UNIVERSITY OF ABERDEEN SESSION 2015-16

EX3029

Degree Examination in EX3029 Chemical Thermodynamics

3rd June 2016 09.00–12.00

PLEASE NOTE THE FOLLOWING

- (i) You **must not** have in your possession any material other than that expressly permitted in the rules appropriate to this examination. Where this is permitted, such material **must not** be amended, annotated or modified in any way.
- (ii) You **must not** have in your possession any material that could be determined as giving you an advantage in the examination.
- (iii) You **must not** attempt to communicate with any candidate during the exam, either orally or by passing written material, or by showing material to another candidate, nor must you attempt to view another candidate's work.
- (iv) You must not take to your examination desk any electronic devices such as mobile phones or other smart devices. The only exception to this rule is an approved calculator.

Failure to comply with the above will be regarded as cheating and may lead to disciplinary action as indicated in the Academic Quality Handbook Section 7 and particularly Appendix 7.1

Notes: (i) Candidates ARE permitted to use an approved calculator.

- (ii) Candidates ARE NOT permitted to use the Engineering Mathematics Handbook.
- (iii) Candidates ARE permitted to use thermodynamic tables with saturated fluid properties, which will be provided.
- (iv) Data sheets are attached to the paper.

Candidates must attempt all questions.

- (a) Air contained in a piston-cylinder system undergoes three consecutive processes,
 - Process 1–2: Isobaric cooling with P₁=69 kPa and V₁=0.11 m³;
 - Process 2–3: Isochoric heating with P₃=345 kPa;
 - Process 3–1: Polytropic expansion, with PV = constant.
 - (i) Calculate V_2 (in m^3).

[3 marks]

(ii) Calculate the work (in kJ) for each process.

[6 marks]

(iii) Sketch the PV diagram for these processes.

[4 marks]

(b) Calculate the fugacity of steam at 300°C and 80 bar. For your calculations, you should use h=2785 kJ/kg, s=5.791 kJ/(kg.K) for steam at 300°C and 80 bar. Specific enthalpy and entropy of ideal gas at 300°C and 0.1 bar are $h^{\rm IG}=3077$ kJ/kg and $s^{\rm IG}=9.281$ kJ/(kg.K), respectively. Given,

$$d\mu = dG = RTd(\ln f)$$
.

Also, molar mass of water is 18 g/mol.

[7 marks]

- (a) Develop expressions for the volume expansivity, $\beta=\frac{1}{V}\left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T}\right)_P$, and isothermal compressibility, $\kappa=-\frac{1}{V}\left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial P}\right)_T$, for the following equations of state,
 - (i) ideal gas [4 marks]

(ii)
$$V = \frac{RT}{P} + b$$
 [4 marks]

(b) Calculate the compressibility factor (Z) and molar volume of sulphur dioxide (SO_2) vapour at 300 K and 4 bar using the Redlich-Kwong equation of state. Properties of SO₂ are: T_c = 430 K, P_c = 78.7 bar and ω = 0.251 (accentric factor). In your iterative calculations, use $Z_0 = 1$ as initial guess of Z, and stop at the second iteration (Z_2) . [12 marks]

(a) Assuming that all species and their mixtures are ideal gases, derive an equation for the Gibbs energy as a function of the reaction coordinate for the reaction below at 1000K.

$$H_2 + CO_2 \iff H_2O + CO$$

Calculate the reaction coordinate, ϵ , in the equilibrium. Given ΔG_f° (J.gmol⁻¹) at 1000K: (a) H₂O: -192420, (b) CO: -200240 and (c) CO₂: -395790. [13 marks]

(b) Saturated ammonia (NH $_3$) vapour at $P_1=200$ kPa is compressed by a piston to $P_2=1.6$ MPa in a reversible adiabatic process. Calculate the work done per unit mass. [7 marks]

Estimate the bubble and dew point temperatures of a 25 mol-% n-pentane (nC_5) , 45 mol-% n-hexane (nC_6) and 30 mol-% n-heptane (nC_7) mixture at 1.013 bar. Also calculate the compositions at dew and bubble points. [20 marks]

For This problem, use

$$\ln P_i^{\text{sat}} = A_i - \frac{B_i}{RT}$$

with [P] = bar and [T] = K, and

$$A_{nC_5} = 10.422$$
 $A_{nC_6} = 10.456$ $A_{nC_7} = 11.431$ $B_{nC_5} = 26799$ $B_{nC_6} = 29676$ $B_{nC_7} = 35200$

If you are using an iterative method to solve this problem, do stop at the 5^{th} iteration.

(a) What is the change in entropy when 700 litres of CO₂ and 300 litres of N₂, each at 1 bar and 25°C, blend to form a gas mixture at the same conditions? Assume ideal gases, and given

$$\Delta S = -nR \sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i \ln y_i,$$

where S, n and y are entropy, number of moles and mole fraction, respectively. [10 marks]

(b) Calculate the bubble point pressure and vapour composition for a liquid mixture of 41.2 mol-% of ethanol (1) and n-hexane (2) at 331 K. Given,

$$\ln \gamma_1 = \frac{A}{\left(1 + \frac{Ax_1}{Bx_2}\right)^2}, \quad \ln \gamma_2 = \frac{A}{\left(1 + \frac{Bx_2}{Ax_1}\right)^2}$$
$$\ln P_1^{sat} = C_1 + \frac{D_1}{T + E_1}, \quad \ln P_2^{sat} = C_2 + \frac{D_2}{T + E_2}$$

where A= 2.409, B= 1.970, $C_1=$ 16.1952, $C_2=$ 14.0568, $D_1=$ -3423.53, $D_2=$ -2825.42, $E_1=$ -55.7152, $E_2=$ -42.7089. [P] = kPa and [T] = K. [10 marks]

END OF PAPER

List of Equations

• Generic cubic equation of state:

$$\begin{split} Z &= 1 + \beta - q\beta \frac{Z - \beta}{\left(Z + \varepsilon\beta\right)\left(Z + \sigma\beta\right)} \text{ (vapour and vapour-like roots)} \\ Z &= 1 + \beta + \left(Z + \epsilon\beta\right)\left(Z + \sigma\beta\right)\left(\frac{1 + \beta - Z}{q\beta}\right) \text{ (liquid and liquid-like roots)} \\ \text{with } \beta &= \Omega\frac{P_r}{T_r} \text{ and } q = \frac{\Psi\alpha\left(T_r\right)}{\Omega T_r} \\ \alpha_{\text{SRK}} &= \left[1 + \left(0.480 + 1.574\omega - 0.176\omega^2\right)\left(1 - \sqrt{T_r}\right)\right]^2 \\ \alpha_{\text{PR}} &= \left[1 + \left(0.37464 + 1.54226\omega - 0.26992\omega^2\right)\left(1 - \sqrt{T_r}\right)\right]^2 \end{split}$$

