



```
1 import java.awt.Desktop;
2 import java.net.URI;
3 import java.net.URISyntaxException;
4
5 /**
6 * This project implements a simple application. Properties from a fixed
7 * file can be displayed.
8 *
9 *
10 * @author Michael Kölling and Josh Murphy and Yeshuai Cui(k1924221)
11 * @version 1.0
12 */
13 public class PropertyViewer
14 {
15     private PropertyViewerGUI gui;      // the Graphical User Interface
16     private Portfolio portfolio;
17     private int propertyIndex=0;
18     //first property with index 0
19     private int viewTimes=0;
20     //challenge task 1. record the total property viewed times
21     private int priceSum=0;
22     //challenge task 2. record the total price of property viewed
23 /**
24 * Create a PropertyViewer and display its GUI on screen.
25 */
26 public PropertyViewer()
27 {
28     gui = new PropertyViewerGUI(this);
29     portfolio = new Portfolio("airbnb-london.csv");
30     display(); //display the content.
31     priceSum = portfolio.getProperty(0).getPrice();
32     //first property's price is added.
33     viewTimes += 1;
34     //viewTimes is 1 as first property is displayed.
35 }
36
37 public void display()
38 {
39     gui.showProperty(portfolio.getProperty(propertyIndex));
40     //task1. The property with propertyIndex is displayed, first property
41     //is displayed at start as PropertyIndex is initialised with value 0.
42     gui.showID(portfolio.getProperty(propertyIndex));
43     //task2. Use method in PropertyViewerGUI to display ID around top of
44     //the window.
45     gui.showFavourite(portfolio.getProperty(propertyIndex));
46     //task4. Use method in PropertyViewerGUI to display whether or not
47     //this is the favourite property.
48 }
49
50 /**
51 *Show next property by increment the index.
52 *else statement includes technic preventing wrong index go further.
53 */
54 public void nextProperty()
```

```
55     {
56         propertyIndex = propertyIndex + 1;//increment the index
57         if(propertyIndex>=0&&propertyIndex<portfolio.numberOfProperties()){
58             display();//update the content
59             viewTimes = viewTimes + 1;//increment the view times
60             priceSum = priceSum +
61             portfolio.getProperty(propertyIndex).getPrice();
62             //add the price of this property to the total price viewed.
63         }
64         else{
65             propertyIndex = portfolio.numberOfProperties()-1;
66             System.out.println("You've reach the limit, there's no more
67             property!");
68         }
69     }
70
71 /**
72 *Show previous property by decrement the index.
73 *else statement include technic preventing wrong index go further.
74 */
75 public void previousProperty()
76 {
77     propertyIndex = propertyIndex - 1;//decrement the index
78     if(propertyIndex>=0&&propertyIndex<portfolio.numberOfProperties()){
79         display();//update the content
80         viewTimes = viewTimes+1;//increment the view times
81         priceSum = priceSum +
82         portfolio.getProperty(propertyIndex).getPrice();
83     }
84     else{
85         propertyIndex = 0;
86         System.out.println("You've reach the limit, there's no more
87         property!");
88     }
89 }
90
91 /**
92 *Change the favourite status by calling method in Property
93 */
94 public void toggleFavourite()
95 {
96     portfolio.getProperty(propertyIndex).toggleFavourite();
97     //task3. the isFavourite field of that property is updated
98     display();// instantly display the content without going back again
99 }
100
101
102 //----- methods for challenge tasks -----
103
104 /**
105 * This method opens the system's default internet browser
106 * The Google maps page should show the current properties location on the
107 map.
108 */
109
```

```
104     public void viewMap() throws Exception
105     {
106         double latitude = portfolio.getProperty(propertyIndex).getLatitude();
107         //get the latitude from property by using getProperty method.
108         double longitude = portfolio.getProperty(propertyIndex).getLongitude();
109         //get the longitude from property by using getProperty method.
110         URI uri = new URI("https://www.google.com/maps/place/" + latitude + "," +
111             longitude);
112         java.awt.Desktop.getDesktop().browse(uri);
113     }
114
115     /**
116      * Challenge Task 1. Get total view times by return viewTime field.
