Backend for the system

Test Result:

Version1:

```
D:\workshop\log\paper1\logZZPMAIN.attack\2025Jan09_16-26-05_LAPTOP-
K5A5D0SQ_attack AT and T face>curl -v -X POST http://127.0.0.1:5000/predict -H
"Content-Type: multipart/form-data" -F
"file=@D:/workshop/log/paper1/logZZPMAIN.attack/2025Jan09_16-26-05_LAPTOP-
K5A5D0SQ_attack AT and T face/inverted_1.png"
Note: Unnecessary use of -X or --request, POST is already inferred.
  Trying 127.0.0.1:5000...
* Connected to 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1) port 5000
> POST /predict HTTP/1.1
> Host: 127.0.0.1:5000
> User-Agent: curl/8.9.1
> Accept: */*
> Content-Length: 20772
> Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=-----
wodYMd6wVhYHuH3eg6Kgoy
* upload completely sent off: 20772 bytes
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Server: Werkzeug/3.1.3 Python/3.9.21</pre>
< Date: Fri, 10 Jan 2025 03:48:46 GMT
< Content-Type: application/json
< Content-Length: 947
< Connection: close
```

```
{"confidence":0.9830769300460815,"prediction":1,"probabilities":
[0.0005909508327022195,0.9830769300460815,7.752644251013407e-
07,0.0002748249680735171,4.681760856328765e-06,5.568262739785723e-
09,0.0005664532072842121,6.649229908362031e-
05,0.0002396729978499934,0.0003025699406862259,5.548062631532957e-
07,0.00014782619837205857,0.0008039563545025885,0.0001007138635031879,4.46937019
660254e-06,0.0008196898270398378,0.00020263686019461602,4.561612513498403e-
06,2.430130734865088e-06,1.8068568579110433e-06,3.1057336258299983e-
08,0.0016431291587650776,0.00020154773665126413,0.0001828279346227646,4.07613333
6639032e-05,0.000755425775423646,8.23995014798129e-06,1.5442680023625144e-
08,4.076446202816442e-06,0.0006502430187538266,5.402056757475293e-
08,0.00010254182416247204,8.745041668589693e-
07,0.0002050086623057723,0.001637146226130426,0.003253447124734521,0.00251567712
98497915,0.0005294329603202641,0.0006672250456176698,0.00039020017720758915]}
```

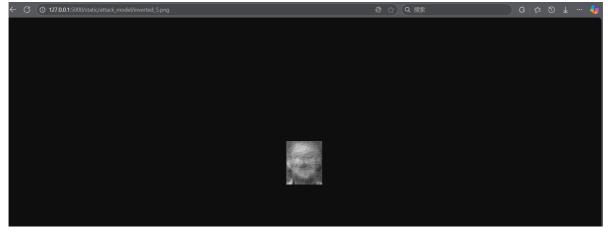
* shutting down connection #0

the file is the attack image of inverted_1:



