Prediction for Depression

EDA / Feature Engineering / Machine Learning

## Structure of Dataset -

### \* Data Dictionary Columns: 20, Row: 140,700 (train.csv)

### Variable De

- Name
- Gender
- Age
- City
- Working Professional
- or Student
- Profession
- Academic Pressure
- Work Pressure
- CGPA
- Study Satisfaction
- Job Satisfaction

#### **Definition**

- Name
- Gender
- Age in years
- City of residence
- Whether the person is a Professional or a Student
- Profession
   (Applicable for professionals)
- Level of academic stress
- Level of work stress
- Cumulative Grade Pont Average
- Satisfaction level with studies
- Satisfaction level with job
  - Average hour of sleep

### Target: Depression

#### Key

- Male, Female
- Professional, Student

Team Bu-Da(ta)-Jii-Gae 최석훈 이영지 한동

### Target: Depression

### **Variable** Name Gender Age Working Professional or Student Academic Pressure Work Pressure CGPA Study Satisfaction Job Satisfaction Sleep Duration Dietary Habits Degree Have you ever had suicidal thoughts? Work/Study Hours Financial Stress Family History of Mental Illness

500- 140,700 (II dii 1.650)							
De	efinition						
	Name						
	Gender						
	Age in years						
9.	City of residence						
•	Whether the person is						
	a Professional or a Student						
•	Profession						
	(Applicable for professionals)						
•	Level of academic stress						
•	Level of work stress						
	Cumulative Grade Pont Average						
٠	Satisfaction level with studies						
٠	Satisfaction level with job						
•	Average hour of sleep						
•	General dietary patterns						
•	Academic degree pursued or completed						
•	Whether the person has had suicidal thoughts						
•	Average hours spent on work or study						
•	Level of financial stress						
•	Family history of mental illness						

### Key

- Male, Female
- Professional, Student

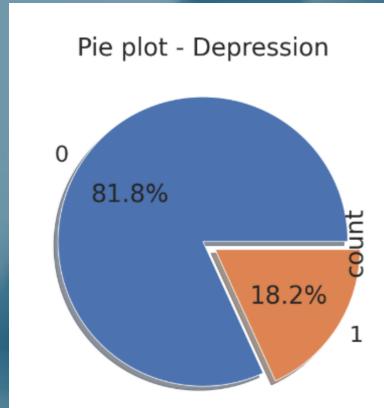
1 = Depressed, 0 = Not Team Bu-Da(ta)- III-Gae 최석후 이영지 한

