Sample Exam Week 02

CSE 232 (Introduction to Programming II)

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Instructions:

- DO NOT START/OPEN THE EXAM UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO.
- You may however write and bubble in your name, student number and exam VERSION/FORM NUMBER (with a #2 pencil) on the front of the printed exam and bubble sheet prior to the exam start. This exam is Version A. Your section doesn't matter and can be ignored.
- Present your MSU ID (or other photo ID) when returning your bubble sheet and printed exam.
- Only choose one option for each question. Please mark the choosen option in both this printed exam and the bubble sheet.
- Assume any needed #includes and using std::...; namespace declarations are performed for the code samples.
- Every question is worth the same amount of points. There are 55 questions, but you only need 50 questions correct for a perfect score.
- No electronics are allowed to be used or worn during the exam. This means smart-watches, phones and headphones need to be placed away in your bag.
- The exam is open note, meaning that any paper material (notes, slides, prior exams, assignments, books, etc.) are all allowed. Please place all such material on your desk prior to the start of the exam, (so you won't need to rummage in your bag during the exam).
- If you have any questions during the exam or finish the exam early, please raise your hand and a proctor will attend you.



http://xkcd.com/499/

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- 1. What is the purpose of the std::string::npos identifier?
 - (a) It is an exception that is thrown when invalid data is given to a string.
 - (b) It is the value that is given to a string method when you want to indicate that negative positions/indices should be used.
 - (c) It indicates that an index isnt found in the string.
 - (d) It is the index one-past-the-end of a C-style string.
 - (e) It represents an empty string cant be used with that function/method.
- 2. How many times will func be invoked?
 vector<int> v = {1, 2, 3};

```
for (
    auto i = v.size() - 1;
    i >= 0;
    --i) {
    func(v);
}
```

- (a) Impossible to say as the code can't compile.
- (b) More than 3
- (c) 3
- (d) 2
- (e) 1
- (f) 0
- 3. What does the following program output?
 vector<int> vec {1, 2, 3};
 vec[vec.size()] = 0;
 cout << vec.size();</pre>
 - (a) Unknown, because the size of the vector is unsigned.
 - (b) 4
 - (c) Unknown, because it has undefined behavior.
 - (d) 3
 - (e) None of the above.

- 4. Why should you use a vector instead of an array to hold a sequence?
 - (a) Because using vector is safer.
 - (b) Because a vector has many helpful member functions.
 - (c) Because a vector can grow to any size at run-time.
 - (d) Because using vector is more readable and clear.
 - (e) All of the above.
- 5. Which of the following will copy a directory at path "a" to path "b"?
 - (a) copy a b
 - (b) cp -r a b
 - (c) cp -r b a
 - (d) cp b a
 - (e) copy b a
 - (f) copy -r a b
 - (g) copy -d a b
 - (h) None of the above are correct.
- 6. What is the type of x?
 string y("hello");
 auto x = y.size();
 - (a) string::size_type
 - (b) unsigned int
 - (c) unsigned long
 - (d) string::npos
- 7. What is the value of std::string::npos?
 - (a) The size of the string (one past the end).
 - (b) 0
 - (c) The largest value possible in a string::size_type.
 - (d) 2^{16}
 - (e) None of the above.

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- 8. If you know an integer variable can never become negative (like the size of a small vector), which type do we recommend using to hold such a value?
 - (a) long
 - (b) unsigned int
 - (c) int
 - (d) long long
 - (e) char
 - (f) None of the above
- 9. What flag is needed by the rm command to delete directories?
 - (a) -d
 - (b) -f
 - (c) -c
 - (d) -r
 - (e) No flag is needed.
- 10. Why do we recommend using the at method instead of [] to index into a vector?
 - (a) Because the at method is faster to type.
 - (b) Because the at method returns a value even if the vector is empty.
 - (c) Because the at method checks for out-of-bounds.
 - (d) Because the at method is faster.
 - (e) Because the at method returns a reference.
 - (f) Because the at method can be used with negative indexes.
 - (g) None of the above.
- 11. Some string methods return std::string::npos, what does this value mean?
 - (a) It means that the method was unable to return an index in the string
 - (b) It means that the method threw an exception due to invalid arguments
 - (c) It means that the string must be empty
 - (d) It means that the string is uninitialized and hence can't be used

