## Exercise

# Population Genetics (Sim)

Simulation of genetic drift

Perform a simulation study on genetic drift. In particular, assume a SNP with two alleles of frequency 50% at generation 0, population sizes of 10, 100, 1000 and 10,000 chromosomes, respectively, and 50 generations. For each population size, perform 100 replications. Graph the allele frequencies by generation for all 100 replications of size 1000 within a single graph. Summarize replication results by generating a histogram and calculate summary statistics for the allele frequencies after 50 generations for each of the three population sizes.

The required R script is placed in the file **popgen\_drift.R**. Open this file in a text editor and copy-paste the commands in the R console (you can also use the source command in R). Inspect the resulting graphs.

Frequency changes caused by selection

Explore the impact of the strength of selection on the change in allele frequency. To this end, assume selection coefficients s of 0.001, 0.01 and 0.1, respectively, a heterozygote effect of h=0.5 and a deleterious allele frequency of 50% at generation 0. Calculate the allele frequencies within the next 100 generations and graph them by generation. Give the allele frequencies after 100 generations for each of the three coefficients.

fs=0.001(100) = fs=0.01(100) = fs=0.1(100) = .

The required R script is placed in the file **popgen\_selection.R**. Open this file in a text editor and copy-paste the commands in the R console (you can also use the source command in R). Inspect the resulting graph.

## Answers

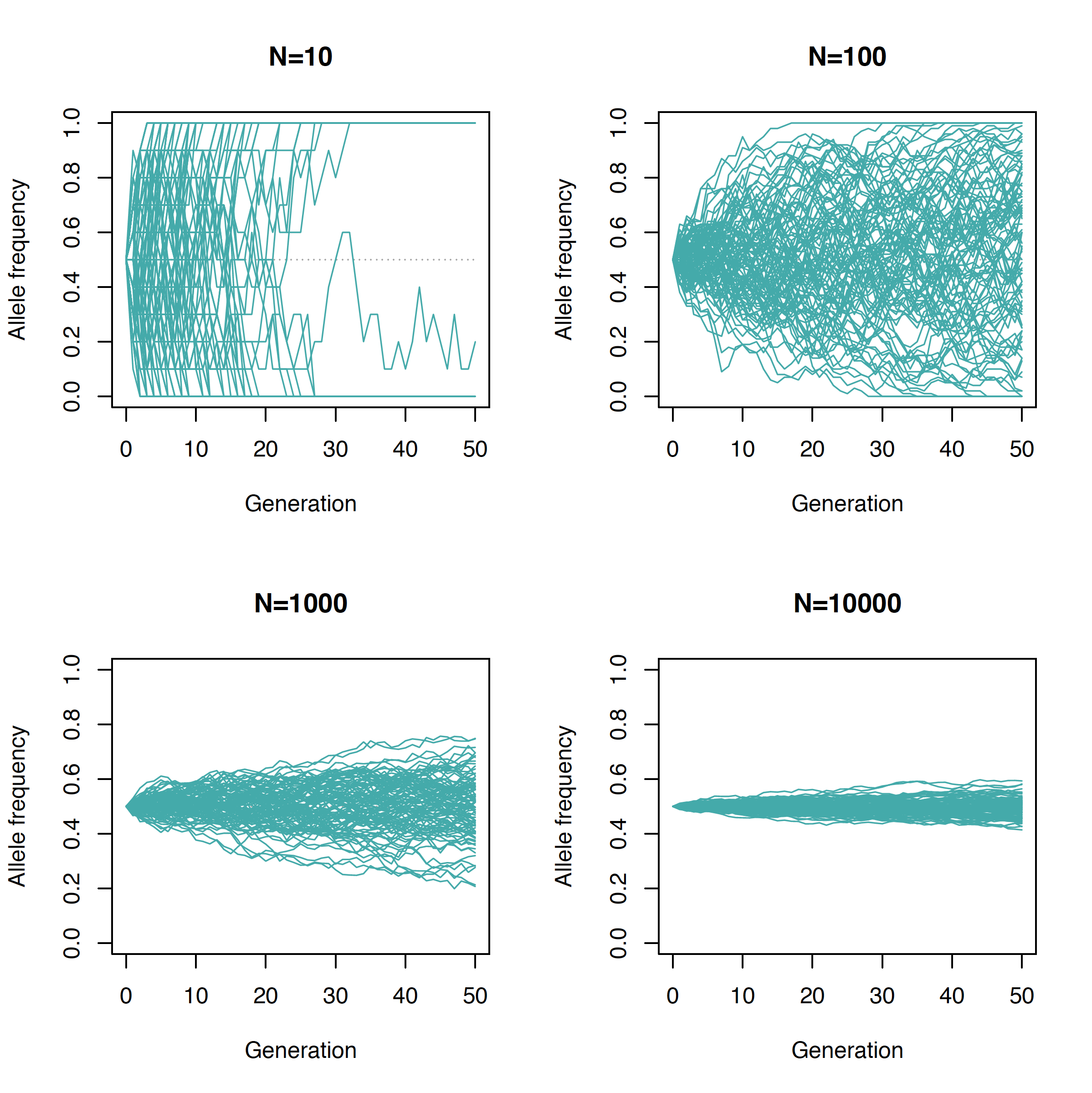
# Population Genetics (Sim)

