

```
int32_t BSD_Init(BSD_Handle_t *handle, BSD_Param_t *param)
{
    memset((void *)handle, 0, sizeof(BSD_Handle_t));
    memcpy((void *)&(handle->param), (void *)param, sizeof(BSD_Param_t));
    return 0;
}
```

C 库函数 `void *memset(void *str, int c, size_t n)` 复制字符 c（一个无符号字符）到参数 str 所指向的字符串的前 n 个字符。

该行代码为handle分配了内存空间，并将存储的值清为0。

重置结构体变量 handle（BSD_Init的指针参数）

C 库函数 `void *memcpy(void *str1, const void *str2, size_t n)` 从存储区 str2 复制 n 个字节到存储区 str1。

```
int32_t BSD_Run(BSD_Handle_t *handle, Vehicle_Signal_t *vehicle, TRK_ObjList_t
*objlist)
{
    if(vehicle->IPK_BSD_Enable == ENABLE)
    {
        handle->enable = ENABLE;

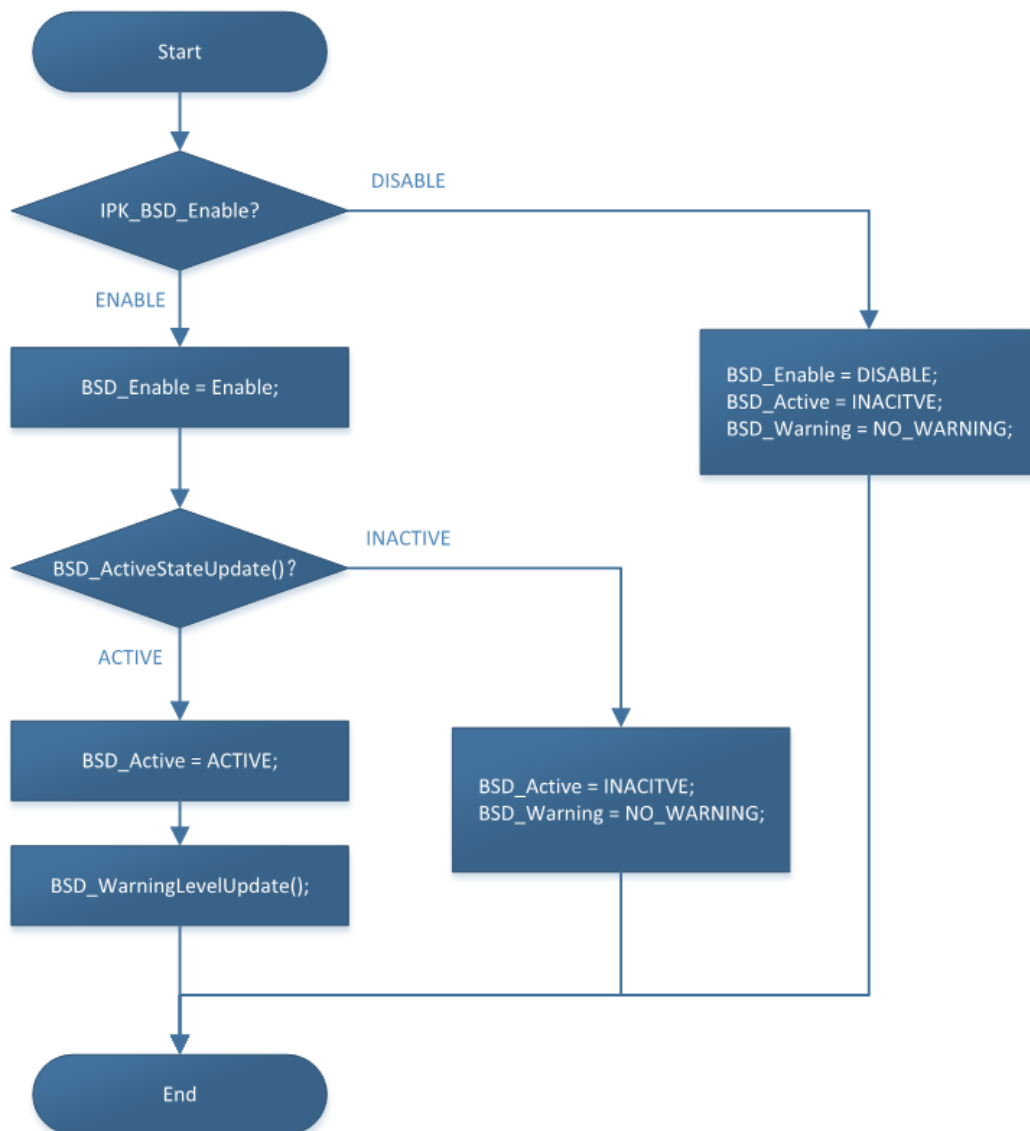
        if(BSD_ActiveStateUpdate(handle, vehicle) == ACTIVE)
        {
            handle->active = ACTIVE;
            BSD_WarningLevelUpdate(handle, vehicle, objlist);
        }
        else
        {
            handle->active = INACTIVE;
            handle->warning = NO_WARNING;
            handle->exitingTime = 0u;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        handle->enable = DISABLE;
        handle->active = INACTIVE;
        handle->warning = NO_WARNING;
        handle->exitingTime = 0u;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

(BSD_Handle_t *handle, Vehicle_Signal_t *vehicle, TRK_ObjList_t *objlist)

