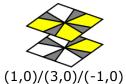
Basic Square-1 Algorithms

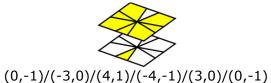
Arranged by Andy Klise of http://www.kungfoomanchu.com

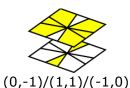
Orient Corners





Orient Edges





Permute Corners

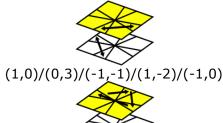


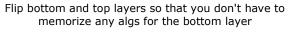


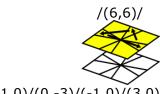
/(3,-3)/(3,0)/(-3,0)/(0,3)/(-3,0)/ /(3,-3)/(-3,0)/(0,3)/(0,-3)/(0,3)/

/(3,-3)/(0,3)/(-3,0)/(3,0)/(-3,0)/

Permute Edges



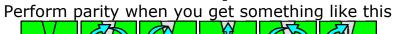




/(3,0)/(1,0)/(0,-3)/(-1,0)/ (-3,0)/(1,0)/(0,3)/(-1,0)

(1,0)/(0,-3)/(-1,0)/(3,0)/(1,0)/(0,3)/(-1,0)/(-3,0)/

Parity

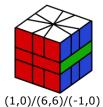




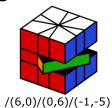


/(-3,0)/(0,3)/(0,-3)/(0,3)/(2,0)/(0,2)/(-2,0)/(4,0)/(0,-2)/(0,2)/(-1,4)/(0,-3)/(0,3)

Special Moves



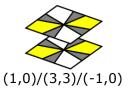


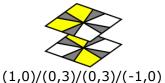


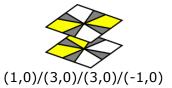
Advanced Square-1 Algorithms

Use these in addition to the Basic Algorithms

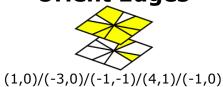
Orient Corners



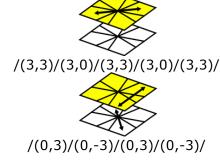


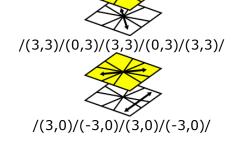


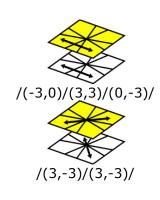
Orient Edges



Permute Corners

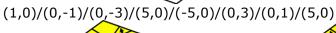


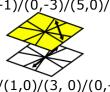


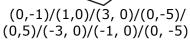


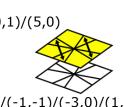
Permute Edges



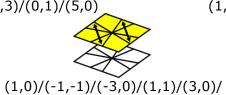








(1,0)/(5,-1)/(-5,1)/(5,0)



(-1,-1)/(0,1)

(1,0)/(-1,-1)/(-3,0)/(1,1)/(6,0)/(-1,-1)/(-3,0)/(1,1)/(-1,0)

Parity



/(3,3)/(1,0)/(-2,-2)/(2,0)/(2,2)/(-1,0)/(-3,-3)/(-2,0)/(3,3)/(3,0)/(-1,-1)/(-3,0)/(1,1)/(-4,-3)



/(-3,0)/(0,3)/(0,-3)/(0,3)/(2,0)/(0,2)/(-2,0)/(4,0)/(0,-2)/(0,2)/(-1,4)/(0,-3)/(0,3)

Credits

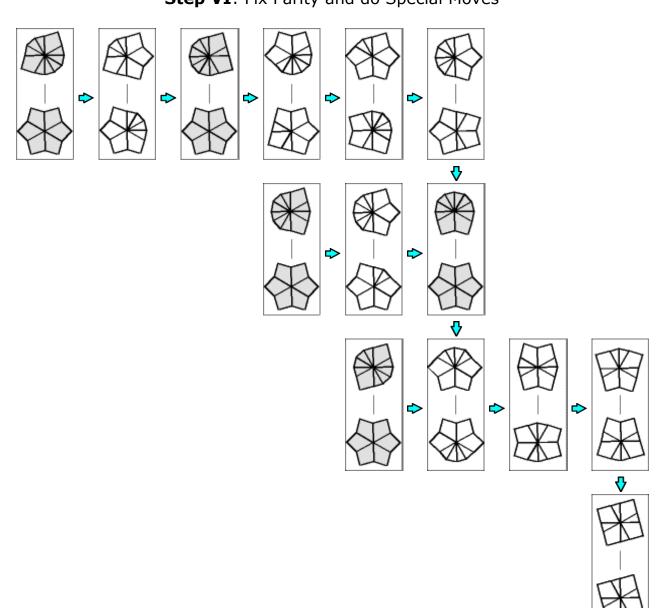
Weston - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6iPhuY-KvzE Lars Vandenbergh - http://www.cubezone.be/square1step5.html Dan Cohen and whoever it was that made the odd shape pictures

> For more guides just like this, visit my website http://www.kungfoomanchu.com/

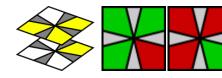
Getting the Square-1 into a Cube

Square 1

Step I: Get the puzzle into 3 distinct layers
Step II: Fill one layer with 6 large wedges
Step III: Transform the puzzle into a cube
Step IV: Orient Corners then Orient Edges
Step V: Permute Corners then Orient Edges
Step VI: Fix Parity and do Special Moves



Notation







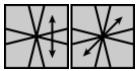




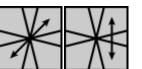




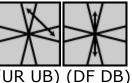








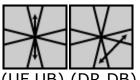






(0,-2)

(0,-1)



Notation

Top layer 30° (1/12 turn) CW Note: a small wedge is 30° wide	(1,0)
Top layer 60° (1/6 turn) CW <i>Note: a large wedge is 60° wide</i>	(2,0)
Top layer 90° (1/4 turn) CW	(3,0)
Top layer 180° (half-way around)	(6,0)
Top layer 90° (1/4 turn) CCW	(-3,0)
Top layer 60° (1/6 turn) CCW	(-2,0)
Top layer 30° (1/12 turn) CCW	(-1,0)
Rotate the entire RIGHT SIDE 180°)(
Bottom layer 30° (1/12 turn) CW	(0,1)
Bottom layer 30° (1/12 turn) CW Bottom layer 60° (1/6 turn) CW	(0,1) (0,2)
Bottom layer 60° (1/6 turn) CW	(0,2)
Bottom layer 60° (1/6 turn) CW Bottom layer 90° (1/4 turn) CW	(0,2) (0,3)

Bottom layer 60° (1/6 turn) CCW

Bottom layer 30° (1/12 turn) CCW