Simulation of genetic drift

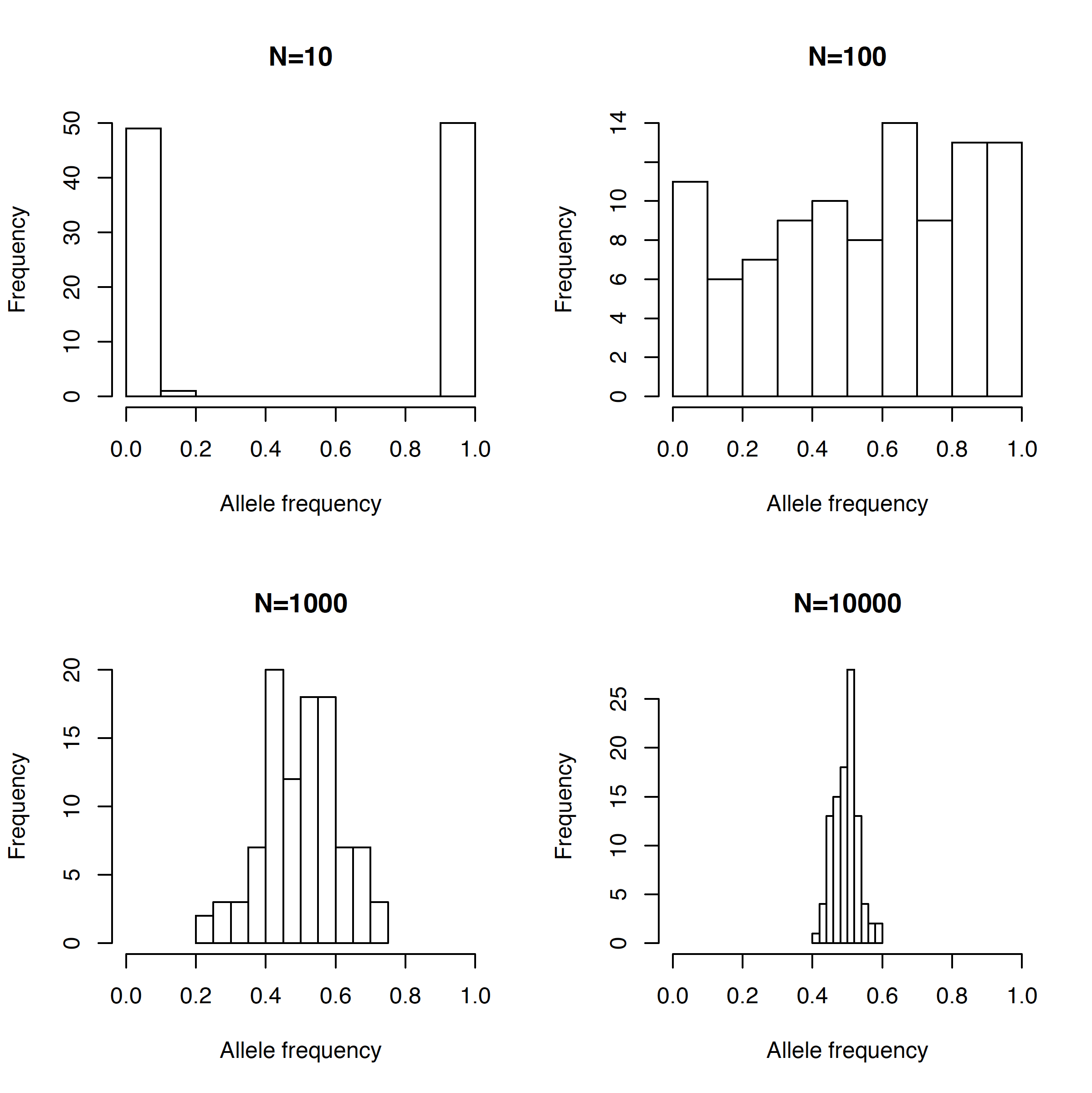
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**Allele frequency changes**



