

Basics of Kotlin Flow

Basics of Kotlin Flow

- ➔ What is a Flow?
- ➔ Reactive Programming
- ➔ Flow Builders
- ➔ Flow Operators
 - ➔ Lifecycle Operators
 - ➔ Terminal Operators
 - ➔ Intermediate Operators

What is a Flow?

What is a Flow?

“a stream of values
that are computed asynchronously”

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“a stream of values
that are computed asynchronously”

asynchronous data stream

Converting a function that returns a single value to an asynchronous data stream

return type	# of return values	when	characteristic
BigInteger	single value	once	blocking
List<BigInteger>	multiple values	once	blocking
Sequence<BigInteger>	multiple values	continuously	blocking and synchronous
Flow<BigInteger>	multiple values	continuously	suspending and asynchronous

Suspend function

VS

Flow

Reactive Programming

A close-up photograph of a person's hands holding a pair of blue binoculars. The binoculars are held horizontally, with the objective lenses facing forward. The background is a soft-focus view of green trees and foliage, suggesting an outdoor setting. The lighting is natural, and the colors are vibrant.

Observer Pattern

LiveData

Activity



observe LiveData property
& react to changes

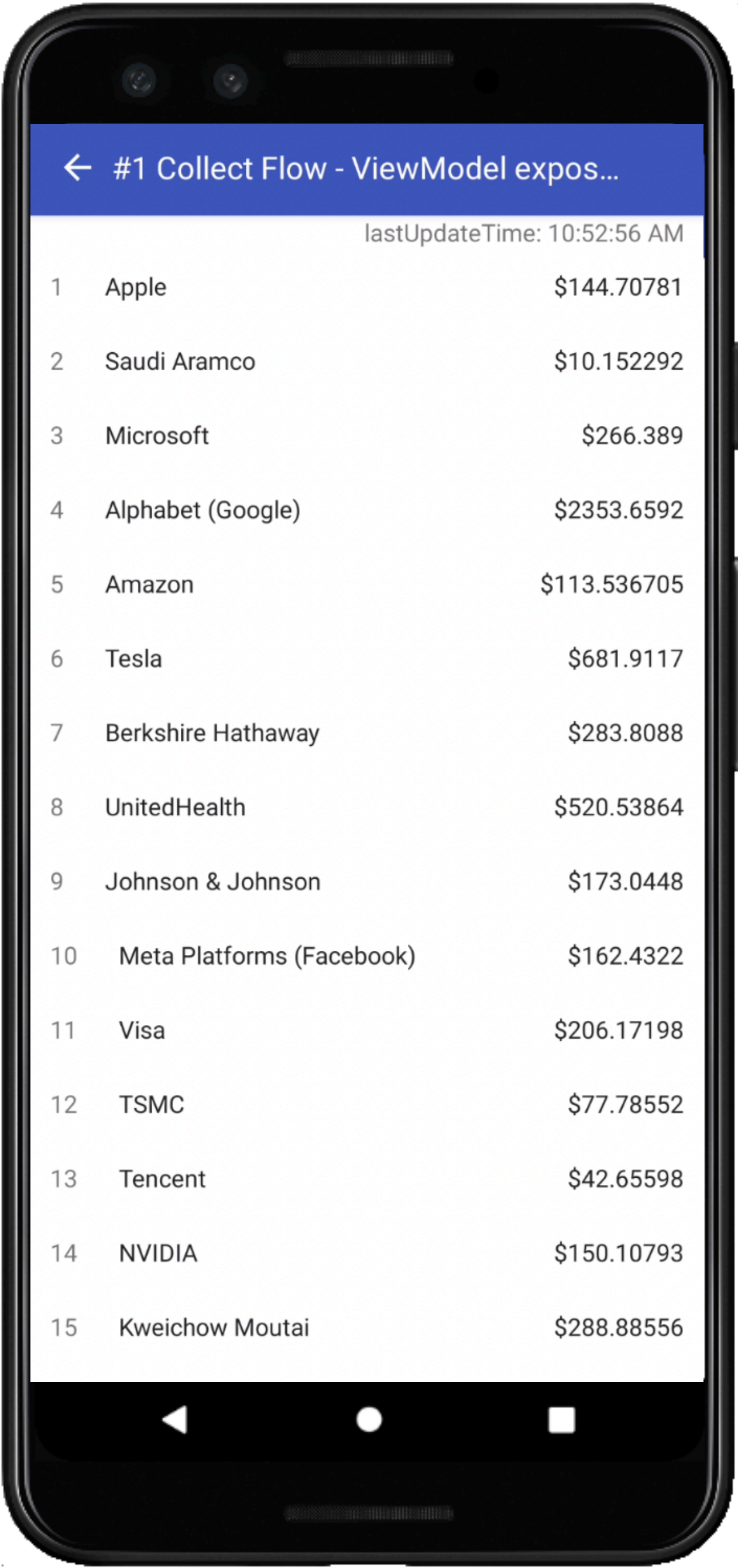
ViewModel



Reactive Approach		Imperative Approach	
Expose a Flow		Expose a Suspend Function	
other components can subscribe & receive changes		other components need to periodically check for data changes	