Version2:

```
D:\workshop\model_attack_system\backend\data\attack_result>curl -X POST -F
"image_file=@inverted_0.png" http://127.0.0.1:5000/predict
{"confidences":[0.9999066591262817,1.2280409877201987e-14,1.6954745830917785e-
17,1.0105771774959749e-10,8.646881724416744e-06,8.947771451724151e-
15,9.043900739413857e-09,7.431045645489576e-08,1.1469040127332075e-
11,3.982982525485568e-05,2.1794801519092744e-09,1.8524486833371157e-
12,1.512131999475974e-12,8.058020284806844e-06,1.0333295330511305e-
10,1.5688745604296866e-13,1.1297270763191772e-13,3.4119977893390385e-
13,6.139843078400986e-10,1.5305627858869242e-13,3.273044682505777e-
11,6.677323138859492e-09,3.6014247939419874e-07,1.5936328168209002e-
09,3.7072862557607777e-09,5.94339791856742e-17,4.44113192402118e-
12,8.087092800979079e-11,5.982101924928429e-09,1.2012806109851226e-
05, 2.1501626179087907e - 05, 3.4293561046450094e - 11, 4.1994473220022255e -
13,1.9009787640507023e-14],"prediction":0}
# 注意json内容""包含
D:\workshop\model_attack_system\backend\data\attack>curl -X POST
http://127.0.0.1:5000/attack -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d "
{\"target_label\": 5}"
{"message":"Attack successful", "result_image": "./data/attack/inverted_5.png"}
# 查看渲染结果是否正确,我这里不知道REACT的具体用法跟普通前端是否有区别,测试一下接口渲染图片是
正确的就行: 修改了静态文件配置:: app = Flask(__name__, static_url_path="/static",
static_folder="./data"), 于是可以
# 访问http://127.0.0.1:5000/static/attack/inverted_5.png 提供访问
```



```
PS D:\workshop\model_attack_system\backend\test> python .\test.py
Processed inverted_0.png: Prediction=0, True Label=0
Processed inverted_1.png: Prediction=1, True Label=1
Processed inverted_10.png: Prediction=10, True Label=10
Processed inverted_11.png: Prediction=11, True Label=11
Processed inverted_12.png: Prediction=12, True Label=12
Processed inverted_13.png: Prediction=13, True Label=13
Processed inverted_14.png: Prediction=14, True Label=14
Processed inverted_15.png: Prediction=15, True Label=15
Processed inverted_16.png: Prediction=16, True Label=16
Processed inverted_17.png: Prediction=17, True Label=17
Processed inverted_18.png: Prediction=18, True Label=18
Processed inverted_19.png: Prediction=19, True Label=19
Processed inverted_2.png: Prediction=2, True Label=2
Processed inverted_20.png: Prediction=20, True Label=20
Processed inverted_21.png: Prediction=21, True Label=21
```

```
Processed inverted_22.png: Prediction=22, True Label=22
Processed inverted_23.png: Prediction=23, True Label=23
Processed inverted_24.png: Prediction=24, True Label=24
Processed inverted_25.png: Prediction=25, True Label=25
Processed inverted_26.png: Prediction=26, True Label=26
Processed inverted_27.png: Prediction=27, True Label=27
Processed inverted_28.png: Prediction=28, True Label=28
Processed inverted_29.png: Prediction=29, True Label=29
Processed inverted_3.png: Prediction=3, True Label=3
Processed inverted_30.png: Prediction=30, True Label=30
Processed inverted_31.png: Prediction=31, True Label=31
Processed inverted_32.png: Prediction=32, True Label=32
Processed inverted_33.png: Prediction=33, True Label=33
Processed inverted_34.png: Prediction=34, True Label=34
Processed inverted_35.png: Prediction=35, True Label=35
Processed inverted_36.png: Prediction=36, True Label=36
Processed inverted_37.png: Prediction=37, True Label=37
Processed inverted_38.png: Prediction=38, True Label=38
Processed inverted_39.png: Prediction=39, True Label=39
Processed inverted_4.png: Prediction=4, True Label=4
Processed inverted_5.png: Prediction=5, True Label=5
Processed inverted_6.png: Prediction=6, True Label=6
Processed inverted_7.png: Prediction=7, True Label=7
Processed inverted_8.png: Prediction=8, True Label=8
Processed inverted_9.png: Prediction=9, True Label=9
Accuracy: 100.00%
Results saved to ./result/results.json
```

是因为类别数量太少了吗,还是评估方法的问题

使用方法(实时更新):

修改目标模型文件 target_model.py 和攻击模型的数据集目录

```
python .\server.py
```

环境 (实时更新)

```
PS D:\workshop\model_attack_system\backend\test> conda list
# packages in environment at D:\soft\Anaconda\Anaconda\envs\MAS:
# Name
                                                    Build Channel
                          Version
blas
                          1.0
                                                      mk1
blinker
                          1.9.0
                                                   pypi_0
                                                             рурі
brotli-python
                          1.0.9
                                           py39h5da7b33_9
ca-certificates
                          2024.12.31
                                               haa95532_0
                          2024.12.14
certifi
                                           py39haa95532_0
charset-normalizer
                          3.3.2
                                             pyhd3eb1b0_0
click.
                          8.1.8
                                                   pypi_0
                                                             рурі
colorama
                          0.4.6
                                           py39haa95532_0
contourpy
                          1.3.0
                                                   pypi_0
                                                             рурі
cudatoolkit
                          11.3.1
                                               h59b6b97_2
```

