



Day 2: lý thuyết đồ thị

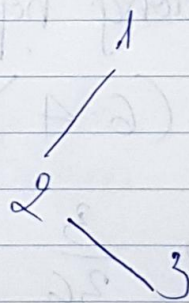
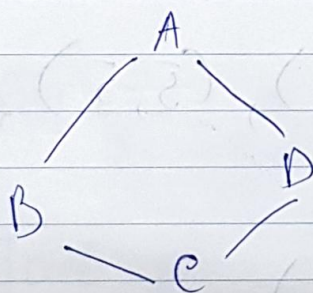
Chap 01:

- Bắt đầu Slide 31: 34.

- Slide 43:

- Đồ thị phân tử là đồ thị chia làm 2 nhóm đỉnh, giữa 2 nhóm đỉnh.

- Slide 57.



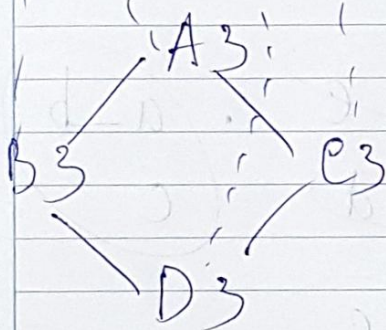
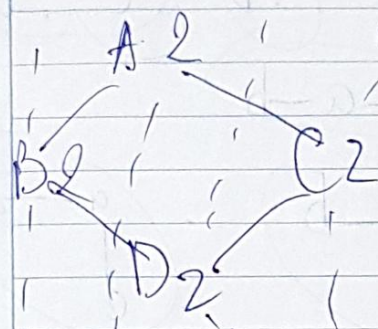
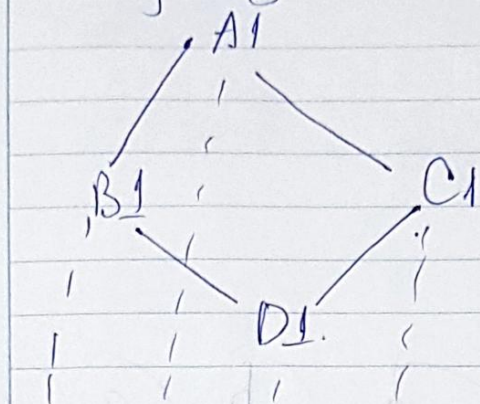
Trắc:

$$V_1 = \{A, B, C, D\}$$

$$V_2 = \{1, 2, 3\}$$

$$V_1 \times V_2 = \{A_1, A_2, A_3, B_1, B_2, B_3, C_1, C_2, C_3, D_1, D_2, D_3\}$$

do cùng chung 1 và (A và B có cùng cạnh góc) đã ở đây



Flag 667, bài tập 51

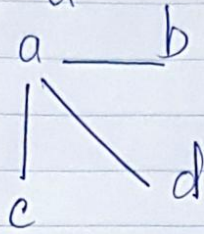


Thứ

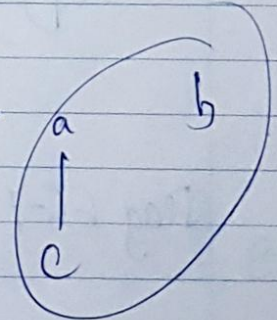
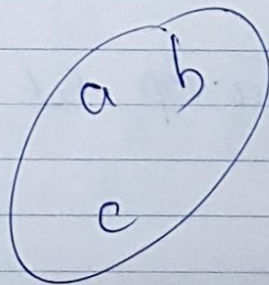
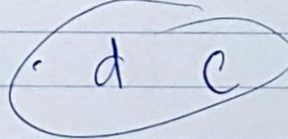
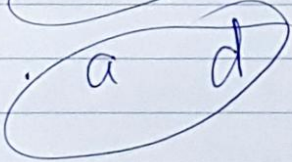
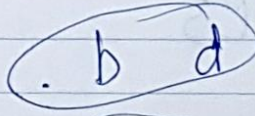
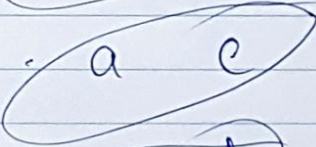
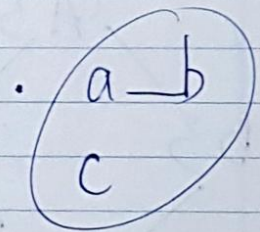
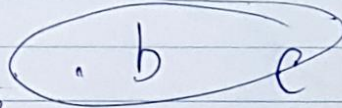
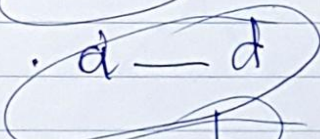
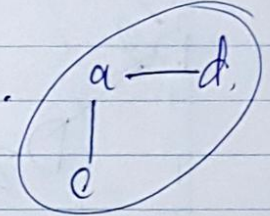
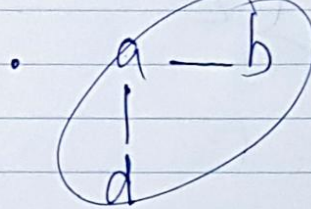
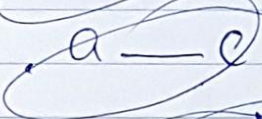
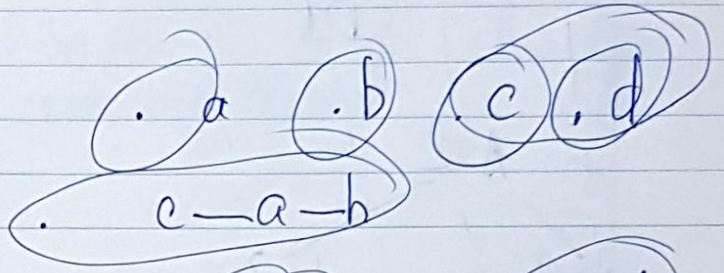
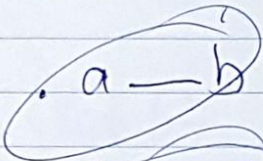
Ngày

