# Exercici 1

SELECT COUNT(flightID) as total FROM `Flights`

# Exercici2

SELECT Origin, AVG(ArrDelay) as prom\_arribades, AVG(DepDelay) as prom\_sortides FROM `Flights`
GROUP BY Origin

# Exercici 3

SELECT Origin, colYear, colMonth, AVG(ArrDelay) as prom\_arribades FROM `Flights` GROUP BY Origin, colYear, colMonth

## Exercici 4

SELECT city, colYear, colMonth, AVG(ArrDelay) as prom\_arribades FROM `Flights` INNER JOIN USAirports ON Flights.Origin = USAirports.iata GROUP BY city, colYear, colMonth

### Exercici 5

SELECT UniqueCarrier, colYear, colMonth, SUM(Cancelled) AS total\_cancelled FROM Flights
GROUP BY UniqueCarrier, colYear, colMonth
HAVING total\_cancelled != 0
ORDER BY Total\_cancelled DESC

#### Exercici 6

SELECT TailNum, SUM(Distance) as totalDistance FROM Flights WHERE TailNum != " " GROUP BY TailNum ORDER BY totalDistance DESC LIMIT 10;

### Exercici 7

SELECT UniqueCarrier, AVG(DepDelay) as avgDelay FROM `Flights` GROUP BY UniqueCarrier HAVING avgDelay > 10 ORDER BY avgDelay DESC

NO PODEM POSAR EN UN WHERE UNA COLUMNA CALCULADA SOTA UN ALIAS (Ex: avgDelay és l'alias per al càlcul AVG(DepDelay)) perquè dóna error. De fet l'alias el podem fer servir només a ORDER BY, necessitarem un HAVING per posar una condició amb aquesta columna calculada!