recurrent nets.
- Assignment problems in image classification performances.
- Quizzes on Convolutional Neural Networks.

UNIT IV MORE DEEP LEARNING ARCHITECTURES

9

LSTM, GRU, Encoder/Decoder Architectures – Autoencoders – Standard- Sparse – Denoising – Contractive- Variational Autoencoders – Adversarial Generative Networks – Autoencoder and DBM

Suggested Activities:

- Discussion of role of Deep Learning architectures.
- External learning – Compression of features using Autoencoders.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – LSTM and Autoencoders.
- Assignment problems in deep generative models, Deep Belief Networks.
- Quizzes on deep learning architectures.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF DEEP LEARNING

9

Image Segmentation – Object Detection – Automatic Image Captioning – Image generation with Generative Adversarial Networks – Video to Text with LSTM Models – Attention Models for Computer Vision – Case Study: Named Entity Recognition – Opinion Mining using Recurrent Neural Networks – Parsing and Sentiment Analysis using Recursive Neural Networks – Sentence Classification using Convolutional Neural Networks – Dialogue Generation with LSTMs.

Suggested Activities:

- Discussion of role of Deep Learning in Image and NLP applications.
- External learning – NLP concepts.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – Image segmentation.
- Assignment problems in parsing and sentiment analysis.
- Quizzes on deep learning architectures.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

1. Implement Simple Programs like vector addition in TensorFlow.
2. Implement a simple problem like regression model in Keras.
3. Implement a perceptron in TensorFlow/Keras Environment.
4. Implement a Feed-Forward Network in TensorFlow/Keras.
5. Implement an Image Classifier using CNN in TensorFlow/Keras.
6. Implement a Transfer Learning concept in Image Classification.
7. Implement an Autoencoder in TensorFlow/Keras.
8. Implement a SimpleLSTM using TensorFlow/Keras.
9. Implement an Opinion Mining in Recurrent Neural network.
10. Implement an Object Detection using CNN.
11. Mini Project

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the role of Deep learning in Machine Learning Applications.
2. To get familiar with the use of TensorFlow/Keras in Deep Learning Applications.
3. To design and implement Deep Learning Applications.
4. Critically Analyse Different Deep Learning Models in Image Related Projects.
5. To design and implement Convolutional Neural Networks.
6. To know about applications of Deep Learning in NLP and Image Processing.

REFERENCES:

1. Ian Good Fellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press, 2017.
2. Francois Chollet, "Deep Learning with Python", Manning Publications, 2018.
3. Phil Kim, "Matlab Deep Learning: With Machine Learning, Neural Networks and Artificial Intelligence", Apress, 2017.
4. Ragav Venkatesan, Baoxin Li, "Convolutional Neural Networks in Visual Computing", CRC Press, 2018.
5. Navin Kumar Manaswi, "Deep Learning with Applications Using Python", Apress, 2018.
6. Joshua F. Wiley, "R Deep Learning Essentials", Packt Publications, 2016.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	1	1	1	1	3	1
CO3	1	1	1	1	1	3
CO4	1	2	1	2	1	1
CO5	2	1	1	1	3	3
CO6	1	3	1	1	1	2

CP5089**WEB CONTENT DESIGN AND MANAGEMENT****L T P C
3 0 2 4****OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand the design principles and interaction.
- To explore the detailed design practices, standards.
- To gain an insight into Content Management System for content design.
- To use any Content Management System tool for better content management.
- To get familiarized with Web Analytics for better management.

UNIT I PRINCIPLES OF WEB DESIGN**9+6**

User Centered Design, Web Medium, Information Architectures, Site Types and Architectures, Page Structure, Site Maps, Navigation, Search, Web Design Process, Designing for Multiple Screen Resolutions, Creating A Unified Site Design, Evaluating Web Sites.

UNIT II ELEMENTS OF PAGE DESIGN**9+6**

Elements Of Page Design, Adding Styles With CSS, Pages And Layout, Typography, Color, Images, GUI Widgets and Forms, Responsive Web Designs, User Input Forms, Working With Data Tables, Web Standards And Styles.

UNIT III WEB CONTENT DESIGN**9+6**

Features – Automated Templates – Template Processor –Front Controller Pattern – Content Modeling – Content Aggregation – Plug-Ins – Search Engine Optimization – Recommended Usage Of Tools – WORDPRESS

UNIT IV WEB CONTENT MANAGEMENT**9+6**

Work Flow Management – Document Management – Collaboration – Versioning – Recommended Usage Of Tools – WORDPRESS

UNIT V WEB ANALYTICS**9+6**

Web Analytics Process – Data Collection – Qualitative Analysis – Log File Analysis – Page Tagging – Hybrid Methods – Click Analytics – Onsite And Offsite Analytics – Web Analytics Methods

TOTAL : 45+30 : 75 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Design web pages that follow standards and are usable.
- Design web sites that are appealing.
- To be able to use Content management System for designing web Content.
- To take advantage of Content Management System tools for managing content for large web sites.
- To be able to use analytics tools for better management.

REFERENCES:

1. Patrich J. Lynch, Sarah Horton, "Web Style Guide-Foundations of User Experience Design", Yale University Press, 4th Edition, 2016.
2. Thomas A. Powell, "The Complete Reference– Web Design", Tata McGraw Hill, Second Edition, 2003.
3. Joel Sklar, "Principles of Web Design, Cengage Learning", Web Warrior Series, 6th Edition, 2015.
4. Deane Barker, "Web Content management-Systems, Features and Best Practices", O'reilly Media, 1st Edition, 2016.
5. Brian Clifton, "Advanced web Metrics with Google Analytics", Third Edition, Sybex Publishers, 2012.
6. Avinash Kaushik, "Web Analytics 2.0: The Art of Online Accountability and Science of Customer Centricity", 1st edition, Sybex publishers, 2009.

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IF5090**SEMANTIC WEB****L T P C
3 0 2 4****OBJECTIVES:**

- To learn the fundamentals of semantic web and to conceptualize and depict Ontology for semantic web.
- To understand the languages for semantic web.
- To learn about the ontology learning algorithms and to utilize in the development of an application.
- To know the fundamental concepts of ontology management.
- To learn the applications related to semantic web.

UNIT I THE QUEST FOR SEMANTICS

9

Building Models – Calculating with Knowledge – Exchanging Information – Semantic Web Technologies – Layers – Architecture – Components – Types – Ontological Commitments – Ontological Categories – Philosophical Background – Sample Knowledge Representation Ontologies – Top Level Ontologies – Linguistic Ontologies – Domain Ontologies – Semantic Web – Need – Foundation.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on semantic web background and tutorial activity in class.
- Brainstorming session on various knowledge representation formats in class.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – Semantic web basics.
- Quizzes on knowledge representation formats.

UNIT II LANGUAGES FOR SEMANTIC WEB AND ONTOLOGIES

9

Web Documents in XML – RDF – Schema – Web Resource Description using RDF – RDF Properties – Topic Maps and RDF – Overview – Syntax Structure – Semantics – Pragmatics – Traditional Ontology Languages – LOOM – OKBC – OCML – Flogic Ontology Markup Languages – SHOE – OIL – DAML+OIL – OWL.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on comparison of various semantic web related languages and tutorial activity in class.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Quizzes on various ontology related languages.

UNIT III ONTOLOGY LEARNING FOR SEMANTIC WEB

9

Taxonomy for Ontology Learning – Layered Approach – Phases of Ontology Learning –Importing and Processing Ontologies and Documents – Ontology Learning Algorithms –Methods for evaluating Ontologies.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on natural language processing techniques like statistical text analysis, term extraction, Word sense disambiguation, concept extraction and tutorial activity in class.
- External reading – <https://nlp.stanford.edu/fsnlp/>

Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Tutorials – Language processing techniques.

UNIT IV ONTOLOGY MANAGEMENT AND TOOLS

9

Overview – Need for management – Development process – Target Ontology – Ontology mapping – Skills management system – Ontological class – Constraints – Issues – Evolution –Development of Tools and Tool Suites – Ontology Merge Tools – Ontology based Annotation Tools.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on study of various ontology related tools.

Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Tutorials – Ontology related tools like Protege, Ontolingua, Webonto.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS

9

Web Services – Semantic Web Services – Case Study for specific domain – Security issues – Web Data Exchange and Syndication – Semantic Wikis – Semantic Portals – Semantic Metadata in Data Formats – Semantic Web in Life Sciences – Ontologies for Standardizations – Rule Interchange Format.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on other applications of semantic web.

Suggested Evaluation Methods

- Quizzes on semantic web applications.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

30

1. Design of simple ontology on their domain of interest using Protege like tool.
2. Create RDF document using PHP library EasyRdf.
3. Use OWL language to represent relationships, properties and to provide inferences from created ontology.
4. Term extraction and Term disambiguation from corpus using Alchemy like API.
5. Use of any tool to apply SPARQL queries and implement reasoning for avoiding inconsistencies.
6. Exercises on Merging two ontologies, Applying association rules and Applying clustering algorithms.
7. Development of Simple application like chat bot, semantic search engine creation using Topic map data models extracted from Ontopia/Mappa.
8. Creating intelligent expert systems using semantic Wikis like SMW+.

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Create ontology for a given domain.
2. Develop an application using ontology languages and tools.
3. Understand the concepts of semantic Web.
4. Use ontology related tools and technologies for application creation.
5. Design and develop applications using semantic web.
6. Understand the standards related to semantic web.

REFERENCES:

1. Pascal Hitzler, Markus Krötzsch, Sebastian Rudolph, "Foundations of Semantic Web Technologies", Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2009.
2. Asuncion Gomez-Perez, Oscar Corcho, Mariano Fernandez-Lopez, "Ontological Engineering: with Examples from the Areas of Knowledge Management, e-Commerce and the Semantic Web", Springer, 2004.
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4. Alexander Maedche, "Ontology Learning for the Semantic Web", First Edition, Springer, 2002.
5. John Davies, Dieter Fensel, Frank Van Harmelen, "Towards the Semantic Web: Ontology Driven Knowledge Management", John Wiley, 2003.
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	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3	1	2	2	1	1
CO2	3	1	2	3	3	1
CO3	2	2	2	3	1	1
CO4	3	1	2	3	3	2
CO5	3	1	2	3	3	2
CO6	2	2	1	2	2	3
Overall	3	1	2	3	3	2

IF5088

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

L T P C
3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the need and characteristics of mobile applications.
- To design the right user interface for mobile application.
- To understand the design issues in the development of mobile applications.
- To understand the development procedures for mobile application.
- To develop mobile applications using various tools and platforms.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Mobile applications – Characteristics and Benefits – Application Model – Infrastructure and Managing Resources – Mobile Device Profiles – Frameworks and Tools.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on survey on mobile application models.
- External learning – mobile application design using frameworks and tools.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Quiz – questionnaire related to mobile application models.
- Assignment – evaluate using learning content management system like Moodle.

UNIT II USER INTERFACE

9

Generic UI development – Designing the right UI – Multimodal and Multichannel UI – Gesture based UI – Screen Elements and Layouts – Voice XML.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on discussion on UI for mobile application like voice and gestures.
- External learning – survey on different view elements for mobile application.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Quiz – questionnaire related to user interface design for mobile applications.
- Assignment – evaluate using learning content management system like Moodle.

UNIT III APPLICATION DESIGN**9**

Memory Management – Design Patterns for Limited Memory – Work Flow for Application Development – Java API – Dynamic Linking – Plug-ins and Rule of Thumb for using DLLs – Concurrency and Resource Management.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on discussion on memory constraints for mobile application design.
- External learning – survey on resource management and concurrent operations.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Quiz – questionnaire related to memory constraints in design for mobile applications.
- Assignment – evaluate using learning content management system like Moodle.

UNIT IV APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT I**9**

Mobile OS: Android, Ios – Android Application Architecture – Android basic Components – Intents and Services – Storing and Retrieving data – Packaging and Deployment – Security and Hacking.

Suggested Activities:

- Simple Android application development like user account creation.
- Android application accessing the mobile database to view user data.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Evaluation based on the demonstrated application functionality using emulators.

UNIT V APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT II**9**

Communication via the Web – Notification and Alarms – Graphics and Multimedia: Layer Animation, Event Handling and Graphics Services – Telephony – Location Based Services.