117      */
118     public int getNumberOfPropertiesViewed()
119     {
120         return viewTimes ;
121     }
122
123     /**
124      * Challenge task 2 return average value for viewed properties' prices,
125      * add first property's price here.
126      */
127     public double getAveragePropertyPrice()
128     {
129         return priceSum/viewTimes;
130     }
131 }
132 }
```

```
1 import java.util.List;
2 import java.util.ArrayList;
3 import java.io.File;
4 import java.io.BufferedReader;
5 import java.io.File;
6 import java.io.FileReader;
7 import java.io.IOException;
8 import java.net.URL;
9 import java.util.ArrayList;
10 import java.util.Arrays;
11 import com.opencsv.CSVReader;
12 import java.net.URISyntaxException;
13
14 /**
15  * A portfolio is a collection of properties. It reads properties from a file on
16  * disk,
17  * and it can be used to retrieve single properties.
18  *
19  * The file name to read from is passed in at construction.
20  *
21  * @author Michael Kölling and Josh Murphy
22  * @version 1.0
23  */
24 public class Portfolio
25 {
26     private List<Property> properties;
27
28     /**
29      * Constructor for objects of class Portfolio
30      */
31     public Portfolio(String directoryName)
32     {
33         properties = loadProperties();
34     }
35
36     /**
37      * Return a property from this Portfolio.
38      */
39     public Property getProperty(int propertyNumber)
40     {
41         return properties.get(propertyNumber);
42     }
43
44     /**
45      * Return the number of Properties in this Portfolio.
46      */
47     public int numberOfProperties()
48     {
49         return properties.size();
50     }
51
52     /**
53      * Return an ArrayList containing the rows in the AirBnB London data set csv
54      * file.
55     }
```

```
53     */
54     public List<Property> loadProperties() {
55         System.out.print("Begin loading Airbnb london dataset...");
56         ArrayList<Property> listings = new ArrayList<Property>();
57         try{
58             URL url = getClass().getResource("airbnb-london.csv");
59             CSVReader reader = new CSVReader(new FileReader(new
60             File(url.toURI()).getAbsolutePath()));
61             String [] line;
62             //skip the first row (column headers)
63             reader.readNext();
64             while ((line = reader.readNext()) != null) {
65                 String id = line[0];
66                 String name = line[1];
67                 String host_id = line[2];
68                 String host_name = line[3];
69                 String neighbourhood = line[4];
70                 double latitude = convertDouble(line[5]);
71                 double longitude = convertDouble(line[6]);
72                 String room_type = line[7];
73                 int price = convertInt(line[8]);
74                 int minimumNights = convertInt(line[9]);
75                 int availability365 = convertInt(line[10]);
76
77                 Property currentProperty = new Property(id, name, host_id,
78
79                     neighbourhood, latitude,longitude, room_type, price,
80                     minimumNights, availability365);
81                 listings.add(currentProperty);
82             }
83         } catch(IOException | URISyntaxException e){
84             System.out.println("Failure! Something went wrong when loading the
85             property file");
86             e.printStackTrace();
87         }
88         System.out.println("Success! Number of loaded records: " +
89         listings.size());
90         return listings;
91     }
92
93     /**
94      *
95      * @param doubleString the string to be converted to Double type
96      * @return the Double value of the string, or -1.0 if the string is
97      * either empty or just whitespace
98      */
99     private Double convertDouble(String doubleString){
100        if(doubleString != null && !doubleString.trim().equals("")){
101            return Double.parseDouble(doubleString);
102        }
103        return -1.0;
104    }
105
106    /**
107     *
```

```
103 *
104 * @param intString the string to be converted to Integer type
105 * @return the Integer value of the string, or -1 if the string is
106 * either empty or just whitespace
107 */
108 private Integer convertInt(String intString){
109     if(intString != null && !intString.trim().equals("")){
110         return Integer.parseInt(intString);
111     }
112     return -1;
113 }
114
115 }
```

```
1 import java.awt.*;
2 import java.awt.event.*;
3 import javax.swing.*;
4 import javax.swing.border.*;
5
6 import java.io.File;
7
8 import java.util.List;
9 import java.util.ArrayList;
10 import java.util.Iterator;
11
12 /**
13 * PropertyViewerGUI provides the GUI for the project. It displays the property
14 * and strings, and it listens to button clicks.