cycler	0.12.1	pypi_0	рурі
filelock	3.13.1	py39haa95532_0	
flask	3.1.0	pypi_0	pypi
fonttools	4.55.3	pypi_0	pypi
freetype	2.12.1	ha860e81_0	
giflib	5.2.2	h7edc060_0	
gmpy2	2.1.2	py39h7f96b67_0	
idna	3.7	py39haa95532_0	
importlib-metadata	8.5.0	pypi_0	рурі
importlib-resources	6.5.2	pypi_0	рурі
intel-openmp	2023.1.0	h59b6b97_46320	
itsdangerous	2.2.0	pypi_0	рурі
jinja2	3.1.4	py39haa95532_1	
jpeg	9e	h827c3e9_3	
kiwisolver	1.4.7	pypi_0	рурі
lcms2	2.16	hb4a4139_0	
lerc	4.0.0	h5da7b33_0	
libdeflate	1.22	h5bf469e_0	
libjpeg-turbo	2.0.0	h196d8e1_0	
libpng	1.6.39	h8cc25b3_0	
libtiff	4.5.1	h44ae7cf_1	
libuv	1.48.0	h827c3e9_0	
libwebp	1.3.2	hbc33d0d_0	
libwebp-base	1.3.2	h3d04722_1	
1z4-c	1.9.4	h2bbff1b_1	
markupsafe	2.1.3	py39h2bbff1b_0	
matplotlib	3.9.4	pypi_0	рурі
mk1	2023.1.0	h6b88ed4_46358	
mkl-service	2.4.0	py39h2bbff1b_1	
mkl_fft	1.3.11	py39h827c3e9_0	
mkl_random	1.2.8	py39hc64d2fc_0	
mpc	1.1.0	h7edee0f_1	
mpfr	4.0.2	h62dcd97_1	
mpir	3.0.0	hec2e145_1	
mpmath	1.3.0	py39haa95532_0	
networkx	3.2.1	py39haa95532_0	
numpy	2.0.1	py39h055cbcc_1	
numpy-base	2.0.1	py39h65a83cf_1	
openjpeg	2.5.2	hae555c5_0	
openssl	3.0.15	h827c3e9_0	
packaging	24.2	pypi_0	рурі
pillow	11.0.0	py39h096bfcc_1	
pip	24.2	py39haa95532_0	
pyparsing	3.2.1	pypi_0	рурі
pysocks	1.7.1	py39haa95532_0	
python	3.9.21	h8205438_1	
python-dateutil	2.9.0.post0	pypi_0	рурі
pytorch	2.5.1	py3.9_cpu_0	pytorch
pytorch-mutex	1.0	сри	pytorch
pyyaml	6.0.2	py39h827c3e9_0	
requests	2.32.3	py39haa95532_1	
setuptools	75.1.0	py39haa95532_0	
six	1.17.0	pypi_0	рурі
sqlite	3.45.3	h2bbff1b_0	
sympy	1.13.3	py39haa95532_0	
tbb	2021.8.0	h59b6b97_0	
torchaudio	2.5.1	py39_cpu	pytorch
torchvision	0.20.1	py39_cpu	pytorch

024b	py39h9909e9c_0 py39haa95532_0 h04d1e81_0 py39haa95532_0 haa95532_2 h9531ae6 2	
024b .2.3 4.40	h04d1e81_0 py39haa95532_0 haa95532_2	
4.40	py39haa95532_0 haa95532_2	
4.40	haa95532_2	
.1.3	pypi_0	pypi
	py39haa95532_0	рурт
	_	
	-	
	_	pypi
		474.
	h8880b57_0	
-	.1.0 .4.6 .2.5 .21.0 .2.13	.1.0 py39haa95532_0 .4.6 h8cc25b3_1 .2.5 he774522_0 .21.0 pypi_0 .2.13 h8cc25b3_1

接口文档:

1.文件上传upload

请求体:

```
POST http://localhost:5000/upload \
-F "file=@/path/to/your/file.png" \
```

返回结果: (状态吗400报错,500成功)

```
D:\model_attack_system\backend\data\target>curl -X POST
http://localhost:5000/upload -F
"file=@D:/model_attack_system/backend/data/target/1.png" -i
HTTP/1.1 400 BAD REQUEST
Server: Werkzeug/3.1.3 Python/3.9.21
Date: Wed, 26 Feb 2025 07:59:45 GMT
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 30
Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *
Connection: close
{"error":"Invalid file type"}
D:\model_attack_system\backend\data\target>curl -X POST
http://localhost:5000/upload -F
"file=@D:/model_attack_system/backend/data/target/mynet_50.pk1" -i
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Werkzeug/3.1.3 Python/3.9.21
Date: Wed, 26 Feb 2025 07:56:04 GMT
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 54
Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *
Connection: close
{"message":"File mynet_50.pkl uploaded successfully"}
```

2.生成图返回

请求体

```
curl -X POST http://localhost:5000/attack \
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \
-d "{\"target_label\": 10}"
```

后端(Flask)生成图像并返回字节流:后端将生成的图像作为字节流返回,并设置正确的 MIME 类型。 结果:

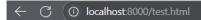
```
C:\Users\wrwut>curl -X POST http://localhost:5000/attack -H "Content-Type:
application/json" -d "{\"target_label\": 10}"
{"image":"XXX(BASE64)","message":"Attack successful"}
```

前端推荐参考,为react版本没试过,记得加base64解码:

```
const AttackComponent = () => {
   const [imageSrc, setImageSrc] = useState(null);
   const [error, setError] = useState(null);
   const handleAttack = async () => {
       try {
            // 请求后端获取图像
            const response = await fetch('http://localhost:5000/attack', {
               method: 'POST',
               headers: {
                    'Content-Type': 'application/json',
               },
               body: JSON.stringify({ target_label: 10 }) // 传递需要的
target_label
           });
           if (!response.ok) {
               throw new Error('Failed to fetch image');
            }
            const imageBlob = await response.blob();
            const imageUrl = URL.createObjectURL(imageBlob);
            setImageSrc(imageUrl); // 设置图像 URL
       } catch (error) {
            setError(error.message);
       }
   };
   return (
       <div>
            <button onClick={handleAttack}>Attack</button>
            {error && {error}}
            {imageSrc && <img src={imageSrc} alt="Attack result" />}
       </div>
   );
};
```

export default AttackComponent;

例外的完整的可见根目录test.html:



Attack Result