EOS	α	σ	ε	Ω	Ψ
vdW	1	0	0	1/8	27/64
RK	$ig T_r^{-1/2}$	1	0	0.08664	0.42748
SRK	lphaSRK	1	0	0.08664	0.42748
PR	α_{PR}	1+ $\sqrt{2}$	1- $\sqrt{2}$	0.07780	0.45724

- Newton-Raphson (root-finder) method: $X_i = X_{i-1} \frac{\mathcal{F}\left(X_{i-1}\right)}{d\mathcal{F}/dX\left(X_{i-1}\right)}$
- Fundamental thermodynamic equations:

$$dU = dQ + dW; \quad dH = dU + d(PV); \quad dA = dU - d(TS); \quad dG = dH - d(TS)$$

$$dU = TdS - PdV; \quad dH = TdS + VdP; \quad dA = -SdT - PdV; \quad dG = -SdT + VdP$$

$$dH = C_p dT + \left[V - T\left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T}\right)_P\right] dP; \quad dS = C_p \frac{dT}{T} - \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T}\right)_P dP$$

$$dU = C_v dT + \left[T\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_V - P\right] dV; \quad dS = C_v \frac{dT}{T} - \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_V dV$$

Polytropic Relations:

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1} \quad ; TV^{\gamma-1} = \text{ const}; \ TP^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} = \text{ const}; \ PV^{\gamma} = \text{ const}; \ PV^{\gamma}$$

• Raoult's Law:

$$y_i P = x_i P_i^{\text{sat}}$$
 and $y_i P = x_i \gamma_i P_i^{\text{sat}}$ with $i = 1, 2, \dots N$

Henry's Law:

$$x_i \mathcal{H}_i = y_i P$$
 with $i = 1, 2, \dots N$

• Antoine Equation:

$$\log_{10}P^{\star} = A - \frac{B}{T+C} \quad \text{with P* in mm-Hg and T in $^{\circ}$C}$$

• Solutions:

$$M^{\mathsf{E}} = M - \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i M_i; \ \overline{M}_1 = M + x_2 \frac{dM}{dx_1}; \ \overline{M}_2 = M - x_1 \frac{dM}{dx_1}$$

Appendix A: Physical Constants and Conversion Factors

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS

```
Avogadro's number, N_{\rm A}=6.023\times 10^{26}~{\rm molecules/kgmole} Boltzmann's constant, k=1.381\times 10^{-23}~{\rm J/(molecule\cdot K)} Electron charge, e=1.602\times 10^{-19}~{\rm C} Electron mass, m_e=9.110\times 10^{-31}~{\rm kg} Faraday's constant, F=96,487~{\rm kC/kgmole} electrons =96,487~{\rm kJ/(V\cdot kgmole} electrons) Gravitational acceleration (standard), g=32.174~{\rm ft/s^2}=9.807~{\rm m/s^2} Gravitational constant, k_G=6.67\times 10^{-11}{\rm m^3/(kg\cdot s^2)} Newton's second law constant, g_c=32.174~{\rm lbm\cdot ft/(lbf\cdot s^2)}=1.0~{\rm kg\cdot m/(N\cdot s^2)} Planck's constant, \hbar=6.626\times 10^{-34}~{\rm J\cdot s/molecule} Stefan-Boltzmann constant, \sigma=0.1714\times 10^{-8}~{\rm Btu/(h\cdot ft^2\cdot R^4)}=5.670\times 10^{-8}~{\rm W/(m^2\cdot k^4)} Universal gas constant \Re=1545.35~{\rm ft\cdot lbf/(lbmole\cdot R)}=8314.3~{\rm J/(kgmole\cdot K)}=8.3143~{\rm kJ/(kgmole\cdot K)}=1.9858~{\rm kcal/(kgmole\cdot K)}=1.9858~{\rm cal/(gmole\cdot K)}=0.08314~{\rm bar\cdot m^3/(kgmole\cdot K)}=1.9858~{\rm cal/(gmole\cdot K)} Velocity of light in a vacuum, c=9.836\times 10^8~{\rm ft/s}=2.998\times 10^8~{\rm m/s}
```

UNIT DEFINITIONS

```
1 coulomb (C) = 1 A·s
                                                                      1 ohm (\Omega) = 1 \text{ V/A}
1 dyne = 1 \text{ g} \cdot \text{cm/s}^2
                                                                      1 pascal (Pa) = 1 \text{ N/m}^2
1 erg = 1 dyne·cm
                                                                      1 poundal = 1 lbm \cdot ft/s^2
1 farad (F) = 1 \text{ C/V}
                                                                      1 siemens (S) = 1 A/V
1 henry (H) = 1 \text{ Wb/A}
                                                                      1 slug = 1 lbf \cdot s^2/ft
1 hertz (Hz) = 1 cycle/s
                                                                      1 tesla (T) = 1 Wb/m^2
1 joule (J) = 1 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}
                                                                      1 volt (V) = 1 W/A
                                                                      1 watt (W) = 1 J/s
1 lumen = 1 candela·steradian
                                                                      1 weber (Wb) = 1 V·s
1 lux = 1 lumen/m<sup>2</sup>
1 newton (N) = 1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2
```

CONVERSION FACTORS

Length	Energy
$1 \text{ m} = 3.2808 \text{ ft} = 39.37 \text{ in} = 10^2 \text{ cm} = 10^{10} \text{ Å}$	$1 \text{ J} = 1 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} = 1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}^2 = 9.479 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Btu}$
$1 \text{ cm} = 0.0328 \text{ ft} = 0.394 \text{ in} = 10^{-2} \text{ m} = 10^{8} \text{ Å}$	1 kJ = 1000 J = 0.9479 Btu = 238.9 cal
$1 \text{mm} = 10^{-3} \text{m} = 10^{-1} \text{cm}$	1 Btu = 1055.0 J = 1.055 kJ = 778.16 ft⋅lbf = 252 cal
1 km = 1000 m = 0.6215 miles = 3281 ft	1 cal = $4.186 J = 3.968 \times 10^{-3} Btu$
1 in = 2.540 cm = 0.0254 m	1 Cal (in food value) = 1 kcal = 4186 J = 3.968 Btu
1 ft = 12 in = 0.3048 m	1 erg = 1 dyne·cm = 1 g·cm ² /s ² = 10^{-7} J
1 mile = 5280 ft = 1609.36 m = 1.609 km	$1 \text{ eV} = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{J}$