15 *
16 * @author Michael Kölling, David J Barnes, Josh Murphy, Yeshuai Cui(k1924221)
17 * @version 3.0
18 */
19 public class PropertyViewerGUI
20 {
21     // fields:
22     private JFrame frame;
23     private JPanel propertyPanel;
24     private JPanel statisticsPanel;
25     private JLabel idLabel;
26     private JLabel favouriteLabel;
27
28     private JTextField hostIDLabel;
29     private JTextField hostNameLabel;
30     private JTextField neighbourhoodLabel;
31     private JTextField roomTypeLabel;
32     private JTextField priceLabel;
33     private JTextField minNightsLabel;
34     private JTextField viewTimesLabel;
35     private JTextField averagePriceLabel;
36     private JTextArea descriptionLabel;
37
38     private Property currentProperty;
39     private PropertyViewer viewer;
40     private boolean fixedSize;
41
42 /**
43 * Create a PropertyViewer and display its GUI on screen.
44 */
45 public PropertyViewerGUI(PropertyViewer viewer)
46 {
47     currentProperty = null;
48     this.viewer = viewer;
49     fixedSize = false;
50     makeFrame();
51     this.setPropertyViewSize(400, 250);
52 }
```

```
55 // ---- public view functions ----
56
57 /**
58 * Display a given property
59 */
60 public void showProperty(Property property)
61 {
62     hostIDLabel.setText(property.getHostID());
63     hostNameLabel.setText(property.getHostName());
64     neighbourhoodLabel.setText(property.getNeighbourhood());
65     roomTypeLabel.setText(property.getRoomType());
66     priceLabel.setText("£" + property.getPrice());
67     minNightsLabel.setText(property.getMinNights());
68     //descriptionLabel.setText(property.getDescription());
69 }
70
71 /**
72 * Set a fixed size for the property display. If set, this size will be used
73 for all properties.
74 * If not set, the GUI will resize for each property.
75 */
76 public void setPropertyViewSize(int width, int height)
77 {
78     propertyPanel.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(width, height));
79     frame.pack();
80     fixedSize = true;
81 }
82
83 /**
84 * Set a fixed size for the Statistics dispaly.
85 */
86 public void setStatisticsViewSize()
87 {
88     statisticsPanel.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(250, 400));
89     frame.pack();
90     fixedSize = true;
91 }
92
93 /**
94 * Show a message in the status bar at the bottom of the screen.
95 */
96 public void showFavourite(Property property)
97 {
98     String favouriteText = " ";
99     if (property.isFavourite()){
100         favouriteText += "This is one of your favourite properties!";
101     }
102     else{
103         favouriteText += "This is not one of your favourite properties!";
104     }
105     //display whether or not this is the favourite property.
106     favouriteLabel.setText(favouriteText);
107     //display the text
108 }
```

```
108  
109 	/**  
110 	* Show the ID in the top of the screen.  
111 	*/  
112 	public void showID(Property property){  
113 	idLabel.setText("Current Property ID:" + property.getID());  
114 }  
115  
116  
117 // ---- implementation of button functions ----  
118  
119 	/**  
120 	* Called when the 'Next' button was clicked.  
121 	*/  
122 	private void nextButton()  
123 {  
124 	viewer.nextProperty();  
125 }  
126  
127 	/**  
128 	* Called when the 'Previous' button was clicked.  
129 	*/  
130 	private void previousButton()  
131 {  
132 	viewer.previousProperty();  
133 }  
134  
135 	/**  
136 	* Called when the 'View on Map' button was clicked.  
137 	*/  
138 	private void viewOnMapsButton()  
139 {  
140 	try{  
141 	viewer.viewMap();  
142 }  
143 	catch(Exception e){  
144 	System.out.println("URL INVALID");  
145 }  
146 }  
147  
148 }  
149  
150 	/**  
151 	* Called when the 'Toggle Favourite' button was clicked.  
152 	*/  
153 	private void toggleFavouriteButton(){  
154 	viewer.toggleFavourite();  
155 }  
156  
157 	/**  
158 	* Called when the "statistics" button was clicked.  
