## Property: Constant in Integral

For any function f and constant  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ 

$$\int cf(x) \ dx = c \int f(x) \ dx$$

## Proof

• Suppose that F(x) is an anti-derivative of f(x), that is F'(x) = f(x) since we can pull constants out of derivatives we have

$$\left(cF\left(x\right)\right)' = cF'\left(x\right) = cf\left(x\right)$$

• Therefore cF(x) is an anti-derivative of cf(x), therefore

$$\int cf(x) dx = cF(x) + m = c\left(F(x) + \frac{m}{c}\right) = c\int f(x) dx$$