- 12. What advantage do you gain with using the at method instead of the access operator ([])?
 - (a) It raises an exception instead of invoking undefined behavior if the index is out of bounds
 - (b) It works on all vectors, even if they are const or references
 - (c) It works on all containers, whereas the access operator only works on vectors
 - (d) It is faster as the at method is able to directly return the value from the vector's underlying data (the array)
 - (e) None of the above
- 13. Which of the following are good reasons to use a vector instead of an array?
 - (a) Vectors can grow at runtime to be any needed size.
 - (b) Vectors provide safer methods for access.
 - (c) Vectors provide useful methods for manipulation.
 - (d) Vectors have similar performance to arrays.
 - (e) All of the above.
 - (f) All of the except for one of the options.
- 14. What does the -r flag on a cp command mean?
 - (a) It means to return the files to their original location.
 - (b) It means to restore the files after deletion.
 - (c) It means to remove the original files after the move.
 - (d) It means to copy all files (including sub-directories) when copying a directory.
 - (e) It means to copy all the files of a directory in read-only mode.
 - (f) None of the above.

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- 15. Why is it common to read from cin inside of a while statements conditional (i.e. while (cin >> x) ...)?
 - (a) So that cin is left in a reset state after the loop terminates.
 - (b) So that when there is no more input, the while loop automatically ends itself.
 - (c) So that the code can easily also ready from other types of istreams.
 - (d) So that **cin** is never put into an error state from bad input.
 - (e) You can't use cin in the way described above, doing so will generate a compiler error.
 - (f) So that the while loop ends when **x** is no longer positive.
- 16. Which of the following types is not allowed?
 - (a) vector<int> const
 - (b) vector<vector<string>>
 - (c) vector<int **>
 - (d) vector<int *>
 - (e) vector<int>
 - (f) All of the above are allowed.
- 17. Which of the following is **NOT** a fundamental type?
 - (a) int
 - (b) short
 - (c) long
 - (d) unsigned
 - (e) char
 - (f) string
 - (g) float
 - (h) double
 - (i) All of the above are fundamental types.
 - (j) Multiple of the above are **NOT** fundamental types.

18. If the input is "12 13 4.5 5 cat" (the double quotes are not part of the input, the 1 is the first character), how many times will the body of the while loop run?

```
int x;
while (cin >> x) {
    ...
}
```

- (a) 0
- (d) 3
- (g) 6

- (b) 1
- (e) 4
- (h) 7

- (c) 2
- (f) 5
- (i) 8
- 19. How many times will this for loop's body iterate?

```
string str = "abcd";
for (
   string::size_type i = str.size();
   i >= 0;
   --i)
    // Loop body
```

- (a) 0
- (d) 3
- (g) > 5

- (b) 1
- (e) 4
- (c) 2
- (f) 5
- 20. When should you use the at method (x.at(1)) instead of subscripting (x[1]) on a string?
 - (a) When you need the fastest performance.
 - (b) When you know your index is in bounds.
 - (c) When you need a check that your call is legal.
 - (d) None of the above.
 - (e) (a) and (b)
 - (f) (b) and (c)

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- 21. What is the value of x if the user types the following characters: space character, c, a, t, space character, d, o, g, newline character. string x; cin >> x;
 - (a) " cat"
 - (b) ""
 - (c) " cat dog"
 - (d) " cat "
 - (e) "cat"
 - (f) Undefined Behaviour.
 - (g) " cat $dog \n$ "
 - (h) None of the above.
- 22. What is the type and value of x?
 string str = "abcd";
 auto x = str.find('b', 2);
 - (a) unsigned int, 1
 - (b) The code will not run.
 - (c) int, string::npos
 - (d) string::size_type, 1
 - (e) The code will not compile.
 - (f) unsigned int, string::npos
 - (g) int, 1
 - (h) string::size_type, string::npos
 - (i) None of the above.
- 23. void functions don't require a return statement. What other functions aren't required to provide a return statement?
 - (a) Functions with default arguments
 - (b) Overloaded functions
 - (c) Templated functions
 - (d) int main()
- 24. If you use the Address-Of operator on a pointer to a string, what type is returned?
 - (a) A pointer to a string
 - (b) A const string
 - (c) A pointer to a pointer to a string
 - (d) A string
 - (e) A pointer to a const string
 - (f) None of the above