159 	*/  
160 	private void statisticsButton(){  
161 	makeStatisticsFrame();
```

```
162     viewTimesLabel.setText(viewer.getNumberOfPropertiesViewed()+"");
163     averagePriceLabel.setText(" £ "+viewer.getAveragePropertyPrice());
164 }
165 // ---- swing stuff to build the frame and all its components -----
166
167 /**
168 * Create the Swing frame and its content.
169 */
170 private void makeFrame()
171 {
172     frame = new JFrame("Portfolio Viewer Application");
173     JPanel contentPane = (JPanel)frame.getContentPane();
174     contentPane.setBorder(new EmptyBorder(6, 6, 6, 6));
175
176     // Specify the layout manager with nice spacing
177     contentPane.setLayout(new BorderLayout(6, 6));
178
179     // Create the property pane in the center
180     propertyPanel = new JPanel();
181     propertyPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(6,2));
182
183     propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("HostID: "));
184     hostIDLabel = new JTextField("default");
185     hostIDLabel.setEditable(false);
186     propertyPanel.add(hostIDLabel);
187
188     propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("Host Name: "));
189     hostNameLabel = new JTextField("default");
190     hostNameLabel.setEditable(false);
191     propertyPanel.add(hostNameLabel);
192
193     propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("Neighbourhood: "));
194     neighbourhoodLabel = new JTextField("default");
195     neighbourhoodLabel.setEditable(false);
196     propertyPanel.add(neighbourhoodLabel);
197
198     propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("Room type: "));
199     roomTypeLabel = new JTextField("default");
200     roomTypeLabel.setEditable(false);
201     propertyPanel.add(roomTypeLabel);
202
203     propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("Price: "));
204     priceLabel = new JTextField("default");
205     priceLabel.setEditable(false);
206     propertyPanel.add(priceLabel);
207
208     propertyPanel.add(new JLabel("Minimum nights: "));
209     minNightsLabel = new JTextField("default");
210     minNightsLabel.setEditable(false);
211     propertyPanel.add(minNightsLabel);
212
213     propertyPanel.setBorder(new EtchedBorder());
214     contentPane.add(propertyPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
215 }
```

```
216     message // Create two labels at top and bottom for the file name and status
217     idLabel = new JLabel("default");
218     contentPane.add(idLabel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
219
220     favouriteLabel = new JLabel(" ");
221     contentPane.add(favouriteLabel, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
222
223     // Create the toolbar with the buttons
224     JPanel toolbar = new JPanel();
225     toolbar.setLayout(new GridLayout(0, 1));
226
227     JButton nextButton = new JButton("Next");
228     nextButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
229         public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
230             nextButton(); }
231         });
232     toolbar.add(nextButton);
233
234     JButton previousButton = new JButton("Previous");
235     previousButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
236         public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
237             previousButton(); }
238         });
239     toolbar.add(previousButton);
240
241     JButton mapButton = new JButton("View Property on Map");
242     mapButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
243         public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
244             viewOnMapsButton(); }
245         });
246     toolbar.add(mapButton);
247
248     JButton favouriteButton = new JButton("Toggle Favourite");
249     favouriteButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
250         public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
251             toggleFavouriteButton(); }
252         });
253     toolbar.add(favouriteButton);
254
255     JButton statisticsButton = new JButton("Statistics");
256     statisticsButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
257         public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
258             statisticsButton(); }
259         });
260     toolbar.add(statisticsButton);
261
262     // Add toolbar into panel with flow layout for spacing
263     JPanel flow = new JPanel();
264     flow.add(toolbar);
265
266     contentPane.add(flow, BorderLayout.WEST);
```

```
264 // building is done - arrange the components
265 frame.pack();
266
267 // place the frame at the center of the screen and show
268 Dimension d = Toolkit.getDefaultToolkit().getScreenSize();