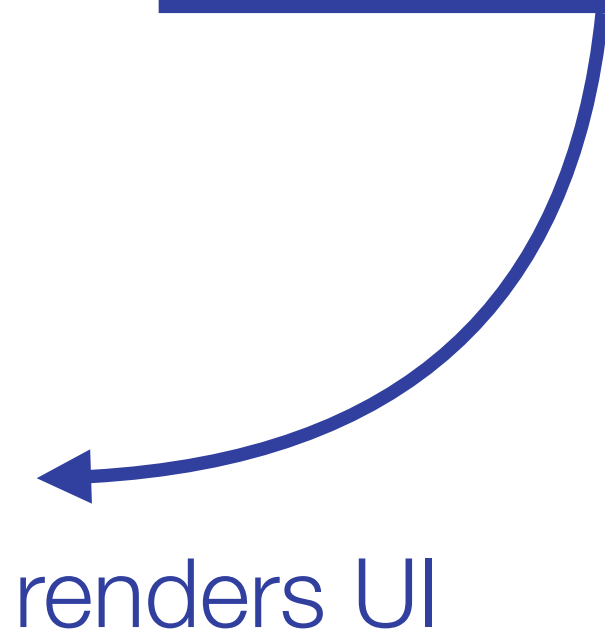
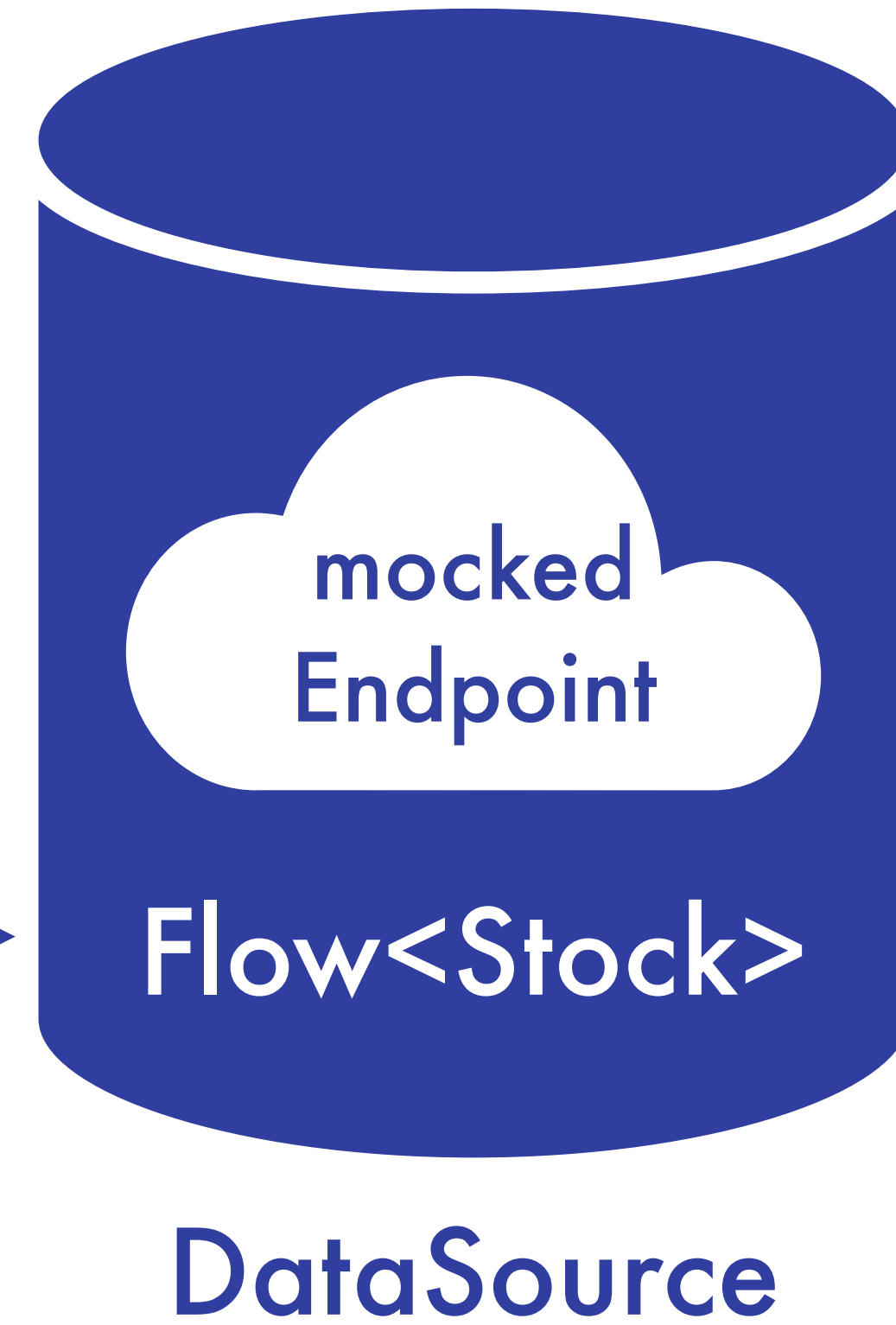