Suggested Activities:

- Application accessing Internet for communication like web application.
- Android application accessing GPS for location based service.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Evaluation based on the demonstrated application functionality using emulators.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:**30**

1. Develop an application that uses GUI components, Font and Colours.
2. Develop an application that uses Layout Managers and event listeners.
3. Develop a native calculator application.
4. Write an application that draws basic graphical primitives on the screen.
5. Develop an application that makes use of database.
6. Write an application that makes use of internet for communication (mobile web app).
7. Develop a native application that uses GPS location information.
8. Implement an application that writes data to the SD card.
9. Implement an application that creates an alert upon receiving a message.
10. Write a mobile application that creates alarm clock.

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Design the right user interface for mobile application.
2. Implement mobile application using UI toolkits and frameworks.
3. Design a mobile application that is aware of the resource constraints of mobile devices.
4. Develop web based mobile application that accesses internet and location data.
5. Implement android application to use telephony for SMS communication.
6. Implement android application with multimedia support.

REFERENCES:

1. Reto Meier, "Professional Android 4 Application Development", Wiley, 2012.
2. Zigurd Mednieks, Laird Dornin, G. Blake Meike, Masumi Nakamura, "Programming Android", O'Reilly, 2011.
3. Alasdair Allan, "iPhone Programming", O'Reilly, 2010.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	1
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	3	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	3	3
CO6	3	3	3	3	3	3

CP5075**CRYPTOCURRENCY AND BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGIES****L T P C****3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- To study the basic concepts of cryptocurrencies and blockchains.
- To explain the details of Bitcoin and its different components.
- To study the basics Hyperledger and Web3.
- To analyse the position of Web 3 and Hyperledger with different aspects of blockchain technologies.
- To differentiate between alternate blockchains and their advantages in application areas.
- To understand the Ethereum development environment and the application development process.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Cryptographic hash functions – hash pointers – digital signatures – public keys as identities – an example cryptocurrency. Bitcoin, history of blockchain and Bitcoin – Types of Blockchain – Consensus – Decentralization.

9

UNIT III WEB3 AND HYPERLEDGER

9

UNIT IV ALTERNATIVE BLOCKCHAINS AND APPLICATIONS

9

UNIT V ETHEREUM

9

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

- Explain cryptocurrencies and their relationship with the blockchain technology.
- Explain the different steps in the use of Bitcoins.
- Relate Web 3 and Hyperledger to concepts in blockchain technologies.
- Apply blockchains to different real-life problems
- Implement a simple application using Ethereum.

1. Imran Bashir, “Mastering Blockchain: Distributed Ledger Technology, Decentralization, and Smart Contracts Explained”, Second Edition, Packt Publishing, 2018.
2. A. Narayanan, J. Bonneau, E. Felten, A. Miller, S. Goldfeder, “Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction” Princeton University Press, 2016.
3. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, “Blockchain Applications : A Hands-On Approach”, 2017
4. Andreas Antonopoulos, Satoshi Nakamoto, “Mastering Bitcoin”, O’Reilly Publishing, 2014.
5. Roger Wattenhofer, “The Science of the Blockchain” Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 2016.
6. Alex Leverington, “Ethereum Programming” Packt Publishing Limited, 2017.

CO	PO						PSO		
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1.	√		√				√	√	
2.	√		√				√	√	
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4.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
5.	√		√	√			√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To enrich student learning in Multimedia systems basics
- To train the students to acquire knowledge in multimedia Tools and authoring
- To acquire knowledge about multimedia data compression techniques
- To acquire knowledge in the area of multimedia communication systems
- To know about popular multimedia application areas

UNIT I MULTIMEDIA ELEMENTS**9+6**

Principles – Cognition, Learning, Interaction, Medium of Consumption: Elements - Text – characteristics, standards, formats; Graphics – representation, file formats, Image / Graphics – file formats, standards; Digital Audio – Characteristics, formats, standards, Speech, Video – characteristics, formats; Animation – characteristics, formats; , Multidimensional Data Structures, k-d trees, Quad Trees, R-trees.

UNIT II MULTIMEDIA TOOLS and AUTHORING**9+6**

Hardware – Display Devices, wearables, Graphics cards, I/O devices, software – Editing tools for Text, Image, Audio, Video and animation. Authoring tools, Authoring Multimedia presentations, Authoring Metaphors.

UNIT III MULTIMEDIA COMPRESSION**9+6**

Symmetric and Asymmetric methods, Lossy and Lossless Compression, Text compression – RLE, Huffman, Arithmetic, Dictionary based; Document Image compression standards – CCITT and Color Image Compression – JPEG, Audio Compression – PCM, ADPCM, MPEG, AAC, AC3, speech compression; Video Compression-MPEG-4, H.265, DVI

UNIT IV MULTIMEDIA COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS**9+6**

Multimedia Communication Standards, Transport Protocols, streaming protocols, Internet Protocols Wireless multimedia communications, synchronization and QOS, security, Entertainment networks, Collaborative multimedia support, Real-time distributed multimedia networks, Hypertext, Hypermedia.

UNIT V MULTIMEDIA APPLICATIONS**9+6**

Applications for WWW. Multimedia databases – Indexing and Retrieval, Visualization, Virtual, Augmented and Mixed Reality, Interactive E-learning, HCI and UX design, Games and Animation, Real-Time video conferencing.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

1. Editing various images (Image restoration, Changing colour image to Grey scale and vice versa) and adding special effects to images using tools like Photoshop, Gimp and flash
2. Creating and Editing various video clippings and adding special effects using tools like Adobe Premier Pro
3. Creating and Editing various audio files and adding special effects using tools like SoundForge and Audacity
4. Creating three dimensional models and animations using tools like Blender, 3DS Max, Unity
5. Working on Text compression algorithms like Run length and Huffman
6. Implementation of transformations like DCT and FFT
Designing User Interfaces and developing simple games using multimedia tools
7. Creating simple multimedia applications using any popular Authoring tools
8. Mini Project(4 Periods)

OUTCOMES:**On Completion of the course, the students should be able to:**

- Handle the multimedia elements effectively
- Use Multimedia Hardware and Software for Editing and Authoring multimedia applications
- Implement Compression algorithms for various multimedia applications
- Develop effective strategies to deliver Quality-of-Experience in networked Multimedia applications
- Design and develop multimedia applications in various domains

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Ze-Nian Li, Mark S. Drew, Jiangchuan Liu, "Fundamentals of Multimedia", Second Edition, Springer Nature (Texts in Computer Science), 2014.
2. Prabhat K. Andleigh, Kiran Thakrar, "Multimedia Systems Design", Pearson Education India, 1st Edition, 2015
3. Ralf Steinmetz and KlaraNahrstedt, "Multimedia computing, communications, and applications", Pearson India, Pearson, 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. Fred Halsall, "Multimedia Communications: Applications, Networks, Protocols and Standards", Pearson Education, 2002.
2. Khalid Sayood, "Introduction to Data Compression", 4th Edition, Morgan Kauffman, 2012.
3. K.R. Rao, Zoran S. Bojkovic, Bojan M. Bakmaz, "Wireless Multimedia Communication systems: Design, Analysis and Implementation", CRC press, 2017.
4. V.S. Subrahmanian, "Principles of Multimedia Database Systems", Elsevier / Morgan Kauffmann, 2008.

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5.	√	√	√	√		√	√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of information retrieval with pertinence to modeling, query operations and indexing.
- To understand the various applications of information retrieval giving emphasis to multimedia IR, web search.
- To learn measuring effectiveness and efficiency of information retrieval techniques.
- To get used to performing Parallel Information Retrieval.
- To understand the concepts of digital libraries.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Basic Concepts – Practical Issues – Retrieval Process – Architecture – Boolean Retrieval – Retrieval Evaluation – Open Source IR Systems–History of Web Search – Web Characteristics–The impact of the web on IR –IR Versus Web Search–Components of a Search engine

UNIT II RETRIEVAL MODELING 9

Taxonomy and Characterization of IR Models – Boolean Model – Vector Model – Term Weighting – Scoring and Ranking –Language Models – Set Theoretic Models – Probabilistic Models – Algebraic Models – Structured Text Retrieval Models – Models for Browsing

UNIT III INDEXING 9

Static and Dynamic Inverted Indices – Index Construction and Index Compression. Searching – Sequential Searching and Pattern Matching. Query Operations –Query Languages – Query Processing – Relevance Feedback and Query Expansion – Automatic Local and Global Analysis – Measuring Effectiveness and Efficiency

UNIT IV EVALUATION AND PARALLEL INFORMATION RETRIEVAL 9

Traditional Effectiveness Measures – Statistics in Evaluation – Minimizing Adjudication Effect – Nontraditional Effectiveness Measures – Measuring Efficiency – Efficiency Criteria –Queueing Theory – Query Scheduling – Parallel Information Retrieval – Parallel Query Processing – MapReduce

UNIT V SEARCHING THE WEB 9

Searching the Web –Structure of the Web –IR and web search – Static and Dynamic Ranking – Web Crawling and Indexing – Link Analysis – XML Retrieval Multimedia IR: Models and Languages – Indexing and Searching Parallel and Distributed IR – Digital Libraries

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Build an Information Retrieval system using the available tools.
- Identify and design the various components of an Information Retrieval system.
- Measure effectiveness and efficiency of information retrieval techniques.
- Use parallel Information Retrieval approaches in real world problems.
- Design an efficient search engine and analyze the Web content structure.

REFERENCES:

1. Ricardo Baeza – Yates, Berthier Ribeiro – Neto, “Modern Information Retrieval: The Concepts and Technology behind Search”, (ACM Press Books), Second Edition, 2011.
2. Christopher D. Manning, Prabhakar Raghavan, Hinrich Schutze, “Introduction to Information Retrieval”, Cambridge University Press, First South Asian Edition, 2008.
3. Stefan Buttcher, Charles L. A. Clarke, Gordon V. Cormack, “Information Retrieval Implementing and Evaluating Search Engines”, The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England, 2010.

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BD5151

BIG DATA MINING AND ANALYTICS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the computational approaches to Modeling, Feature Extraction.
- To understand the need and application of Map Reduce.
- To understand the various search algorithms applicable to Big Data.
- To analyze and interpret streaming data.
- To learn how to handle large data sets in main memory.
- To learn the various clustering techniques applicable to Big Data.

UNIT I DATA MINING AND LARGE SCALE FILES

9

Introduction to Statistical modeling – Machine Learning – Computational approaches to modeling – Summarization – Feature Extraction – Statistical Limits on Data Mining – Distributed File Systems– Map-reduce – Algorithms using Map Reduce – Efficiency of Cluster Computing Techniques.

UNIT II SIMILAR ITEMS

9

Nearest Neighbor Search – Shingling of Documents – Similarity preserving summaries – Locality sensitive hashing for documents – Distance Measures – Theory of Locality Sensitive Functions – LSH Families – Methods for High Degree of Similarities.

UNIT III MINING DATA STREAMS

9

Stream Data Model – Sampling Data in the Stream – Filtering Streams – Counting Distance Elements in a Stream – Estimating Moments – Counting Ones in Window – Decaying Windows

UNIT IV LINK ANALYSIS AND FREQUENT ITEMSETS

9

Page Rank –Efficient Computation – Topic Sensitive Page Rank – Link Spam – Market Basket Model – Apriori algorithm – Handling Larger Datasets in Main Memory – Limited Pass Algorithm – Counting Frequent Item sets.

UNIT V CLUSTERING

9

Introduction to Clustering Techniques – Hierarchical Clustering –Algorithms – K-Means – CURE – Clustering in Non – Euclidean Spaces – Streams and Parallelism – **Case Study:** Advertising on the Web – Recommendation Systems

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:**Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to**

- Design algorithms by employing Map Reduce technique for solving Big Data problems.
- Identify similarities using appropriate measures.
- Point out problems associated with streaming data and handle them.
- Discuss algorithms for link analysis and frequent itemset mining.
- Design solutions for problems in Big Data by suggesting appropriate clustering techniques.

