Chapter 18 - Exercise 1: Sales of shampoo over a three year

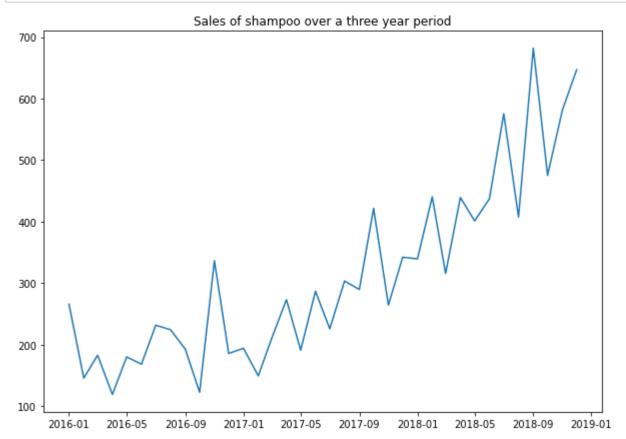
Cho dữ liệu bán shampoo 3 năm trong tập tin sales-of-shampoo-over-a-three-year.csv.

- Thực hiện việc dự báo bán sản phẩm shampoo sử dụng thuật toán ARIMA
- Cho biết trong 3 tháng sau 3 năm trên thì giá trị bán sản phẩm như thế nào?

```
# from google.colab import drive
         # drive.mount("/content/qdrive", force remount=True)
        Mounted at /content/gdrive
In [ ]: # %cd '/content/gdrive/My Drive/LDS6 MachineLearning/practice/Chapter18 ARIMA/
         /content/gdrive/My Drive/LDS6 MachineLearning/practice/Chapter18 ARIMA
In [ ]:
        import pandas as pd
        data = pd.read csv("sales-of-shampoo-over-a-three-year.csv", index col=0)
         data.head()
Out[4]:
                               Sales of shampoo over a three year period
                         Month
           Friday, January 1, 2016
                                                            266.0
         Monday, February 1, 2016
                                                            145.9
           Tuesday, March 1, 2016
                                                            183.1
              Friday, April 1, 2016
                                                             119.3
             Sunday, May 1, 2016
                                                            180.3
         data.index = pd.to datetime(data.index)
        data.index
In [ ]:
Out[6]: DatetimeIndex(['2016-01-01', '2016-02-01', '2016-03-01', '2016-04-01',
                         '2016-05-01', '2016-06-01', '2016-07-01', '2016-08-01',
                         '2016-09-01', '2016-10-01', '2016-11-01', '2016-12-01',
                        '2017-01-01', '2017-02-01', '2017-03-01', '2017-04-01',
                         '2017-05-01', '2017-06-01', '2017-07-01', '2017-08-01'
                         '2017-09-01', '2017-10-01', '2017-11-01', '2017-12-01',
                         '2018-01-01', '2018-02-01', '2018-03-01', '2018-04-01',
                         '2018-05-01', '2018-06-01', '2018-07-01', '2018-08-01',
                         '2018-09-01', '2018-10-01', '2018-11-01', '2018-12-01'],
                       dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='Month', freq=None)
```

```
In [ ]: data.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         DatetimeIndex: 36 entries, 2016-01-01 to 2018-12-01
         Data columns (total 1 columns):
              Column
                                                           Non-Null Count Dtype
              Sales of shampoo over a three year period 36 non-null
                                                                            float64
         dtypes: float64(1)
        memory usage: 576.0 bytes
In [ ]:
        data.columns = ['Sales_of_shampoo']
In [ ]:
        data.head()
Out[9]:
                    Sales_of_shampoo
             Month
          2016-01-01
                               266.0
         2016-02-01
                               145.9
         2016-03-01
                               183.1
         2016-04-01
                               119.3
         2016-05-01
                               180.3
         from datetime import datetime
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
    plt.plot(data)
    plt.title("Sales of shampoo over a three year period")
    plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
          type(data)
Out[13]: pandas.core.frame.DataFrame
 In [ ]: from statsmodels.tsa.seasonal import seasonal_decompose
           result = seasonal decompose(x = data, model='multiplicative')
           result
Out[14]: <statsmodels.tsa.seasonal.DecomposeResult at 0x7f17f5b72eb8>
          result.plot()
 In [ ]:
           plt.show()
              500
              250
               2016-012016-052016-092017-012017-052017-092018-012018-052018-09
           Trend
              400
              200
               2016-01 2016-05 2016-09 2017-01 2017-05 2017-09 2018-01 2018-05 2018-09
            Seasonal
10