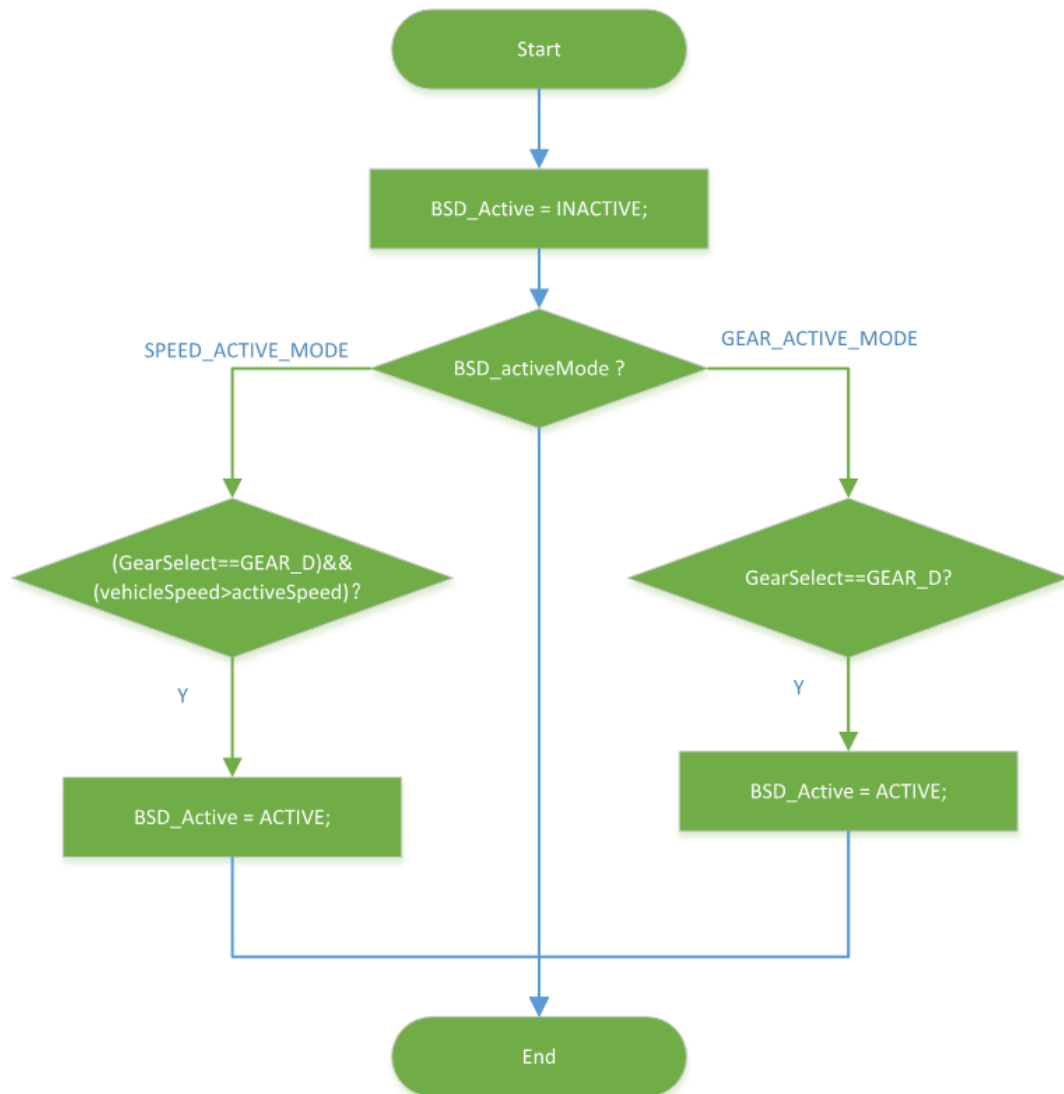
Vehicle_Signal_t: 车辆信号标志, 例如LCA使能, 左右灯, 前后左右门

TRK_ObjList_t: Target list of tracking output.

BSD_RUN



BSD_ActiveStateUpdate



实现功能:

BSD主控制器根据行车速度或者挡位来开启和关闭系统

gear模式：当选择挡位与gear_D匹配

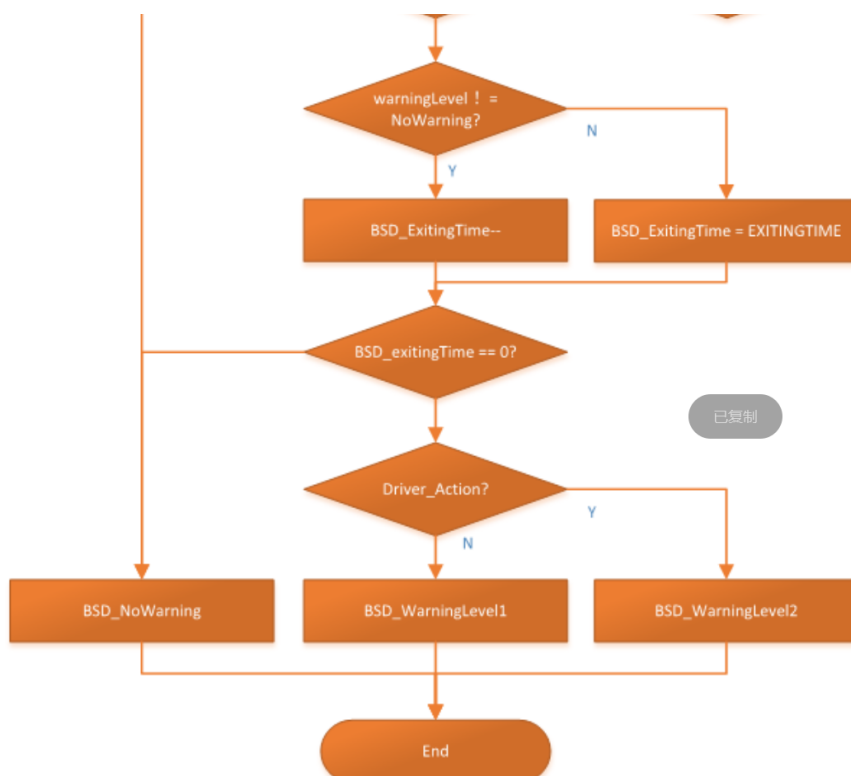
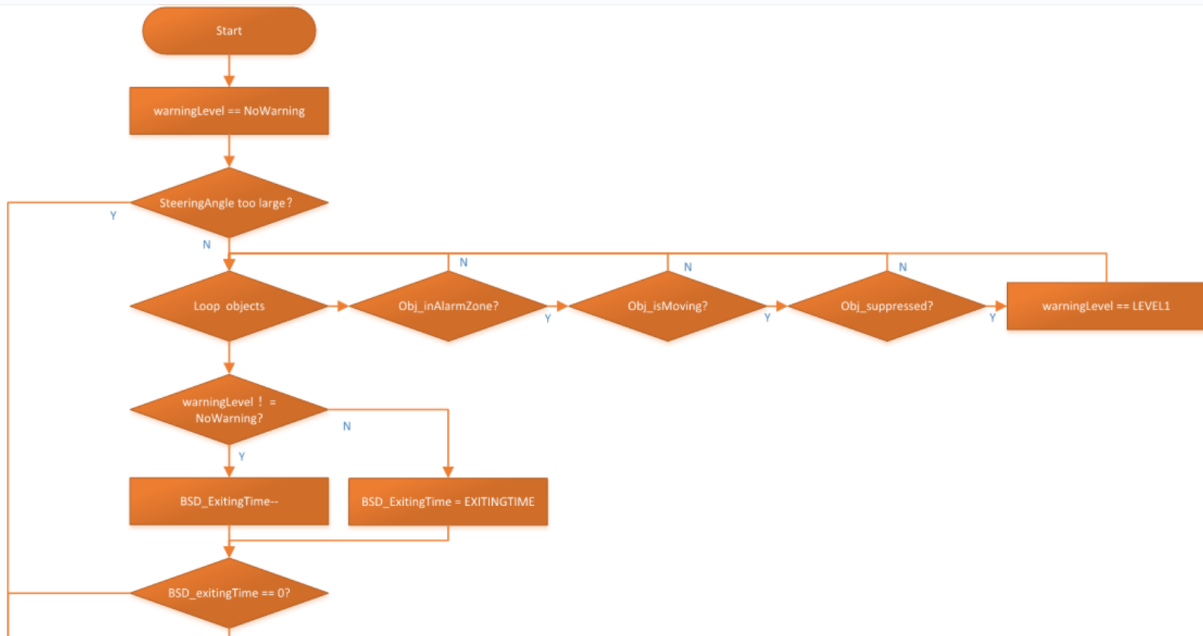
speed模式：当车速大于某个设定值（如15km/h）时并且左后门关闭？？激活（模式未用到）

GB-B BSD Activation Conditions / BSD 激活条件 BSD function will be active under the following conditions:

1. Radar Power on. / 雷达上电
2. System available. / 系统可用
3. BSD function enabled. / BSD 功能使能
4. Gear D. / 挡位是 D 挡

5. The vehicle drives above activation speed (15km/h). /车辆速度在激活速度 (15km/h)以上

BSD_WarningLevelUpdate



```
if (vehicle->SteeringAngle >= 30)
{
    for (idx = 0u; idx < MAX_TRACK_OBJECT_NUM; idx++)
    {
        ID_Of_Obj = objlist->Object[idx].Obj_ID > 63u ? 63u : objlist->Object[idx].Obj_ID;
```

```
        handle->ObjState[ID_Of_Obj].inAlarmZone = 0u;  
        handle->ObjState[ID_Of_Obj].isMoving = 0u;  
        handle->ObjState[ID_Of_Obj].isWarning = 0u;  
        handle->ObjState[ID_Of_Obj].suppressionTime = 0u;  
        handle->ObjState[ID_Of_Obj].suppressed = 0u;  
    }  
    handle->exitingTime = 0u;  
}
```

转向角大于30，不警报？不存在盲点？

车的转向角度与车的实际大小，运载低盘有关系，一般汽车的最大转向角在30度到40度之间，面包车的转向角都基本为30~34，轿车SUV等车型为40。