REFERENCES:

1. Jure Leskovec, AnandRajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press, Second Edition, 2014.
2. Jiawei Han, MichelineKamber, Jian Pei, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kaufman Publications, Third Edition, 2011.
3. Ian H.Witten, Eibe Frank "Data Mining – Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques", Morgan Kaufman Publications, Third Edition, 2011.
4. David Hand, HeikkiMannila and Padhraic Smyth, "Principles of Data Mining", MIT Press, 2001.

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CP5084**PARALLEL ALGORITHMS****L T P C
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- To learn parallel algorithms development techniques for shared memory and DCM models.
- To study the main classes of fundamental parallel algorithms.
- Learn to design efficient parallel algorithms.
- To study the complexity and correctness models for parallel algorithms.
- To understand parallel solutions for bitwise computation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Introduction to Parallel Algorithms – Models of computation – Selection – Merging on EREW and CREW – Median of two sorted sequence – Fast Merging on EREW – Analyzing Parallel Algorithms

UNIT II SORTING & SEARCHING**9**

Sorting Networks – Sorting on a Linear Array – Sorting on CRCW, CREW, EREW – Searching a sorted sequence – Searching a random sequence – Bitonic Sort

UNIT III ALGEBRAIC PROBLEMS**9**

Permutations and Combinations – Matrix Transpositions – Matrix by Matrix Multiplications – Matrix by Vector Multiplication.

UNIT IV GRAPH & GEOMETRY**9**

Connectivity Matrix – Connected Components – All Pair Shortest Paths – Minimum Spanning Trees – Point Inclusion – Intersection, Proximity and Construction Problems

UNIT V OPTIMIZATION & BIT COMPUTATIONS**9**

Prefix Sums – Job Sequencing – Knapsack – Adding Two Integers – Adding n Integers – Multiplying Two Integers – Selection

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Understand the difference between sequential and parallel algorithms.
- Design parallel algorithms in various models of parallel computation.
- Apply a suitable model for developing a parallel algorithm.
- Know the basic issues associated with implementing parallel algorithms.
- Understand the differences among several algorithms used for solving the same problem and recognize which one is better under different conditions.

REFERENCES:

1. Selim G. Akl, "The Design and Analysis of Parallel Algorithms", Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1989.
2. Michael J. Quinn, "Parallel Computing: Theory & Practice", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2003.
3. Joseph JaJa, "Introduction to Parallel Algorithms", Addison-Wesley, 1992.

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4.	√		√	√			√	√	√
5.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the nature of threats and cyber security management goals and technology
- To understand the landscape of hacking and perimeter defense mechanisms
- To develop strategies for cyber security and protecting critical infrastructure
- To understand policies to mitigate cyber risks
- To understand the IT Act, scheme, amendments and emerging cyber law and desired cyber ecosystem capabilities

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF CYBER SECURITY**9**

Introduction – Cyberspace – Cyber Crime – Nature of Threat – Cyber security – Policy, Mission and Vision of Cyber security Program. Cyber security management system – goals, technology categories – perimeter defense and encryption. Cyber security management framework.

UNIT II ATTACKS AND COUNTERMEASURES**9**

Malicious Attacks, Threats, and Vulnerabilities – Scope of cyber-attacks – Tools used to attack computer systems – security breach – Risks, vulnerabilities and threats. Malware – malicious software attack – social engineering attack – wireless network attack – webapplication attack – Countermeasures– Types of Network Security Devices –Firewalls, Intrusion Detection Systems, Content Filtering, Virtual Private Networks – Encryption

UNIT III STRATEGIES FOR CYBER SECURITY**9**

Creating a Secure Cyber, Types of Attacks, Comparison of Attacks, Creating an Assurance Framework, Encouraging Open Standards, Strengthening the Regulatory framework, Creating Mechanisms for IT Security, Securing E-Governance Services, and Protecting Critical Information Infrastructure. Areas for Intervention – Legal Responses – Harmonization of Legislation – Criminalization of Cyber Offences – National Security and issues related to Privacy and Freedom of Expression – Investigation Procedures – International Cooperation – Electronic Evidence – Liability of ISPs–Recommendations

UNIT IV POLICIES TO MITIGATE CYBER RISK**8**

Promotion of R&D in Cyber security – Reducing Supply Chain Risks – Mitigate Risks through Human Resource Development – Creating Cyber security Awareness– Information sharing – Implementing a Cyber security Framework. Signatures– Digital Signature, Electronic Signature

UNIT V CRITICAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION**10**

National Security – Information Sharing and Coordination – Innovation In Regulatory Approach – Innovation in Security Programs – Proactive Threat and Vulnerability Management – Promoting Best Practices in Critical Infrastructure Sectors – Assessing and Monitoring Security Preparedness of Sectors (Security Index) – Security in Information Technology Supply Chain – Taking Leadership and Participating in International Efforts – Capacity Building in Security Skills and training and Awareness. The Indian Cyberspace– Cyber Threats – Need for a Comprehensive Cyber Security Policy – Need for a Nodal Authority – Need for an International Convention on Cyberspace – Cyber War – Fifth Domain of Warfare – Meeting the Cyber Warfare Challenges.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

- Gain knowledge on the nature of threats and cyber security management goals and framework
- Knowledge on the landscape of hacking and perimeter defense mechanisms
- Ability to differentiate and integrate strategies for cyber security and protecting critical infrastructure
- Able to understand policies to mitigate cyber risks
- Knowledge on IT Act, and amendments, copy rights, IPR and cyber law to deal with offenses.

REFERENCES:

1. David Kim and Michael G. Solomon, Fundamentals of Information Systems Security, Third Edition Transition Guide, Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2018.
2. Peter Trim and Yang – Im Lee, —Cyber Security Management- A Governance, Risk and Compliance Framework, Gower Publishing, England 2014.
3. Institute for Defence Studies and Analysis Report, India's Cyber Security Challenge, 2012 https://idsa.in/system/files/book/book_indiacybersecurity.pdf
4. John G. Voeller, Cyber Security, John Wiley & Sons, England, 2014.
5. Carol C. Woody, Nancy R. Mead, Cyber Security Engineering: A Practical Approach for Systems and Software Assurance, Addison-Wesley, 2016.
6. Edward Griffor, Handbook of System Safety and Security, Syngress and Elsevier Publications, 1st edition, 2017.
7. Thomas A. Johnson Cyber Security- Protecting Critical Infrastructures from Cyber Attack and Cyber Warfare, CRC Press, 2015.
8. NIST Cyber security Framework, Version 1.0, 2014.
9. CGI, —Cyber security in Modern Critical Infrastructure Environments, 2014.
10. Stuart Broderick J, Cyber Security Program, Cisco Security Solutions, June 2016.

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CP5087**SOFT COMPUTING****LT P C
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- To learn the key aspects of Soft computing and Neural networks.
- To study the fuzzy logic components.
- To gain insight onto neuro fuzzy modeling and control.
- To know about the components and building block hypothesis of genetic algorithm.
- To gain knowledge in machine learning through neural networks.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SOFT COMPUTING**9**

Evolution of Computing – Soft Computing Constituents – From Conventional AI to Computational Intelligence – Machine Learning Basics

UNIT II GENETIC ALGORITHMS**9**

Introduction to Genetic Algorithms (GA) – Applications of GA – Building Block Hypothesis-Representation– Fitness Measures – Genetic Operators-. GA based Machine Learning.

UNIT III NEURAL NETWORKS**9**

Machine Learning using Neural Network, Adaptive Networks – Feed Forward Networks – Supervised Learning Neural Networks – Radial Basis Function Networks – Reinforcement Learning – Unsupervised Learning Neural Networks – Adaptive Resonance Architectures – Advances in Neural Networks.

UNIT IV FUZZY LOGIC**9**

Fuzzy Sets – Operations on Fuzzy Sets – Fuzzy Relations – Membership Functions-Fuzzy Rules and Fuzzy Reasoning – Fuzzy Inference Systems – Fuzzy Expert Systems – Fuzzy Decision Making.

UNIT V NEURO-FUZZY MODELING**9**

Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference Systems – Coactive Neuro-Fuzzy Modeling – Classification and Regression Trees – Data Clustering Algorithms – Rule based Structure Identification – Neuro-Fuzzy Control – Case Studies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Differentiate Conventional AI and Computational Intelligence.
- Discuss on machine learning through neural networks.
- Apply knowledge in developing a Fuzzy expert system.
- Model Neuro Fuzzy system for clustering and classification.
- Discover knowledge to develop Genetic Algorithm and Support vector machine based machine learning system.

REFERENCES:

1. Jyh-Shing Roger Jang, Chuen-Tsai Sun, Eiji Mizutani, "Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing", Prentice-Hall of India, 2002.
2. KwangH.Lee, "First course on Fuzzy Theory and Applications", Springer, 2005.
3. George J. Klir and Bo Yuan, "Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic-Theory and Applications", Prentice Hall, 1996.
4. James A. Freeman and David M. Skapura, "Neural Networks Algorithms, Applications, and Programming Techniques", Addison Wesley, 2003.
5. David E.Goldberg, "Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization and Machine Learning", Addison Wesley, 1989.
6. Mitchell Melanie, "An Introduction to Genetic Algorithm", MIT Press, 1996.
7. S.N.Sivanandam, S.N.Deepa, "Introduction to Genetic Algorithms", Springer, 2008 edition.

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4.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
5.	√		√	√		√	√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the student to the notion of a game, its solutions concepts, and other basic notions and tools of game theory, and the main applications for which they are appropriate, including electronic trading markets.
- To formalize the notion of strategic thinking and rational choice by using the tools of game theory, and to provide insights into using game theory in modeling applications.
- To draw the connections between game theory, computer science, and economics, especially emphasizing the computational issues.
- To introduce contemporary topics in the intersection of game theory, computer science, and economics.
- To apply game theory in searching, auctioning and trading.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**8**

Introduction – Making rational choices: basics of Games – strategy – preferences – payoffs – Mathematical basics –Game theory –Rational Choice – Basic solution concepts-non-cooperative versus cooperative games – Basic computational issues – finding equilibria and learning in games-Typical application areas for game theory (e.g. Google’s sponsored search, eBay auctions, electricity trading markets).

UNIT II GAMES WITH PERFECT INFORMATION**10**

Games with Perfect Information – Strategic games – prisoner’s dilemma, matching pennies- Nash equilibria- theory and illustrations – Cournot’s and Bertrand’s models of oligopoly- auctions- mixed strategy equilibrium- zero-sum games- Extensive Games with Perfect Information-repeated games (prisoner’s dilemma)- subgame perfect Nash equilibrium; computational issues.

UNIT III GAMES WITH IMPERFECT INFORMATION**9**

Games with Imperfect Information – Bayesian Games – Motivational Examples – General Definitions –Information aspects – Illustrations – Extensive Games with Imperfect –Information – Strategies- Nash Equilibrium – Beliefs and sequential equilibrium – Illustrations – Repeated Games – The Prisoner’s Dilemma – Bargaining

UNIT IV NON-COOPERATIVE GAME THEORY**9**

Non-cooperative Game Theory – Self-interested agents- Games in normal form – Analyzing games: from optimality to equilibrium – Computing Solution Concepts of Normal-Form Games – Computing Nash equilibria of two-player, zero-sum games –Computing Nash equilibria of two-player, general-sum games – Identifying dominated strategies

UNIT V MECHANISM DESIGN**9**

Aggregating Preferences-Social Choice – Formal Model- Voting – Existence of social functions – Ranking systems – Protocols for Strategic Agents: Mechanism Design – Mechanism design with unrestricted preferences- Efficient mechanisms – Vickrey and VCG mechanisms (shortest paths) – Combinatorial auctions – profit maximization Computational applications of mechanism design – applications in Computer Science – Google’s sponsored search – eBay auctions – K-armed bandits.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Discuss the notion of a strategic game and equilibria and identify the characteristics of main applications of these concepts.
- Discuss the use of Nash Equilibrium for other problems.
- Identify key strategic aspects and based on these be able to connect them to appropriate game theoretic concepts given a real world situation.
- Identify some applications that need aspects of Bayesian Games.
- Implement a typical Virtual Business scenario using Game theory.