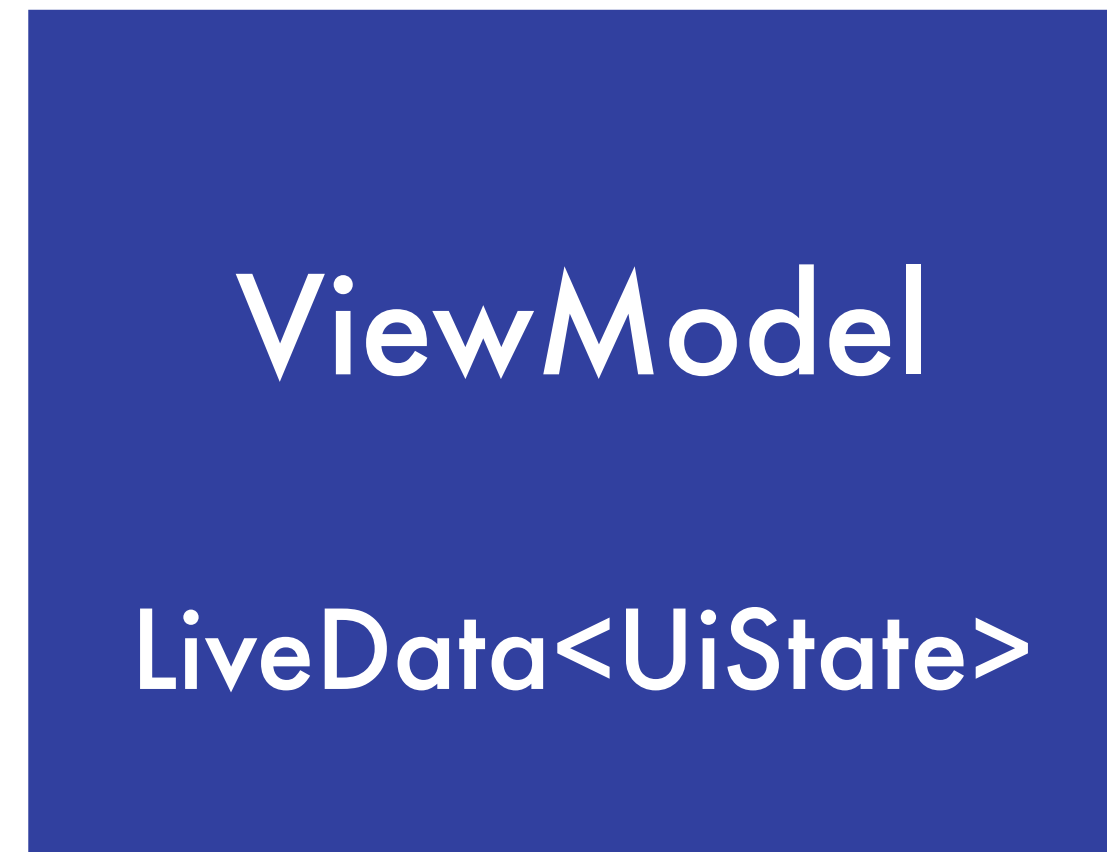
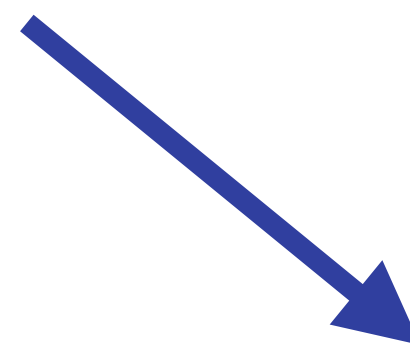
