

Problem Set 2

Sept. 23, 2021

- (Optional) Search on the Internet or in the literature about the history of people's study to show smoking is harmful to human health. Write a short summary on it and discuss why it took so long to reach the conclusion.
- For the two-class problem, FLD can be obtained as a special case of MSE. Assume that class C_1 has n_1 samples $\mathbf{x}_i, i = 1, \dots, n_1$ and class C_2 has n_2 samples $\mathbf{x}_i, i = 1, \dots, n_2$. In MSE, we take targets for samples class C_1 and C_2 to be $b_1 = \frac{n}{n_1}$ and $b_2 = -\frac{n}{n_2}$, respectively. n is the total number of samples i.e. $n = n_1 + n_2$. So the sum-of-squares error function can be written as:

$$E = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}_i + w_0 - t_i)^2, \quad t_i = \begin{cases} \frac{n}{n_1}, & \text{if } \mathbf{x}_i \in C_1 \\ -\frac{n}{n_2}, & \text{if } \mathbf{x}_i \in C_2 \end{cases}$$

Our goal is to get the MSE solution of \mathbf{w} and w_0 . Tasks:

- Prove that the optimal $w_0 = -\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{m}$, where \mathbf{m} is the mean vector of all samples
- Derive that the optimal \mathbf{w} satisfy the following formula:

$$\left(\mathbf{S}_w + \frac{n_1 n_2}{n} \mathbf{S}_B \right) \mathbf{w} = n(\mathbf{m}_1 - \mathbf{m}_2)$$

where \mathbf{S}_w and \mathbf{S}_B are the within-class scatter matrix and between-class scatter matrix, and $\mathbf{m}_1, \mathbf{m}_2$ are the means of the two classes, respectively.

- Following the formula in (2), derive that $\mathbf{w} \propto \mathbf{S}_w^{-1}(\mathbf{m}_1 - \mathbf{m}_2)$.
- Find or work out a proof of the Perceptron convergence theorem. Show that the algorithm will not converge when the samples are not linearly separable.
- Study the basic formulas of the logistic/sigmoid function.
 - For

$$\theta(s) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-s}}$$

show that

$$\theta(s) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-s}} = \frac{e^s}{e^s + 1},$$

$$\theta(-s) = 1 - \theta(s),$$

$$\theta'(s) = \theta(s)(1 - \theta(s)).$$

- Study the relationship of the hyperbolic tangent function

$$f(s) = \tanh s$$

to the $\theta(s)$, and derive the derivative of $f(s) = \tanh s$.

Due date: Sept. 29 (Wed.) 23:00 Beijing time