

# **Chapter 7: Logistic Regression - Pipeline**

## **Ex2: Titanic**

Dataset 'titanic.csv'.

#### Requirement:

- · Read data
- · Pre-process data.
- With some information: 'Survived', 'Pclass', 'Sex', 'Age', 'SibSp', 'Parch', 'Fare', 'Embarked' => build a model (use Pipeline) to predict if a passenger on Titanic 'Survived' or not
- · Estimate this model.

```
In [1]:
        import findspark
        findspark.init()
In [2]: from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
        spark = SparkSession.builder.appName('myproj').getOrCreate()
        data = spark.read.csv('titanic.csv',inferSchema=True,header=True)
In [5]: | data.count()
Out[5]: 891
In [6]: | data.printSchema()
         |-- PassengerId: integer (nullable = true)
          |-- Survived: integer (nullable = true)
          |-- Pclass: integer (nullable = true)
          |-- Name: string (nullable = true)
          |-- Sex: string (nullable = true)
          |-- Age: double (nullable = true)
          |-- SibSp: integer (nullable = true)
          -- Parch: integer (nullable = true)
          |-- Ticket: string (nullable = true)
          -- Fare: double (nullable = true)
          |-- Cabin: string (nullable = true)
          |-- Embarked: string (nullable = true)
```

```
In [7]:
         data.columns
Out[7]: ['PassengerId',
          'Survived',
          'Pclass',
          'Name',
          'Sex',
          'Age',
          'SibSp',
          'Parch',
          'Ticket',
          'Fare',
          'Cabin',
          'Embarked']
In [8]: | my_cols = data.select(['Survived',
          'Pclass',
          'Sex',
          'Age',
          'SibSp',
          'Parch',
          'Fare',
          'Embarked'])
In [9]: my final data = my cols.na.drop()
```

## **Working with Categorical Columns**

Let's break this down into multiple steps to make it all clear.

```
In [10]: | from pyspark.ml.feature import (VectorAssembler, VectorIndexer,
                                          OneHotEncoder,StringIndexer)
In [11]:
         gender indexer = StringIndexer(inputCol='Sex',
                                         outputCol='SexIndex')
         gender encoder = OneHotEncoder(inputCol='SexIndex',
                                         outputCol='SexVec')
         embark_indexer = StringIndexer(inputCol='Embarked',
In [12]:
                                         outputCol='EmbarkIndex')
          embark_encoder = OneHotEncoder(inputCol='EmbarkIndex',
                                         outputCol='EmbarkVec')
In [13]:
         assembler = VectorAssembler(inputCols=['Pclass',
           'SexVec',
           'Age',
           'SibSp',
           'Parch',
           'EmbarkVec'],outputCol='features')
```

In [14]: from pyspark.ml.classification import LogisticRegression



# **Pipelines**

Let's see an example of how to use pipelines (we'll get a lot more practice with these later!)

```
from pyspark.ml import Pipeline
In [15]:
In [16]:
         log reg titanic = LogisticRegression(featuresCol='features',
                                               labelCol='Survived')
         pipeline = Pipeline(stages=[gender indexer,embark indexer,
In [17]:
                                     gender_encoder,embark_encoder,
                                     assembler,log reg titanic])
In [18]:
         train_titanic_data, test_titanic_data = my_final_data.randomSplit([0.7,.3])
In [19]:
         fit_model = pipeline.fit(train_titanic_data)
         results = fit_model.transform(test_titanic_data)
In [20]:
In [21]:
         from pyspark.ml.evaluation import BinaryClassificationEvaluator
In [22]:
         my_eval = BinaryClassificationEvaluator(rawPredictionCol='prediction',
                                                 labelCol='Survived')
```

In [23]: results.select('Survived', 'prediction').show()



```
|Survived|prediction|
        01
                  1.0
                  1.0
        0|
        0|
                  1.0
                  1.0
        0|
        0|
                  1.0
        0
                  0.0
        0|
                  0.0
        01
                  1.0
        0|
                  0.0
        0|
                  1.0
        0
                  0.0
                  0.0
        0
        0
                  0.0
                  1.0
        0|
        0
                  0.0
        0|
                  0.0
        0
                  0.0
        0
                  0.0
        0|
                  0.0
                  1.0
        0|
only showing top 20 rows
```

```
In [24]: AUC = my_eval.evaluate(results)
In [25]: AUC
```

Out[25]: 0.7974789915966386