

$$7 + 5x - 15 = 22$$
 $5x - 8 = 22$

$$5x = 30$$

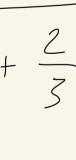
$$1x = 6$$

7 + 5(x-3) = 22

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
x + \frac{2}{3} \\
- = x \\
3 - \frac{2}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$(+\frac{2}{3})$$

$$Y = \frac{8}{3}$$



Y= (x + 1

Y=3

y= 2 (1) + 1

$$\frac{3}{7}$$

$$+1$$

$$\frac{-(L+5)}{13-(L)}$$

1,3

7,5

(0,3) and
$$(4.5)$$

 $(42-4.) = \frac{1}{2}(x_2-x_1)$
 $(5-3) = \frac{1}{2}(4-0)$
 $2 = \frac{1}{2}(4)$

2 = 2

$$26 = 7(g - 9) + 12$$

$$26 = 7g - 63 + 12$$

$$26 = 7g - 51$$

$$77 = 7g$$

$$\frac{7}{7} = \frac{7g}{7}$$

10 = X



Y=X

Y=x-4





$$\frac{4}{3} = 0 + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = q$$

$$\frac{3}{3} = 9$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = 0$$

$$1 = 0$$

$$\frac{10-8h}{8}$$

$$\frac{10}{8}=1$$