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2012年英语一阅读 Text 3 科学发现声明的取信过程

审题找关键点,精准定位,提高正确率:

31. According to the first paragraph, the process of discovery is characterized by its
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32. It can be inferred from Paragraph 2 that credibility process requires
33. Paragraph 3 shows that a discovery claim becomes credible after it
34. Albert Szent-Györgyi would most likely agree that
35. Which of the following would be the best title of the test?
段1
①In the idealized version of how science is done, facts about the world are waiting to
be observed and collected by objective researchers who use the scientific method to
carry out their work. ②But in the everyday practice of science, discovery frequently
follows an ambiguous and complicated route. (3) We aim to be objective, but we cannot
escape the context of our unique life experiences. (4) Prior knowledge and interests
influence what we experience, what we think our experiences mean, and the subsequent
actions we take. ⑤Opportunities for misinterpretation, error, and self-deception abound.
【段1】
【句】长难句①见微信公众号田静老师的每日长难句39。
段1生词:
• the idealized version 理想方式
• idealize v. 使理想化
• objective adj n. 目的,目标
• carry out one's work 开展工作
frequently adv.

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	frequent adj		
•	follows a route 沿着路径		
•	ambiguous adj		
•	complicated adj		
•	context n. 背景,环境;上下文		
•	prior knowledge 先验知识,先前知识		
•	subsequent adj.		
	subsequently adv.	-	
•	misinterpretation n. 误解		
	interpretation n. 解释,说明;演绎		
•	self-deception n. 自我欺骗		
	deception n. 欺骗;骗术		

段2

①Consequently, discovery claims should be thought of as protoscience. ②Similar to newly staked mining claims, they are full of potential. ③But it takes collective scrutiny and acceptance to transform a discovery claim into a mature discovery. ④This is the credibility process, through which the individual researcher's me, here, now becomes the community's anyone, anywhere, anytime. ⑤Objective knowledge is the goal, not the starting point.

【段2】_____

段2生词:

consequently adv.

abound v. 充满,大量存在,富于

- discovery claims 发现声明
- protoscience n. 源科学, 科学雏形

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•	similar to
•	stake (out) a claim 公开声明对拥有所有权
•	stake v. 用桩支撑,标桩,系于桩上
•	mining n. 采矿
•	full of potential
•	collective adj n. 集团;集合体
	collect v. 收集,聚集
	collection n. 收集,聚集;收藏品
•	scrutiny n.
	scrutinize/scrutinise v
•	acceptance n. 接受,接纳;赞成
	accept v. 接受,接纳; 赞成
•	transform into 将转变为
•	transform v. 转变,改变;转化,转换
	transformation n. 转变,改变;转化,转换
•	mature adj. 成熟的,充分考虑的;成年人的
•	the credibility process
•	community n. 闭体;社区、群落

段3

①Once a discovery claim becomes public, the discoverer receives intellectual credit. ②But, unlike with mining claims, the community takes control of what happens next. ③Within the complex social structure of the scientific community, researchers make discoveries; editors and reviewers act as gatekeepers by controlling the publication process; other scientists use the new finding to suit their own purposes; and finally, the public (including other scientists) receives the new discovery and possibly accompanying

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technology. (4) As a discovery claim works its way through the community, the interaction and confrontation between shared and competing beliefs about the science and the technology involved transforms an individual's discovery claim into the community's credible discovery.