REFERENCES:

1. M. J. Osborne, "An Introduction to Game Theory", Oxford University Press, 2004.
2. M. Machler, E. Solan, S. Zamir, "Game Theory", Cambridge University Press, 2013
3. N. Nisan, T. Roughgarden, E. Tardos, and V. V. Vazirani (Editors), "Algorithmic Game Theory" Cambridge University Press, 2007.
4. A. Dixit and S. Skeath, "Games of Strategy", Second Edition, W W Norton & Co Inc, 2004.
5. Yoav Shoham, Kevin Leyton-Brown, "Multiagent Systems: Algorithmic, Game-Theoretic, and Logical Foundations", Cambridge University Press 2008.
6. Zhu Han, Dusit Niyato, Walid Saad, Tamer Basar and Hjongnnes, "Game Theory in Wireless and Communication Networks", Cambridge University Press, 2012.
7. Y. Narahari, "Game Theory and Mechanism Design", IISC Press, World Scientific.

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CP5071**ADHOC AND WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS****L T P C
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- To learn about the issues in the design of wireless ad hoc networks.
- To understand the working of protocols in different layers of mobile ad hoc and sensor networks.
- To expose the students to different aspects in sensor networks.
- To understand various traffic generators and models for sensor networks.
- To understand various security issues in ad hoc and sensor networks and solutions to the issues.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS AND ROUTING PROTOCOLS OF WIRELESS AD HOC NETWORKS 9

Introduction – Applications of Mobile Ad Hoc Networks (MANETs) – Medium Access Control Layer – Topology Control – Routing Protocols – Broadcasting – Multicasting – Internet Connectivity for MANETs – Security in MANETs - Scenario Based Performance Analysis of Various Routing Protocols in MANETs

UNIT II	MOBILITY MODELS AND OVERHEAD CONTROL MECHANISMS IN MANETS	9
Description of Various Mobility Models – Simulation and Analysis of Various Mobility Models – Overhead Analysis in Hierarchical Routing Scheme – Overhead Minimization Techniques – Energy Models		
UNIT III	WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS (WSN)	9
Applications of WSNs – Hardware and Software Issues in WSN – Design Issues of MAC Protocols – Deployment – Localization – Synchronization – Calibration – Network Layer Issues – Classification of Routing Protocols – Transport Layer Issues – Data Aggregation and Dissemination – Database Centric and Querying		
UNIT IV	PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION	9
Overview of IEEE 802.15.4 and its Characteristics – Data Gathering Paradigm – Simulation Environment and Result Analysis of IEEE 802.15.4 - Zigbee Routing Protocols – Traffic Generators – Traffic Model - Simulation Environment and Result Analysis of Zigbee Routing Protocols.		
UNIT V	SECURITY IN ADHOC AND SENSOR NETWORKS	9
Security Attacks – Key Distribution and Management – Intrusion Detection – Software based Anti-tamper techniques – Water marking techniques – Defence against routing attacks – Secure Ad hoc routing protocols – Broadcast authentication WSN protocols – TESLA – Biba – Sensor Network Security Protocols – SPINS		

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Identifying suitable routing protocols for various scenarios of ad hoc networks.
- To explore various mobility models for MANETs.
- Identify different issues in wireless sensor networks.
- Analyse the performance of IEEE 802.15.4.
- Identify and critique security issues in ad hoc and sensor networks.

REFERENCES:

1. Subir Kumar Sarkar, "Wireless Sensor and Ad Hoc Networks Under Diversified Network Scenarios", Auerbach Publications, 2012.
2. Holger Karl, Andreas Willig, "Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks", Wiley India Private Limited, 2011.
3. Erdal Çayirci, Chunming Rong, "Security in Wireless Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks", John Wiley and Sons, 2009.
4. Carlos De Moraes Cordeiro, Dharma Prakash Agrawal, "Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks: Theory and Applications", World Scientific Publishing, Second Edition, 2011.
5. Waltenegus Dargie, Christian Poellabauer, "Fundamentals of Wireless Sensor Networks Theory and Practice", Wiley India Private Limited, 2014.
6. Adrian Perrig, J.D. Tygar, "Secure Broadcast Communication: In Wired and Wireless Networks", Kluwer Academic Publishers, Springer, 2002.

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SE5075

SOFTWARE SECURITY

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- Know the importance and need of software security.
- Know about various attacks.
- Learn about secure software design.
- Understand risk management in secure software development.
- Know the working of tools related to software security.

UNIT I LOW LEVEL ATTACKS

9

Need For Software Security – Memory Based Attacks – Low Level Attacks Against Heap and Stack - Stack Smashing – Format String Attacks – Stale Memory Access Attacks – ROP (Return Oriented Programming) – Malicious Computation Without Code Injection. Defense Against Memory Based Attacks – Stack Canaries – Non-Executable Data - Address Space Layout Randomization (ASLR), Memory-Safety Enforcement, Control-Flow Integrity (CFI) – Randomization

UNIT II SECURE DESIGN

9

Isolating The Effects of Untrusted Executable Content - Stack Inspection – Policy Specification Languages – Vulnerability Trends – Buffer Overflow – Code Injection - Generic Network Fault Injection– Local Fault Injection - SQL Injection - Session Hijacking. Secure Design - Threat Modeling and Security Design Principles - Good and Bad Software Design - Web Security- Browser Security: Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), Cross-Site Forgery (CSRF) – Database Security – File Security

UNIT III SECURITY RISK MANAGEMENT

9

Risk Management Life Cycle – Risk Profiling – Risk Exposure Factors – Risk Evaluation and Mitigation – Risk Assessment Techniques – Threat and Vulnerability Management.

UNIT IV SECURITY TESTING

9

Traditional Software Testing – Comparison - Secure Software Development Life Cycle - Risk Based Security Testing – Prioritizing Security Testing With Threat Modeling – Shades of Analysis: White, Grey and Black Box Testing.

UNIT V PENETRATION TESTING**9**

Advanced Penetration Testing – Planning and Scoping – DNS Groper – DIG (Domain Information Graph) – Enumeration – Remote Exploitation – Web Application Exploitation - Exploits and Client Side Attacks – Post Exploitation – Bypassing Firewalls and Avoiding Detection - Tools for Penetration Testing

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to**

- Identify various vulnerabilities related to memory attack.
- Apply security principles in software development.
- Evaluate the extent of risks.
- Involve selection of testing techniques related to software security in testing phase of software development.
- Use tools for securing software.

REFERENCES:

- 1 Robert C. Seacord, "Secure Coding in C and C++ (SEI Series in Software Engineering)", Addison-Wesley Professional, 2005.
- 2 Jon Erickson, "Hacking: The Art of Exploitation", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2008.
- 3 Mike Shema, "Hacking Web Apps: Detecting and Preventing Web Application Security Problems", First edition, Syngress Publishing, 2012
- 4 Bryan Sullivan and Vincent Liu, "Web Application Security, A Beginner's Guide", Kindle Edition, McGraw Hill, 2012
- 5 Evan Wheeler, "Security Risk Management: Building an Information Security Risk Management Program from the Ground Up", First edition, Syngress Publishing, 2011
- 6 Chris Wysopal, Lucas Nelson, Dino Dai Zovi, and Elfriede Dustin, "The Art of Software Security Testing: Identifying Software Security Flaws (Symantec Press)", Addison-Wesley Professional, 2006
- 7 Lee Allen, "Advanced Penetration Testing for Highly-Secured Environments: The Ultimate Security Guide (Open Source: Community Experience Distilled)", Kindle Edition, Packt Publishing, 2012

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OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basics of Cognitive Science with focus on acquisition, representation and use of knowledge by individual minds, brains, and machines.
- To study the mind and intelligence, embracing psychology, artificial intelligence, neuroscience and linguistics.
- To understand the role of neuro-science in the cognitive field.
- To learn about computational models for semantic processing.
- To appreciate the role of reasoning in cognitive processing.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COGNITIVE SCIENCE 9

The Cognitive view –Some Fundamental Concepts – Computers in Cognitive Science – Applied Cognitive Science – The Interdisciplinary Nature of Cognitive Science – Artificial Intelligence: Knowledge representation -The Nature of Artificial Intelligence - Knowledge Representation – Artificial Intelligence: Search, Control, and Learning

UNIT II COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY 9

Cognitive Psychology – The Architecture of the Mind - The Nature of Cognitive Psychology- A Global View of The Cognitive Architecture- Propositional Representation- Schematic Representation- Cognitive Processes, Working Memory, and Attention- The Acquisition of Skill- The Connectionist Approach to Cognitive Architecture

UNIT III COGNITIVE NEUROSCIENCE 9

Brain and Cognition Introduction to the Study of the Nervous System – Neural Representation – Neuropsychology- Computational Neuroscience - The Organization of the mind - Organization of Cognitive systems - Strategies for Brain mapping – A Case study: Exploring mindreading

UNIT IV LANGUAGE ACQUISITION, SEMANTICS AND PROCESSING MODELS 9

Milestones in Acquisition – Theoretical Perspectives- Semantics and Cognitive Science – Meaning and Entailment – Reference – Sense – Cognitive and Computational Models of Semantic Processing – Information Processing Models of the Mind- Physical symbol systems and language of thought- Applying the Symbolic Paradigm- Neural networks and distributed information processing- Neural network models of Cognitive Processes

UNIT V HIGHER-LEVEL COGNITION 9

Reasoning – Decision Making – Computer Science and AI: Foundations & Robotics – New Horizons - Dynamical Systems and Situated Cognition- Challenges – Emotions and Consciousness – Physical and Social Environments – Applications

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Analyze the methods of knowledge representation in cognitive processing.
- Design cognitive architectures.
- Understand the connection between brain and cognition.
- Apply neural network models to cognition.
- Apply reasoning & decision making to design dynamic systems.

REFERENCES:

1. Neil Stillings, Steven E. Weisler, Christopher H. Chase and Mark H. Feinstein, Jay L. Garfield and Edwin L. Rissland, "Cognitive Science: An Introduction", Second Edition, MIT press, 1995.
2. José Luis Bermúdez, "Cognitive Science: An Introduction to the Science of the Mind", Cambridge University Press, New York, 2014.
3. Robert L. Solso, Otto H. MacLin and M. Kimberly MacLin, "Cognitive Psychology, Pearson Education, 2007.

4. J. Friedenbergr and G. Silverman, "Cognitive Science: An Introduction to the Study of Mind", 2011.
5. Steven Pinker, "How the mind works", W. W. Norton & Company; Reissue edition, 2009.
6. Carolyn Panzer Sobel and Paul Li, "Cognitive Science: An Interdisciplinary Approach", 2013.
7. Paul Thagard, "Mind: Introduction to Cognitive Science", 2nd Edition, MIT Press, 2005.

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CP5001

VIRTUALIZATION TECHNIQUES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of virtualization and virtual machines.
- To understand the implementation of process and system virtual machines.
- To explore the aspects of high level language virtual machines.
- To gain expertise in server, network and storage virtualization.
- To understand and deploy practical virtualization solutions and enterprise solutions.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF VIRTUALIZATION

9

System Architectures - Virtual Machine Basics - Process vs System Virtual Machines - Taxonomy. Emulation: Basic Interpretation - Threaded Interpretation - Precoded and Direct Threaded Interpretation - Binary Translation. System Virtual Machines - Key Concepts - Resource utilization basics.

UNIT II PROCESS VIRTUAL MACHINES

9

Implementation – Compatibility – Levels – Framework – State Mapping – Register – Memory Address Space – Memory Architecture Emulation – Memory Protection – Instruction Emulation – Performance Tradeoff - Staged Emulation – Exception Emulation – Exception Detection – Interrupt Handling – Operating Systems Emulation – Same OS Emulation – Different OS Emulation – System Environment.

