3-CNF-SAT ≤_p Dir-Ham-Cyc

Transformation illustration

Instance of 3-CNF-SAT

N variables/literals:

$$-X_1, X_2, X_3, ..., X_N$$

K clauses (3-CNF)

$$- \Phi = C_1 \wedge C_2 \wedge C_3 \wedge ... \wedge C_K$$
$$- C_k = X_u \vee X_v \vee X_t$$

Example:

$$\Phi = (X_1 \lor X_2 \lor X_4) \land (\neg X_2 \lor X_3 \lor \neg X_5) \land (\neg X_3 \lor X_4 \lor \neg X_5) \land (\neg X_3 \lor X_5 \lor X_6)$$

Instance of Dir-Ham-Cyc

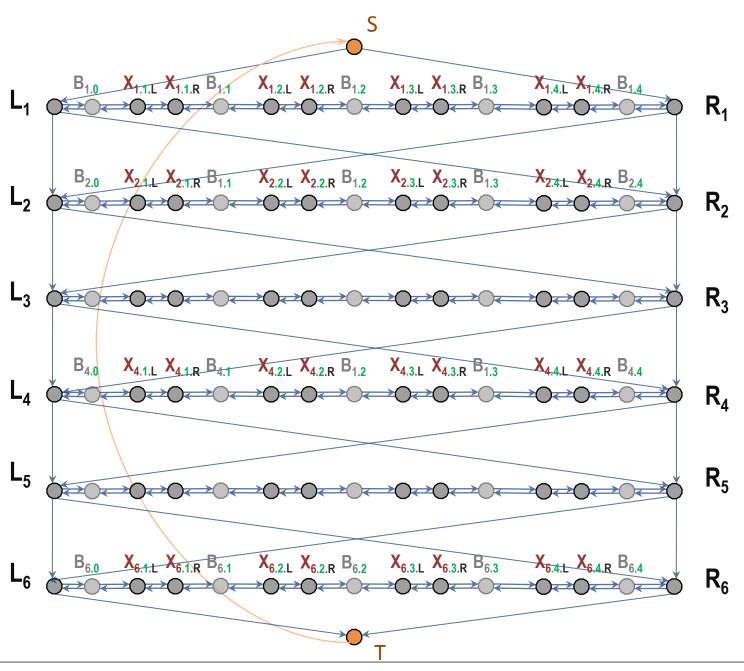
Graph G: N(3K+3) + K + 2 vertices

- N(3K+3) literal vertices:
 - $-L_{1},B_{1.0},X_{1.1,L},X_{1.1,R},B_{1.1},X_{1.2,L},X_{1.2,R},...,X_{1,K,L},X_{1,K,R},B_{1.K},R_{1}$
 - $-L_{2},B_{2.0},X_{2.1,L},X_{2.1,R},B_{2.1},X_{2.2,L},X_{2.2,R},...,X_{2.K,L},X_{2.K,R},B_{2.K},R_{2}$
 - $\bigcup_{R_{N}} B_{N.0}, X_{N.1.L}, X_{N.1.R}, B_{N.1}, X_{N.2.L}, X_{N.2.R}, \dots, X_{N.K.L}, X_{N.K.R}, B_{N.K}, X_{N.K.R}, X_{N.K.R},$
- K clausal vertices
 - $-C_1, C_2, C_3, \ldots, C_K$
- · 2 extra vertices: source 5 and sink T

Convention:

L: left, R: right, B: buffer, X: literal, C: clause, n: literal index, k: clause index

True/positive: direction from Left to Right; False/negative: direction from Right to Left



Edges in G

Edges between literal vertices

Horizontal edges: n = 1..N

$$- \underset{n.k.}{L_{n}} \longleftrightarrow \underset{n.1.}{B_{n.0}} \longleftrightarrow \underset{n.1.L}{X_{n.1.R}} \longleftrightarrow \underset{n.1}{B_{n.1}} \longleftrightarrow \dots \longleftrightarrow \underset{n.K.L}{X_{n.K.L}} \longleftrightarrow \underset{n.K.R}{X_{n.K.R}}$$

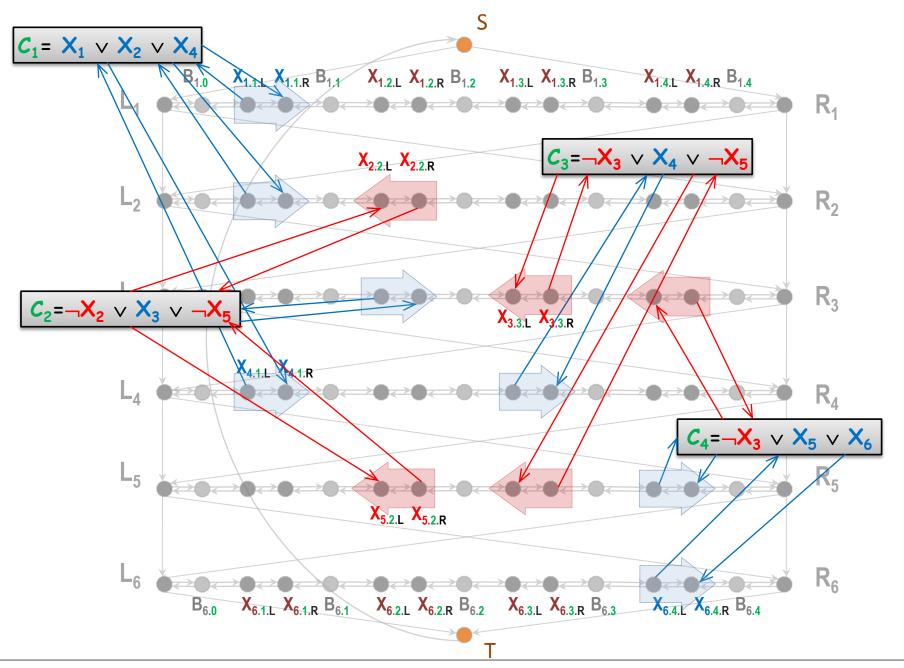
- Vertical edges: i = 1..(N-1)
 - $-L_i \rightarrow L_{i+1}$ and $L_i \rightarrow R_{i+1}$
 - $-R_i \rightarrow L_{i+1}$ and $R_i \rightarrow L_{i+1}$

Edges with S and T

- $S \rightarrow L_1$ and $S \rightarrow R_1$
- $L_N \rightarrow T$ and $R_N \rightarrow T$
- T → 5

Edges in G (2)

- Edges formed by clausal vertices
 - For each clause $C_k = X_n \vee X_m \vee X_p$
 - Connect C_k with $X_{n,k,L}$ and $X_{n,k,R}$
 - If X_n is a positive literal: (dir. Left to Right)
 - Connect $X_{n,k,L} \rightarrow C_k$ and $C_k \rightarrow X_{n,k,R}$
 - If X_n is a negative literal: (dir. Right to Left)
 - Connect $X_{n,k,R} \rightarrow C_k$ and $C_k \rightarrow X_{n,k,L}$
 - Same for X_m and X_p



Example of 3-CNF-SAT

• 3-CNF-SAT:

$$\boxed{\textbf{\textit{C}}_1 = \textbf{\textit{X}}_1 \,\vee\, \textbf{\textit{X}}_2 \,\vee\, \textbf{\textit{X}}_4}$$

$$C_2 = \neg X_2 \lor X_3 \lor \neg X_5$$

$$C_3 = \neg X_3 \lor X_4 \lor \neg X_5$$

$$C_4 = \neg X_3 \lor X_5 \lor X_6$$