(Continued)

CONVERSION FACTORS

Area

$$1 \text{ m}^2 = 10^4 \text{ cm}^2 = 10.76 \text{ ft}^2 = 1550 \text{ in}^2$$

$$1 \text{ ft}^2 = 144 \text{ in}^2 = 0.0929 \text{ m}^2 = 929.05 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$1 \text{ cm}^2 = 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2 = 1.0764 \times 10^{-3} \text{ ft}^2 = 0.155 \text{ in}^2$$

$$1 \text{ in}^2 = 6.944 \times 10^{-3} \text{ ft}^2 = 6.4516 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2 = 6.4516 \text{ cm}^2$$

Volume

$$\begin{split} 1 \text{ m}^3 &= 35.313 \text{ ft}^3 = 6.1023 \times 10^4 \text{ in}^3 = 1000 \text{ L} = 264.171 \text{ gal} \\ 1 \text{ L} &= 10^{-3} \text{m}^3 = 0.0353 \text{ ft}^3 = 61.03 \text{ in}^3 = 0.2642 \text{ gal} \\ 1 \text{ gal} &= 231 \text{ in}^3 = 0.13368 \text{ ft}^3 = 3.785 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3 \\ 1 \text{ ft}^3 &= 1728 \text{ in}^3 = 28.3168 \text{ L} = 0.02832 \text{ m}^3 = 7.4805 \text{ gal} \\ 1 \text{ in}^3 &= 16.387 \text{ cm}^3 = 1.6387 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3 = 4.329 \times 10^{-3} \text{ gal} \end{split}$$

Mass

1 kg =
$$1000 \,\mathrm{g} = 2.2046 \,\mathrm{lbm} = 0.0685 \,\mathrm{slug}$$

1 lbm = $453.6 \,\mathrm{g} = 0.4536 \,\mathrm{kg} = 3.108 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{slug}$
1 slug = $32.174 \,\mathrm{lbm} = 1.459 \times 10^4 \,\mathrm{g} = 14.594 \,\mathrm{kg}$

Force

1 N =
$$10^5$$
 dyne = 1 kg·m/s² = 0.225 lbf
1 lbf = 4.448 N = 32.174 poundals
1 poundal = 0.138 N = 3.108 × 10^{-2} lbf

Power

(Continued)

$$\begin{split} 1 \ W &= 1 \ J/s = 1 \ kg \cdot m^2/s^3 = 3.412 \ Btu/h = 1.3405 \times 10^{-3} \ hp \\ 1 \ kW &= 1000 \ W = 3412 \ Btu/h = 737.3 \ ft \cdot lbf/s = 1.3405 \ hp \\ 1 \ Btu/h &= 0.293 \ W = 0.2161 \ ft \cdot lbf/s = 3.9293 \times 10^{-4} \ hp \\ 1 \ hp &= 550 \ ft \cdot lbf/s = 33000 \ ft \cdot lbf/min = 2545 \ Btu/h = 746 \ W \end{split}$$

Pressure

$$\begin{split} 1 & Pa = 1 \text{ N/m}^2 = 1 \text{ kg/(m \cdot s^2)} = 1.4504 \times 10^{-4} \text{ lbf/in}^2 \\ 1 & \text{ lbf/in}^2 = 6894.76 \, Pa = 0.068 \, \text{atm} = 2.036 \, \text{in Hg} \\ 1 & \text{ atm} = 14.696 \, \text{lbf/in}^2 = 1.01325 \times 10^5 \, Pa \\ & = 101.325 \, \text{kPa} = 760 \, \text{mm Hg} \\ 1 & \text{ bar} = 10^5 \, Pa = 0.987 \, \text{atm} = 14.504 \, \text{lbf/in}^2 \\ 1 & \text{ dyne/cm}^2 = 0.1 \, Pa = 10^{-6} \, \text{bar} = 145.04 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{lbf/in}^2 \\ 1 & \text{ in Hg} = 3376.8 \, Pa = 0.491 \, \text{lbf/in}^2 \\ 1 & \text{ in H}_2O = 248.8 \, Pa = 0.0361 \, \text{lbf/in}^2 \\ \end{split}$$

MISCELLANEOUS UNIT CONVERSIONS

Specific Heat Units

$$\label{eq:lbm-R} \begin{split} 1 & Btu/(lbm \cdot {}^oF) = 1 \, Btu/(lbm \cdot R) \\ 1 & kJ/(kg \cdot K) = 0.23884 \, Btu/(lbm \cdot R) = 185.8 \, ft \cdot lbf/(lbm \cdot R) \end{split}$$

 $1 Btu/(lbm \cdot R) = 778.16 \text{ ft} \cdot lbf/(lbm \cdot R) = 4.186 \text{ kJ/(kg} \cdot K)$

Energy Density Units

1 kJ/kg = $1000 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2 = 0.4299 \text{ Btu/lbm}$ 1 Btu/lbm = $2.326 \text{ kJ/kg} = 2326 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$

Energy Flux

1 W/m² = 0.317 Btu/(h·ft²) 1 Btu/(h·ft²) = 3.154 W/m²

Heat Transfer Coefficient

1 W/($m^2 \cdot K$) = 0.1761 Btu/($h \cdot ft^2 \cdot R$) 1 Btu/($h \cdot ft^2 \cdot R$) = 5.679 W/($m^2 \cdot K$)

Thermal Conductivity

1 W/(m·K) = 0.5778 Btu/(h·ft·R) 1 Btu/(h·ft·R) = 1.731 W/(m·K)

Temperature

$$\begin{split} &T(^{\circ}\text{F}) = \frac{9}{5}\,T(^{\circ}\text{C}) + 32 = T(\text{R}) - 459.67 \\ &T(^{\circ}\text{C}) = \frac{5}{9}\,[T(^{\circ}\text{F}) - 32] = T(\text{K}) - 273.15 \\ &T(\text{R}) = \frac{9}{5}\,T(\text{K}) = (1.8)T(\text{K}) = T(^{\circ}\text{F}) + 459.67 \\ &T(\text{K}) = \frac{5}{9}\,T(\text{R}) = T(\text{R})/1.8 = T(^{\circ}\text{C}) + 273.15 \end{split}$$

