Title: Propionic Acidemia *GeneReview* Table 3b Authors: Shchelochkov O, Carillo N, Venditti C

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Table 3b. Prevalence of Clinical Findings in Propionic Acidemia

| System          | Symptoms   | Prevalence <sup>1</sup> | Source <sup>2</sup>  |
|-----------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| General         | Symptomatic at the time of newborn screen report | 57%-63%                 | Dionisi-Vici et al [2006], Grünert et al [2012]  |
|                 | Failure to thrive                                | 0%-63%                  | Touati et al 2006], Rafique [2014]   |
|                 | Asymptomatic clinical course                     | 7%-19%                  | Grünert et al [2012], Kölker et al [2015a]   |
| Neurobehavioral | Intellectual disability, IQ<70 <sup>3</sup>      | 35%-76%                 | de Baulny et al [2005], Touati et al [2006], Grünert et al [2012]  |
|                 | Intellectual disability, IQ 70-85                | 11%                     | Touati et al [2006]  |
|                 | Speech delay                                     | 55%-60%                 | Grünert et al [2012], Pena & Burton [2012]   |
|                 | Hypotonia  | 38%-51%                 | Grünert et al [2012], Karimzadeh et al [2014], Kölker et al [2015b]  |
|                 | Hypertonia                                       | 2%-30%                  | Karimzadeh et al [2014], Kölker et al [2015b]  |
|                 | Hearing loss <sup>4</sup>                        | 1%-13%                  | Grünert et al [2012], Kölker et al [2015b]   |
|                 | Brain atrophy                                    | 40%-53%                 | Haberlandt et al [2009], Karimzadeh et al 2014]  |
|                 | Basal ganglia abnormality                        | 7%-56%                  | de Baulny et al [2005], Haberlandt et al [2009], Grünert et al [2012], Pena & Burton [2012], Nizon et al [2013], Karimzadeh et al [2014] |
|                 | White matter changes                             | 38%-40%                 | Nizon et al [2013], Karimzadeh et al [2014]  |
|                 | Cerebellar abnormalities                         | 11%                     | Nizon et al [2013]   |
|                 | Metabolic stroke                                 | 6%-18%                  | Grünert et al [2012], Pena & Burton [2012]   |
|                 | Seizures   | 13%-53%                 | Haberlandt et al [2009], Pena & Burton [2012], Karimzadeh et al [2014], Kölker et al [2015b]   |
|                 | Movement disorder                                | 13%-30%                 | Pena & Burton [2012], Karimzadeh et al [2014], Kölker et al [2015b]  |
|                 | Balance disorder                                 | 39%                     | Kölker et al [2015b]   |
|                 | Cerebral palsy                                   | 13%                     | Rafique [2014]   |
|                 | Acute psychosis                                  | 8%                      | Nizon et al [2013]   |
|                 | Autism   | 3%-9%                   | de Baulny et al [2005]   |
|                 | Attention deficit disorder                       | 15%-21%                 | Pena & Burton [2012], Nizon et al [2013]   |
| Ophthalmologic  | Optic nerve atrophy                              | 11%-25%                 | Pena & Burton [2012], Martinez Alvarez et al [2016]  |

| System           | Symptoms                                | Prevalence <sup>1</sup> | Source <sup>2</sup>   |
|------------------|---|-------------------------|---|
| Cardiovascular   | Cardiomyopathy, dilated or hypertrophic | 7%-24%                  | de Baulny et al [2005], Dionisi-Vici et al [2006], Touati et al [2006], Romano et al [2010], Grünert et al [2012], Pena & Burton [2012], Kölker et al [2015b] |
|                  | Prolonged QT interval (>440 ms)         | 33%-70%                 | Baumgartner et al [2007], Kölker et al [2015b]  |
|                  | Ventricular dysrhythmia                 | 20%-30%                 | Baumgartner et al [2007]  |
|                  | Recurrent emesis                        | 6%                      | Kölker et al [2015b]  |
|                  | Poor feeding/lack of appetite           | 76%                     | Touati et al [2006]   |
|                  | Recurring diarrhea                      | 6%                      | Kölker et al [2015b]  |
| Gastrointestinal | Pancreatitis                            | 3%-18%                  | Dionisi-Vici et al [2006], Grünert et al [2012], Pena & Burton [2012]   |
|                  | Elevated ALT and AST                    | 16%-40%                 | Karimzadeh et al [2014], Kölker et al [2015b]   |
|                  | Elevated GGT                            | 10%                     | Kölker et al [2015b]  |
|                  | Elevated serum creatinine               | 6%-15%                  | Grünert et al [2012], Kölker et al [2015b]  |
| Renal            | Chronic renal failure                   | Sporadic                | Kölker et al [2015b]  |
|                  | Renal stones                            | 10%                     | Karimzadeh et al [2014]   |
| Chalatal         | Osteoporosis                            | 0%-6%                   | Grünert et al [2012]  |
| Skeletal         | Decreased bone density                  | 13%                     | Pena & Burton [2012]  |
|                  | Pancytopenia                            | 6%-15%                  | Grünert et al [2012]  |
| Hematologic      | Anemia                                  | 22%-89%                 | Grünert et al [2012], Pena & Burton [2012], Karimzadeh et al [2014], Kölker et al [2015b]   |
|                  | Leukopenia                              | 18%-31%                 | Pena & Burton [2012], Kölker et al [2015b]  |
|                  | Thrombocytopenia                        | 17%-46%                 | Grünert et al [2012], Pena & Burton [2012], Kölker et al [2015b]  |
| Immune           | Immunodeficiency 5                      | 15%                     | Pena & Burton [2012]  |

To facilitate the comparison of data across various studies, the review of literature describing the spectrum and frequency of PA complications has been limited to the decade spanning years 2005-2015.

- 1. Differences in the reported prevalence of findings may reflect variable sizes of the cohorts, age of the last evaluation, length of followup, differences in the therapeutic approaches, availability, turnaround time and sensitivity of the newborn screening, screening method (newborn screen vs selective metabolic screen), overlap of patients in the reported cohorts, ascertainment and recall biases.
- 2. Pena & Burton [2012] presented self-reported data collected through a survey.
- 3. The IQ threshold for this clinical category varied among the reports: IQ<75 by de Baulny [2005], IQ<70 by Touati et al [2006] and IQ<69 by Grünert et al [2012].
- 4. Sensorineural hearing loss in the Grünert et al report [2012] was reported in 6/7 of the patients "impaired hearing ability."
- 5. A type of immunodeficiency was not specified.

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