UNIT III HIGH LEVEL LANGUAGE VIRTUAL MACHINES AND SERVER VIRTUALIZATION

9

HLL Virtual Machines: Pascal P-Code – Object Oriented HLLVMs - Java VM architecture - Java Native Interface - Common Language Infrastructure. Server virtualization: Partitioning techniques - virtual hardware - uses of virtual servers - server virtualization platforms

UNIT IV NETWORK AND STORAGE VIRTUALIZATION**9**

Design of Scalable Enterprise Networks – Layer2 Virtualization – VLAN - VFI - Layer 3 Virtualization – VRF - Virtual Firewall Contexts - Network Device Virtualization - Data- Path Virtualization - Routing Protocols. Hardware Devices – SAN backup and recovery techniques – RAID – Classical Storage Model – SNIA Shared Storage Model – Virtual Storage: File System Level and Block Level

UNIT V APPLYING VIRTUALIZATION**9**

Practical Virtualization Solutions: Comparison of Virtualization Technologies: Guest OS/ Host OS – Hypervisor – Emulation – Kernel Level – Shared Kernel, Enterprise Solutions: VMWare Server – VMWareESXi – Citrix Xen Server – Microsoft Virtual PC – Microsoft Hyper-V – Virtual Box, Server Virtualization: Configuring Servers with Virtualization – Adjusting and Tuning Virtual servers – VM Backup – VM Migration, Desktop Virtualization: Terminal services – Hosted Desktop – Web-based Solutions – Localized Virtual Desktops, Network and Storage Virtualization: Virtual Private Networks – Virtual LAN – SAN and VSAN – NAS

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Classify Virtual Machines.
- Deploy legacy OS on virtual machines.
- Analyze the intricacies of server, storage and network virtualizations.
- Design and develop applications on virtual machine platforms.
- Suggest appropriate high level language virtual machine for the problem in hand.

REFERENCES:

1. James E. Smith, Ravi Nair, "Virtual Machines: Versatile Platforms for Systems and Processes", Elsevier/Morgan Kaufmann, 2005.
2. David Marshall, Wade A. Reynolds, "Advanced Server Virtualization: VMware and Microsoft Platform in the Virtual Data Center", Auerbach Publications, 2006.
3. Kumar Reddy, Victor Moreno, "Network virtualization", Cisco Press, July, 2006.
4. Chris Wolf, Erick M. Halter, "Virtualization: From the Desktop to the Enterprise", A Press 2005.
5. Kenneth Hess , Amy Newman, "Practical Virtualization Solutions: Virtualization from the Trenches", Prentice Hall, 2010

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OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the tasks in database administration.
- To learn the methods to secure the database and to recover from failures.
- To understand the fundamentals of database tuning.
- To apply indexing techniques and query optimization for database tuning.
- To understand and measure performance monitors to troubleshoot the database system.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE ADMINISTRATION 10

Database Administration - DBA Tasks- Database Design - Performance Monitoring and Tuning – Availability - Database Security and Authorization - Backup and Recovery - Data Integrity - DBMS Release Migration - Types of DBAs - Creating the Database Environment - Choosing a DBMS - DBMS Architectures - DBMS Clustering - DBMS Proliferation - Hardware Issues - Installing the DBMS - DBMS Installation Basics Hardware Requirements - Storage Requirements Memory Requirements Configuring the DBMS - Connecting the DBMS to Supporting Infrastructure Software - Installation Verification - DBMS Environments - Upgrading DBMS Versions and Releases - Fallback Planning - Migration Verification

UNIT II DATABASE SECURITY, BACKUP AND RECOVERY 10

Database Users - Granting and Revoking Authority - Types of Privileges - Granting to PUBLIC- Revoking Privileges - Security Reporting - Authorization Roles and Groups - Using Views for Security - Using Stored Procedures for Security Auditing - SQL Injection Prevention - External Security - Job Scheduling and Security - Image Copy Backups - Full vs. Incremental Backups - Database Objects and Backups - DBMS Control - Concurrent Access Issues - Backup Consistency - Log Archiving and Backup - DBMS Instance Backup - Designing the DBMS Environment for Recovery - Types of Recovery - Alternatives to Backup and Recovery – DBA Tools – DBA Rules of Thumb.

UNIT III FUNDAMENTALS OF TUNING 8

Review of Relational Databases – Relational Algebra – Locking and Concurrency Control – Correctness Consideration – Lock Tuning – Logging and the Recovery Subsystem – Principles of Recovery – Tuning the Recovery Subsystem – Operating Systems Considerations – Hardware Tuning.

UNIT IV INDEX TUNING AND QUERY OPTIMIZATION 9

Types of Queries – Data Structures – B tree – B+ Tree - Hash Structures – Bit Map Indexes – Clustering Indexes – Non Clustering Indexes – Composite Indexes – Hot Tables – Comparison of Indexing and Hashing Techniques. Optimization Techniques - Tuning Relational Systems – Normalization – Tuning Denormalization – Clustering Two Tables – Aggregate Maintenance – Record Layout – Query Cache – Parameter Cache - Query Tuning – Triggers – Client Server Mechanisms – Objects, Application Tools and Performance – Tuning the Application Interface – Bulk Loading Data – Accessing Multiple Databases.

UNIT V TROUBLESHOOTING 8

Query Plan Explainers – Performance Monitors – Event Monitors. Finding 'Suspicious' Queries – Analyzing Query's Access Plan – Profiling Query Execution. Tuning DBMS Subsystems - Disk Subsystem - Buffer Manager - Logging Subsystem - Locking Subsystem. Troubleshooting CPU, Disks and Controllers, Memory, and Networks.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:**Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

- Describe the principle functions in database administration and security
- Discuss the need for performance tuning in databases
- Write optimized code for accessing multiple databases
- Reconstruct indexes and optimize queries for better database performance.
- Carry out troubleshooting in database systems

REFERENCES:

1. Craig S. Mullins, "Database Administration: The Complete Guide to Practices and Procedures", Addison-Wesley Professional, 2nd edition, 2013.
2. Dennis Shasha and Philippe Bonnet, "Database Tuning, Principles, Experiments and Troubleshooting Techniques", Elsevier Reprint, 2005.
3. Silberschatz, Korth, "Database System Concepts", McGraw Hill, 6th edition, 2010.
4. Thomas Connolly and Carollyn Begg, "Database Systems, A Practical Approach to Design, Implementation and Management", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

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CP5077**DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATA MINING TECHNIQUES****L T PC
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand data mining principles and techniques and Introduce DM as a cutting edge business intelligence.
- To expose the students to the concepts of data warehousing architecture and implementation.
- To learn various Data Mining techniques such as classification, clustering & Association rule mining
- To study the overview of developing areas – web mining, text mining and ethical aspects of data mining.
- To identify business applications and trends of data mining.

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO DATA WAREHOUSING	9
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Evolution of Decision Support Systems- Data warehousing Components – Building a Data warehouse, Data Warehouse and DBMS, Data marts, Metadata, Multidimensional data model, OLAP vs OLTP, OLAP operations, Data cubes, Schemas for Multidimensional Database: Stars, Snowflakes and Fact constellations

UNIT II	DATA WAREHOUSE PROCESS AND ARCHITECTURE	9
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Types of OLAP servers, 3-Tier data warehouse architecture, distributed and virtual data warehouses. Data warehouse implementation, tuning and testing of data warehouse. Data Staging (ETL) Design and Development, data warehouse visualization, Data Warehouse Deployment, Maintenance, Growth, Business Intelligence Overview- Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence Trends - Business Applications- tools-SAS

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO DATA MINING 9

Data mining-KDD versus data mining, Stages of the Data Mining Process-task primitives, Data Mining Techniques -Data mining knowledge representation – Data mining query languages, Integration of a Data Mining System with a Data Warehouse – Issues, Data preprocessing – Data cleaning, Data transformation, Feature selection, Dimensionality reduction, Discretization and generating concept hierarchies-Mining frequent patterns- association-correlation

UNIT IV	CLASSIFICATION AND CLUSTERING	9
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Decision Tree Induction - Bayesian Classification – Rule Based Classification – Classification by Back propagation – Support Vector Machines – Associative Classification – Lazy Learners – Other Classification Methods – Clustering techniques – Partitioning methods- k-means- Hierarchical Methods – distance based agglomerative and divisible clustering, Density-Based Methods – expectation maximization -Grid Based Methods – Model-Based Clustering Methods – Constraint – Based Cluster Analysis – Outlier Analysis

UNIT V	PREDICTIVE MODELING OF BIG DATA AND TRENDS IN DATA MINING	9
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Statistics and Data Analysis – EDA – Small and Big Data –Logistic Regression Model - Ordinary Regression Model-Mining complex data objects – Spatial databases – Temporal databases – Multimedia databases – Time series and sequence data – Text mining – Web mining – Applications in Data mining

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Evolve multidimensional intelligent model from typical system.
- Discover the knowledge imbibed in the high dimensional system and gain knowledge on datawarehouse process.
- Acquire knowledge of data processing and data quality.
- Design and deploy classification and clustering techniques.
- Evaluate various mining techniques on complex data objects.

REFERENCES:

1. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, "Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kaufmann, Third edition, 2011.
2. Alex Berson, Stephen J. Smith, "Data Warehousing, Data Mining & OLAP", Tata McGraw Hill, Tenth Reprint, 2007.
3. G. K. Gupta, "Introduction to Data Mining with Case Studies", Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India, Third Edition, 2014.
4. Ian.H.Witten, Eibe Frank and Mark.A.Hall, "Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques", Morgan Kaufmann, Third edition, 2011.
5. Bruce Ratner, "Statistical and Machine - Learning Data Mining: Techniques for Better Predictive Modeling and Analysis of Big Data". CRC Press. Second Edition. 2012.

6. Mehmed kantardzic, "Data mining: Concepts, Models, Methods, and Algorithms", Wiley-Blackwell, Second Edition, 2011.
7. Ian Witten, Eibe Frank, "Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques", Third Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.
8. George M Marakas, "Modern Data Warehousing, Mining and Visualization: Core Concepts", Prentice Hall, 2002.

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CP5086

SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS

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OBJECTIVES:

- To gain knowledge about the current web development and emergence of social web.
- To study about the modeling, aggregating and knowledge representation of semantic web.
- To appreciate the use of machine learning approaches for web content mining.
- To learn about the extraction and mining tools for social networks.
- To gain knowledge on web personalization and web visualization of social networks.

UNIT I CLUSTERING AND CLASSIFICATION

9+6

Supervised Learning – Decision tree - Naïve Bayesian Text Classification - Support Vector Machines - Ensemble of Classifiers – Unsupervised Learning – K-means Clustering – Hierarchical Clustering – Partially Supervised Learning – Markov Models – Probability-Based Clustering – Vector Space Model

UNIT II SOCIAL MEDIA MINING

9+6

Data Mining Essentials – Data Mining Algorithms - Web Content Mining – Latent semantic Indexing – Automatic Topic Extraction – Opinion Mining and Sentiment Analysis – Document Sentiment Classification

UNIT III EXTRACTION AND MINING COMMUNITIES IN WEB SOCIAL NETWORKS

9+6

Extracting evolution of Web Community from a Series of Web Archive – Detecting Communities in Social Networks – Definition of Community – Evaluating Communities – Methods for Community Detection & Mining – Applications of Community Mining Algorithms – Tools for Detecting Communities – Social Network Infrastructure and Communities – Decentralized Online Social Networks – Multi-Relational Characterization of Dynamic Social Network Communities

UNIT IV HUMAN BEHAVIOR ANALYSIS AND PRIVACY ISSUES**9+6**

Understanding and Predicting Human Behavior for Social Communities – User Data Management, Inference and Distribution – Enabling New Human Experiences – Reality Mining – Context-Awareness – Privacy in Online Social Networks – Trust in Online Environment – Trust Models Based on Subjective Logic – Trust Network Analysis – Trust Transitivity Analysis – Combining Trust and Reputation – Trust Derivation Based on Trust Comparisons – Attack Spectrum and Countermeasures

UNIT V VISUALIZATION AND APPLICATIONS OF SOCIAL NETWORKS**9+6**

Graph Theory – Centrality – Clustering – Node-Edge Diagrams – Matrix representation – Visualizing Online Social Networks – Visualizing Social Networks with Matrix-Based Representations – Node-Link Diagrams – Hybrid Representations – Applications – Covert Networks – Community Welfare – Collaboration Networks – Co-Citation Networks – Recommendation in Social Media: Challenges – Classical Recommendation Algorithms – Recommendation Using Social Context – Evaluating Recommendations

TOTAL : 45+30:75 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to**

- Apply knowledge of current web development in the era of social web.
- Model, aggregate and represent knowledge for semantic web.
- Use machine learning approaches for web content mining.
- Design extraction and mining tools for social networks.
- Develop personalized web sites and visualization for social networks.

