

index.js - CompositedCharmingFrac x +

replit.com/@crangel155/CompositedCharmingFrac...

CompositedCharmingFraction
crangel155

index.js x +

```
1 function greet() {  
2   console.log("Greetings user");  
3 }  
4 greet();
```

Console x Shell x +

Greetings user
Hint: hit control+c anytime to enter REPL.

Line 4 : Col 9 History

programming_project_4.html - Intro to programming - Visual Studio Code

programming_project_4.html U x

programming_projects > programming_project_4.html > html > head > script > greet

```
1 <!doctype html>  
2 <html>  
3 <head>  
4 <meta charset="utf-8">  
5 <title>CMPS 162: Module 4 Programming Project</title>  
6 <style>* { font-family: monospace; }</style>  
7 <script>  
8  
9 //-----//  
10 // Functions //  
11 //-----//  
12 console.log("Functions");  
13  
14 // 1. Write a function named 'greet' that greets the user. The greeting should  
15 //    be displayed in an alert or logged to the console. Make sure that you call it as  
16 function greet() {  
17   console.log("Greetings user");  
18 }  
19 greet();  
20  
21 //  
22  
23 let num1 = 5;  
24 let num2 = 7;  
25  
26 // 2. a. Write a function named 'sumAndPrint' that takes two numbers as parameters  
27 //    adds them together, and logs the result to the console.  
28 //    b. Call the function passing in num1 and num2.  
29 function sumAndPrint(num1, num2) {  
30   let result = num1 + num2;  
31   console.log(result);  
32 }  
33 sumAndPrint(num1, num2);  
34 sumAndPrint(1, 2);  
35 sumAndPrint(8, 12);  
36 sumAndPrint(52, 78);  
37 // 3. a. Write a function named 'sum' that takes two numbers as parameters
```

Ln 16, Col 1 (65 selected) Spaces: 2 UTF-8 CRLF HTML

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index.js x +

```
1 let num1 = 5;
2 let num2 = 7;
3
4 function sumAndPrint(num1, num2) {
5   let result = num1 + num2;
6   console.log(result);
7 }
8 sumAndPrint(num1, num2);
9 sumAndPrint(1, 2);
10 sumAndPrint(8, 12);
11 sumAndPrint(52, 78);
```

Console x Shell x +

```
12
3
20
130
Hint: hit control+c anytime to enter REPL.
> []
```

Line 11 : Col 21 History

programming_project_4.html U x

programming_projects > programming_project_4.html > html > head > script >

```
14 // 1. Write a function named 'greet' that greets the user
15 // in an alert or logged to the console. Make sure th
16 function greet() {
17   console.log("Greetings user");
18 }
19 greet();
20
21 //
22
23 let num1 = 5;
24 let num2 = 7;
25
26 // 2. a. Write a function named 'sumAndPrint' that takes
27 // adds them together, and logs the result to the con
28 // b. Call the function passing in num1 and num2.
29 function sumAndPrint(num1, num2) {
30   let result = num1 + num2;
31   console.log(result);
32 }
33 sumAndPrint(num1, num2);
34 sumAndPrint(1, 2);
35 sumAndPrint(8, 12);
36 sumAndPrint(52, 78);
37 // 3. a. Write a function named 'sum' that takes two num
38 // adds them together, and returns the result.
39 // b. Set the default value of both numbers to 0.
40 // c. Call the function and log the result to the con
41 function sum(num1, num2) {
42   return num1 + num2;
43 }
44 num1 = 0;
45 num2 = 0;
46 console.log(sum(num1, num2));
47 console.log(sum(5, 10));
48 console.log(sum(789, 233));
49
50
51
```

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index.js x +

index.js > ...

```
1 let num1 = 5;
2 let num2 = 7;
3
4 function sum(num1, num2) {
5   return num1 + num2;
6 }
7 num1 = 0;
8 num2 = 0;
9 console.log(sum(num1, num2));
10 console.log(sum(5, 10));
11 console.log(sum(789, 233));
```

Console x Shell x +

```
0
15
1022
Hint: hit control+c anytime to enter REPL.
> []
```

Line 11: Col 28 History

programming_project_4.html - Intro to programming - Vi...

