



# Graph Algebra and Formally Defined Programs in Z

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Using Haskell to Reason and Verify Programs

Leonard Kleinrock

01.jan.2022

Formal Methods International Congress



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# Lists

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- |   |               |   |          |
|---|---------------|---|----------|
| 1 | Dasein        | 1 | Noumena  |
| 2 | Prolegomena   | 2 | Gnosis   |
| 3 | Phenomenology | 3 | Metanoia |

# Is Algebraic Graph Knowledge possible?

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Research has been conducted in order to evaluate the possibility of reaching meaningful knowledge from Algebraic Graph transformations.

- Model Checking and theorem proving are viable paths.

When the need to make strong assertions becomes inevitable:

- This is the first way: **outstanding assertion!**
- Even greater impact comes from: **hilight text!**

| **Footenote**: This is a footnote.

# H1

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## H2

### H3

#### H4

##### H5

###### H6

- This is a fragment o normal text written here in order to exemplify the use of several featrues in CSS.
- This is a fragment o normal text written here in order to exemplify the use of several featrues in CSS.
  - This is one **feature**
  - This is another subjetc.

# Lists

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1. One
2. Two in italic
3. Three is a bold number;
  - i. abc
  - ii. def
4. End of list.

```
primes = filterPrime [2..]
where filterPrime (p:xs) =
      p : filterPrime [x | x <- xs, x `mod` p /= 0]

seqLength :: Num b ⇒ Sequence a → b
seqAppend :: Sequence a → Sequence a → Sequence a

seqLength Nil = 0
seqLength (Cons _ xs) = 1 + seqLength xs

seqAppend Nil ys = ys
seqAppend (Cons x xs) ys = Cons x (seqAppend xs ys)
```

# Tables

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Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D
A1	B1	C1	D1
A2	B2	C2	D2
A3	B3	C3	D3

Table: Exemple of table use.

# LaTeX Equations

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$$\frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial t^2} = \nabla^2 \circ \psi$$

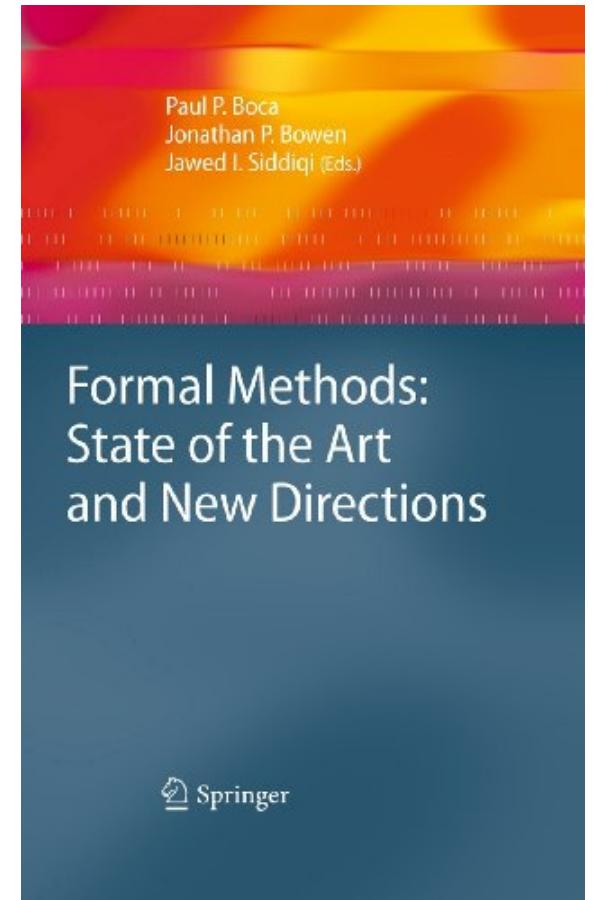
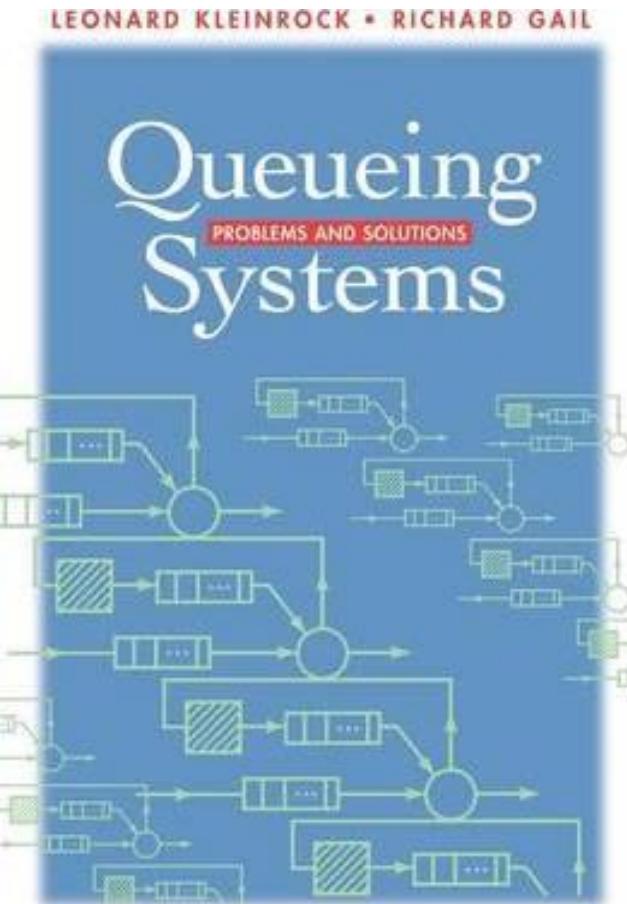
$$\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t}$$

$$\nabla^2 \mathbf{E} = \mu\epsilon \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{E}}{\partial t^2}$$

$$c = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\mu\epsilon}}$$

# Imagens in Two Columns

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"There is an **increasing** demand of current information systems to incorporate the use of a higher degree of formalism in the development process. **Formal Methods** consist of a set of tools and techniques based on mathematical model and formal logic that are used to **specify and verify** requirements and designs for hardware and software systems."

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- **Mona Batra** -

# Transition Slide

## References

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1. Boehm B. W.: Software Engineering Economics . Prentice Hall, 1981.
2. Pressman Roger S: Software Engineering - A Practitioner's Approach , McGraw Hill, 5th edition. 2000.
3. Rushby John: Formal Methods and the Certification of Critical Systems . Tech. Rep. SRI-CSL-93-7, Computer Science Laboratory, SRI International, Menlo Park, CA, Dec. 1993.

## References

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