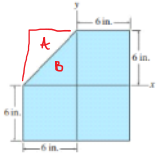


- Alex J. Askins

6-36. Locate the centroid (\bar{x} , \bar{y}) of the area.

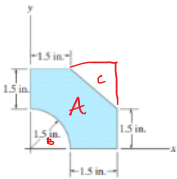
$$\begin{aligned} B & (12)(12) = 144 \\ A & - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(6)(6) = -18 \end{aligned} \left. \vphantom{\begin{aligned} B & (12)(12) = 144 \\ A & - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(6)(6) = -18 \end{aligned}} \right\} 126 \text{ in.}^2$$

x	y	$\bar{x}A$	$\bar{y}A$
0	0	0	0
-4	4	72	-72

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum \bar{x}A}{\sum A} = \frac{72}{126} = .5714 \text{ in. along } x\text{-axis}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum \bar{y}A}{\sum A} = \frac{-72}{126} = -.5714 \text{ along } y\text{-axis}$$

Centroid: (.5714, -.5714)

6-42. Locate the centroid (\bar{x} , \bar{y}) of the area.

$$\begin{aligned} A & (3)(3) \\ B & -\frac{\pi}{4}(1.5)^2 \\ C & -\frac{1}{2}(1.5)(1.5) \end{aligned} \left. \vphantom{\begin{aligned} A & (3)(3) \\ B & -\frac{\pi}{4}(1.5)^2 \\ C & -\frac{1}{2}(1.5)(1.5) \end{aligned}} \right\} 6.1079 \text{ in.}^2$$

\bar{x}	\bar{y}	$\bar{x}A$	$\bar{y}A$
1.5	1.5	$3(3)(1.5)$	$3(3)(1.5)$
		13.5	13.5

$\frac{2}{\pi}$	$\frac{2}{\pi}$	$-\frac{\pi}{4}(1.5)^2\left(\frac{2}{\pi}\right)$	$-\frac{\pi}{4}(1.5)^2\left(\frac{2}{\pi}\right)$
		-1.125	-1.125

2.5	2.5	$-\frac{1}{2}(1.5)(1.5)(2.5)$	$-\frac{1}{2}(1.5)(1.5)(2.5)$
		-2.8125	-2.8125

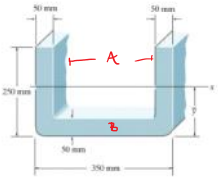
$$\sum \bar{x}A = 9.5625 \quad \sum \bar{y}A = 9.5625$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum \bar{x}A}{\sum A} = \frac{9.5625}{6.1079} = 1.57 \text{ in.}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum \bar{y}A}{\sum A} = \frac{9.5625}{6.1079} = 1.57 \text{ in.}$$

Centroid: (1.57 in., 1.57 in.)

6-83. Determine the location \bar{Y} of the centroid of the cross-sectional area of the channel, and then calculate the moment of inertia of this area about this axis.



$$A_1: 2(250)(50) = 25000$$

$$\bar{y} = \left(\frac{250}{2}\right) = 125$$

$$\bar{y}A = 3(125 \times 10^6)$$

$$B: 250(50) = 12500$$

$$\left(\frac{50}{2}\right) = 25$$

$$.3125 \times 10^6$$

$$\sum = 3.4375 \times 10^6$$

$$\bar{Y} = \frac{\sum \bar{y}A}{\sum A} = \frac{3.4375 \times 10^6}{37500} = 91.67 \text{ mm.}$$

$$d_1 = \bar{y}_1 - \bar{Y} = 125 - 91.67 = 33.33 \text{ mm.}$$

$$d_2 = \bar{Y} - \bar{y}_2 = 91.67 - 25 = 66.67 \text{ mm.}$$

$$I_{x_1} = 2 \times \left(\frac{50 + 250^3}{12} \right) + 25000 (33.33)^2$$

$$I_{x_1} = 157.99 \times 10^6 \text{ mm.}^4$$

$$I_{x_2} = \left(\frac{250 + 50^3}{12} \right) + 12500 (66.67)^2$$

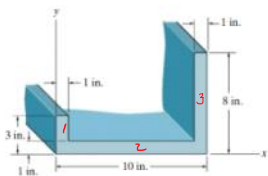
$$I_{x_2} = 56.16 \times 10^6 \text{ mm.}^4$$

