PRACTICAL No. 1

Aim: 2D Linear Convolution, Circular Convolution between two 2D matrices.

2D Linear Convolution

Example 1:

```
Code:
clc;
x=[4,5,6;7,8,9];
h=[1;1;1];
disp(x,"x=");
disp(h,"h=");
y=conv2(x,h);
disp(y, '2D Linear Convolution result: y =');
```

Output:

x=

- 4. 5. 6.
- 7. 8. 9.

h=

- 1.
- 1.
- 1.

2D Linear Convolution result: y =

- 4. 5. 6.
- 11. 13. 15.
- 11. 13. 15.
- 7. 8. 9.

Example 2:

Code:

```
clc;
x=[1,2,3;4,5,6;7,8,9];
h=[1,1;1,1;1,1];
disp(x,"x=");
disp(h,"h=");
y=conv2(x,h);
disp(y, '2D Linear Convolution result: y =');
```

Output:

 $\mathbf{x} =$

- 1. 2. 3.
- 4. 5. 6.
- 7. 8. 9.

h=

- 1. 1.
- 1. 1.
- 1. 1.

2D Linear Convolution result: y =

- 1. 3. 5. 3.
- 5. 12. 16. 9.
- 12. 27. 33. 18.
- 11. 24. 28. 15.
- 7. 15. 17. 9.

2D Circular Convolution

Example 1:

```
Code:
clc;
x=[1,2;3,4];
h=[5,6;7,8];
disp(x,'x=');
disp(h,'h=');
X=fft2(x);
H=fft2(h);
Y=X.*H;
y=ifft(Y);
disp(y, '2D Circular Correlation Result: y =');
```

Output:

 $\mathbf{x} =$

- 1. 2.
- 3. 4.

h=

- 5. 6.
- 7. 8.
- 2D Circular Correlation Result: y =
 - 70. 68.
 - 62. 60.

Example 2:

Code:

```
clc;
x=[1,2,3;4,5,6;7,8,9];
h=[1,1,1;1,1,1;1,1,1];
disp(x,'x=');
disp(h,'h=');
X=fft2(x);
H=fft2(h);
Y=X.*H;
y=ifft(Y);
disp(y, '2D Circular Correlation Result: y =' );
```

Output:

x=

- 1. 2. 3.
- 4. 5. 6.
- 7. 8. 9.

h=

- 1. 1. 1.
- 1. 1. 1.
- 1. 1. 1.

2D Circular Correlation Result: y =

- 45. 45. 45.
- 45. 45. 45.
- 45. 45. 45.