Density

$$\begin{split} 1 \text{ lbm/ft}^3 &= 16.0187 \text{ kg/m}^3 \\ 1 \text{ kg/m}^3 &= 0.062427 \text{ lbm/ft}^3 = 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^3 \\ 1 \text{ g/cm}^3 &= 1 \text{ kg/L} = 62.4 \text{ lbm/ft}^3 = 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3 \\ \textbf{Viscosity} \\ 1 \text{ Pa} \cdot \text{s} &= 1 \text{ N} \cdot \text{s/m}^2 = 1 \text{ kg/(m} \cdot \text{s}) = 10 \text{ poise} \end{split}$$

1 poise = 1 dyne·s/cm² = 1 g/(cm·s) = 0.1 Pa·s 1 poise = 2.09×10^{-3} lbf·s/ft² = 6.72×10^{-2} lbm/(ft·s) 1 centipoise = 0.01 poise = 10^{-3} Pa·s 1 lbf·s/ft² = 1 slug/(ft·s) = 47.9 Pa·s = 479 poise 1 stoke = 1 cm²/s = 10^{-4} m²/s = 1.076×10^{-3} ft²/s 1 centistoke = 0.01 stoke = 10^{-6} m²/s = 1.076×10^{-5} ft²/s 1 m²/s = 10^4 stoke = 10^6 centistoke = 10.76 ft²/s

 TABLE A-13
 Properties of Saturated Ammonia (Liquid–Vapor): Temperature Table

		Specific m ³ /l			Energy /kg		Enthalpy kJ/kg		Entro kJ/kg		
Temp. °C	Press. bar	Sat. Liquid $v_{\rm f} \times 10^3$	Sat. Vapor $v_{\rm g}$	Sat. Liquid $u_{\rm f}$	Sat. Vapor $u_{\rm g}$	Sat. Liquid h_{f}	Evap. h_{fg}	Sat. Vapor $h_{\rm g}$	Sat. Liquid s _f	Sat. Vapor	Temp. °C
-50	0.4086	1.4245	2.6265	-43.94	1264.99	-43.88	1416.20	1372.32	-0.1922	6.1543	-50
-45	0.5453	1.4367	2.0060	-22.03	1271.19	-21.95	1402.52	1380.57	-0.0951	6.0523	-45
-40	0.7174	1.4493	1.5524	-0.10	1277.20	0.00	1388.56	1388.56	0.0000	5.9557	-40
-36	0.8850	1.4597	1.2757	17.47	1281.87	17.60	1377.17	1394.77	0.0747	5.8819	-36
-32	1.0832	1.4703	1.0561	35.09	1286.41	35.25	1365.55	1400.81	0.1484	5.8111	-32
-30	1.1950	1.4757	0.9634	43.93	1288.63	44.10	1359.65	1403.75	0.1849	5.7767	-30
-28	1.3159	1.4812	0.8803	52.78	1290.82	52.97	1353.68	1406.66	0.2212	5.7430	-28
-26	1.4465	1.4867	0.8056	61.65	1292.97	61.86	1347.65	1409.51	0.2572	5.7100	-26
-22	1.7390	1.4980	0.6780	79.46	1297.18	79.72	1335.36	1415.08	0.3287	5.6457	-22
-20	1.9019	1.5038	0.6233	88.40	1299.23	88.68	1329.10	1417.79	0.3642	5.6144	-20
-18	2.0769	1.5096	0.5739	97.36	1301.25	97.68	1322.77	1420.45	0.3994	5.5837	-18
-16	2.2644	1.5155	0.5291	106.36	1303.23	106.70	1316.35	1423.05	0.4346	5.5536	-16
-14	2.4652	1.5215	0.4885	115.37	1305.17	115.75	1309.86	1425.61	0.4695	5.5239	-14
-12	2.6798	1.5276	0.4516	124.42	1307.08	124.83	1303.28	1428.11	0.5043	5.4948	-12
-10	2.9089	1.5338	0.4180	133.50	1308.95	133.94	1296.61	1430.55	0.5389	5.4662	-10
-8	3.1532	1.5400	0.3874	142.60	1310.78	143.09	1289.86	1432.95	0.5734	5.4380	-8
-6	3.4134	1.5464	0.3595	151.74	1312.57	152.26	1283.02	1435.28	0.6077	5.4103	-6
-4	3.6901	1.5528	0.3340	160.88	1314.32	161.46	1276.10	1437.56	0.6418	5.3831	-4
-2	3.9842	1.5594	0.3106	170.07	1316.04	170.69	1269.08	1439.78	0.6759	5.3562	-2
0	4.2962	1.5660	0.2892	179.29	1317.71	179.96	1261.97	1441.94	0.7097	5.3298	0
2	4.6270	1.5727	0.2695	188.53	1319.34	189.26	1254.77	1444.03	0.7435	5.3038	2
4	4.9773	1.5796	0.2514	197.80	1320.92	198.59	1247.48	1446.07	0.7770	5.2781	4
6	5.3479	1.5866	0.2348	207.10	1322.47	207.95	1240.09	1448.04	0.8105	5.2529	6
8	5.7395	1.5936	0.2195	216.42	1323.96	217.34	1232.61	1449.94	0.8438	5.2279	8
10	6.1529	1.6008	0.2054	225.77	1325.42	226.75	1225.03	1451.78	0.8769	5.2033	10
12	6.5890	1.6081	0.1923	235.14	1326.82	236.20	1217.35	1453.55	0.9099	5.1791	12
16	7.5324	1.6231	0.1691	253.95	1329.48	255.18	1201.70	1456.87	0.9755	5.1314	16
20	8.5762	1.6386	0.1492	272.86	1331.94	274.26	1185.64	1459.90	1.0404	5.0849	20
24	9.7274	1.6547	0.1320	291.84	1334.19	293.45	1169.16	1462.61	1.1048	5.0394	24
28	10.993	1.6714	0.1172	310.92	1336.20	312.75	1152.24	1465.00	1.1686	4.9948	28
32	12.380	1.6887	0.1043	330.07	1337.97	332.17	1134.87	1467.03	1.2319	4.9509	32
36	13.896	1.7068	0.0930	349.32	1339.47	351.69	1117.00	1468.70	1.2946	4.9078	36
40	15.549	1.7256	0.0831	368.67	1340.70	371.35	1098.62	1469.97	1.3569	4.8652	40
45	17.819	1.7503	0.0725	393.01	1341.81	396.13	1074.84	1470.96	1.4341	4.8125	45
50	20.331	1.7765	0.0634	417.56	1342.42	421.17	1050.09	1471.26	1.5109	4.7604	50

Source: Tables A-13 through A-15 are calculated based on equations from L. Haar and J. S. Gallagher, "Thermodynamic Properties of Ammonia," J. Phys. Chem. Reference Data, Vol. 7, 1978, pp. 635–792.