Depression status

EDA

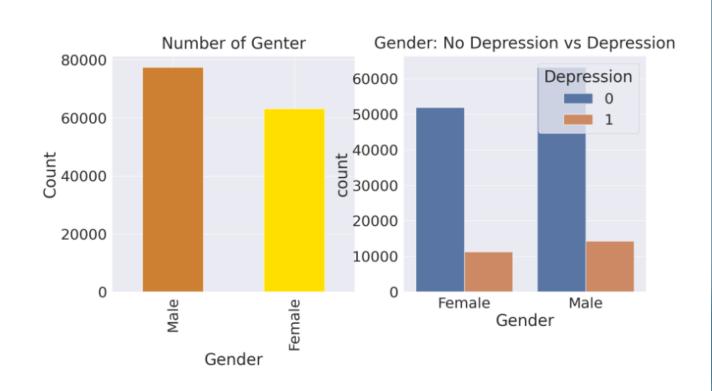
### Depression

1: Depressed, 0: Not depressed



### **Gender with Depression**

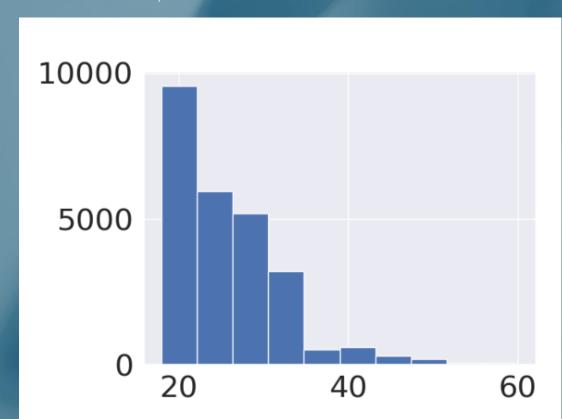
성별에 따른 Depression 비율



EDA

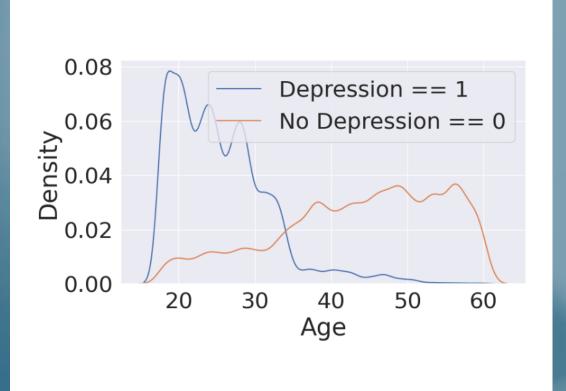
### **Age with Depression using Boxplot**

나이에 대한 Depression 분포 시각화



### **Age with Depression using KDE**

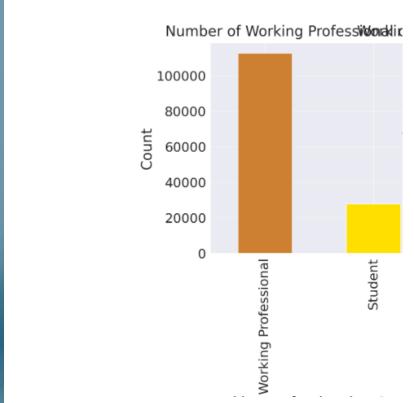
나이에 대한 Depression 분포 시각화 (커널 밀도 추정을 활용함)



EDA

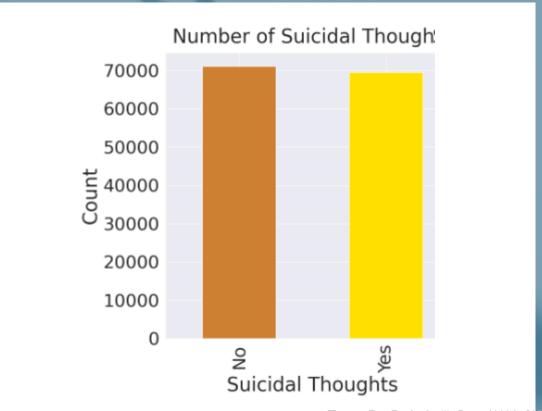
**WPOS** with Depression

직장인과 학생에 대한 Depression 비율 시각화



### Suicidal Thoughts with Depression

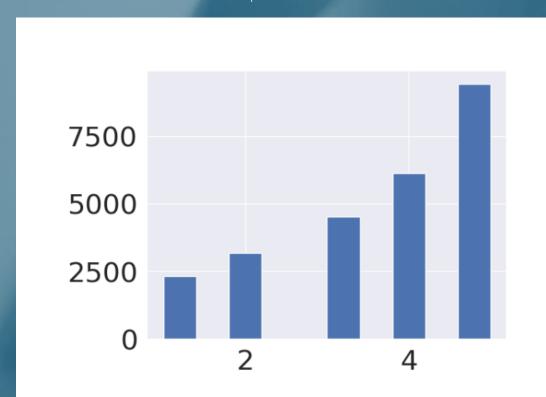
자살 생각에 대한 Depression 비율 시각화



EDA

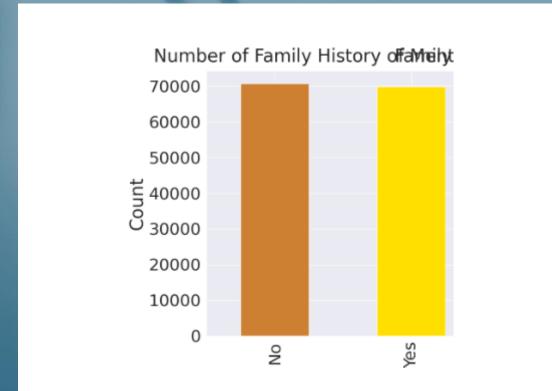
### Financial Stress with Depression using Boxplot