               2016-01 2016-05 2016-09 2017-01 2017-05 2017-09 2018-01 2018-05 2018-09
              Resid
                1
               2016-012016-052016-092017-012017-052017-092018-012018-052018-09
           ! pip install pmdarima
 In [ ]:
           from pmdarima import auto_arima
```

```
In [ ]: | stepwise model = auto arima(data, start p=2, start q= 2,
                                    max_p=5, max_q=5, m=12,
                                    start P=1, seasonal=True,
                                    d=1, D=1, trace=True,
                                    error action='ignore',
                                    suppress_warnings=True,
                                    stepwise=True)
        Performing stepwise search to minimize aic
         ARIMA(2,1,2)(1,1,1)[12]
                                              : AIC=inf, Time=1.32 sec
         ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=305.954, Time=0.02 sec
         ARIMA(1,1,0)(1,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=287.610, Time=0.16 sec
                                              : AIC=289.951, Time=0.28 sec
         ARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)[12]
         ARIMA(1,1,0)(0,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=287.696, Time=0.04 sec
                                              : AIC=inf, Time=1.40 sec
         ARIMA(1,1,0)(2,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=inf, Time=0.67 sec
         ARIMA(1,1,0)(1,1,1)[12]
         ARIMA(1,1,0)(0,1,1)[12]
                                              : AIC=287.722, Time=0.25 sec
                                              : AIC=291.042, Time=1.73 sec
         ARIMA(1,1,0)(2,1,1)[12]
                                              : AIC=303.591, Time=0.11 sec
         ARIMA(0,1,0)(1,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=286.460, Time=0.27 sec
         ARIMA(2,1,0)(1,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=288.501, Time=0.07 sec
         ARIMA(2,1,0)(0,1,0)[12]
         ARIMA(2,1,0)(2,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=inf, Time=1.84 sec
                                              : AIC=inf, Time=0.89 sec
         ARIMA(2,1,0)(1,1,1)[12]
         ARIMA(2,1,0)(0,1,1)[12]
                                              : AIC=287.268, Time=0.36 sec
                                              : AIC=288.971, Time=2.39 sec
         ARIMA(2,1,0)(2,1,1)[12]
                                              : AIC=287.153, Time=0.33 sec
         ARIMA(3,1,0)(1,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=287.237, Time=0.39 sec
         ARIMA(2,1,1)(1,1,0)[12]
         ARIMA(1,1,1)(1,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=285.464, Time=0.24 sec
                                              : AIC=286.063, Time=0.08 sec
         ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=286.473, Time=1.61 sec
         ARIMA(1,1,1)(2,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=inf, Time=0.88 sec
         ARIMA(1,1,1)(1,1,1)[12]
                                              : AIC=285.779, Time=0.35 sec
         ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,1,1)[12]
                                              : AIC=288.479, Time=1.90 sec
         ARIMA(1,1,1)(2,1,1)[12]
                                              : AIC=289.967, Time=0.19 sec
         ARIMA(0,1,1)(1,1,0)[12]
         ARIMA(1,1,2)(1,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=inf, Time=0.48 sec
         ARIMA(0,1,2)(1,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=inf, Time=0.48 sec
                                              : AIC=inf, Time=0.72 sec
         ARIMA(2,1,2)(1,1,0)[12]
                                              : AIC=inf, Time=0.40 sec
         ARIMA(1,1,1)(1,1,0)[12] intercept
        Best model: ARIMA(1,1,1)(1,1,0)[12]
        Total fit time: 19.888 seconds
In [ ]: print(stepwise_model.aic())
        285.4635906667674
In [ ]: | train = data.loc['2016-01-01':'2018-02-01']
        test = data.loc['2018-02-01':]
```

