Opal Semantics

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November 7, 2017

1 Description

Tiny turing-incomplete language based on IMP with sexps:

2 Grammar

```
\langle \mathit{Com} \rangle ::= \mathtt{skip}
           \langle Com \rangle; \langle Com \rangle
           if \langle Bool \rangle then \{\langle Com \rangle\} else \{\langle Com \rangle\}
           with \langle Node \rangle do \{\langle Com \rangle\}
           at \langle Node \rangle do \{\langle Com \rangle\}
           \langle World \rangle := hyp \{\langle Com \rangle\}
           commit \langle World \rangle
           \texttt{handle}\ \langle Node \rangle. \langle \mathit{Var} \rangle := \langle \mathit{Op} \rangle \ \texttt{with}\ \langle \mathit{Sexp} \rangle \ \texttt{merge}\ \langle \mathit{Sexp} \rangle \ \texttt{in}\ \{\langle \mathit{Com} \rangle\}
           \langle Op \rangle
\langle Sexp \rangle ::= \varnothing
           \langle Node \rangle . \langle Var \rangle
           (\langle Sexp \rangle . \langle Sexp \rangle)
\langle Bool \rangle ::= \langle Sexp \rangle = \langle Sexp \rangle
           \langle Sexp \rangle \in \langle Sexp \rangle
            \langle Bool \rangle \wedge \langle Bool \rangle
           \langle Bool \rangle \vee \langle Bool \rangle
```

```
true
false
```

2.1 Values

```
\langle Sexp \, Value \rangle ::= \varnothing
\mid \ ( \langle Sexp \, Value \rangle . \langle Sexp \, Value \rangle )
\langle Bool \, Value \rangle ::= true
\mid \ false
```

3 Typing Judgement

Well-formedness conditions:

- all used operations are defined
- all node/var accesses are defined
- all node accesses are permissioned
- all committed worlds are defined
- worlds are committed at most once (affine types)

3.1 Terminology

```
\begin{array}{lll} \Sigma: & 2^{\left\langle Node\right\rangle \times \left\langle Var\right\rangle} & \text{Set of variables in scope} \\ H: & 2^{\left\langle Op\right\rangle} & \text{Set of handlers in scope} \\ \Pi: & 2^{\left\langle Node\right\rangle} & \text{Set of nodes giving permission} \\ \Omega: & 2^{\left\langle World\right\rangle} & \text{Set of worlds in scope} \end{array}
```

3.2 Commands

 $\overline{\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H} \vdash \mathtt{skip} : \Omega$

$$\frac{\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash c_1:\Omega' \qquad \Omega',\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash c_2:\Omega''}{\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash c_1;c_2:\Omega''}$$

$$\frac{\Sigma\vdash b:\operatorname{Bool} \qquad \Omega',\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash c_1:\Omega' \qquad \Omega',\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash c_2:\Omega''}{\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash if\ b\ \operatorname{then}\ \{c_1\}\ \operatorname{else}\ \{c_2\}:\Omega'\cap\Omega''}$$

$$\frac{\varnothing,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash c:\Omega'}{\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash u\ :=\ \operatorname{hyp}\ \{c\}:\Omega\cup\{u\}}$$

$$\frac{u\in\Omega}{\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash \operatorname{commit}\ u:\Omega\setminus\{u\}}$$

$$n\in\Pi \qquad \Sigma\vdash s_1:\operatorname{SEXP} \qquad \Sigma\vdash s_2:\operatorname{SEXP} \qquad \varnothing,\Pi,\Sigma\cup\{(n,v)\},H\cup\{op\}\vdash c:\Omega'$$

$$\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash \operatorname{handle}\ n.v\ :=\ op\ \operatorname{with}\ s_1\ \operatorname{merge}\ s_2\ \operatorname{in}\ \{c\}:\Omega$$

$$\frac{op\in H}{\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash op:\Omega}$$

$$\frac{\Omega,\Pi\cup\{n\},\Sigma,H\vdash c:\Omega'}{\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash \operatorname{with}\ n\ \operatorname{do}\ \{c\}:\Omega'}$$

$$\frac{\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash \operatorname{with}\ n\ \operatorname{do}\ \{c\}:\Omega'}{\Omega,\Pi,\Sigma,H\vdash \operatorname{at}\ n\ \operatorname{do}\ \{c\}:\Omega'}$$