【段3】____

【句】长难句④见微信公众号田静老师的每日长难句40。	
段3生词:	
• intellectual credit 学术赞誉	
• intellectual adj n. 知识分子	
• take control of 掌控	
• complex adj	
• the scientific community 科学界	
• act as 担任角色	
• suit one's own purposes 满足某人自己的需要、目的	
• work one's way through 排除困难穿过(朝特定的方向)前进	
• interaction n. 相互作用,相互影响	
confrontation n	
confront v	
• shared and competing beliefs 相容的和相抗的理念	
• credible adj	
credibly adv	
orodibility n	

段4

①Two paradoxes exist throughout this credibility process. ②First, scientific work tends to focus on some aspect of prevailing knowledge that is viewed as incomplete or

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incorrect. ③Little reward accompanies duplication and confirmation of what is already known and believed. ④The goal is new-search, not re-search. ⑤Not surprisingly, newly published discovery claims and credible discoveries that appear to be important and convincing will always be open to challenge and potential modification or refutation by future researchers. ⑥Second, novelty itself frequently provokes disbelief. ⑦Nobel Laureate and physiologist Albert Szent-Györgyi once described discovery as "seeing what everybody has seen and thinking what nobody has thought." ⑧But thinking what nobody else has thought and telling others what they have missed may not change their views. ④Sometimes years are required for truly novel discovery claims to be accepted and appreciated.

[四4]	
[校4]	

段	4生词:
•	paradox n
•	tend to do sth.
•	focus on 集中、聚焦于
•	prevailing adj
•	be viewed as 被视为
•	incomplete adj. 不完全的,未完成的,不完整的
	complete adj. 完整的,完成的 v. 完成,使完满
•	incorrect adj. 不正确的,错误的
	correct adj. 正确的 v. 改正,批改,指出错误
•	duplication n. 重复,复制
•	confirmation n
	confirm v
•	appear to do/be 貌似,看起来似乎

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•	convincing adj
	convince v
•	be open to challenge 面对挑战
•	modification n. 修改,改变,更改
	modify v. 修改,改变,更改
•	refutation n. 辩驳,反驳,驳斥
•	novelty n.
	novel adj.
•	provoke v.
•	disbelief n. 不相信,怀疑
•	Nobel Laureate 诺贝尔奖获得者
•	physiologist n. 生理学家
•	appreciate v. 欣赏,重视;意识到

段5

①In the end, credibility "happens" to a discovery claim—a process that corresponds to what philosopher Annette Baier has described as the *commons of the mind*. ②"We reason together, challenge, revise, and complete each other's reasoning and each other's conceptions of reason."

[段5]	

段5生词:
correspond to
• correspond v. 相一致,符合;相当,相类似
• philosopher n. 哲学家
• reason v n. 理由,原因;理性
conception n

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31. According to the first paragraph, the process of discovery is characterized by its
———. [A] uncertainty and complexity
[B] misconception and deceptiveness
[C] logicality and objectivity
[D] systematicness and regularity
我的答案: 正确答案:
根据原文中的哪句话判断出答案?
选项B和C的正误原因?
静姐的"填坑指南":
32. It can be inferred from Paragraph 2 that credibility process requires
[A] strict inspection
[B] shared efforts
[C] individual wisdom
[D] persistent innovation
我的答案: 正确答案:
根据原文中的哪两句话判断出答案?
静姐的"填坑指南":
33. Paragraph 3 shows that a discovery claim becomes credible after it
[A] has attracted the attention of the general public
[B] has been examined by the scientific community
[C] has received recognition from editors and reviewers
[D] has been frequently quoted by peer scientists
我的答案: 正确答案:
选项A、C和D的正误原因?

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静姐的"填坑指南":		
34. Albert Szent-Györgyi would most likely agree that		
[A] scientific claims will survive challenges		
[B] discoveries today inspire future research		
[C] efforts to make discoveries are justified		
[D] scientific work calls for a critical mind		
我的答案: 正确答案:		
定位原文在哪段?		
选项B和C的正误原因?		
静姐的"填坑指南":		
35. Which of the following would be the best title of the test?		
[A] Novelty as an Engine of Scientific Development		
[B] Collective Scrutiny in Scientific Discovery		
[C] Evolution of Credibility in Doing Science		
[D] Challenge to Credibility at the Gate to Science		
我的答案: 正确答案:		
选项B和D的正误原因?		
静星的"埴坑指南":		