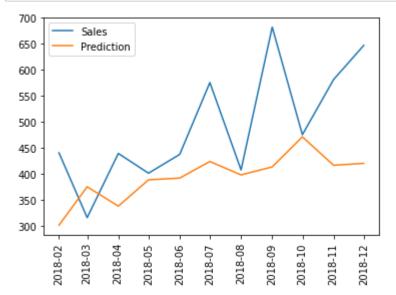
```
In [ ]: test
```

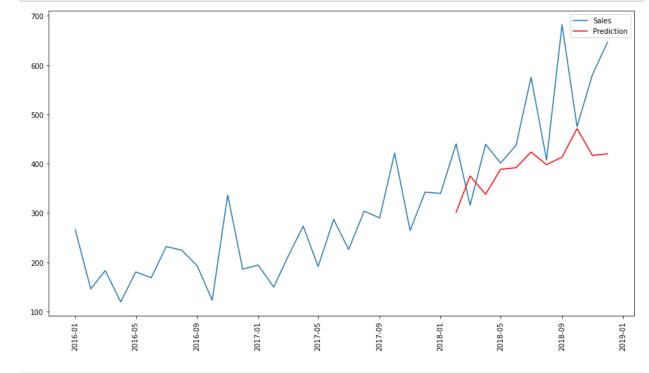
Out[21]: Sales_of_shampoo

Month	
2018-02-01	440.4
2018-03-01	315.9
2018-04-01	439.3
2018-05-01	401.3
2018-06-01	437.4
2018-07-01	575.5
2018-08-01	407.6
2018-09-01	682.0
2018-10-01	475.3
2018-11-01	581.3
2018-12-01	646.9

```
In [ ]: len(test)
Out[22]: 11
In [ ]: len(train)
Out[23]: 26
In [ ]: stepwise_model.fit(train)
Out[24]: ARIMA(maxiter=50, method='lbfgs', order=(1, 1, 1), out_of_sample_size=0,
               scoring='mse', scoring_args={}, seasonal_order=(1, 1, 0, 12),
               start params=None, suppress warnings=True, trend=None,
               with intercept=False)
 In [ ]: future forecast = stepwise model.predict(n periods=len(test))
 In [ ]: future_forecast
Out[26]: array([301.37822619, 375.19264882, 338.01219278, 388.5995918,
                391.89687524, 423.77554979, 398.01232103, 413.41907471,
                471.17193988, 416.54027228, 420.25738927])
 In [ ]: future_forecast = pd.DataFrame(future_forecast,
                                         index = test.index,
                                         columns=['Prediction'])
```

```
In [ ]: plt.plot(test, label='Sales')
   plt.plot(future_forecast, label='Prediction')
   plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
   plt.legend()
   plt.show()
```

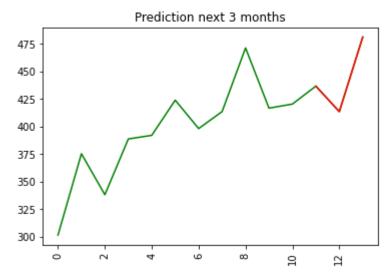




```
In [ ]: # Dự đoán 3 tháng sau
```

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [ ]: plt.plot(np.arange(14), future_forecast, color='green')
    plt.plot(np.array([11, 12, 13]),future_forecast[len(test):], color='red')
    plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
    plt.title("Prediction next 3 months")
    plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
```