- 25. If you declare a string (e.g. string x;), what is its initial value?
 - (a) The empty string
 - (b) It depends on if the string is dynamically allocated
 - (c) Undefined (or compiler dependant)
 - (d) A random value
- 26. Where are files removed by the rm command temporarily stored for 30 days?
 - (a) ~/.trash
 - (b) /mnt/c/RecycleBin
 - (c) /.deleted
 - (d) /trash
 - (e) None of the above
- 27. What will the following code print?

```
std::string word = "TEST";
for (auto & letter : word) {
    letter = letter - 'A' + 'a';
}
std::cout << word << std::endl;</pre>
```

- (a) uftu
- (b) t
- (c) TEST
- (d) test
- (e) Nothing; you cannot perform math on characters.
- 28. If I have an std::string called name, with the contents "John Wilkes Booth". Which of the following techniques will set middle to be "Wilkes"?

```
(a) middle = name.substr(6,6);
```

- (b) middle = name[6]+name[7]+name[8]+ name[9]+name[10]+name[11];
- (c) middle =
 name[5]+name[6]+name[7]+
 name[8]+name[9]+name[10];
- (d) middle = name.find(' ', ' '));
- (e) middle = name.substr(5,6);
- (f) More than one of the above.

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29. What would be the value of pos2 after the following C++ code?

```
std::string str{"One,Two,Three"};
size_t pos1 = str.find(',');
size_t pos2 = str.find(',', pos1);
```

- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) 3
- (d) 7
- (e) 13
- (f) std::npos
- 30. What will the following code output?
 std::string letter_set="while";
 for (char & let : letter_set) {
 let -= 2;
 }
 std::cout << letter_set <<
 std::endl;</pre>
 - (a) while
 - (b) aaaaa
 - (c) ufgjc
 - (d) wwwww
 - (e) None of the above
- 31. A common idiom for reading in values from standard input is used below. When will this loop terminate?

- (a) When punctuation is encountered
- (b) When whitespace is encountered
- (c) When a integer or floating point value is encountered
- (d) Never, the loop will run forever
- (e) When the End-Of-File is encountered

```
32. What is the value of x after this code runs?
string x = "abcd";
x.at(1) = "XYZ";
```

- (a) "aXYZcd"
- (b) "abcd"
- (c) "aXYZbcd"
- (d) "XYZbcd"
- (e) The code won't compile.
- (f) "XYZabcd"
- 33. What is the output from the following code?

```
std::string str1 = "statistic";
std::string str2 = "provision";
for (int i = 0; i < str1.size();
++i) {
    if (str1[i] == 't') continue;
    std::cout << str2[i];
}</pre>
```

- (a) prvsin
- (b) poison
- (c) provis
- (d) vision
- 34. Files deleted with the rm command can be restored from accidental deletion how?
 - (a) By using the undo command.
 - (b) By running rm --undo.
 - (c) From the backup made in the .trash directory.
 - (d) There is no way to recover the lost files.
- 35. The cp command copies files. What command is used to copy directories?
 - (a) cpdir
 - (b) mv
 - (c) cp -r
 - (d) cp_dir

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36. What is the value of x in the following program?

auto x = b' - a';

- (a) 'b'
- (b) 1
- (c) 'a'
- (d) It is the ASCII value for the character
- (e) -1
- 37. What is the primary reason we recommend using the .at method instead of [] for indexing into containers like std::string?
 - (a) Because the .at method can accept signed ints, but [] only takes unsigned ints.
 - (b) To make out of range indexing an error instead of undefined behavior.
 - (c) The .at method can be used on empty strings.
 - (d) We don't recommend the .at method more as the two are equivalent.
- 38. If you declare a string, what is its initial value?
 - (a) Undefined
 - (b) None of the above.
 - (c) Empty
 - (d) false
 - (e) 0
- 39. What flag is required to for the mv command to move folders?
 - (a) None of the above
 - (b) -f
 - (c) -d
 - (d) -r

