# Fred++

Deliverable #1: SRS

SE 3A04: Software Design II – Large System Design Group 9: Kunal Shah Gabriel Castagner Victor Velechovsky Josh Mitchell

# 1 Introduction

This section of the SRS should provide an overview of the entire SRS.

## 1.1 Purpose

- a) Delineate the purpose of the SRS
- b) Specify the intended audience for the SRS

## 1.2 Scope

- a) Identify the software product(s) to be produced by name (e.g., Host DBMS, Report Generator, etc.)
- b) Explain what the software product(s) will, and, if necessary, will not do
- c) Describe the application of the software being specified, including relevant benefits, objectives, and goals
- d) Be consistent with similar statements in higher-level specifications (e.g., the system requirements specification), if they exist

#### 1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

a) Provide the definitions of all terms, acronyms, and abbreviations required to properly interpret the SRS

#### 1.4 References

- a) Provide a complete list of all documents referenced elsewhere in the SRS
- b) Identify each document by title, report number (if applicable), date, and publishing organization
- c) Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained

#### 1.5 Overview

- a) Describe what the rest of the SRS contains
- b) Explain how the SRS is organized

# 2 Overall Description

This section describes the general factors that affect the application and its requirements.

## 2.1 Product Perspective

Fred++ is an Android application and as such its functionality relies on the Android operating system as well as the touch screen input and display/audio output of the hardware (phone, tablet, etc) on which it is running.

This application will be responsible for receiving input from the hardware's touch screen, processing that input as it relates to the current state of the system, and outputting any necessary visual and auditory data to the hardware's display and speakers.

#### 2.2 Product Functions

Fred++ will allow users to interact with a digital character named Fred and influence his health decisions. They will be able to view Fred's various anatomical systems to see how exactly each decision they make is affecting him. In addition, various health metrics will be available to quantitatively measure Fred's well-being. If the user repeatedly chooses poor health choices for Fred, he may suffer adverse effects which grow in severity. These effects may be reversible, and it will be the user's responsibility to make Fred well again.

#### 2.3 User Characteristics

Fred++ is intended to be used by those with a working knowledge of Android device operation, as well as a basic knowledge of healthy vs unhealthy lifestyle decisions (eg. diet & exercise).

Users need not have a formal education in computer science nor a medical degree to operate this program.

#### 2.4 Constraints

Factors that constrain the development of Fred++ fall into 2 categories: technology and time.

Technological constraints consist of aspects like hardware processing power, maximum screen resolution and battery life. These obstacles must be taken into account, so as to not overextend the practical limitations of the deployment environment.

Time constraints also play a role, as this application must be finished before a pre-determined deadline. As such, some more in-depth features may not be possible to implement in time.

#### 2.5 Assumptions and Dependencies

As Fred++ is an Android application, a reasonable assumption to make is that a sufficiently up-to-date version of the Android operating system will be available on the designated hardware (phone, tablet, etc) on which the application will run.

# 2.6 Apportioning of Requirements

Due to aforementioned time constraints, some subtleties within the various ways the user can interact with Fred may need to be delayed until future versions. For example, limiting the number of different foods that are available to feed Fred.

# 3 Functional Requirements

This section outlines the functional requirements of the system, sorted first by viewpoint, and then by business events. The functions outlined below are assumed to be vital to the proper functionality of the system.

#### 1. User Viewpoint

- (a) User instantiates application for the first time
  - i. Relevant legal data is displayed, if applicable
  - ii. Given the option to start a "new game"
- (b) User instantiates application, not for the first time
  - i. User is given the option to either start a new game, or continue an existing one
- (c) User starts a new game
  - i. A brand new "subject" is created with randomized "stats"
  - ii. The subject is displayed on the screen
  - iii. Options for input stimuli are displayed
- (d) User stimulates a subsystem
  - i. The subsystem changes its state based on the effects given by the stimulus
  - ii. The subsystem notifies all other subsystems of the changes made to its state, and the details of the stimulus that was given
  - iii. The other subsystems react by changing their state, based on the effects given by the stimulus, and the updated state of other subsystems
- (e) User interacts with the GUI
  - i. User interaction with the input stimuli results in a process initiation that propagates through all subsystems.
  - ii. User interaction with the input stimuli has a visual indication on the GUI, if applicable, and results in at least one change to the state of the subject
  - iii. User interaction with any objects in the GUI has some visual indication to signify to the user that the interaction was processed
- (f) Time Passes
  - i. Changes in state of the subject as a result of time passing produce visual indications given by the GUI, assuming the user is viewing the appropriate subsystem at the appropriate time
- (g) RNG triggers subsystem
  - i. If a random number generation produces a visible result, it will be displayed in the GUI, assuming the user is viewing the appropriate subsystem at the appropriate time.
- (h) User selects to view a specific subsystem
  - i. When the user selects a different subsystem to be viewed, the GUI is updated to show the details of the state of the given subsystem.
  - ii. Detailed information about the state of other subsystems is not displayed and considered irrelevant, with respect to the user.