742 Tables in SI Units

TABLE A-14 Properties of Saturated Ammonia (Liquid–Vapor): Pressure Table

		Specific Volume Internal Energy Enthalpy						Entro	onv		
		m ³ /			/kg	kJ/kg			kJ/kg		
		Sat.	Sat.	Sat.	Sat.	Sat.		Sat.	Sat.	Sat.	
Press.	Temp.	Liquid	Vapor	Liquid	Vapor	Liquid	Evap.	Vapor	Liquid	Vapor	Press.
bar	°C	$v_{\rm f} imes 10^3$	$v_{ m g}$	$u_{ m f}$	u_{g}	$h_{ m f}$	$h_{ m fg}$	$h_{ m g}$	$s_{ m f}$	s_{g}	bar
0.40	-50.36	1.4236	2.6795	-45.52	1264.54	-45.46	1417.18	1371.72	-0.1992	6.1618	0.40
0.50	-46.53	1.4330	2.1752	-28.73	1269.31	-28.66	1406.73	1378.07	-0.1245	6.0829	0.50
0.60	-43.28	1.4410	1.8345	-14.51	1273.27	-14.42	1397.76	1383.34	-0.0622	6.0186	0.60
0.70	-40.46	1.4482	1.5884	-2.11	1276.66	-2.01	1389.85	1387.84	-0.0086	5.9643	0.70
0.80	-37.94	1.4546	1.4020	8.93	1279.61	9.04	1382.73	1391.78	0.0386	5.9174	0.80
0.90	-35.67	1.4605	1.2559	18.91	1282.24	19.04	1376.23	1395.27	0.0808	5.8760	0.90
1.00	-33.60	1.4660	1.1381	28.03	1284.61	28.18	1370.23	1398.41	0.1191	5.8391	1.00
1.25	-29.07	1.4782	0.9237	48.03	1289.65	48.22	1356.89	1405.11	0.2018	5.7610	1.25
1.50	-25.22	1.4889	0.7787	65.10	1293.80	65.32	1345.28	1410.61	0.2712	5.6973	1.50
1.75	-21.86	1.4984	0.6740	80.08	1297.33	80.35	1334.92	1415.27	0.3312	5.6435	1.75
2.00	-18.86	1.5071	0.5946	93.50	1300.39	93.80	1325.51	1419.31	0.3843	5.5969	2.00
2.25	-16.15	1.5151	0.5323	105.68	1303.08	106.03	1316.83	1422.86	0.4319	5.5558	2.25
2.50	-13.67	1.5225	0.4821	116.88	1305.49	117.26	1308.76	1426.03	0.4753	5.5190	2.50
2.75	-11.37	1.5295	0.4408	127.26	1307.67	127.68	1301.20	1428.88	0.5152	5.4858	2.75
3.00	-9.24	1.5361	0.4061	136.96	1309.65	137.42	1294.05	1431.47	0.5520	5.4554	3.00
3.25	-7.24	1.5424	0.3765	146.06	1311.46	146.57	1287.27	1433.84	0.5864	5.4275	3.25
3.50	-5.36	1.5484	0.3511	154.66	1313.14	155.20	1280.81	1436.01	0.6186	5.4016	3.50
3.75	-3.58	1.5542	0.3289	162.80	1314.68	163.38	1274.64	1438.03	0.6489	5.3774	3.75
4.00	-1.90	1.5597	0.3094	170.55	1316.12	171.18	1268.71	1439.89	0.6776	5.3548	4.00
4.25	-0.29	1.5650	0.2921	177.96	1317.47	178.62	1263.01	1441.63	0.7048	5.3336	4.25
4.50	1.25	1.5702	0.2767	185.04	1318.73	185.75	1257.50	1443.25	0.7308	5.3135	4.50
4.75	2.72	1.5752	0.2629	191.84	1319.91	192.59	1252.18	1444.77	0.7555	5.2946	4.75
5.00	4.13	1.5800	0.2503	198.39	1321.02	199.18	1247.02	1446.19	0.7791	5.2765	5.00
5.25	5.48	1.5847	0.2390	204.69	1322.07	205.52	1242.01	1447.53	0.8018	5.2594	5.25
5.50	6.79	1.5893	0.2286	210.78	1323.06	211.65	1237.15	1448.80	0.8236	5.2430	5.50
5.75	8.05	1.5938	0.2191	216.66	1324.00	217.58	1232.41	1449.99	0.8446	5.2273	5.75
6.00	9.27	1.5982	0.2104	222.37	1324.89	223.32	1227.79	1451.12	0.8649	5.2122	6.00
7.00	13.79	1.6148	0.1815	243.56	1328.04	244.69	1210.38	1455.07	0.9394	5.1576	7.00
8.00	17.84	1.6302	0.1596	262.64	1330.64	263.95	1194.36	1458.30	1.0054	5.1099	8.00
9.00	21.52	1.6446	0.1424	280.05	1332.82	281.53	1179.44	1460.97	1.0649	5.0675	9.00
10.00	24.89	1.6584	0.1285	296.10	1334.66	297.76	1165.42	1463.18	1.1191	5.0294	10.00
12.00	30.94	1.6841	0.1075	324.99	1337.52	327.01	1139.52	1466.53	1.2152	4.9625	12.00
14.00	36.26	1.7080	0.0923	350.58	1339.56	352.97	1115.82	1468.79	1.2987	4.9050	14.00
16.00	41.03	1.7306	0.0808	373.69	1340.97	376.46	1093.77	1470.23	1.3729	4.8542	16.00
18.00	45.38	1.7522	0.0717	394.85	1341.88	398.00	1073.01	1471.01	1.4399	4.8086	18.00
20.00	49.37	1.7731	0.0644	414.44	1342.37	417.99	1053.27	1471.26	1.5012	4.7670	20.00