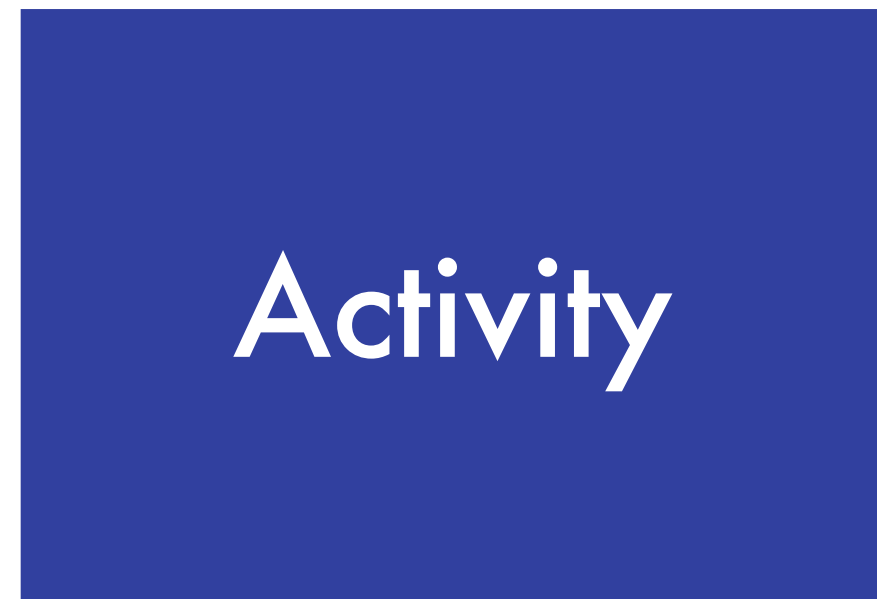
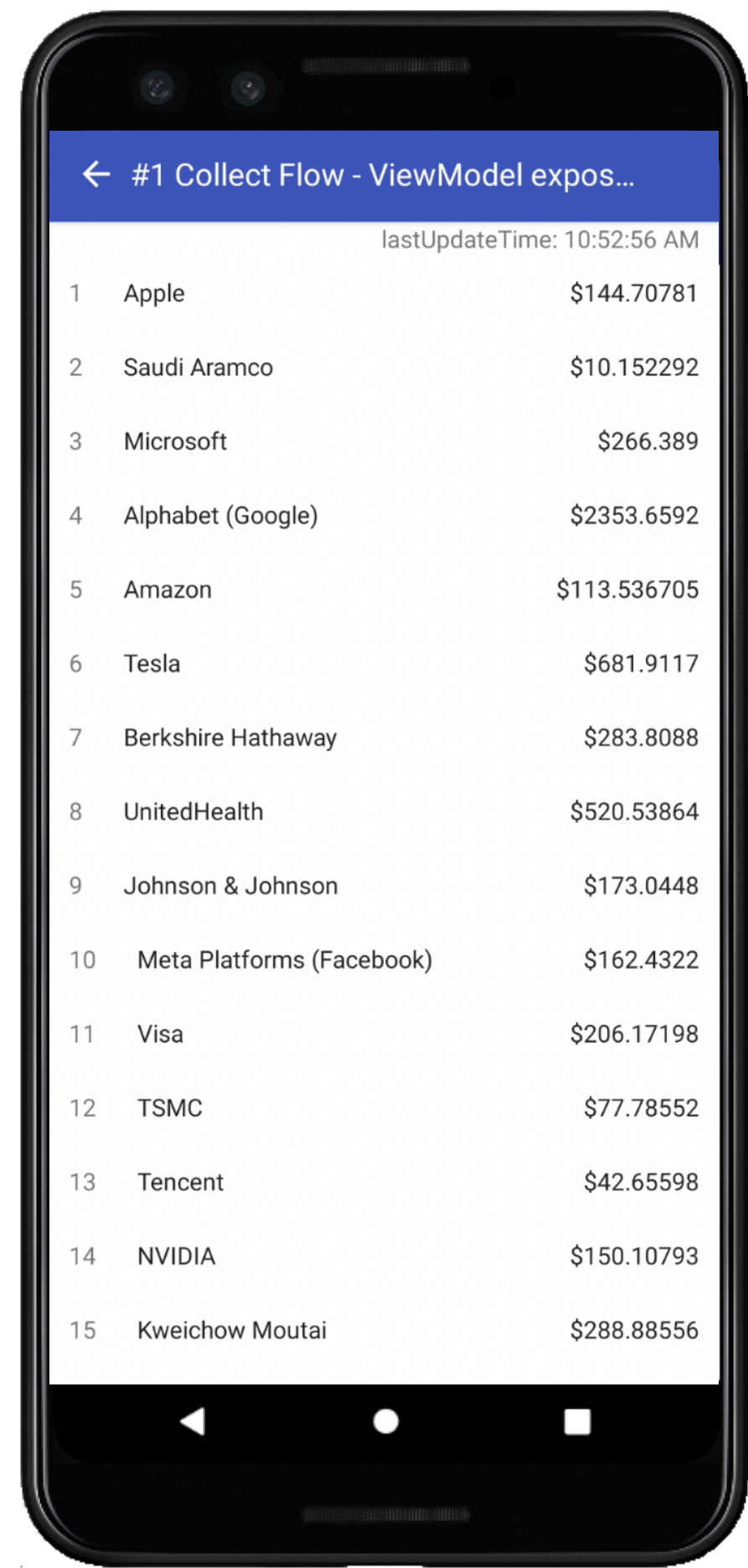
First Kotlin Flow Usecase