#### 2. Legal Viewpoint

- (a) User initiates the system for the first time
  - i. User is informed of legal information pertaining to the use of the software, if and where applicable
- 3. Human Body Model Viewpoint
  - (a) User stimulates a subsystem
    - i. The list of subsystems corresponding to the human body's systems which react to the stimulant are given as:
      - A. Cardiovascular/Respiratory (heart/lungs)
      - B. Gastrointestinal (digestive)
      - C. Locomotor (musculoskeletal)

	C. Exercise D. Medicine
	(b) User selects to view a specific subsystem
	<ul> <li>i. The list of metrics tracking the overall status of the subject are given as:</li> <li>A. Hunger</li> <li>B. Thrist</li> <li>C. Happiness</li> <li>D. Weight</li> <li>E. Health</li> </ul>
4. \$	Software Firm Viewpoint
	(a) User instantiates application for the first time  i. Confirmation of user reading and accepting the legal information is acknowledged and stored
<b>4</b> I	Non-Functional Requirements
4.1	Look and Feel Requirements
4.1.1	Appearance Requirements
LF1.	
<b>4.1.2</b> LF1.	Style Requirements
4.2	Usability and Humanity Requirements
<b>4.2.1</b> UH1.	Ease of Use Requirements
<b>4.2.2</b> UH1.	Personalization and Internationalization Requirements
<b>4.2.3</b> UH1.	Learning Requirements
<b>4.2.4</b> UH1.	Understandability and Politeness Requirements
<b>4.2.5</b> UH1.	Accessibility Requirements

D. Nervous (nerves and brain)ii. The list of input stimuli are given as:

A. FoodB. Drink

4.3	Performance Requirements
<b>4.3.1</b> PR1.	Speed and Latency Requirements
<b>4.3.2</b> PR1.	Safety-Critical Requirements
<b>4.3.3</b> PR1.	Precision or Accuracy Requirements
<b>4.3.4</b> PR1.	Reliability and Availability Requirements
<b>4.3.5</b> PR1.	Robustness or Fault-Tolerance Requirements
<b>4.3.6</b> PR1.	Capacity Requirements
<b>4.3.7</b> PR1.	Scalability or Extensibility Requirements
<b>4.3.8</b> PR1.	Longevity Requirements
4.4 4.4.1	
OE1. <b>4.4.2</b> OE1.	Requirements for Interfacing with Adjacent Systems
<b>4.4.3</b> OE1.	Productization Requirements
<b>4.4.4</b> OE1.	Release Requirements
4.5 4.5.1 MS1.	Maintainability and Support Requirements  Maintenance Requirements

4.5.2	Supportability Requirements
MS1.	
4.5.3	Adaptability Requirements
MS1.	
4.6	Security Requirements
4.6.1	Access Requirements
SR1.	
4.6.2	Integrity Requirements
SR1.	
4.6.3	Privacy Requirements
SR1.	
4.6.4	Audit Requirements
SR1.	
4.6.5	Immunity Requirements
SR1.	
4.7	Cultural and Political Requirements
4.7.1	Cultural Requirements
CP1.	
4.7.2	Political Requirements
CP1.	
4.8	Legal Requirements
4.8.1	Compliance Requirements
LR1.	
4.8.2	Standards Requirements
LR1.	

# A Division of Labour

Include a Division of Labour sheet which indicates the contributions of each team member. This sheet must be signed by all team members.

# IMPORTANT NOTES

- Be sure to include all sections of the template in your document regardless whether you have something to write for each or not
  - If you do not have anything to write in a section, indicate this by the N/A, void, none, etc.
- Uniquely number each of your requirements for easy identification and cross-referencing
- Highlight terms that are defined in Section 1.3 (**Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations**) with **bold**, *italic* or <u>underline</u>
- For Deliverable 1, please highlight, in some fashion, all (you may have more than one) creative and innovative features. Your creative and innovative features will generally be described in Section 2.2 (**Product Functions**), but it will depend on the type of creative or innovative features you are including.