**Allele frequencies after 50 generations**



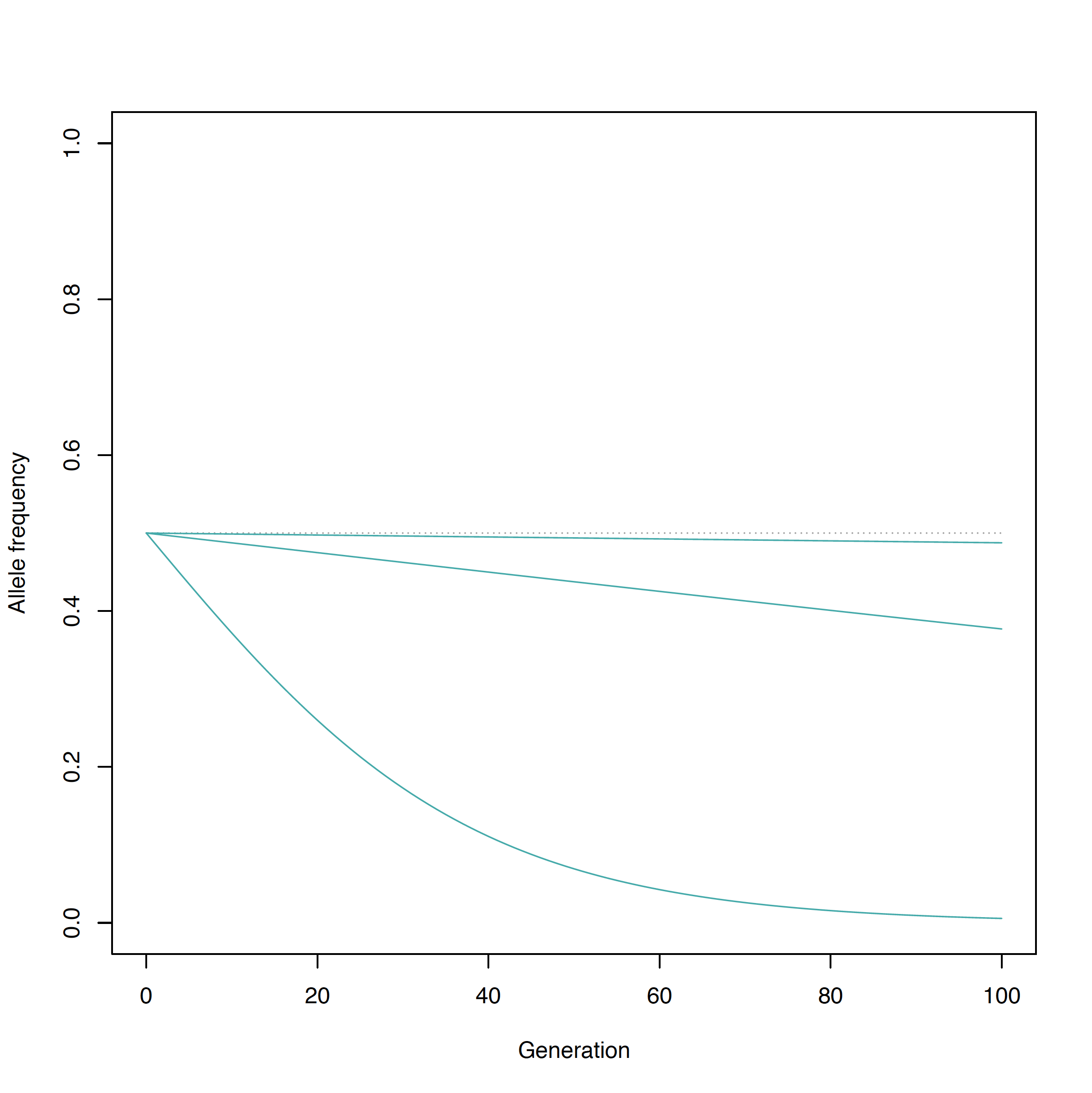
Frequency changes caused by selection

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The required R script is placed in the file **popgen\_selection.R**. Open this file in a text editor and copy-paste the commands in the R console (you can also use the source command in R). Inspect the resulting graph.

**Allele frequency changes**



**Allele frequencies after 100 generations**

fs=0.001(100) = 0.4875 fs=0.01(100) = 0.3770 fs=0.1(100) = 0.0057