TABLE A-15 Properties of Superheated Ammonia Vapor

IABL	ABLE A-15 Properties of Superheated Ammonia Vapor									
°C	<i>v</i>	и	<i>h</i>	s	v	и	<i>h</i>	s		
	m³/kg	kJ/kg	kJ/kg	kJ/kg · K	m³/kg	kJ/kg	kJ/kg	kJ/kg · K		
		$p = 0.4 \text{ bar}$ $(T_{\text{sat}} = -$		a	p = 0.6 bar = 0.06 MPa $(T_{\text{sat}} = -43.28^{\circ}\text{C})$					
Sat50 -45	2.6795 2.6841 2.7481	1264.54 1265.11 1273.05	1371.72 1372.48 1382.98	6.1618 6.1652 6.2118	1.8345	1273.27	1383.34	6.0186		
-40	2.8118	1281.01	1393.48	6.2573	1.8630	1278.62	1390.40	6.0490		
-35	2.8753	1288.96	1403.98	6.3018	1.9061	1286.75	1401.12	6.0946		
-30	2.9385	1296.93	1414.47	6.3455	1.9491	1294.88	1411.83	6.1390		
-25	3.0015	1304.90	1424.96	6.3882	1.9918	1303.01	1422.52	6.1826		
-20	3.0644	1312.88	1435.46	6.4300	2.0343	1311.13	1433.19	6.2251		
-15	3.1271	1320.87	1445.95	6.4711	2.0766	1319.25	1443.85	6.2668		
-10	3.1896	1328.87	1456.45	6.5114	2.1188	1327.37	1454.50	6.3077		
-5	3.2520	1336.88	1466.95	6.5509	2.1609	1335.49	1465.14	6.3478		
0	3.3142	1344.90	1477.47	6.5898	2.2028	1343.61	1475.78	6.3871		
5	3.3764	1352.95	1488.00	6.6280	2.2446	1351.75	1486.43	6.4257		
	p = 0.8 bar = 0.08 MPa $(T_{\text{sat}} = -37.94^{\circ}\text{C})$					$p = 1.0 \text{ bar}$ $(T_{\text{sat}} = -$	= 0.10 MI -33.60°C)	Pa		
Sat35 -30	1.4021 1.4215 1.4543	1279.61 1284.51 1292.81	1391.78 1398.23 1409.15	5.9174 5.9446 5.9900	1.1381 1.1573	1284.61 1290.71	1398.41 1406.44	5.8391 5.8723		
-25	1.4868	1301.09	1420.04	6.0343	1.1838	1299.15	1417.53	5.9175		
-20	1.5192	1309.36	1430.90	6.0777	1.2101	1307.57	1428.58	5.9616		
-15	1.5514	1317.61	1441.72	6.1200	1.2362	1315.96	1439.58	6.0046		
$-10 \\ -5 \\ 0$	1.5834	1325.85	1452.53	6.1615	1.2621	1324.33	1450.54	6.0467		
	1.6153	1334.09	1463.31	6.2021	1.2880	1332.67	1461.47	6.0878		
	1.6471	1342.31	1474.08	6.2419	1.3136	1341.00	1472.37	6.1281		
5	1.6788	1350.54	1484.84	6.2809	1.3392	1349.33	1483.25	6.1676		
10	1.7103	1358.77	1495.60	6.3192	1.3647	1357.64	1494.11	6.2063		
15	1.7418	1367.01	1506.35	6.3568	1.3900	1365.95	1504.96	6.2442		
20	1.7732	1375.25	1517.10	6.3939	1.4153	1374.27	1515.80	6.2816		
		$p = 1.5 \text{ bar}$ $(T_{\text{sat}} = -$		a	I	$\rho = 2.0 \text{ bar}$ $(T_{\text{sat}} = -$	= 0.20 MI -18.86°C)	Pa		
Sat25 -20	0.7787 0.7795 0.7978	1293.80 1294.20 1303.00	1410.61 1411.13 1422.67	5.6973 5.6994 5.7454	0.59460	1300.39	1419.31	5.5969		
-15	0.8158	1311.75	1434.12	5.7902	0.60542	1307.43	1428.51	5.6328		
-10	0.8336	1320.44	1445.49	5.8338	0.61926	1316.46	1440.31	5.6781		
-5	0.8514	1329.08	1456.79	5.8764	0.63294	1325.41	1452.00	5.7221		
0	0.8689	1337.68	1468.02	5.9179	0.64648	1334.29	1463.59	5.7649		
5	0.8864	1346.25	1479.20	5.9585	0.65989	1343.11	1475.09	5.8066		
10	0.9037	1354.78	1490.34	5.9981	0.67320	1351.87	1486.51	5.8473		
15	0.9210	1363.29	1501.44	6.0370	0.68640	1360.59	1497.87	5.8871		
20	0.9382	1371.79	1512.51	6.0751	0.69952	1369.28	1509.18	5.9260		
25	0.9553	1380.28	1523.56	6.1125	0.71256	1377.93	1520.44	5.9641		
30	0.9723	1388.76	1534.60	6.1492	0.72553	1386.56	1531.67	6.0014		

TABLE A-15 (Continued)

