凸优化第6次作业 1. 原问题 (=) min |y|2 max Icix-diz s.t. cix-d=y |AX-b|2€X s.t. Ax-6=2 |Z < > Lagrange 函数为  $L(x,y,Z,\alpha,\beta,\gamma) = |y|_1 + \alpha(c^7x-d-y) + \beta(Ax-b-Z) + \gamma(Z_2-\lambda)$ =  $-dd + \beta^7b - \lambda\gamma - |y| - dy + \alpha C^7x + \beta^7Ax - \beta^7Z + \gamma |Z|_2$ 可得对偶图数为 g(x,β, 8)=-dd+βTb-λγ+inf(|y|2-dy+(dC+βTA)x-βTZ+γ[Z|2) = -dx+BTb-27+inf(|Y|-dy+(dl+BTA)x)-Ysup(+BTZ-12/2) 故对偶问题为 max -da+BTb-AK diBio st. XcT+BTA=0  $\left| \frac{1}{\gamma} \beta^7 \right|_2 \leq 1$ 12 /2 ×

2.解,原问题: 
$$m/n$$
  $x_1^2 - X_L$   $x_1 + x_2^2 = 6$   $x_1 + x_2 = 6$   $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6$   $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 6$   $x_1 = -\frac{\lambda + v}{2M + 2}$   $x_1 = -\frac{\lambda + v}{2M + 2}$   $x_2 = -\frac{1 + v}{2M + 2}$   $x_1 + x_2 = 6 = 0$   $x_1 = -\frac{\lambda + v}{2M + 2}$   $x_2 = -\frac{1 - v}{2M + 2}$   $x_1 + x_2 = 6$   $x_2 + x_3 = 6$   $x_1 + x_2 = 6$   $x_2 + x_3 = 6$   $x_1 + x_2 = 6$   $x_2 + x_3 = 6$ 

