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考研阅读 英语一 2021年 Text 1 乘客不会永远忍受不断上涨的铁路票价

• yet adv. 又,甚至(强调增加或重复)

• fare n. 交通费用

中心人们也人说: 有在人位,他们正哪干。			
21. The author holds that this year's increase in rail passenger fares			
22. The stockbroker in Paragraph 2 is used to stand for			
23. It is indicated in Paragraph 3 that train operators			
24. If unable to calm down passengers, the railways may have to face			
25. Which of the following would be the best title for the text?			
段1			
①How can Britain's train operators possibly justify yet another increase to rail			
passenger fares? ②It has become a grimly reliable annual ritual: every January the cost			
of travelling by train rises, imposing a significant extra burden on those who have no			
option but to use the rail network to get to work or otherwise. 3This year's rise, an			
average of 2.7 per cent, may be a fraction lower than last year's, but it is still well above			
the official Consumer Price Index(CPI) measure of inflation.			
【段1】			
段1生词:			
• operator n. 经营者;操作员			
operate v. 管理,经营,运营;操作			
operation n. 管理,经营,运营;操作			
• justify v			
justified adj.			

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• grimly ad. 严格地;严肃地
• reliable adj
reliably adv
reliability n
unreliable adj
• ritual n. 惯例,习惯
• impose v.
• significant adj. 显著的,相当数量的;重要的,意义重大的
significantly adv. 显著地,相当数量地;意义重大地
significance n. 重要性,意义
• fraction n. 少量,小部分
• inflation n; 膨胀

段2

①Successive governments have permitted such increases on the grounds that the cost of investing in and running the rail network should be borne by those who use it, rather than the general taxpayer. ②Why, the argument goes, should a car-driving pensioner from Lincolnshire have to subsidise the daily commute of a stockbroker from Surrey? ③Equally, there is a sense that the travails of commuters in the South East, many of whom will face among the biggest rises, have received too much attention compared to those who must endure the relatively poor infrastructure of the Midlands and the North.

段2生词:

- successive adj. 相继的, 连续的
- on the ground that...

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• bear v (过去式bore, 过去分词borne)
• taxpayer n. 纳税人
• pensioner n. 领取养老金(或退休金、抚恤金)的人
pension n. 养老金,退休金
• subsidise/subsidize v
subsidy n
• commute n./v.
commuter n.
• stockbroker n. 股票(或证券)经纪人
• travail n. 痛苦,艰辛;艰苦劳动
• receive too much attention 受到过多关注
• compared to
• endure v. 忍受,忍耐;持续存在,持久
endurable adj. 能忍耐的,可忍受的;能持久的
• relatively adv. 相对地;相当地
• infrastructure n. 基础设施

段3

①However, over the past 12 months, those commuters have also experienced some of the worst rail strikes in years. ②It is all very well train operators trumpeting the improvements they are making to the network, but passengers should be able to expect a basic level of service for the substantial sums they are now paying to travel. ③The responsibility for the latest wave of strikes rests on the unions. ④However, there is a strong case that those who have been worst affected by industrial action should receive compensation for the disruption they have suffered.

[段3]



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段3生词:
• experience v. 经历 n. 经历;经验
• strike n. 罢工
• trumpet v. 鼓吹;大肆宣扬
• improvement n
improve v
• substantial adj. 大量的;重大的,价值巨大的
substantially adv. 大量地,大幅地;实质上
• responsibility n
responsible adj.
responsibly adv
• compensation n
compensate v;抵消
• disruption n. 扰乱,中断
disrupt v. 扰乱,中断

段4

The Government has pledged to change the law to introduce a minimum service requirement so that, even when strikes occur, services can continue to operate. ②This should form part of a wider package of measures to address the long-running problems on Britain's railways. ③Yes, more investment is needed, but passengers will not be willing to pay more indefinitely if they must also endure cramped, unreliable services, interrupted by regular chaos when timetables are changed, or planned maintenance is managed incompetently. ④The threat of nationalisation may have been seen off for now, but it will return with a vengeance if the justified anger of passengers is not addressed in short order.

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【段4】______

段4生词:		
• pledge v		
address the long-running problems		
• address v; 演讲		
• be willing to do sth. 愿意做某事		
• indefinitely adv. 不确定地;无限期地		
indefinite adj. 无限期的;不明确的		
• cramped adj. 拥挤的,狭窄的		
• chaos n. 混乱,无秩序状态		
• maintenance n. 维护,保养;保持,维持		
maintain v. 维护,保养;保持,维持		
• incompetently adv		
competent adj		
nationalisation n		
• see off 打败,战胜;送行,送别		
• for now		
● with a vengeance 猛烈地;极度地		
• vengeance n. 复仇;报复		
• in short order 迅速地,立即		
21. The author holds that this year's increase in rail passenger fares		
[A] will ease train operators' burden.		
[B] has kept pace with inflation.		
[C] is a big surprise to commuters.		
[D] remains an unreasonable measure.		
升的交安· 工场交安·		

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定位原文在	E哪段?
每个选项的	正误原因?
静姐的"填	坑指南":细节题要比对,采用静姐的""。
22. The st	ockbroker in Paragraph 2 is used to stand for
[A]	car drivers.
[B]	rail travellers.
[C]	local investors.
[D]	ordinary taxpayers.
我的答案:	正确答案:
根据原文中	的哪句话可以判断出答案?
静姐的"填	坑指南":注意这个词commute,意思是
23. It is in	dicated in Paragraph 3 that train operators
[A]	are offering compensation to commuters.
[8]	are trying to repair relations with the unions.
[C]	have failed to provide an adequate service.
[a]	have suffered huge losses owing to the strikes.
我的答案:	正确答案:
每个选项的	可正误原因?
静姐的"填	坑指南":注意选项D,最大的难点在于
24. If unab	ole to calm down passengers, the railways may have to face
[A]	a change of ownership.
[B]	a reduction of revenue.
[C]	the loss of investment.
[0]	the collapse of operations.

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我的答案: 正确答案:			
定位原文在哪段?			
根据原文中的哪句话可以判断出答案?			
静姐的"填坑指南":本题的难点在于			
题干中的If unable to calm down passengers = 原文中的			
25. Which of the following would be the best title for the text?			
[A] Ever-rising Fares Aren't Sustainable			
[B] Who Are to Blame for the Strikes?			
[C] Constant Complaining Doesn't Work			
[D] Can Nationalisation Bring Hope?			
我的答案: 正确答案:			
静姐的"填坑指南":选标题就是在考查, 这类题的解题			
关键在于三点,1,3			
每个选项的正误原因?			