269 frame.setLocation(d.width/2 - frame.getWidth()/2, d.height/2 -
frame.getHeight()/2);
270     frame.setVisible(true);
271 }
272
273 /**
274 * create window for statistics
275 */
276 private void makeStatisticsFrame()
277 {
278     frame = new JFrame("Statistics Viewer Application");
279     JPanel contentPane = (JPanel)frame.getContentPane();
280     contentPane.setBorder(new EmptyBorder(6, 6, 6, 6));
281
282     // Specify the layout manager with nice spacing
283     contentPane.setLayout(new BorderLayout(6, 6));
284
285     // Create the property pane in the center
286     statisticsPanel = new JPanel();
287     statisticsPanel.setLayout(new GridLayout(6,2));
288
289     statisticsPanel.add(new JLabel("total view times"));
290     viewTimesLabel = new JTextField("default");
291     viewTimesLabel.setEditable(false);
292     statisticsPanel.add(viewTimesLabel);
293
294     statisticsPanel.add(new JLabel("average price of property viewed"));
295     averagePriceLabel = new JTextField("default");
296     averagePriceLabel.setEditable(false);
297     statisticsPanel.add(averagePriceLabel);
298
299     statisticsPanel.setBorder(new EtchedBorder());
300     contentPane.add(statisticsPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
301     frame.pack();
302
303     // place the frame at the center of the screen and show
304     Dimension d = Toolkit.getDefaultToolkit().getScreenSize();
305     frame.setLocation(d.width/2 - frame.getWidth()/2, d.height/2 -
frame.getHeight()/2);
306         frame.setVisible(true);
307     }
308 }
```

```
1 import java.awt.*;
2 import java.awt.image.*;
3 import javax.swing.*;
4 import javax.imageio.*;
5 import java.io.*;
6
7 /**
8 * Property is a class that defines a property for display.
9 *
10 * @author Michael Kölling and Josh Murphy
11 * @version 2.0
12 */
13 public class Property
14 {
15
16     private String id;
17     private String description;
18     private String hostID;
19     private String hostName;
20     private String neighbourhood;
21     private double latitude;
22     private double longitude;
23     private String roomType;
24     private int price;
25     private int minimumNights;
26     private int availability365;
27     private boolean isFavourite;
28
29 /**
30 * Create a new property with specified initial values.
31 */
32 public Property(String id, String name, String hostID, String hostName,
33                 String neighbourhood, double latitude, double longitude, String
roomType,
34                 int price, int minimumNights, int availability365){
35         this.id = id;
36         this.description = name;
37         this.hostID = hostID;
38         this.hostName = hostName;
39         this.neighbourhood = neighbourhood;
40         this.latitude = latitude;
41         this.longitude = longitude;
42         this.roomType = roomType;
43         this.price = price;
44         this.minimumNights = minimumNights;
45         this.availability365 = availability365;
46
47         isFavourite = false;
48     }
49
50 /**
51 * Return the Id of this property.
52 */
53 public String getID(){
```

```
54     return id;
55 }
56
57 /**
58 * Return the hostId of this property.
59 */
60 public String getHostID(){
61     return hostID;
62 }
63
64 /**
65 * Return the latitude of this property.
66 */
67 public double getLatitude(){
68     return latitude;
69 }
70
71 /**
72 * Return the longitude of this property.
73 */
74 public double getLongitude(){
75     return longitude;
76 }
77
78 /**
79 * Return the price of this property.
80 */
81 public int getPrice(){
82     return price;
83 }
84
85 /**
86 * Returns true if this property is currently marked as a favourite, false
otherwise.
87 */
88 public boolean isFavourite(){
89     return isFavourite;
90 }
91
92 /**
93 * Return the host name of this property.
94 */
95 public String getHostName(){
96     return hostName;
97 }
98
99 /**
100 * Return the neighbourhood of this property.
101 */
102 public String getNeighbourhood(){
103     return neighbourhood;
104 }
105
106 /**
```

```
107 * Return the room type of this property.  
108 */  
109 public String getRoomType(){  
110     return roomType;  
111 }  
112  
113 /**  
114 * Return the minimum number of nights this property can be booked for.  
115 */  
116 public String getMinNights(){  
117     return "" + minimumNights;  
118 }  
119  
120 /**  
121 * Return the description of this property.  
122 */  
123 public String getDescription(){  
124     return description;  
125 }  
126  
127 /**  
128 * Toggles whether this property is marked as a favourite or not.  
129 */  
130 public void toggleFavourite()  
131 {  
132     isFavourite = !isFavourite;  
133 }  
134  
135 }  
136
```