programming_project_4.html U x

programming_projects > programming_project_4.html > html > head > script >

```
25
26 // 2. a. Write a function named 'sumAndPrint' that takes
27 // adds them together, and logs the result to the con
28 // b. Call the function passing in num1 and num2.
29 function sumAndPrint(num1, num2) {
30   let result = num1 + num2;
31   console.log(result);
32 }
33 sumAndPrint(num1, num2);
34 sumAndPrint(1, 2);
35 sumAndPrint(8, 12);
36 sumAndPrint(52, 78);
37 // 3. a. Write a function named 'sum' that takes two num
38 // adds them together, and returns the result.
39 // b. Set the default value of both numbers to 0.
40 // c. Call the function and log the result to the con
41 function sum(num1, num2) {
42   return num1 + num2;
43 }
44 num1 = 0;
45 num2 = 0;
46 console.log(sum(num1, num2));
47 console.log(sum(5, 10));
48 console.log(sum(789, 233));
49
50
51
52 // 4. a. create a variable that contains an array of at
53 // b. Log your array variable to the console.
54 // c. Write a function named 'findSmallest' that find
55 // an array and returns the result. For example, the
56 // should be the number 3. Note that the function sho
57 // d. Call the function passing in the array you crea
58 // to the console.
59 let numsArray = [72, 84, 55, 2, 5, 34]
60 console.log(numsArray);
61
```


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index.js

```
1 let numsArray = [72, 84, 55, 2, 5, 34]
2 console.log(numsArray);
3
4 function findSmallest(arr) {
5   let array = arr;
6   let smolNum = array[0];
7   for (let i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
8     if (array[i] < smolNum) {
9       smolNum = array[i];
10    } else if (array[i] > smolNum) {
11      smolNum = smolNum;
12    } else {
13      smolNum = array[i];
14    }
15  }
16  return smolNum;
17 }
18 console.log(findSmallest(numsArray));
```

Line 19: Col 38

History

Console

```
[ 72, 84, 55, 2, 5, 34 ]
2
Hint: hit control+c anytime to enter REPL.
>
```

programming_project_4.html - Intro to programming - Vi...

programming_project_4.html

```
45 num2 = 0;
46 console.log(sum(num1, num2));
47 console.log(sum(5, 10));
48 console.log(sum(789, 233));
49
50
51
52 // 4. a. create a variable that contains an array of at
53 // b. Log your array variable to the console.
54 // c. Write a function named 'findSmallest' that find
55 // an array and returns the result. For example, the
56 // should be the number 3. Note that the function sho
57 // d. Call the function passing in the array you crea
58 // to the console.
59 let numsArray = [72, 84, 55, 2, 5, 34]
60 console.log(numsArray);
61
62 function findSmallest(arr) {
63   let array = arr;
64   let smolNum = array[0];
65   for (let i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
66     if (array[i] < smolNum) {
67       smolNum = array[i];
68     } else if (array[i] > smolNum) {
69       smolNum = smolNum;
70     } else {
71       smolNum = array[i];
72     }
73   }
74   return smolNum;
75 }
76 console.log(findSmallest(numsArray));
77
78
79
80 // 5. a. create a variable that contains an array of at
81 // b. Log your array variable to the console.
82 // c. Write a function named 'everySecondElement' tha
```

Spaces: 2 UTF-8 CRLF HTML

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index.js > ...

```
1 let lettersArray = ["a", "b", "c", "d", "e", "f"];
2 console.log(lettersArray);
3
4 function everySecondElement(arr) {
5   let array = arr;
6   let secondEleArr = [];
7
8   for (let i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
9     let indx = array.indexOf(array[i]);
10    //every second element has a prime index so if
    prime, push to new array
11    if (indx % 2 !== 0) {
12      secondEleArr.push(array[i]);
13    }
14    // console.log(secondEleArr);
15  }
16  return secondEleArr;
17 }
18 console.log(everySecondElement(lettersArray));
```

Line 18 : Col 47

History

_ Console x Shell x +

```
[ 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f' ]
[ 'b', 'd', 'f' ]
Hint: hit control+c anytime to enter REPL.
> []
```

programming_project_4.html - Intro to programming - Vi...

programming_projects > programming_project_4.html > html > head > script

```
79
80 // 5. a. create a variable that contains an array of at
81 // b. Log your array variable to the console.
82 // c. Write a function named 'everySecondElement' tha
83 // input an array and returns every second element in
84 // example, everySecondElement([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]) sh
85 // Hint: one solution uses the % operator.
86 ⚡ d. Call the function passing in the array you crea
87 let lettersArray = ["a", "b", "c", "d", "e", "f"];
88 console.log(lettersArray);
89
90 function everySecondElement(arr) {
91   let array = arr;
92   let secondEleArr = [];
93
94   for (let i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
95     let indx = array.indexOf(array[i]);
96     //every second element has a prime index so if prime
97     if (indx % 2 !== 0) {
98       secondEleArr.push(array[i]);
99     }
100    // console.log(secondEleArr);
101  }
102  return secondEleArr;
103 }
104 console.log(everySecondElement(lettersArray));
105
106 //-----//
107 // Switch //
108 //-----//
109 console.log("Switch");
110
111 // 1. a. Create an empty variable called thisMonth.
112 // b. Using JavaScript's built-in Date object, set th
113 // numerical value.
114 // Note: Find the Date object methods at https://
115 // Note: Step a and step b can actually be combin...
```