No.

Đồ thị G



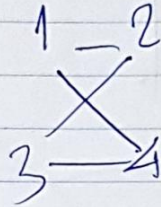
Các đồ thị G'



Slide 62.

Slide 61 : ~~Xác~~ Xác canh

Slide 63.



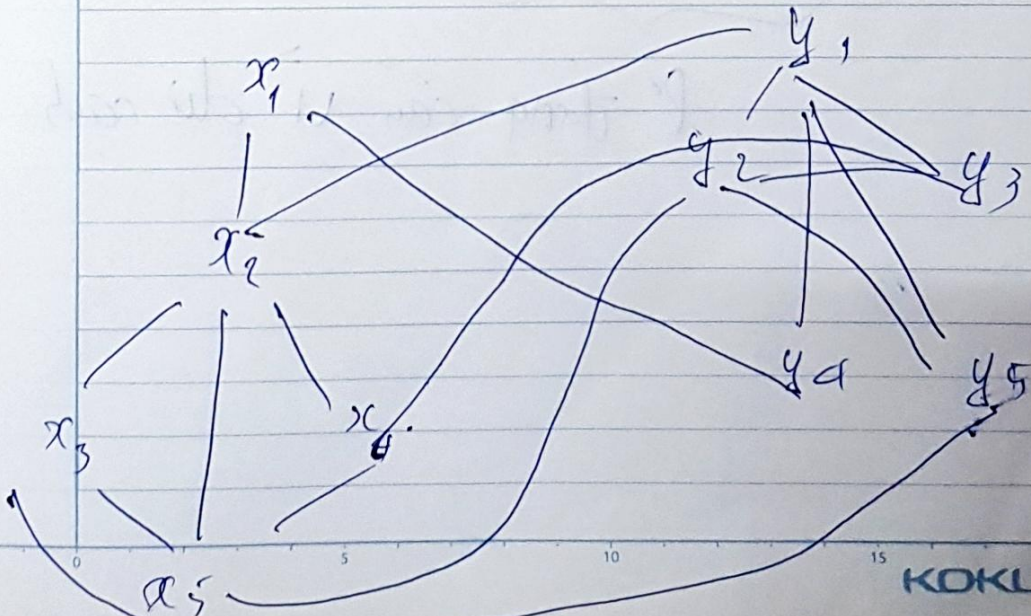
thì

$a \leftrightarrow 1$

$b \leftrightarrow 2$

$c \leftrightarrow 4$

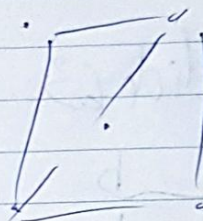
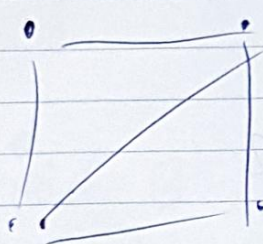
$d \leftrightarrow 3$



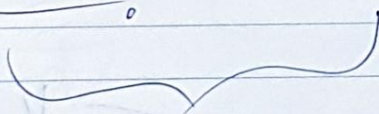


~~Ngày~~
Ngày

No



h° đẳng cấp vị dư đỉnh



h° đẳng cấp vị dư cạnh