Welding poses

Grup 11- Estudiants:

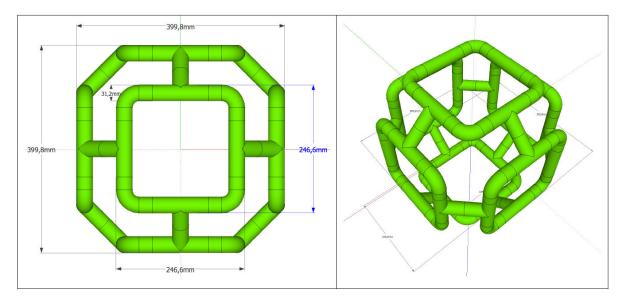
- Pol Casacuberta Gil
- Marta Granero i Martí

Link: https://drive.matlab.com/sharing/b8a7f88a-dcb6-4c09-a328-ba6c7e737807

Table of Contents

Grup 11- Estudiants:	
Read and plot the part	2
Setting up dimensions	
Plotting	;
Weld points	
Obtain the weld point coordinates of two tubes	
Load cylinder/tube info	4
Plotting tube	4
Another tube	!
All weldding points	

A Unimation Puma 560 robot is used to weld a folded tubes frame as it is shown in the next figures.



The task for the Puma 560 consists in welding the six folded squared tube among them with 32 points. The welding trajectory can be assumed to as two orthogonal and intersecting cylinders with radius = 15.6mm. The trajectory to be followed by the welder can be parameterized as follows:

1

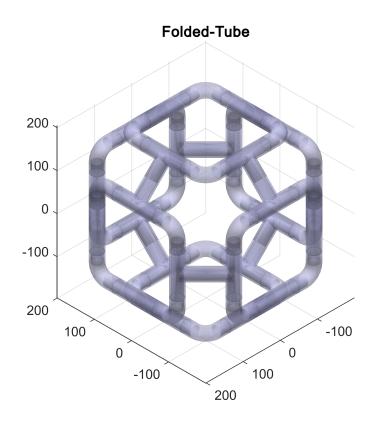
$$p(t) = \begin{bmatrix} x(t) \\ y(t) \\ z(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} r\cos(t) \\ r\sin(t) \\ \llbracket r\cos(t) \rrbracket \end{bmatrix}; t \in [0 \quad 2\pi]$$

Read and plot the part

Download STLtools from Matlab: https://es.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/51200-stltools

Add it to the path.

```
clear
[V,F, N,name]=stlRead('Folded_Tubes.stl');
clf
stlPlot(V,F,name)
alpha 0.4
axis equal
hold on
```



Setting up dimensions

```
r=15.6; % Tube radius
t=0:pi/16:2*pi; % Scan variable
cp0=[r*cos(t);r*sin(t);abs(r*cos(t));ones(1,length(t))]% dot height
cp0 = 4 \times 33
  15.6000
           15.3003
                     14.4125
                              12.9709
                                        11.0309
                                                  8.6669
                                                            5.9699
                                                                     3.0434 • • •
                    5.9699
                                                                    15.3003
        0
           3.0434
                             8.6669
                                        11.0309
                                                 12.9709
                                                           14.4125
  15.6000
           15.3003
                     14.4125
                             12.9709
                                       11.0309
                                                  8.6669
                                                            5.9699
                                                                     3.0434
   1.0000
            1.0000
                      1.0000
                               1.0000
                                         1.0000
                                                  1.0000
                                                            1.0000
                                                                     1.0000
min(cp0(2,:))
```

```
ans = -15.6000
```

