STAT40620_FINAL_EXAM

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Question 1

(a) Loading the data

```
load("goodreads.RData")
```

Total reviews in the dataset

```
cat("Total reviews in the dataset",dim(goodreads)[1])

## Total reviews in the dataset 1048575
dim(goodreads)[1]

## [1] 1048575
```

Total Unique users

```
cat("Total different users in the dataset",length(unique(goodreads$user_id)))
## Total different users in the dataset 52927
length(unique(goodreads$user_id))
## [1] 52927
```

(b) Book Authors and Book Review

Total book authors in the dataset

```
cat("Total book authors in the dataset",length(unique(goodreads$authors)))
```

Total book authors in the dataset 85

Most reviewed book

```
freqTable<-as.data.frame(table(goodreads$title))
bookName <- freqTable$Var1[which.max(freqTable$Freq)]
#Most reviewed book
print(bookName)</pre>
```

```
## [1] The Hunger Games (The Hunger Games, #1)
## 110 Levels: 1984 ... Wuthering Heights
```

(c) Average ratings and others

Average rating per book

```
avgRatings<-aggregate(x = goodreads$rating,by = list(goodreads$title),FUN =mean)
colnames(avgRatings)<-c("Book Title","Average Rating")</pre>
head(avgRatings)
##
                                         Book Title Average Rating
## 1
                                               1984
                                                          4.046825
## 2 A Clash of Kings (A Song of Ice and Fire, #2)
                                                          4.294218
## 3 A Game of Thrones (A Song of Ice and Fire, #1)
                                                          4.339880
## 4
                               A Tale of Two Cities
                                                          3.782464
## 5
                           A Thousand Splendid Suns
                                                          4.217698
                                     A Time to Kill
## 6
                                                          3.944559
Average rating per book = 5
cat("book with average ratings 5 = ",nrow(avgRatings[avgRatings$`Average Rating`==5,]))
## book with average ratings 5 = 0
Average rating per book > 4
cat("book with average ratings > 4 = ",nrow(avgRatings[avgRatings$`Average Rating`>4.0,]))
## book with average ratings > 4 = 44
reviewed > 10000 times and rating > 4.0
df2<-freqTable[freqTable$Freq>10000,]
df3<-avgRatings[avgRatings$`Average Rating`>4.0,]
df4<-merge(x = df2, y = df3, by.x = "Var1", by.y = "Book Title")
cat("book with average ratings > 4 and reviewed atleast 10000 times = ",nrow(df4))
## book with average ratings > 4 and reviewed atleast 10000 times = 25
```

(d) Summarise

Average rating per book

```
class(goodreads) <- c("bookratings", "data.frame")
summary.bookratings <- function(x){

cat("Top 10 average rated authors")

tempdf<-aggregate(x = x$rating,by = list(x$authors),FUN =mean)
tempdf<-tempdf[order(-tempdf$x),]
tdf<-head(tempdf$`Group.1`,10)</pre>
```

```
print(tdf)
  cat("Top 10 average rated books reviewed atleast 10000 times")
  freqTable2<-as.data.frame(table(x$title))</pre>
  freqTable2<-freqTable2[freqTable2$Freq>10000,]
  avgRatings2<-aggregate(x = x$rating,by = list(x$title),FUN =mean)</pre>
  colnames(avgRatings2)<-c("Book Title", "Average Rating")</pre>
  df2<-merge(x = freqTable2, y = avgRatings2, by.x = "Var1", by.y = "Book Title")
  df2<-df2[order(-df2$`Average Rating`),]</pre>
  ttdf<-head(df2$Var1,10)
 print(ttdf)
}
summary(goodreads)
## Top 10 average rated authors [1] J.K. Rowling
                                                                Kathryn Stockett
## [3] Harper Lee
                                   George R.R. Martin
## [5] Shel Silverstein
                                   Markus Zusak
## [7] William Goldman
                                   Elie Wiesel, Marion Wiesel
## [9] Maurice Sendak
                                   Orson Scott Card
## 85 Levels: Aldous Huxley Alexandre Dumas, Robin Buss ... Yann Martel
## Top 10 average rated books reviewed atleast 10000 times [1] Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows (Ha
## [2] Harry Potter and the Half-Blood Prince (Harry Potter, #6)
## [3] Harry Potter and the Goblet of Fire (Harry Potter, #4)
## [4] Harry Potter and the Prisoner of Azkaban (Harry Potter, #3)
## [5] The Help
## [6] Harry Potter and the Order of the Phoenix (Harry Potter, #5)
## [7] Harry Potter and the Sorcerer's Stone (Harry Potter, #1)
## [8] A Game of Thrones (A Song of Ice and Fire, #1)
## [9] To Kill a Mockingbird
## [10] The Book Thief
## 110 Levels: 1984 ... Wuthering Heights
cat("Top three titles are Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows (Harry Potter, #7),
Harry Potter and the Half-Blood Prince (Harry Potter, #6),
Harry Potter and the Goblet of Fire (Harry Potter, #4)")
## Top three titles are Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows (Harry Potter, #7),
## Harry Potter and the Half-Blood Prince (Harry Potter, #6),
## Harry Potter and the Goblet of Fire (Harry Potter, #4)
cat("Top three authors are J.K. Rowling, Kathryn Stockett, Harper Lee")
```

Top three authors are J.K. Rowling, Kathryn Stockett, Harper Lee

Question 2

(a)

ii Logitstic regression

```
turtle<-read.csv("turtle.csv")

logitIt<-function(X,Y){

model <- glm(X -Y,family=binomial(link='logit'))
  fitted.results.cat <- ifelse(model$fitted.values > 0.5,"0","1")
  model$aic
}

logitIt(turtle$gender,turtle$length)

## [1] 53.02194

logitIt(turtle$gender,turtle$height)

## [1] 51.05099

logitIt(turtle$gender,turtle$width)

## [1] 39.74687

#length performs better
```