재무적 스트레스에 대한 Depression 비율 시각화



### Family History with Depression

가족력에 대한 Depression 비율 시각화



## Preprocess-

	columns:	id	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
	columns:	Name	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
	columns:	Gender	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
	columns:	Age	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
	columns:	City	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
	columns:	Working Professional or Student	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
	columns:	Sleep Duration	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
	columns:	Have you ever had suicidal thoughts ?	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
	columns:	Work/Study Hours	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
	columns:	Family History of Mental Illness	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
	columns:	Depression	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.000000%
å	columns:	Profession	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	26.034115%
	columns:	Academic Pressure	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	80.172708%
	columns:	Work Pressure	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	19.842217%
	columns:	CGPA	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	80.171997%
	columns:	Study Satisfaction	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	80.172708%
	columns:	Job Satisfaction	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	19.836532%
	columns:	Dietary Habits	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.002843%
	columns:	Degree	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.001421%
	columns:	Financial Stress	Percent o	of NaN	Value	:	0.002843%

Preprocess

Edit

Delete

Social Work Pressure = Academic + Work Social Work Satisfaction = Study + Work Name, CGPA, Degree, City, Profession, Sleep Duration, Dietary Habits

Preprocess

Delete

etc. (Null Data, Categorizing, ...)

Name, CGPA, Degree, City, Profession, Sleep Duration, Dietary Habits

**Null Data** 

Social Work Satisfaction: Replace with Mean

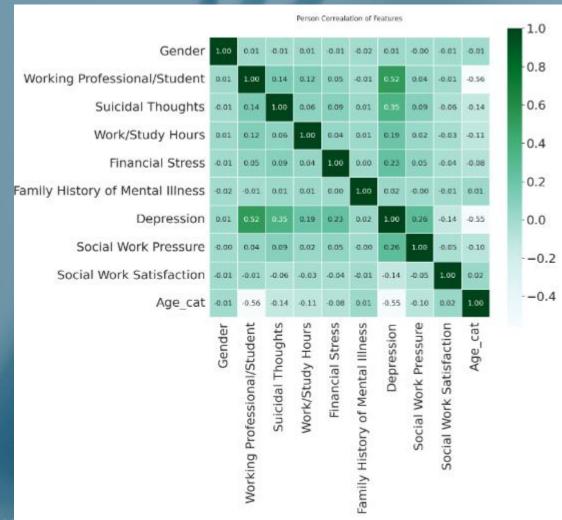
Categorizing

Age : 10단위 구분 (0 - 7)

Quantifying

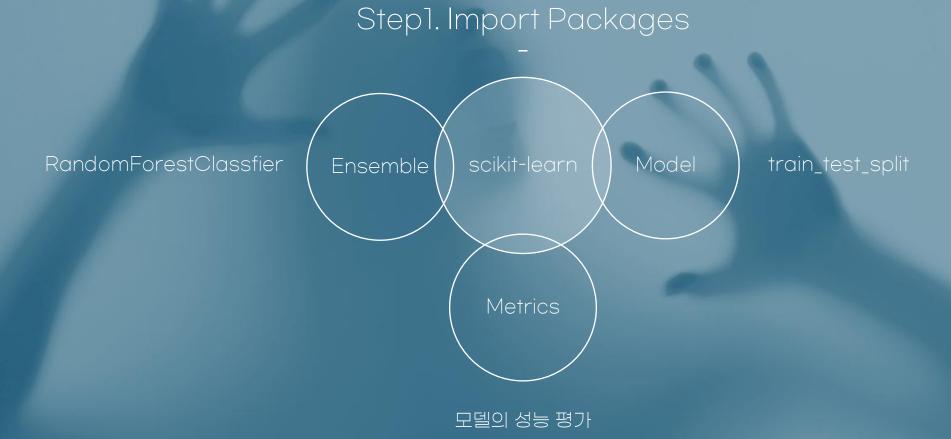
Gender, WPOS, Suicidal Thoughts, etc.: 0/1