REFERENCES:

1. Peter Mika, "Social networks and the Semantic Web", Springer, 2007.
2. Borko Furht, "Handbook of Social Network Technologies and Applications", Springer, 2010.
3. Bing Liu, "Web Data Mining: Exploring Hyperlinks, Contents, and Usage Data (Data-Centric Systems and Applications)", Springer; Second Edition, 2011.
4. Reza Zafarani, Mohammad Ali Abbasi, Huan Liu, "Social Media Mining", Cambridge University Press, 2014.
5. Guandong Xu, Yanchun Zhang and Lin Li, "Web Mining and Social Networking Techniques and applications", Springer, 2011.
6. Dion Goh and Schubert Foo, "Social information retrieval systems: emerging technologies and Applications for searching the Web effectively", Idea Group, 2007.

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OBJECTIVES:

The student should be able to

- Know what is software and the usage of different types of softwares.
- Know the Quality Metrics of various Softwares.
- Know the methodologies used in developing software.
- Test the product finally to check the product Quality.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9+6**

Introduction to Software Quality - Challenges – Objectives – Quality Factors – Components of SQA – Contract Review – Development and Quality Plans – SQA Components in Project Life Cycle – SQA Defect Removal Policies – Reviews.

UNIT II TESTING METHODOLOGIES**9+6**

Basics of Software Testing – Test Generation from Requirements – Finite State Models – Combinatorial Designs - Test Selection, Minimization and Prioritization for Regression Testing – Test Adequacy, Assessment and Enhancement.

UNIT III TEST STRATEGIES**9+6**

Testing Strategies – White Box and Black Box Approach – Integration Testing – System and Acceptance Testing – Performance Testing – Regression Testing - Internationalization Testing – Ad-hoc Testing – Website Testing – Usability Testing – Accessibility Testing.

UNIT IV TEST AUTOMATION AND MANAGEMENT**9+6**

Test plan – Management – Execution and Reporting – Software Test Automation – Automated Testing tools - Hierarchical Models of Software Quality – Configuration Management – Documentation Control.

UNIT V SQA IN PROJECT MANAGEMENT**9+6**

Project progress control – costs – quality management standards – project process standards – management and its role in SQA – SQA unit.

TOTAL: 45+30:75 PERIODS**OUTCOMES**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Develop Quality plans and use SQA components in project life cycle.
- Analyze the product Quality.
- Judge the use of infrastructure components and use configuration items for Quality control.
- Use various testing methods and verify.
- Assess Quality standards of various software products.

REFERENCES

1. Daniel Galin, "Software Quality Assurance – from Theory to Implementation" Pearson Education, 2009
2. Yogesh Singh, "Software Testing", Cambridge University Press, 2012
3. Aditya Mathur, "Foundations of Software Testing", Pearson Education, 2008
4. Ron Patton, "Software Testing", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2007
5. Srinivasan Desikan, Gopalaswamy Ramesh, "Software Testing – Principles and Practices", Pearson Education, 2006
6. Alan C Gillies, "Software Quality Theory and Management", Cengage Learning, Second Edition, 2003.
7. Robert Furtell, Donald Shafer, and Linda Shafer, "Quality Software Project Management", Pearson Education Asia, 2002.

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CP5088

USER INTERFACE DESIGN

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OBJECTIVES:

- To determine the necessity of user interaction by understanding usability engineering and user modeling.
- To learn the methodologies for designing interactive systems.
- To investigate the core and complex design issues for interaction.
- To examine the evaluation methodologies of design.
- To understand design issues for web and mobile platforms.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Context of Interaction –Ergonomics - Designing Interactive systems – Understanding Users-cognition and cognitive frame works, User Centred approaches - Usability, Universal Usability, Understanding and conceptualizing interaction, Guidelines, Principles and Theories

UNIT II INTERACTION DESIGN

9

Universal design principles, guidelines, heuristics, HCI Patterns, Design Frame Works, Design Methods, Prototyping, Understanding Interaction Styles, Direct Manipulation and Immersive Environments, Fluid Navigation, Expressive Human and Command Languages, Communication and Collaboration.

UNIT III DESIGN AND EVALUATION

9

Advancing the User Experience, Timely User Experience, Information Search, Data Visualization Evaluation Techniques- Assessing User Experience- Usability Testing – Heuristic Evaluation and Walkthroughs, Analytics Predictive Models.

UNIT IV MODELS AND THEORIES

9

Cognitive Models, Socio-Organizational Issues and Stake Holder Requirements, Communication And Collaboration Models task Analysis, Dialog Notations and Design, Models of the System, Modeling Rich Interaction, Ubiquitous Computing

UNIT V DESIGNING INTERACTIONS FOR WEB AND MOBILE PLATFORMS

9

Hypertext, Multimedia and WWW, Designing for the web Direct Selection, Contextual Tools, Overlays, Inlays and Virtual Pages, Process Flow. Use Transitions-Lookup patterns-Feedback Patterns, Mobile Apps, Mobile Navigation, Content and Control Idioms, Multi-Touch Gestures, Inter-App Integration, Mobile Web.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Understand the basics of human computer interactions via usability engineering and cognitive modeling.
- Understand the basic design paradigms, complex interaction styles.
- Understand the fundamental design issues.
- Evaluate of interaction designs and implementations.
- Use models and theories for user interaction.
- Use above concepts for web and mobile applications.

REFERENCES:

1. Ben Shneiderman, Catherine Plaisant, Maxine Cohen, Steven Jacobs, Niklas Elmqvist, "Designing the User Interface: Strategies for Effective Human-Computer Interaction", Sixth Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.
2. Jenny Preece, Helen Sharp, Yvonne Rogers, "Interaction Design: Beyond Human Computer Interaction", Wiley Student Edition, 4th Edition, Wiley, 2015.
3. Alan Dix, Janet Finlay, Gregory Abowd, Russell Beale, "Human Computer Interaction", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
4. Alan Cooper, Robert Reimann, David Cronin, Christopher Noessel, "About Face: The Essentials of Interaction Design", 4th Edition, Wiley, 2014.
5. Donald A. Norman, "Design of Everyday Things", MIT Press, 2013.
6. Cameron Banga, Josh Weinhold, "Essential Mobile Interaction Design: Perfecting Interface Design in Mobile Apps", Addison-Wesley Professional, 1 edition, 2014.
7. Bill Scott and Theresa Neil, "Designing Web Interfaces", First Edition, O'Reilly, 2009.
8. Steven Hoober, Eric Berkman, "Designing Mobile Interfaces Patterns for Interaction Design", O'Reilly, 2011.

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.	√		√				√	√	
2.	√		√				√	√	
3.	√		√				√	√	
4.	√	√	√	√			√	√	
5.	√	√	√				√	√	
6.	√	√	√	√		√	√	√	√

SE5074**SOFTWARE RELIABILITY METRICS AND MODELS****L T P C
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- Learn different definitions of software quality.
- Know different notions of defects and classify them.
- Understand the basic techniques of data collection and how to apply them.
- Learn software metrics that define relevant metrics in a rigorous way.
- Gain confidence in ultra-high reliability.

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION	9
Automated Testing – Background on software testing – Automated test life cycle methodology (ATLM) – Test Maturity Model – Test Automation Development – Overcoming false expectations of automated testing – benefits – Test tool proposal		
UNIT II	TEST FRAMEWORK AND AUTOMATION	9
Automated Test Tool Evaluation and selection – Organisation's system engineering environment – Tools that support the testing life cycle – Test Tool Research – Hands-on Tool evaluation -Test process analysis – Test tool consideration – Selecting the test automation approach - Test team management – Organization Structure of a Test Team – Test Program Tasks – Test Effort Sizing		
UNIT III	TEST PLANNING AND DESIGN	9
Test planning – Test program scope – Test requirements management – Test Program Events, Activities and Documentation – Test Environment – Test plan – Test requirements analysis – Test program design – Test procedure design – Test development architecture – Test Development Guidelines – Automation Infrastructure – Test execution and review – Executing and Evaluating Test Phases - Test metrics - Test bench design and evaluation		
UNIT IV	TESTING THE APPLICATIONS	9
Testing Web Applications – Functional Web testing with Twill – Selenium – Testing a simple Web Application – Testing Mobile Smartphone Applications – Running automated test scripts – Test tools for Browser based applications – Test Automation with Emulators – Test Results reporting – Test defect tracking and fixing.		
UNIT V	CASE STUDIES	9
Test automation and agile project management – database automation – test automation in cloud – Mainframe and Framework automation – Model based test case generation – Model based testing of Android applications		

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- Perform some simple statistical analysis relevant to software measurement data.
- Classify defects on identification and work on them.
- Use data collection techniques aptly.
- Use software metrics for relevant measures in a rigorous way.
- Use from practical examples both the benefits and limitations of software metrics for quality control and assurance.

REFERENCES:

1. Elfriede Dustin, Jeff Rashka, "Automated software testing: Introduction, Management and Performance", Pearson Education, 2008.
2. C. Titus Brown, Gheorghe Gheorghiu, Jason Huggins, " An Introduction to Testing Web Applications with twill and Selenium ", O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2007.
3. Dorothy Graham, Mark Fewster, "Experiences of Test Automation: Case Studies of Software Test Automation", illustrated Edition, Addison-Wesley Professional, 2012.
4. Julian Harty, "A Practical Guide to Testing Mobile Smartphone Applications", Vol. 6 of Synthesis Lectures on Mobile and Pervasive Computing SeriesII, Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2009.
5. Kanglin Li, Mengqi Wu, "Effective Software Test Automation: Developing an Automated Software Testing Tool", John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

CO	PO						PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
1.	√		√				√	√	
2.	√		√				√	√	
3.	√		√	√			√	√	√
4.	√		√				√	√	
5.	√		√	√			√	√	√

OE5091

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of business analytics and its life cycle.
- To gain knowledge about fundamental business analytics.
- To learn modeling for uncertainty and statistical inference.
- To understand analytics using Hadoop and Map Reduce frameworks.
- To acquire insight on other analytical frameworks.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS

9

Introduction – Drivers for Business Analytics – Applications of Business Analytics: Marketing and Sales, Human Resource, Healthcare, Product Design, Service Design, Customer Service and Support – Skills Required for a Business Analyst – Framework for Business Analytics Life Cycle for Business Analytics Process.

Suggested Activities:

- Case studies on applications involving business analytics.
- Converting real time decision making problems into hypothesis.
- Group discussion on entrepreneurial opportunities in Business Analytics.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Assignment on business scenario and business analytical life cycle process.
- Group presentation on big data applications with societal need.
- Quiz on case studies.

UNIT II ESSENTIALS OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS

9

Descriptive Statistics – Using Data – Types of Data – Data Distribution Metrics: Frequency, Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Variance, Standard Deviation, Percentile, Quartile, z-Score, Covariance, Correlation – Data Visualization: Tables, Charts, Line Charts, Bar and Column Chart, Bubble Chart, Heat Map – Data Dashboards.

Suggested Activities:

- Solve numerical problems on basic statistics.
- Explore chart wizard in MS Excel Case using sample real time data for data visualization.
- Use R tool for data visualization.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Assignment on descriptive analytics using benchmark data.
- Quiz on data visualization for univariate, bivariate data.

UNIT III MODELING UNCERTAINTY AND STATISTICAL INFERENCE 9

Modeling Uncertainty: Events and Probabilities – Conditional Probability – Random Variables – Discrete Probability Distributions – Continuous Probability Distribution – Statistical Inference: Data Sampling – Selecting a Sample – Point Estimation – Sampling Distributions – Interval Estimation – Hypothesis Testing.

Suggested Activities:

- Solving numerical problems in sampling, probability, probability distributions and hypothesis testing.
- Converting real time decision making problems into hypothesis.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Assignments on hypothesis testing.
- Group presentation on real time applications involving data sampling and hypothesis testing.
- Quizzes on topics like sampling and probability.