IADL	E A-15 (Commuea)							
<i>T</i> °C	v m³/kg	и kJ/kg	<i>h</i> kJ/kg	s kJ/kg · K	<i>v</i> m³/kg	и kJ/kg	<i>h</i> kJ/kg	s kJ/kg · K	
	<i>p</i>	$= 2.5 \text{ bar}$ $(T_{\text{sat}} = -$	= 0.25 MF ·13.67°C)	'a 	p = 3.0 bar = 0.30 MPa $(T_{\text{sat}} = -9.24^{\circ}\text{C})$				
Sat.	0.48213	1305.49	1426.03	5.5190	0.40607	1309.65	1431.47	5.4554	
-10 5	0.49051	1312.37	1435.00	5.5534	0.41429	1217 90	1442.00	5 4052	
-5	0.50180	1321.65	1447.10	5.5989	0.41428	1317.80	1442.08	5.4953	
0 5	0.51293 0.52393	1330.83 1339.91	1459.06 1470.89	5.6431 5.6860	0.42382 0.43323	1327.28 1336.64	1454.43 1466.61	5.5409 5.5851	
10	0.53482	1348.91	1482.61	5.7278	0.44251	1345.89	1478.65	5.6280	
15	0.54560	1357.84	1494.25	5.7685	0.45169	1355.05	1490.56	5.6697	
20	0.55630	1366.72	1505.80	5.8083	0.46078	1364.13	1502.36	5.7103	
25	0.56691	1375.55	1517.28	5.8471	0.46978	1373.14	1514.07	5.7499	
30	0.57745	1384.34	1528.70	5.8851	0.47870	1382.09	1525.70	5.7886	
35	0.58793	1393.10	1540.08	5.9223	0.48756	1391.00	1537.26	5.8264	
40 45	0.59835	1401.84	1551.42 1562.74	5.9589	0.49637	1399.86	1548.77	5.8635	
43	0.60872	1410.56	1302.74	5.9947	0.50512	1408.70	1560.24	5.8998	
	p	= 3.5 bar	= 0.35 MF	Pa		$\rho = 4.0 \text{ bar}$	= 0.40 M	Pa	
	1		-5.36°C)		•		-1.90°C)		
Sat.	0.35108	1313.14	1436.01	5.4016	0.30942	1316.12	1439.89	5.3548	
0	0.36011	1323.66	1449.70	5.4522	0.31227	1319.95	1444.86	5.3731	
10	0.37654	1342.82	1474.61	5.5417	0.32701	1339.68	1470.49	5.4652	
20	0.39251	1361.49	1498.87	5.6259	0.34129	1358.81	1495.33	5.5515	
30	0.40814	1379.81	1522.66	5.7057	0.35520	1377.49	1519.57	5.6328	
40	0.42350	1397.87	1546.09	5.7818	0.36884	1395.85	1543.38	5.7101	
60	0.45363	1433.55	1592.32	5.9249	0.39550	1431.97	1590.17	5.8549	
80	0.48320	1469.06	1638.18	6.0586	0.42160	1467.77	1636.41	5.9897	
100	0.51240	1504.73	1684.07	6.1850	0.44733	1503.64	1682.58	6.1169	
120	0.54136	1540.79	1730.26	6.3056	0.47280	1539.85	1728.97	6.2380	
140 160	0.57013 0.59876	1577.38 1614.60	1776.92 1824.16	6.4213 6.5330	0.49808 0.52323	1576.55 1613.86	1775.79 1823.16	6.3541 6.4661	
180 200	0.62728 0.65572	1652.51 1691.15	1872.06 1920.65	6.6411 6.7460	0.54827 0.57322	1651.85 1690.56	1871.16 1919.85	6.5744 6.6796	
			-,		0.070		27 27 100		
	p	= 4.5 bar	= 0.45 MF	P a			= 0.50 M	Pa	
		$(T_{\rm sat} =$	1.25°C)			$(T_{\rm sat} =$	4.13°C)		
Sat.	0.27671	1318.73	1443.25	5.3135	0.25034	1321.02	1446.19	5.2765	
10	0.28846	1336.48	1466.29	5.3962	0.25757	1333.22	1462.00	5.3330	
20	0.30142	1356.09	1491.72	5.4845	0.26949	1353.32	1488.06	5.4234	
30	0.31401	1375.15	1516.45	5.5674	0.28103	1372.76	1513.28	5.5080	
40	0.32631	1393.80	1540.64	5.6460	0.29227	1391.74	1537.87	5.5878	
60	0.35029	1430.37	1588.00	5.7926	0.31410	1428.76	1585.81	5.7362	
80 100	0.37369 0.39671	1466.47 1502.55	1634.63 1681.07	5.9285 6.0564	0.33535 0.35621	1465.16 1501.46	1632.84 1679.56	5.8733 6.0020	
120	0.39671	1538.91	1727.67	6.1781	0.33621	1501.40	1726.37	6.1242	
140	0.44205	1575.73	1774.65	6.2946	0.39722	1574.90	1773.51	6.2412	
160	0.44203	1613.13	1822.15	6.4069	0.39722	1612.40	1821.14	6.3537	
180	0.48681	1651.20	1870.26	6.5155	0.43765	1650.54	1869.36	6.4626	
200	0.50905	1689.97	1919.04	6.6208	0.45771	1689.38	1918.24	6.5681	
					_				

TABLE A-15(Continued)

TABLE A-15 (Continued)									
T	<i>v</i>	и	<i>h</i>	s	v	и	<i>h</i>	s	
°C	m³/kg	kJ/kg	kJ/kg	kJ/kg · K	m³/kg	kJ/kg	kJ/kg	kJ/kg · K	
	р	$= 5.5 \text{ bar}$ $(T_{\text{sat}} =$		I	p = 6.0 bar = 0.60 MPa $(T_{\text{sat}} = 9.27^{\circ}\text{C})$				
Sat.	0.22861	1323.06	1448.80	5.2430	0.21038	1324.89	1451.12	5.2122	
10	0.23227	1329.88	1457.63	5.2743	0.21115	1326.47	1453.16	5.2195	
20	0.24335	1350.50	1484.34	5.3671	0.22155	1347.62	1480.55	5.3145	
30	0.25403	1370.35	1510.07	5.4534	0.23152	1367.90	1506.81	5.4026	
40	0.26441	1389.64	1535.07	5.5345	0.24118	1387.52	1532.23	5.4851	
50	0.27454	1408.53	1559.53	5.6114	0.25059	1406.67	1557.03	5.5631	
60	0.28449	1427.13	1583.60	5.6848	0.25981	1425.49	1581.38	5.6373	
80	0.30398	1463.85	1631.04	5.8230	0.27783	1462.52	1629.22	5.7768	
100	0.32307	1500.36	1678.05	5.9525	0.29546	1499.25	1676.52	5.9071	
120	0.34190	1537.02	1725.07	6.0753	0.31281	1536.07	1723.76	6.0304	
140	0.36054	1574.07	1772.37	6.1926	0.32997	1573.24	1771.22	6.1481	
160	0.37903	1611.66	1820.13	6.3055	0.34699	1610.92	1819.12	6.2613	
180	0.39742	1649.88	1868.46	6.4146	0.36390	1649.22	1867.56	6.3707	
200	0.41571	1688.79	1917.43	6.5203	0.38071	1688.20	1916.63	6.4766	
	<i>p</i>	a		p = 8.0 bar = 0.80 MPa $(T_{\text{sat}} = 17.84^{\circ}\text{C})$					
Sat. 20 30	0.18148	1328.04	1455.07	5.1576	0.15958	1330.64	1458.30	5.1099	
	0.18721	1341.72	1472.77	5.2186	0.16138	1335.59	1464.70	5.1318	
	0.19610	1362.88	1500.15	5.3104	0.16948	1357.71	1493.29	5.2277	
40	0.20464	1383.20	1526.45	5.3958	0.17720	1378.77	1520.53	5.3161	
50	0.21293	1402.90	1551.95	5.4760	0.18465	1399.05	1546.77	5.3986	
60	0.22101	1422.16	1576.87	5.5519	0.19189	1418.77	1572.28	5.4763	
80	0.23674	1459.85	1625.56	5.6939	0.20590	1457.14	1621.86	5.6209	
100	0.25205	1497.02	1673.46	5.8258	0.21949	1494.77	1670.37	5.7545	
120	0.26709	1534.16	1721.12	5.9502	0.23280	1532.24	1718.48	5.8801	
140	0.28193	1571.57	1768.92	6.0688	0.24590	1569.89	1766.61	5.9995	
160	0.29663	1609.44	1817.08	6.1826	0.25886	1607.96	1815.04	6.1140	
180	0.31121	1647.90	1865.75	6.2925	0.27170	1646.57	1863.94	6.2243	
200	0.32571	1687.02	1915.01	6.3988	0.28445	1685.83	1913.39	6.3311	
	p	$= 9.0 \text{ bar}$ $(T_{\text{sat}} = 2)$		a	p		r = 1.00 M 24.89°C)	Pa	
Sat. 30 40	0.14239	1332.82	1460.97	5.0675	0.12852	1334.66	1463.18	5.0294	
	0.14872	1352.36	1486.20	5.1520	0.13206	1346.82	1478.88	5.0816	
	0.15582	1374.21	1514.45	5.2436	0.13868	1369.52	1508.20	5.1768	
50	0.16263	1395.11	1541.47	5.3286	0.14499	1391.07	1536.06	5.2644	
60	0.16922	1415.32	1567.61	5.4083	0.15106	1411.79	1562.86	5.3460	
80	0.18191	1454.39	1618.11	5.5555	0.16270	1451.60	1614.31	5.4960	
100	0.19416	1492.50	1667.24	5.6908	0.17389	1490.20	1664.10	5.6332	
120	0.20612	1530.30	1715.81	5.8176	0.18478	1528.35	1713.13	5.7612	
140	0.21788	1568.20	1764.29	5.9379	0.19545	1566.51	1761.96	5.8823	
160	0.22948	1606.46	1813.00	6.0530	0.20598	1604.97	1810.94	5.9981	
180	0.24097	1645.24	1862.12	6.1639	0.21638	1643.91	1860.29	6.1095	
200	0.25237	1684.64	1911.77	6.2711	0.22670	1683.44	1910.14	6.2171	