3.3 Booleans

3.4 Sexps

4 Small Step Semantics

4.1 Terminology

 $\langle Node \rangle \times \langle Var \rangle \rightharpoonup \langle Sexp Value \rangle$ function representing each node's store σ : • $| (\sigma, \Sigma)$ Σ : stack of stores (for HYP and AT) $\langle World \rangle \rightharpoonup (\Sigma \times \sigma)$ function representing each world's initial ω : stack and final store $2\langle Node \rangle$ current authorized set of principals π : $\langle Node \rangle$ current execution location ρ : $\langle Op \rangle \rightharpoonup (\langle Node \rangle \times \langle Var \rangle \times \langle Sexp \rangle)$ mapping of handlers to their destinations η : and expressions $(\langle Node \rangle \times \langle Var \rangle) \rightharpoonup \langle Sexp \rangle$ mapping of handler results to their merge μ : expressions $\Downarrow_{\langle \mathit{Com} \rangle} : \quad (\langle \mathit{Com} \rangle \times \Sigma \times \omega \times \pi \times \rho \times \eta \times \mu) \rightharpoonup (\sigma \times \omega)$ Commands step to a new top-level store and new set of hypothetical worlds $(\langle Sexp \rangle \times \Sigma \times \pi) \rightharpoonup \langle Sexp Value \rangle$ $\Downarrow_{\langle Sexp \rangle}$: Sexps step to a value, or nothing if it cannot be evaluated due to undefined variables or lack of permission $(\langle Bool \rangle \times \Sigma \times \pi) \rightharpoonup \langle BoolValue \rangle$ $\Downarrow_{\langle Bool \rangle}$: Bools step to a value, or nothing if it cannot be evaluated due to undefined vari-

4.2 Basic commands

$$\frac{1}{\langle \mathtt{skip}, (\sigma, \Sigma), \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma, \omega \rangle}$$
 SKIP

ables or lack of permission

$$\frac{\langle c_1, (\sigma, \Sigma), \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma', \omega' \rangle}{\langle c_1; \ c_2, (\sigma, \Sigma), \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma'', \omega'' \rangle} \times \text{SEQ}$$

$$\frac{\langle b, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow \text{true} \qquad \langle c_1, \Sigma, \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma', \omega' \rangle}{\langle \text{if } b \text{ then } \{c_1\} \text{ else } \{c_2\}, \Sigma, \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma', \omega' \rangle} \text{IF-True}$$

$$\frac{\langle b, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow \text{ false} \qquad \langle c_2, \Sigma, \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma', \omega' \rangle}{\langle \text{if } b \text{ then } \{c_1\} \text{ else } \{c_2\}, \Sigma, \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma', \omega' \rangle} \text{IF-FALSE}$$

4.3 Distribution commands

In this semantics, AT is effectively a noop/passthrough, resulting in behavior that would be identical with or without it (modulo endorsement taking location into account). It does have real-world semantics though: AT represents executing a command on another computer, starting with a new empty store on the top of the stack, and shipping back the new store at the end. Beyond this, exact semantics are implementation dependent. An implementation could, in theory, send the entire stack of stores over in addition to just the command. Alternatively, the new machine could request any specific variables it needs, to mitigate the amount of data shuttled over the network.

WITH is also a passthrough in a similar regard: its runtime effects consist of asking the specified user for permission to run the specified command on the current machine (represented by $\langle n, \rho, c \rangle \checkmark$ in the semantics – the details of this function are implementation dependent).

$$\frac{\langle c, (\sigma_\varnothing, (\sigma, \Sigma)), \omega, \pi, n, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma', \omega' \rangle}{\langle \mathsf{at} \ n \ \mathsf{do} \ \{c\}, (\sigma, \Sigma), \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma'; \sigma, \omega' \rangle} \ \mathsf{AT}$$

$$\frac{\langle n, \rho, c \rangle \checkmark \qquad \langle c, \Sigma, \omega, \pi \cup \{n\}, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma', \omega' \rangle}{\langle \mathsf{at} \ n \ \mathsf{do} \ \{c\}, \Sigma, \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma', \omega' \rangle} \ \mathsf{WITH}$$

4.4 Handler commands

We describe handlers as a tuple of $(\langle Node \rangle, \langle Var \rangle, \langle Op \rangle, \langle Sexp \rangle_h, \langle Sexp \rangle_m, \langle Com \rangle)$, where $\langle Node \rangle$ is the node to write results to, $\langle Var \rangle$ is the variable on that node to write results to, $\langle Op \rangle$ is the name of the handler, $\langle Sexp \rangle_h$ is a sexp that gets lazily evaluated with its results written to $\langle Node \rangle, \langle Var \rangle$ each time $\langle Op \rangle$ is called, and $\langle Sexp \rangle_m$ is a sexp that gets lazily evaluated upon merge conflicts within a variable upon committing a hypothetical world, with \varnothing .ORIG set to the original value of the variable before the hypothetical execution, \varnothing .HYP set to the value of the variable after the hypothetical execution, and \varnothing .CURR set to the value of the variable in the context of where commit is being called. Immediately within the scope of a handler, the handled variable is set to \varnothing .