UNIT IV ANALYTICS USING HADOOP AND MAPREDUCE FRAMEWORK 9

Introducing Hadoop – RDBMS versus Hadoop – Hadoop Overview – HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System) – Processing Data with Hadoop – Introduction to MapReduce – Features of MapReduce – Algorithms Using Map-Reduce: Matrix-Vector Multiplication, Relational Algebra Operations, Grouping and Aggregation – Extensions to MapReduce.

Suggested Activities:

- Practical – Install and configure Hadoop.
- Practical – Use web based tools to monitor Hadoop setup.
- Practical – Design and develop MapReduce tasks for word count, searching involving text corpus etc.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Evaluation of the practical implementations.
- Quizzes on topics like HDFS and extensions to MapReduce.

UNIT V OTHER DATA ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORKS 9

Overview of Application development Languages for Hadoop – PigLatin – Hive – Hive Query Language (HQL) – Introduction to Pentaho, JAQL – Introduction to Apache: Sqoop, Drill and Spark, Cloudera Impala – Introduction to NoSQL Databases – Hbase and MongoDB.

Suggested Activities:

- Practical – Installation of NoSQL database like MongoDB.
- Practical – Demonstration on Sharding in MongoDB.
- Practical – Install and run Pig
- Practical – Write PigLatin scripts to sort, group, join, project, and filter data.
- Design and develop algorithms to be executed in MapReduce involving numerical methods for analytics.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Mini Project (Group) – Real time data collection, saving in NoSQL, implement analytical techniques using Map-Reduce Tasks and Result Projection.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Identify the real world business problems and model with analytical solutions.
- Solve analytical problem with relevant mathematics background knowledge.
- Convert any real world decision making problem to hypothesis and apply suitable statistical testing.
- Write and Demonstrate simple applications involving analytics using Hadoop and MapReduce
- Use open source frameworks for modeling and storing data.
- Apply suitable visualization technique using R for visualizing voluminous data.

REFERENCES:

1. Vignesh Prajapati, "Big Data Analytics with R and Hadoop", Packt Publishing, 2013.
2. Umesh R Hodeghatta, Umesha Nayak, "Business Analytics Using R – A Practical Approach", Apress, 2017.
3. Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press, 2012.
4. Jeffrey D. Camm, James J. Cochran, Michael J. Fry, Jeffrey W. Ohlmann, David R. Anderson, "Essentials of Business Analytics", Cengage Learning, second Edition, 2016.
5. U. Dinesh Kumar, "Business Analytics: The Science of Data-Driven Decision Making", Wiley, 2017.
6. A. Ohri, "R for Business Analytics", Springer, 2012
7. Rui Miguel Forte, "Mastering Predictive Analytics with R", Packt Publication, 2015.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	1	1	1	2	3	1
CO2	2	1	1	2	1	1
CO3	1	1	2	3	3	1
CO4	2	2	1	2	1	1
CO5	1	1	2	2	1	1
CO6	1	1	1	3	2	1

OE5092**INDUSTRIAL SAFETY****LT P C
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- Summarize basics of industrial safety
- Describe fundamentals of maintenance engineering
- Explain wear and corrosion
- Illustrate fault tracing
- Identify preventive and periodic maintenance

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Accident, causes, types, results and control, mechanical and electrical hazards, types, causes and preventive steps/procedure, describe salient points of factories act 1948 for health and safety, wash rooms, drinking water layouts, light, cleanliness, fire, guarding, pressure vessels, etc, Safety color codes. Fire prevention and firefighting, equipment and methods.

UNIT II FUNDAMENTALS OF MAINTENANCE ENGINEERING**9**

Definition and aim of maintenance engineering, Primary and secondary functions and responsibility of maintenance department, Types of maintenance, Types and applications of tools used for maintenance, Maintenance cost & its relation with replacement economy, Service life of equipment.

UNIT III WEAR AND CORROSION AND THEIR PREVENTION**9**

Wear- types, causes, effects, wear reduction methods, lubricants-types and applications, Lubrication methods, general sketch, working and applications, i. Screw down grease cup, ii. Pressure grease gun, iii. Splash lubrication, iv. Gravity lubrication, v. Wick feed lubrication vi. Side feed lubrication, vii. Ring lubrication, Definition, principle and factors affecting the corrosion. Types of corrosion, corrosion prevention methods.

UNIT IV FAULT TRACING**9**

Fault tracing-concept and importance, decision tree concept, need and applications, sequence of fault finding activities, show as decision tree, draw decision tree for problems in machine tools, hydraulic, pneumatic, automotive, thermal and electrical equipment's like, i. Any one machine tool, ii. Pump iii. Air compressor, iv. Internal combustion engine, v. Boiler, vi. Electrical motors, Types of faults in machine tools and their general causes.

UNIT V PERIODIC AND PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE**9**

Periodic inspection-concept and need, degreasing, cleaning and repairing schemes, overhauling of mechanical components, overhauling of electrical motor, common troubles and remedies of electric motor, repair complexities and its use, definition, need, steps and advantages of preventive maintenance. Steps/procedure for periodic and preventive maintenance of: i. Machine tools, ii. Pumps, iii. Air compressors, iv. Diesel generating (DG) sets, Program and schedule of preventive maintenance of mechanical and electrical equipment, advantages of preventive maintenance. Repair cycle concept and importance

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Students will be able to:**

CO1: Ability to summarize basics of industrial safety

CO2: Ability to describe fundamentals of maintenance engineering

CO3: Ability to explain wear and corrosion

CO4: Ability to illustrate fault tracing

CO5: Ability to identify preventive and periodic maintenance

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓											
CO2	✓											
CO3	✓	✓	✓									
CO4	✓	✓	✓									
CO5	✓	✓	✓									

REFERENCES:

1. Audels, Pump-hydraulic Compressors, McGraw Hill Publication, 1978.
2. Garg H P, Maintenance Engineering, S. Chand and Company, 1987.
3. Hans F. Winterkorn, Foundation Engineering Handbook, Chapman & Hall London, 2013.
4. Higgins & Morrow, Maintenance Engineering Handbook, Eighth Edition, 2008

OBJECTIVES:

- Solve linear programming problem and solve using graphical method.
- Solve LPP using simplex method
- Solve transportation, assignment problems
- Solve project management problems
- Solve scheduling problems

UNIT I LINEAR PROGRAMMING**9**

Introduction to Operations Research – assumptions of linear programming problems -
Formulations of linear programming problem – Graphical method

UNIT II ADVANCES IN LINEAR PROGRAMMING**9**

Solutions to LPP using simplex algorithm- Revised simplex method - primal dual relationships –
Dual simplex algorithm - Sensitivity analysis

UNIT III NETWORK ANALYSIS – I**9**

Transportation problems -Northwest corner rule, least cost method, Voges's approximation
method - Assignment problem -Hungarian algorithm

UNIT IV NETWORK ANALYSIS – II**9**

Shortest path problem: Dijkstra's algorithms, Floyds algorithm, systematic method -CPM/PERT

UNIT V NETWORK ANALYSIS – III**9**

Scheduling and sequencing - single server and multiple server models - deterministic inventory
models - Probabilistic inventory control models

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Students will be able to:**

CO1: To formulate linear programming problem and solve using graphical method.

CO2: To solve LPP using simplex method

CO3: To formulate and solve transportation, assignment problems

CO4: To solve project management problems

CO5: To solve scheduling problems

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓											
CO2	✓											
CO3	✓	✓	✓									
CO4	✓	✓	✓									
CO5	✓	✓	✓									

REFERENCES:

1. Harvey M Wagner, Principles of Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010
2. Hitler Libermann, Operations Research: McGraw Hill Pub. 2009
3. Pant J C, Introduction to Optimisation: Operations Research, Jain Brothers, Delhi, 2008
4. Pannerselvam, Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010
5. Taha H A, Operations Research, An Introduction, PHI, 2008

OBJECTIVES:

- Summarize the costing concepts and their role in decision making
- Infer the project management concepts and their various aspects in selection
- Interpret costing concepts with project execution
- Develop knowledge of costing techniques in service sector and various budgetary control techniques
- Illustrate with quantitative techniques in cost management

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COSTING CONCEPTS 9

Objectives of a Costing System; Cost concepts in decision-making; Relevant cost, Differential cost, Incremental cost and Opportunity cost; Creation of a Database for operational control.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO PROJECT MANAGEMENT 9

Project: meaning, Different types, why to manage, cost overruns centres, various stages of project execution: conception to commissioning. Project execution as conglomeration of technical and nontechnical activities, Detailed Engineering activities, Pre project execution main clearances and documents, Project team: Role of each member, Importance Project site: Data required with significance, Project contracts.

UNIT III PROJECT EXECUTION AND COSTING CONCEPTS 9

Project execution Project cost control, Bar charts and Network diagram, Project commissioning: mechanical and process, Cost Behavior and Profit Planning Marginal Costing; Distinction between Marginal Costing and Absorption Costing; Break-even Analysis, Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis, Various decision-making problems, Pricing strategies: Pareto Analysis, Target costing, Life Cycle Costing.

UNIT IV COSTING OF SERVICE SECTOR AND BUDGETERY CONTROL 9

Just-in-time approach, Material Requirement Planning, Enterprise Resource Planning, Activity-Based Cost Management, Bench Marking; Balanced Score Card and Value-Chain Analysis, Budgetary Control: Flexible Budgets; Performance budgets; Zero-based budgets.

UNIT V QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES FOR COST MANAGEMENT 9

Linear Programming, PERT/CPM, Transportation problems, Assignment problems, Learning Curve Theory.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Students will be able to:**

- CO1 – Understand the costing concepts and their role in decision making
 CO2–Understand the project management concepts and their various aspects in selection
 CO3–Interpret costing concepts with project execution
 CO4–Gain knowledge of costing techniques in service sector and various budgetary control techniques
 CO5 - Become familiar with quantitative techniques in cost management

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓		✓	✓
CO2	✓	✓	✓		✓				✓		✓	✓
CO3	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓					✓	✓
CO4	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓				✓	✓
CO5	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓				✓	✓

REFERENCES:

1. Ashish K. Bhattacharya, Principles & Practices of Cost Accounting A. H. Wheeler publisher, 1991
2. Charles T. Horngren and George Foster, Advanced Management Accounting, 1988
3. Charles T. Horngren et al Cost Accounting A Managerial Emphasis, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2011
4. Robert S Kaplan Anthony A. Alkinson, Management & Cost Accounting, 2003
5. Vohra N.D., Quantitative Techniques in Management, Tata McGraw Hill Book Co. Ltd, 2007

OE5095**COMPOSITE MATERIALS****L T P C
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- Summarize the characteristics of composite materials and effect of reinforcement in composite materials.
- Identify the various reinforcements used in composite materials.
- Compare the manufacturing process of metal matrix composites.
- Understand the manufacturing processes of polymer matrix composites.
- Analyze the strength of composite materials.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Definition – Classification and characteristics of Composite materials - Advantages and application of composites - Functional requirements of reinforcement and matrix - Effect of reinforcement (size, shape, distribution, volume fraction) on overall composite performance.

UNIT II REINFORCEMENTS**9**

Preparation-layup, curing, properties and applications of glass fibers, carbon fibers, Kevlar fibers and Boron fibers - Properties and applications of whiskers, particle reinforcements - Mechanical Behavior of composites: Rule of mixtures, Inverse rule of mixtures - Isostrain and Isostress conditions.

UNIT III MANUFACTURING OF METAL MATRIX COMPOSITES**9**

Casting – Solid State diffusion technique - Cladding – Hot isostatic pressing - Properties and applications. Manufacturing of Ceramic Matrix Composites: Liquid Metal Infiltration – Liquid phase sintering. Manufacturing of Carbon – Carbon composites: Knitting, Braiding, Weaving - Properties and applications.

UNIT IV MANUFACTURING OF POLYMER MATRIX COMPOSITES**9**

Preparation of Moulding compounds and preregs – hand layup method – Autoclave method – Filament winding method – Compression moulding – Reaction injection moulding - Properties and applications.