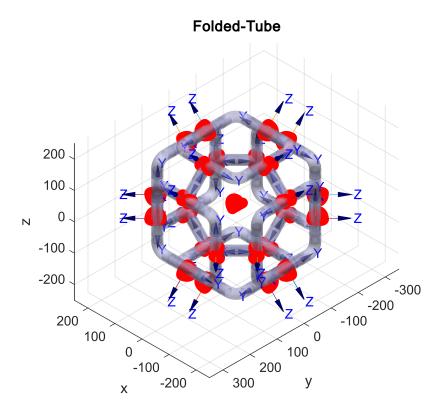
```
max(cp0(2,:))
ans = 15.6000
```

Plotting

Weld points

At origen

```
halfToptoBottom = 399.8/2;
halfInnerSquare = 246.6/2;
cp = transl(0,halfInnerSquare-r,halfToptoBottom-(r/2))* trotx(-3*pi/4) * cp0;
cp = [cp trotz(pi/2) * cp];
cp = [cp trotz(pi) * cp];
cp = [cp troty(pi)* cp];
cp = [cp0 cp trotx(pi/2)*cp troty(pi/2)*cp];
% Plot all the points
scatter3(cp(1,:), cp(2,:), cp(3,:), 'r', 'LineWidth', 2);
frames = zeros(4, 4, 1);
% Frame on one welding point
% frames(:,:,1) =trotz(pi/2)* transl(0,halfInnerSquare-r,halfToptoBottom-r) *trotx(-pi/4)*trot
% All frames
frames(:,:,1) = transl(0,halfInnerSquare-r,halfToptoBottom-r) *trotx(-pi/4)*trotz(pi/2) *eye(4
frames(:,:,2) = trotz(pi/2)*frames(:,:,1);
frames(:,:,[3,4]) = cat(3, pagemtimes(trotz(pi),frames(:,:,1:2)));
frames(:,:,5:8) = cat(3, pagemtimes(troty(pi),frames(:,:,1:4)));
frames(:,:,9:16) = cat(3, pagemtimes(troty(pi/2),frames(:,:,1:8)));
frames(:,:,17:24) = cat(3, pagemtimes(trotx(pi/2),frames(:,:,1:8)));
xlim([-250, 250]);
ylim([-350, 350]);
zlim([-250, 250]);
xyzlabel% RTB function
% Plot the frames using trplot
for i = 1:size(frames,3)
    trplot(frames(:,:,i), 'length', 100, 'arrow', 'width', 1 )
end
```



Obtain the weld point coordinates of two tubes

Get familiar with the following RTB functions:

help on: transl, trotx, troty, trotz

I'am solving for you two tubes welding at origen as an example.

Load cylinder/tube info

Get familiar with the variable: V_Cylinder

```
figure
load('Vertices_Faces_Cylinder.mat')
```

Plotting tube

First reshape the Cylinder vertices: radius 15.6 and height 50

```
V_Cylinder=[15.6*V_Cylinder(:,1:2) 50*V_Cylinder(:,3)]
```

```
V_Cylinder = 42×3

15.6000 0 0

15.6000 0 50.0000

14.8365 4.8207 0

14.8365 4.8207 50.0000

12.6207 9.1694 0
```

```
12.6207 9.1694 50.0000

9.1694 12.6207 0

9.1694 12.6207 50.0000

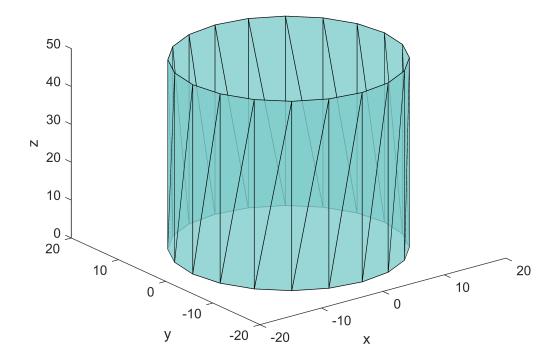
4.8207 14.8365 0

4.8207 14.8365 50.0000

:
```

Plot it

```
patch('Vertices',V_Cylinder,'Faces',F_Cylinder,'facecolor',[0.5 0.8 0.8],'facealpha',0.8);
xyzlabel
view(3)
hold on
```



Another tube

axis equal

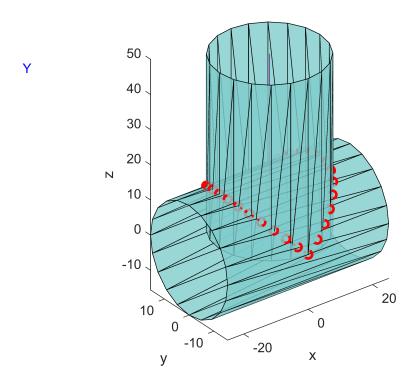
```
V2_Cylinder=troty(pi/2)*transl(0,0,-25)*[V_Cylinder' ;ones(1,length(V_Cylinder))]
V2_Cylinder = 4 \times 42
  -25.0000
            25.0000
                     -25.0000
                                25.0000
                                         -25.0000
                                                    25.0000
                                                             -25.0000
                                                                       25.0000 ...
                       4.8207
                                 4.8207
                                           9.1694
                                                     9.1694
                                                              12.6207
                                                                       12.6207
                                                                        -9.1694
  -15.6000
           -15.6000
                     -14.8365
                               -14.8365
                                         -12.6207
                                                   -12.6207
                                                              -9.1694
    1.0000
             1.0000
                                                               1.0000
                                                                        1.0000
                       1.0000
                                 1.0000
                                           1.0000
                                                     1.0000
patch('Vertices', V2_Cylinder(1:3,:)', 'Faces', F_Cylinder, 'facecolor', [0.5 0.8 0.8], 'facealpha', ()
```

Visualize the 32 welding points

```
scatter3(cp0(1,:),cp0(2,:),cp0(3,:),'r','LineWidth',2)
hold on
```

Visualize the frame wrt are drawn

```
trplot(eye(4), 'length', 100,'arrow','width', 1 )
```



All weldding points

The final graphical result must be: (doble click on: 32x24_Welding_Points_Solution.fig) in case the 'open' command do not work!

Add reference frame for all cloud weld points.

Obtain a vector with all weldding points, i.e the six folded squared. Take advantage of the figure symetry.

Notice that there is small misalignement due to incorrect 'stl' file.

```
open('32x24_Welding_Points_Solution.fig')
alpha 0.3
```