$$\frac{\langle c, (\sigma[(n,v)\mapsto\varnothing],\Sigma),\omega,\pi,\rho,\eta[op\mapsto(n,v,s_h)],\mu[(n,v)\mapsto s_m]\rangle \Downarrow \langle\sigma',\omega'\rangle \qquad n\in\pi}{\langle \text{handle } n.v := op \text{ with } s_h \text{ merge } s_m \text{ in } \{c\},(\sigma,\Sigma),\omega,\pi,\rho,\eta,\mu\rangle \Downarrow \langle\sigma',\omega'\rangle} \text{ HANDLE}}$$

$$\frac{\eta(op) = (n,v,s_h) \qquad \langle s_h,\Sigma,\pi\rangle \Downarrow s}{\langle op,\Sigma,\omega,\pi,\rho,\eta,\mu\rangle \Downarrow \langle\sigma[(n,v)\mapsto s],\omega\rangle} \text{ OP}$$

4.5 Hypothetical commands

$$\frac{\langle c, (\sigma_{\varnothing}, (\sigma, \Sigma)), \omega_{\varnothing}, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma', \omega' \rangle}{\langle u := \text{hyp } \{c\}, (\sigma, \Sigma), \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma, \omega[u \mapsto ((\sigma, \Sigma), \sigma')] \rangle} \text{ Hyp}$$

$$\frac{\langle n.v, \Sigma_{orig}, \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_o \quad \langle n.v, (\sigma_{hyp}, \Sigma_{orig}), \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_h \quad \langle n.v, (\sigma_{curr}, \Sigma_{curr}), \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_c}{\sigma_{merge}(\sigma_{curr}, \Sigma_{curr}, \Sigma_{orig}, vo, vh, vc)) = \sigma_{curr}[(n, vo) \mapsto s_o, (n, vh) \mapsto s_h, (n, vc) \mapsto s_c]} \text{ MERGESTORE}$$

$$\frac{\langle n.v, \Sigma_{orig}, \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_o \quad \langle n.v, (\sigma_{hyp}, \Sigma_{orig}), \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_h \quad \langle n.v, (\sigma_{curr}, \Sigma_{curr}), \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_c}{\sigma_{merge}(\sigma_{curr}, \Sigma_{curr}, \Sigma_{orig}, vo, vh, vc)) = \sigma_{curr}[(n, vo) \mapsto s_o, (n, vh) \mapsto s_h, (n, vc) \mapsto s_c]} \text{ MERGESTO}$$

$$\frac{\omega(u) = (\Sigma_{\text{orig}}, \sigma_{\text{hyp}}) \quad \sigma' = \sigma[\forall (n, v, s) \in \sigma_{\text{hyp}} \land \langle \mu((n, v)), \sigma_{merge}(\sigma_{curr}, \Sigma_{orig}, \Sigma_{curr}, vo, vh, vc), \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_m, (n, v) \mapsto s_m]}{\langle \text{commit } u, (\sigma_{curr}, \Sigma_{curr}), \omega, \pi, \rho, \eta, \mu \rangle \Downarrow \langle \sigma', \omega \rangle} \text{ COMMIT}$$

4.6 Sexps

$$\frac{\langle s_1, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow \varnothing}{\langle (s_1, \Sigma, \pi) \Downarrow s_{v_1} \quad \langle s_2, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_{v_2}} \text{ Cons}$$

$$\frac{\langle (s_1, \Sigma, \pi) \Downarrow s_{v_1} \quad \langle s_2, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_{v_2}}{\langle (s_1, s_2), \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow \langle s_{v_1}, s_{v_2} \rangle} \text{ Cons}$$

$$\frac{\sum (n, v) = s_v}{\langle n. v, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_v} \text{ VAR}$$

4.7 Bools

$$\frac{\langle s_1, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow (s_{v11}.s_{v12}) \qquad \langle s_2, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow (s_{v21}.s_{v22}) \qquad \langle s_{v11} = s_{v21} \wedge s_{v12} = s_{v22}, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow b}{\langle s_1 = s_2, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow b} \text{ EQProp}$$

$$\frac{\langle s_1, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_{v1} \qquad \langle s_2, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow \varnothing}{\langle s_1 \in s_2, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow \text{ false}} \text{ MemFalse}$$

$$\frac{\langle s_1, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow s_{v1} \qquad \langle s_2, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow (s_{v21}.s_{v22}) \qquad \langle s_{v1} = s_{v21} \vee s_{v1} \in s_{v22}, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow b}{\langle s_1 \in s_2, \Sigma, \pi \rangle \Downarrow b} \text{ MemProp}$$

EQPROP and MEMPROP are well-founded proof trees since the sexp step is idempotent, and the two props decrease on size of sexp, so the maximum depth of the proof tree is proportional to the maximum depth of the sexp values