master* 0 0 0 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 CRLF HTML

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index.js x +

index.js > ...

```
1 let thisMonth;
2 let date = new Date();
3 thisMonth = date.getMonth();
4 // console.log(thisMonth);
5 switch(thisMonth) {
6   case 0 :
7     console.log("January");
8     break;
9   case 1:
10    console.log("February");
11    break;
12   case 2:
13     console.log("March");
14     break;
15   case 3:
16     console.log("April");
17     break;
18   case 4:
19     console.log("May");
20     break;
21   case 5:
22     console.log("June");
23     break;
24   case 6:
25     console.log("July");
26     break;
27   case 7:
```

Line 42 : Col 2 History

Console x Shell x +

February
Hint: hit control+c anytime to enter REPL.
> []

programming_project_4.html U x

programming_projects > programming_project_4.html > html > head > script

```
119 // console.log(thisMonth);
120 let thisMonth;
121 let date = new Date();
122 thisMonth = date.getMonth();
123 // console.log(thisMonth);
124 switch(thisMonth) {
125   case 0 :
126     console.log("January");
127     break;
128   case 1:
129     console.log("February");
130     break;
131   case 2:
132     console.log("March");
133     break;
134   case 3:
135     console.log("April");
136     break;
137   case 4:
138     console.log("May");
139     break;
140   case 5:
141     console.log("June");
142     break;
143   case 6:
144     console.log("July");
145     break;
146   case 7:
147     console.log("August");
148     break;
149   case 8:
150     console.log("September");
151     break;
152   case 9:
153     console.log("October");
154     break;
155   case 10:
156     console.log("November");
157   case 11:
158     console.log("December");
159     break;
160 }
```

master* 0 0 0 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 CRLF HTML

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index.js x +

```
1 function factorial_while(n) {  
2   let total = 1;  
3   let i = 1;  
4   while(i <= n) {  
5     total *= i;  
6     i++;  
7   }  
8 }  
9 return total;  
10 }  
11 console.log(factorial_while(9));
```

Line 11 : Col 33

History

Console x Shell x +

362880
Hint: hit control+c anytime to enter REPL.
> []

programming_project_4.html U x

programming_projects > programming_project_4.html > html > head > script >

```
162  
163 //-----//  
164 // While //  
165 //-----//  
166 function factorial_for(n) {  
167   var total = 1;  
168   for (var i = 1; i <= n; i++) {  
169     total *= i;  
170   }  
171   return total;  
172 }  
173  
174 console.log(factorial_for(9));  
175  
176 console.log("While");  
177  
178 // 1. a. Create a factorial_while function that uses a w  
179 // returns the same results as the factorial_for func  
180 // b. call your factorial_while function passing in t  
181 // and log the result to the console.  
182 function factorial_while(n) {  
183   let total = 1;  
184   let i = 1;  
185   while(i <= n) {  
186     total *= i;  
187     i++;  
188   }  
189   return total;  
190 }  
191 console.log(factorial_while(9));  
192  
193  
194  
195 //-----//  
196 // Do-While //  
197 //-----//  
198 console.log("Do-While");
```

master* 0 0 0 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 CRLF HTML

index.js - ComposedCharmingFra...
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index.js x +

```
1 function factorial_do_while(n) {  
2   let i = 1;  
3   let total = 1;  
4   do {  
5     total *= i;  
6     i++;  
7   } while (i <= n);  
8   return total;  
9 }  
10  
11 console.log(factorial_do_while(9));
```

_ Console x Shell x +

362880
Hint: hit control+c anytime to enter REPL.
> []

Line 11: Col 36 History

programming_project_4.html - Intro to programming - Vi...

programming_projects > programming_project_4.html > html > head > script >

```
191 }  
192 console.log(factorial_while(9));  
193  
194  
195 //-----//  
196 // Do-While //  
197 //-----//  
198 console.log("Do-While");  
199  
200 // 1. a. Create a factorial_do_while function that uses  
201 // returns the same results as the factorial_for func  
202 // b. call your factorial_do_while function passing i  
203 // and log the result to the console.  
204 function factorial_do_while(n) {  
205   let i = 1;  
206   let total = 1;  
207   do {  
208     total *= i;  
209     i++;  
210   } while (i <= n);  
211   return total;  
212 }  
213  
214 console.log(factorial_do_while(9));  
215  
216 </script>  
217 </head>  
218 <body>  
219   See console!  
220 </body>  
221 </html>
```

master* 0 0 0 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 CRLF HTML