$$I_{x'} = (I_{x_1}) + (I_{x_2})$$

$$I_{x'} = 157.99 \times 10^6 + 56.16 \times 10^6$$

$$I_{x'} = 214.15 \times 10^6 \text{ mm.}^4$$

6-86. Determine the moment of inertia of the cross-sectional area of the beam about the y axis.



$$I_y = \frac{hb^3}{12} = \frac{2(1)^3}{12} = .166 \text{ in.}^4$$

$$I_1 = (I_y)_1 + A_1(x_c)_1^2$$

$$I_1 = .166 + 2(.5)^2$$

$$I_1 = .666 \text{ in.}^4$$

$$I_{y_2} = \frac{10^4}{12}$$

$$I_{y_2} = 83.33 \text{ in.}^4$$

$$b' = b_2 h_2$$

$$b' = 10 \text{ in.}^2$$

$$I_{y_3} = \frac{hb_3^3}{12}$$

$$I_{y_3} = \frac{7(1)^3}{12}$$

$$I_{y_3} = .5833 \text{ in.}^4$$

$$A_1 = 2 \text{ in.}^2$$

$$x_c = \frac{b_1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$I_{y_2} = \frac{10^4}{12}$$

$$I_{y_2} = 83.33 \text{ in.}^4$$

$$I_2 = 83.33 + 10(5)^2$$

$$I_2 = 333.33 \text{ in.}^4$$

$$x_{c2} = \frac{b'}{2}$$

$$x_{c2} = \frac{10}{2}$$

$$x_{c2} = 5 \text{ in.}$$

$$A_3 = b_3 h_3$$

$$A_3 = 7 \text{ in.}^2$$

$$x_{c3} = \frac{b_3}{2}$$

$$I_z = 82.33 + 18(5)$$

$$x_{c2} = 5 \text{ in.}$$

$$I_z = 333.33 \text{ in.}^4$$

$$(x_c)_3 = b_c \frac{b^3}{2}$$

$$(x_c)_3 = 9.5 \text{ in.}$$

$$I_y = I_1 + I_2 + I_3$$

$$I_y = .666 + 333.33 + 632.33$$

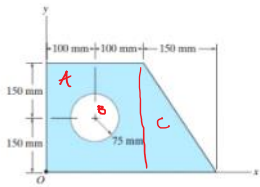
$$I_y = 966.32 \text{ in.}^4$$

$$I_3 = (I_{y3}) + A_3(x_c)_3^2$$

$$I_3 = .5833 + 7(9.5)^2$$

$$I_3 = 632.33 \text{ in.}^4$$

*6-88. Determine the moment of inertia I_y of the area about the y axis.



	$A \text{ mm.}^2$	$\bar{x} \text{ mm.}$	$\bar{y} \text{ mm.}$	$\bar{x} A \text{ mm.}^3$	$\bar{y} A \text{ mm.}^3$
A	60,000	100	150	60,000	9,000,000
B	-17,671.5	100	150		
C	22,500				

$$I_{\text{total}} = \begin{cases} I_{\text{rectangle}} = \frac{1}{12} (300)(200)^3 + (60,000)(100)^2 \\ - I_{\text{circle}} = \frac{1}{4} (75)^4 + (17,671.5)(100)^2 \\ I_{\text{triangle}} = \frac{1}{12} (300)(150)^3 + (22,500)(200)^2 \end{cases}$$

$$I_{\text{total}} = 1.5828 \times 10^9 \text{ mm.}^4$$