

## Definition: Semitone Integer Notation

- Is a notational system so that for any two notes  $\hat{x}, \hat{y} \in \mathbb{W}$  (written in Note Integer Notation), we denote the number of semitones between the two notes as an integer.
  - So instead of saying,  $\hat{y}$  is a perfect 5th above  $\hat{x}$ , we would say  $\hat{y}$  is seven above  $\hat{x}$ , and write  $\hat{x} + 7 = \hat{y}$
- Since  $\hat{x}, \hat{y}$  are written in NIN, we have that for any  $\alpha \in \mathbb{Z}$  that the note  $\hat{x} + \alpha = \widehat{(x + \alpha)}$
- In general the interval which must be added to  $\hat{x}$  to get to  $\hat{y}$  is  $y - x$ 
  - From the above it holds:

$$\hat{x} + (y - x) = \widehat{(x + y - x)} = \hat{y}$$

## Examples

- If  $x = 5$  and  $y = 9$ , then the interval which must be added is  $9 - 5 = 4$
- It's also possible for it to be a negative number, if  $x = 11$  and  $y = 2$ , then you have to add  $2 - 11 = -9$  semitones to  $\hat{x}$  to get to  $\hat{y}$ , this corresponds to moving down 9 semitones