UNIT V STRENGTH**9**

Laminar Failure Criteria-strength ratio, maximum stress criteria, maximum strain criteria, interacting failure criteria, hygrothermal failure. Laminate first ply failure-insight strength; Laminate strength-ply discount truncated maximum strain criterion; strength design using caplet plots; stress concentrations.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:**Students will be able to:**

- CO1 - Know the characteristics of composite materials and effect of reinforcement in composite materials.
- CO2 – Know the various reinforcements used in composite materials.
- CO3 – Understand the manufacturing processes of metal matrix composites.
- CO4 – Understand the manufacturing processes of polymer matrix composites.
- CO5 – Analyze the strength of composite materials.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		✓	✓	✓								
CO2		✓	✓	✓	✓						✓	
CO3			✓	✓	✓		✓				✓	
CO4			✓	✓	✓		✓				✓	
CO5			✓	✓	✓		✓					

REFERENCES:

1. Cahn R.W. - Material Science and Technology – Vol 13 – Composites, VCH, West Germany.
2. Callister, W.D Jr., Adapted by Balasubramaniam R, Materials Science and Engineering, An introduction, John Wiley & Sons, NY, Indian edition, 2007.
3. Chawla K.K., Composite Materials, 2013.
4. Lubin.G, Hand Book of Composite Materials, 2013.

OE5096**WASTE TO ENERGY****L T P C
3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- Interpret the various types of wastes from which energy can be generated
- Develop knowledge on biomass pyrolysis process and its applications
- Develop knowledge on various types of biomass gasifiers and their operations
- Invent knowledge on biomass combustors and its applications on generating energy
- Summarize the principles of bio-energy systems and their features

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO EXTRACTION OF ENERGY FROM WASTE**9**

Classification of waste as fuel – Agro based, Forest residue, Industrial waste - MSW – Conversion devices – Incinerators, gasifiers, digestors

UNIT II BIOMASS PYROLYSIS**9**

Pyrolysis – Types, slow fast – Manufacture of charcoal – Methods - Yields and application – Manufacture of pyrolytic oils and gases, yields and applications.

UNIT III BIOMASS GASIFICATION**9**

Gasifiers – Fixed bed system – Downdraft and updraft gasifiers – Fluidized bed gasifiers – Design, construction and operation – Gasifier burner arrangement for thermal heating – Gasifier engine arrangement and electrical power – Equilibrium and kinetic consideration in gasifier operation.

UNIT IV BIOMASS COMBUSTION**9**

Biomass stoves – Improved chullahs, types, some exotic designs, Fixed bed combustors, Types, inclined grate combustors, Fluidized bed combustors, Design, construction and operation - Operation of all the above biomass combustors.

UNIT V BIO ENERGY**9**

Properties of biogas (Calorific value and composition), Biogas plant technology and status - Bio energy system - Design and constructional features - Biomass resources and their classification - Biomass conversion processes - Thermo chemical conversion - Direct combustion - biomass gasification - pyrolysis and liquefaction - biochemical conversion - anaerobic digestion - Types of biogas Plants – Applications - Alcohol production from biomass - Bio diesel production -Urban waste to energy conversion - Biomass energy programme in India.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Students will be able to:**

- CO1 – Understand the various types of wastes from which energy can be generated
 CO2 – Gain knowledge on biomass pyrolysis process and its applications
 CO3 – Develop knowledge on various types of biomass gasifiers and their operations
 CO4 – Gain knowledge on biomass combustors and its applications on generating energy
 CO5 – Understand the principles of bio-energy systems and their features

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓		✓									✓
CO2	✓		✓									✓
CO3	✓	✓	✓		✓							✓
CO4	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓					✓
CO5	✓	✓	✓		✓							✓

REFERENCES:

1. Biogas Technology - A Practical Hand Book - Khandelwal, K. C. and Mahdi, S. S., Vol. I & II, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., 1983.
2. Biomass Conversion and Technology, C. Y. WereKo-Brobby and E. B. Hagan, John Wiley & Sons, 1996.
3. Food, Feed and Fuel from Biomass, Challal, D. S., IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1991.
4. Non Conventional Energy, Desai, Ashok V., Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1990.

AUDIT COURSES (AC)**AX5091****ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING****L T P C
2 0 0 0****OBJECTIVES**

- Teach how to improve writing skills and level of readability
- Tell about what to write in each section
- Summarize the skills needed when writing a Title
- Infer the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
- Ensure the quality of paper at very first-time submission

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH PAPER WRITING**6**

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness

UNIT II PRESENTATION SKILLS**6**

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts, Introduction

UNIT III TITLE WRITING SKILLS**6**

Key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check

UNIT IV RESULT WRITING SKILLS**6**

Skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions

UNIT V VERIFICATION SKILLS**6**

Useful phrases, checking Plagiarism, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS**OUTCOMES**

CO1 –Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability

CO2 – Learn about what to write in each section

CO3 – Understand the skills needed when writing a Title

CO4 – Understand the skills needed when writing the Conclusion

CO5 – Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1										✓		✓
CO2										✓		✓
CO3										✓		✓
CO4										✓		✓
CO5										✓		✓

REFERENCES

1. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011
2. Day R How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press 2006
3. Goldbort R Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) 2006
4. Highman N, Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book 1998.

AX5092**DISASTER MANAGEMENT****L T P C
2 0 0 0****OBJECTIVES**

- Summarize basics of disaster
- Explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- Illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- Describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- Develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**6**

Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference between Hazard And Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.

UNIT II REPERCUSSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZARDS 6

Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.

UNIT III DISASTER PRONE AREAS IN INDIA 6

Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods and Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases and Epidemics

UNIT IV DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT 6

Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering a Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.

UNIT V RISK ASSESSMENT 6

Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

CO1: Ability to summarize basics of disaster

CO2: Ability to explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.

CO3: Ability to illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.

CO4: Ability to describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.

CO5: Ability to develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓											
CO2	✓											
CO3	✓	✓	✓									
CO4	✓	✓	✓									
CO5	✓	✓	✓									

REFERENCES

1. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies", Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
2. Nishitha Rai, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "New Royal book Company, 2007.
3. Sahni, Pardeep Et. Al. , " Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi, 2001.

OBJECTIVES

- Illustrate the basic sanskrit language.
- Recognize sanskrit, the scientific language in the world.
- Appraise learning of sanskrit to improve brain functioning.
- Relate sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power.
- Extract huge knowledge from ancient literature.

UNIT I ALPHABETS

6

Alphabets in Sanskrit

UNIT II TENSES AND SENTENCES

6

Past/Present/Future Tense - Simple Sentences

UNIT III ORDER AND ROOTS

6

Order - Introduction of roots

UNIT IV SANSKRIT LITERATURE

6

Technical information about Sanskrit Literature

UNIT V TECHNICAL CONCEPTS OF ENGINEERING

6

Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture, Mathematics

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS**OUTCOMES**

- CO1 - Understanding basic Sanskrit language.
- CO2 - Write sentences.
- CO3 - Know the order and roots of Sanskrit.
- CO4 - Know about technical information about Sanskrit literature.
- CO5 - Understand the technical concepts of Engineering.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1										✓		✓
CO2										✓		✓
CO3												✓
CO4												✓
CO5												✓

REFERENCES

1. "Abhyaspustakam" – Dr. Vishwas, Samskrita-Bharti Publication, New Delhi
2. "Teach Yourself Sanskrit" Prathama Deeksha-Vempati Kutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication
3. "India's Glorious Scientific Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2017.

OBJECTIVES

Students will be able to

- Understand value of education and self-development
- Imbibe good values in students
- Let the should know about the importance of character

UNIT I

Values and self-development–Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non-moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements

UNIT II

Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism. Love for nature, Discipline

UNIT III

Personality and Behavior Development-Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline. Punctuality, Love and Kindness. Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour.

Universal brother hood and religious tolerance. True friendship. Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature

UNIT IV

Character and Competence–Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation. Equality, Nonviolence, Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message. Mind your Mind, Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to

- Knowledge of self-development.
- Learn the importance of Human values.
- Developing the overall personality.

Suggested reading

1. Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi

AX5095

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

L T P C
2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

Students will be able to:

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional
- Role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence nation hood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

UNIT I HISTORY OF MAKING OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

UNIT II PHILOSOPHY OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Preamble, Salient Features

UNIT III CONTOURS OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES

Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

UNIT IV ORGANS OF GOVERNANCE

Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions.

UNIT V LOCAL ADMINISTRATION

District's Administration head: Role and Importance, □Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO, Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy(Different departments), Village level:Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

UNIT VI ELECTION COMMISSION

Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners - Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to:

- Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization
- of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party[CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

SUGGESTED READING

1. The Constitution of India,1950(Bare Act),Government Publication.
2. Dr.S.N.Busi, Dr.B. R.Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution,1st Edition, 2015.
3. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis,2014.
4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

AX5096

PEDAGOGY STUDIES

L T P C
2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

Students will be able to:

- Review existing evidence on there view topic to inform programme design and policy
- Making under taken by the DfID, other agencies and researchers.
- Identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY:

Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and terminology - Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education - Conceptual framework, Research questions - Overview of methodology and Searching.

UNIT II THEMATIC OVERVIEW

Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries - Curriculum, Teacher education.

UNIT III EVIDENCE ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF PEDAGOGICAL PRACTICES

Methodology for the in depth stage: quality assessment of included studies - How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? - Theory of change - Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices - Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches - Teachers' attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies.

UNIT IV PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow up support - Peer support - Support from the head teacher and the community - Curriculum and assessment - Barriers to learning: limited resources and large class sizes

UNIT V RESEARCH GAPS AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS

Research design – Contexts – Pedagogy - Teacher education - Curriculum and assessment - Dissemination and research impact.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to understand:

- What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers informal and informal classrooms in developing countries?
- What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners?
- How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy?

SUGGESTED READING

1. Ackers J, Hardman F (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, Compare, 31(2): 245-261.
2. Agrawal M (2004) Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of Curriculum Studies, 36(3):361-379.
3. Akyeampong K (2003) Teacher training in Ghana-does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID.
4. Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? International Journal Educational Development, 33(3): 272–282.
5. Alexander RJ (2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
6. Chavan M (2003) Read India: A mass scale, rapid, 'learning to read' campaign.
7. www.pratham.org/images/resource%20working%20paper%202.pdf

AX5097

STRESS MANAGEMENT BY YOGA

L T P C
2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

- To achieve overall health of body and mind
- To overcome stress

UNIT I

Definitions of Eight parts of yoga. (Ashtanga)

UNIT II

Yam and Niyam - Do's and Don't's in life - i) Ahimsa, satya, asthaya, bramhacharya and aparigraha, ii) Ahimsa, satya, asthaya, bramhacharya and aparigraha.

UNIT III

Asan and Pranayam - Various yog poses and their benefits for mind & body - Regularization of breathing techniques and its effects-Types of pranayam

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to:

- Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health also
- Improve efficiency

SUGGESTED READING

1. 'Yogic Asanas for Group Training-Part-I':Janardan Swami Yoga bhyasi Mandal, Nagpur
2. "Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Nature" by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

AX5098

PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS

L T P C
2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

- To learn to achieve the highest goal happily
- To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination
- To awaken wisdom in students

UNIT I

Neetisatakam-holistic development of personality - Verses- 19,20,21,22 (wisdom) - Verses- 29,31,32 (pride & heroism) – Verses- 26,28,63,65 (virtue) - Verses- 52,53,59 (don't's) - Verses- 71,73,75,78 (do's)

UNIT II

Approach to day to day work and duties - Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter 2-Verses 41, 47,48 - Chapter 3-Verses 13, 21, 27, 35 Chapter 6-Verses 5,13,17,23, 35 - Chapter 18-Verses 45, 46, 48.

UNIT III

Statements of basic knowledge - Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter2-Verses 56, 62, 68 Chapter 12 -Verses 13, 14, 15, 16,17, 18 - Personality of role model - shrimad bhagwad geeta - Chapter2-Verses 17, Chapter 3-Verses 36,37,42 - Chapter 4-Verses 18, 38,39 Chapter18 – Verses 37,38,63

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to

- Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and achieve the highest goal in life
- The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity
- Study of Neet is hatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students.

SUGGESTED READING

1. Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam P, Bhartrihari's Three Satakam, Niti-sringar-vairagya, New Delhi,2010
2. Swami Swarupananda , Srimad Bhagavad Gita, Advaita Ashram, Publication Department, Kolkata, 2016.