← #1 Collect Flow - ViewModel expos...

lastUpdateTime: 10:52:56 AM

1	Apple	\$144.70781
2	Saudi Aramco	\$10.152292
3	Microsoft	\$266.389
4	Alphabet (Google)	\$2353.6592
5	Amazon	\$113.536705
6	Tesla	\$681.9117
7	Berkshire Hathaway	\$283.8088
8	UnitedHealth	\$520.53864
9	Johnson & Johnson	\$173.0448
10	Meta Platforms (Facebook)	\$162.4322
11	Visa	\$206.17198
12	TSMC	\$77.78552
13	Tencent	\$42.65598
14	NVIDIA	\$150.10793
15	Kweichow Moutai	\$288.88556



Flow Builders

Basic Flow Builders

Flow Builder	Description	Example
<code>flowOf()</code>	create a Flow from a fixed set of values	<pre>flowOf(1,2,3)</pre>
<code>.asFlow()</code>	extension function on various types to convert them into Flows	<pre>listOf("A", "B", "C") .asFlow()</pre>
<code>flow{}</code>	builder function to construct arbitrary flows from sequential calls to the emit function	<pre>flow { emit("one") delay(100) emit("two") }</pre>

Terminal

Operators

Terminal Operators

➔ **collect { }**

➔ **first()**

➔ **last()**

➔ **single()**

➔ **toList(), toSet()**

➔ **fold(), reduce()**

Terminal operator

```
launchIn()
```

Lifecycle

operators

Terminal operator

- *asLiveData()*

Basic Intermediate Operators

Basics of Kotlin Flow

Recap 

What is a Flow?

“a stream of values
that are computed asynchronously”

```
val currentStockPriceAsLiveData: LiveData<UiState> = stockPriceDataSource
    .latestStockList
    .map { stockList: List<Stock> ->
        UiState.Success(stockList) as UiState
    }
    .onStart { this: FlowCollector<UiState>
        emit(UiState.Loading)
    }
    .asLiveData()
```

```
override val latestStockList: Flow<List<Stock>> = flow { this: FlowCollector<List<Stock>>
    while (true) {
        Timber.tag(tag: "Flow").d(message: "Fetching current stock prices")
        val currentStockList: List<Stock> = mockApi.getCurrentStockPrices()
        emit(currentStockList)
        delay(timeMillis: 5_000)
    }
}
```

Flow Builder



```
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```

Lifecycle Operator

Lifecycle Operators

➔ **onStart{}
onStop{}
onRestart{}
onStart() {
onStop() {
onRestart() {**

➔ **onCompleted{}
onCompleted() {**


```
val currentStockPriceAsLiveData: LiveData<UiState> = stockPriceDataSource
    .latestStockList
    .map { stockList: List<Stock> ->
        UiState.Success(stockList) as UiState
    }
    .onStart { this: FlowCollector<UiState>
        emit(UiState.Loading)
    }
```

`.asLiveData()` Terminal Operator

Terminal Operators

➔ **collect{}**

➔ **first(), last(), single()**

➔ **toList(), toSet()**

➔ **launchIn()**

➔ **asLiveData()**


```
val currentStockPriceAsLiveData: LiveData<UiState> = stockPriceDataSource
    .latestStockList
    .map { stockList: List<Stock> ->
        UiState.Success(stockList) as UiState
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```

Intermediate
Operator

Basic Intermediate Operators

➔ **map{}**

➔ **filter{}**

➔ **take(), drop()**

➔ **transform{}**

➔ **withIndex()**

➔ **distinctUntilChanged()**