### Correlation—



### **Pearson Correlation Coefficient**

연속형 데이터 X 연속형 데이터

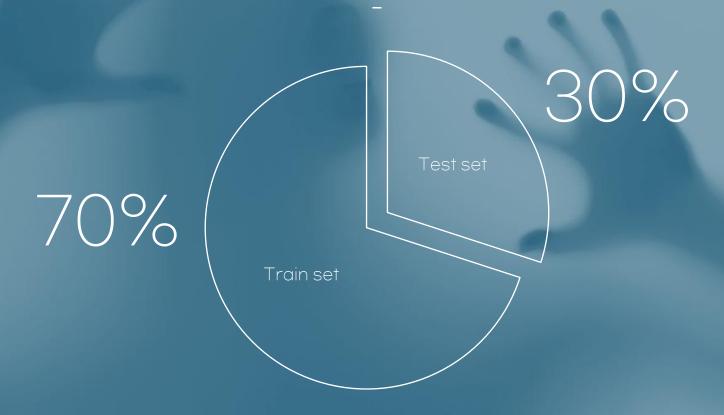


Step2. Setting the Target



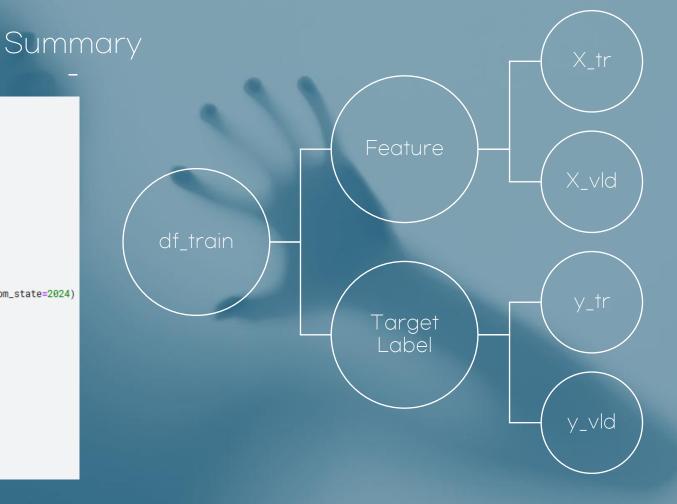
Machine Learning

Step3. Adjust size of train & test set



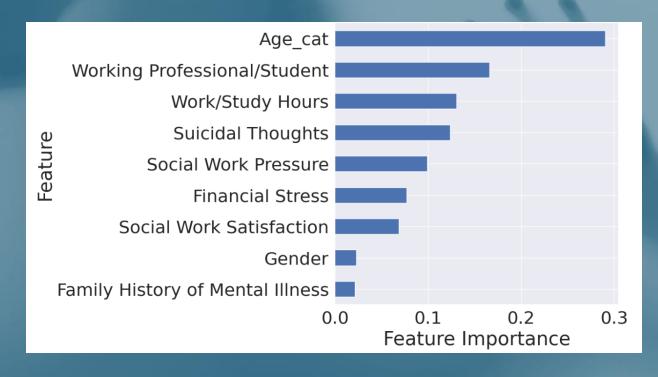
Step4. Random Forest 3. Training Validation Prediction 예측 훈련 검증

```
#sklean 모듈 설치
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
#X_train: Depression을 제외한 일력변수 설정
#target_label: Depression을 출력변수(타켓) 설정
#X_test: 테스트 파일을 Numpy베열로 변환
X_train = df_train.drop('Depression', axis=1).values
target_label = df_train['Depression'].values
X_test = df_test.values
#훈련 및 검증 데이터를 테스트 세트(70%)와 검증 세트(30%)로 분리
#시드라을 고정하여 등일한 제한
X_tr, X_vld, y_tr, y_vld = train_test_split(X_train, target_label, test_size=0.3, random_state=2024)
#매신러님 모델 설정 (RandomForestClassifier)
#fit함수로 데이터 일력
#prediction변수에 예측과 일력 (변수는 Test의 일력데이터(X_vld))
model = RandomForestClassifier()
model.fit(X_tr, y_tr)
prediction = model.predict(X_vld)
#Pandas를 활용해 Feature Importance 추출
from pandas import Series
feature_importance = model.feature_importances_
Series_feat_imp = Series(feature_importance, index=df_test.columns)
```



## Machine Learning

### Conclusion



## Machine Learning

Conclusion

print('총 {}명 중 {:.2f}% 정확도로 우울증 맞춤'.format(y\_vid.shape[0], 100 \* metrics.accuracy\_score(prediction, y\_vid)))

총 42210명 중 91.83% 정확도로 우울증 맞춤