TABLE A-15 (Continued)

IADL	.E A-15 (Continuea)								
°C	v m³/kg	и kJ/kg	<i>h</i> kJ/kg	s kJ/kg · K	m	<i>v</i> ³ /kg	и kJ/kg	<i>h</i> kJ/kg	s kJ/kg · K	
	p	= 12.0 bar $(T_{\text{sat}} = 3)$		Pa	p = 14.0 bar = 1.40 MPa $(T_{\text{sat}} = 36.26^{\circ}\text{C})$					
Sat. 40 60	0.10751 0.11287 0.12378	1337.52 1359.73 1404.54	1466.53 1495.18 1553.07	4.9625 5.0553 5.2347	0.0	9231 9432 0423	1339.56 1349.29 1396.97	1468.79 1481.33 1542.89	4.9050 4.9453 5.1360	
80 100 120	0.13387 0.14347 0.15275	1445.91 1485.55 1524.41	1606.56 1657.71 1707.71	5.3906 5.5315 5.6620	0.1	1324 2172 2986	1440.06 1480.79 1520.41	1598.59 1651.20 1702.21	5.2984 5.4433 5.5765	
140 160 180	0.16181 0.17072 0.17950	1563.09 1601.95 1641.23	1757.26 1806.81 1856.63	5.7850 5.9021 6.0145	0.1	3777 4552 5315	1559.63 1598.92 1638.53	1752.52 1802.65 1852.94	5.7013 5.8198 5.9333	
200 220 240	0.18819 0.19680 0.20534	1681.05 1721.50 1762.63	1906.87 1957.66 2009.04	6.1230 6.2282 6.3303	0.1	6068 6813 7551	1678.64 1719.35 1760.72	1903.59 1954.73 2006.43	6.0427 6.1485 6.2513	
260 280	0.21382 0.22225	1804.48 1847.04	2061.06 2113.74	6.4297 6.5267		8283 9010	1802.78 1845.55	2058.75 2111.69	6.3513 6.4488	
	p	$= 16.0 \text{ bar}$ $(T_{\text{sat}} = 4)$		Pa		p		r = 1.80 M 45.38°C)	IPa	
Sat. 60 80	0.08079 0.08951 0.09774	1340.97 1389.06 1434.02	1470.23 1532.28 1590.40	4.8542 5.0461 5.2156	0.0	07174 07801 08565	1341.88 1380.77 1427.79	1471.01 1521.19 1581.97	4.8086 4.9627 5.1399	
100 120 140	0.10539 0.11268 0.11974	1475.93 1516.34 1556.14	1644.56 1696.64 1747.72	5.3648 5.5008 5.6276	0.0	9267 9931 0570	1470.97 1512.22 1552.61	1637.78 1690.98 1742.88	5.2937 5.4326 5.5614	
160 180 200	0.12663 0.13339 0.14005	1595.85 1635.81 1676.21	1798.45 1849.23 1900.29	5.7475 5.8621 5.9723	0.1	1192 1801 2400	1592.76 1633.08 1673.78	1794.23 1845.50 1896.98	5.6828 5.7985 5.9096	
220 240 260 280	0.14663 0.15314 0.15959 0.16599	1717.18 1758.79 1801.07 1844.05	1951.79 2003.81 2056.42 2109.64	6.0789 6.1823 6.2829 6.3809	0.1 0.1	2991 3574 4152 4724	1715.00 1756.85 1799.35 1842.55	1948.83 2001.18 2054.08 2107.58	6.0170 6.1210 6.2222 6.3207	
	p	$= 20.0 \text{ bar}$ $(T_{\text{sat}} = 4)$		Pa						
Sat. 60 80	0.06445 0.06875 0.07596	1342.37 1372.05 1421.36	1471.26 1509.54 1573.27	4.7670 4.8838 5.0696						
100 120 140	0.08248 0.08861 0.09447	1465.89 1508.03 1549.03	1630.86 1685.24 1737.98	5.2283 5.3703 5.5012						
160 180 200	0.10016 0.10571 0.11116	1589.65 1630.32 1671.33	1789.97 1841.74 1893.64	5.6241 5.7409 5.8530						
220 240 260 280	0.11652 0.12182 0.12706 0.13224	1712.82 1754.90 1797.63 1841.03	1945.87 1998.54 2051.74 2105.50	5.9611 6.0658 6.1675 6.2665						