- - (a) std::string const &
 - (b) char const &
 - (c) char &
 - (d) std::string
 - (e) Impossible to determine with the information provided
 - (f) char
 - (g) std::string &
- 41. What is the output of the following code? std::cout << static_cast<int>('b');
 - (a) 0
 - (b) 1
 - (c) 2
 - (d) 3
 - (e) 4
 - (f) None of the above
- 42. Which of the following is a char literal?
 - (a) *chr
 - (b) "Z"
 - (c) a
 - (d) '#'
 - (e) char
 - (f) char_literal
- 43. If a function's sole purpose is its side-effects, what should its return type be?
 - (a) int
 - (b) Omitted
 - (c) It depends on if the function performs IO operations.
 - (d) Impossible to determine as all functions must return a value.
 - (e) It doesn't matter as the return statement won't have a value.
 - (f) void

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44. What happens if you index beyond the end of a string. Example:

std::string s{"abc"};
std::cout << s[3];</pre>

- (a) A random character will be returned
- (b) Undefined Behavior
- (c) A Run-Time Error
- (d) A Syntax Error
- (e) A character from another string will be returned
- (f) The last character will be returned
- 45. When will a stream (like cin) evaluate as false in a conditional expression?
 - (a) Never, a stream is always considered true
 - (b) When the stream has extracted a false value
 - (c) When the stream is in an error state like at End-Of-File.
 - (d) When the stream is waiting to access a file
 - (e) Always, a stream is always considered false
 - (f) When the stream has more characters to process
- 46. The -r flag for the rm program is short for what?
 - (a) rotating
 - (b) ranked
 - (c) repeat
 - (d) recursive
 - (e) relevant
 - (f) reverse
 - (g) recent
 - (h) return

47. What is printed by the following code?

char c = 'e';
c++;
std::cout << c;</pre>

- (a) 1
- (b) e1
- (c) e
- (d) c
- (e) d
- (f) **f**
- (g) None of the above due to a compilation error
- 48. What does the std::endl object do when passed as the second operand to the insertion operator (<<)?
 - (a) It causes a newline character to be written to the stream
 - (b) It doesn't do anything, it is instead used to indicate comments
 - (c) It causes the stream to separate words according to whitespace
 - (d) It indicates the End-Of-File
 - (e) It indicates that the stream should be prepared for new characters
 - (f) It can't be used with an insertion operator
 - (g) It resets the stream
- 49. What is the type of x?

std::string const a{"CSE232"};
auto x = a.at(1);

- (a) std::string &
- (b) char &
- (c) char const &
- (d) char
- (e) char const *
- (f) char const
- (g) std::string const *
- (h) std::string const
- (i) std::string const &

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- 50. How do you make a variable that can have multiple types?
 - (a) By using static_cast
 - (b) By using decltype
 - (c) By declaring its type as auto
 - (d) By using typedef
 - (e) It is impossible
- 51. What is the return type of this function?
 std::string Exclamation(int num) {
 return "!";
 }
 - (a) int *
 - (b) Exclamation
 - (c) "!"
 - (d) std::string
 - (e) int
 - (f) None of the above
- 52. What is the type of x?
 auto x = My_Function("abcd");
 - (a) char
 - (b) int
 - (c) void
 - (d) std::string
 - (e) Impossible to determine with the information given
- 53. The 2 argument version getline function will read from a stream until what type of character is encountered?
 - (a) The newline character
 - (b) A non-ASCII character
 - (c) A non-alphabetic character
 - (d) The space character
 - (e) A whitespace character (include space, newline, and tab)

54. What is the value of x? std::string s{"abcde"}; int x = static_cast<int>(s.size());

- (a) 5
- (b) 6
- (c) 7
- (d) int
- (e) unsigned int
- (f) Impossible to determine with the information given

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