

# **Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)**

# **User Guide**

**Express Logic, Inc.** 

858.613.6640 Toll Free 888.THREADX FAX 858.521.4259

www.expresslogic.com

#### ©2002-2013 by Express Logic, Inc.

All rights reserved. This document and the associated NetX software are the sole property of Express Logic, Inc. Each contains proprietary information of Express Logic, Inc. Reproduction or duplication by any means of any portion of this document without the prior written consent of Express Logic, Inc. is expressly forbidden. Express Logic, Inc. reserves the right to make changes to the specifications described herein at any time and without notice in order to improve design or reliability of NetX. The information in this document has been carefully checked for accuracy; however, Express Logic, Inc. makes no warranty pertaining to the correctness of this document.

#### **Trademarks**

NetX, Piconet, and UDP Fast Path are trademarks of Express Logic, Inc. ThreadX is a registered trademark of Express Logic, Inc.

All other product and company names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

#### **Warranty Limitations**

Express Logic, Inc. makes no warranty of any kind that the NetX products will meet the USER's requirements, or will operate in the manner specified by the USER, or that the operation of the NetX products will operate uninterrupted or error free, or that any defects that may exist in the NetX products will be corrected after the warranty period. Express Logic, Inc. makes no warranties of any kind, either expressed or implied, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, with respect to the NetX products. No oral or written information or advice given by Express Logic, Inc., its dealers, distributors, agents, or employees shall create any other warranty or in any way increase the scope of this warranty, and licensee may not rely on any such information or advice.

Part Number: 000-1054

Revision 5.3

# **Contents**

Chapter 1 Introduction to HTTP	4
HTTP Requirements	
HTTP Constraints	4
HTTP URL (Resource Names)	5
HTTP Client Requests	
HTTP Server Responses	6
HTTP Communication	6
HTTP Authentication	7
HTTP Authentication Callback	7
HTTP Request Callback	
HTTP Multi-Thread Support	10
HTTP RFCs	
Chapter 2 Installation and Use of HTTP	11
Product Distribution	11
HTTP Installation	11
Using HTTP	11
Small Example System	
Configuration Options	
Chapter 3 Description of HTTP Services	
nx_http_client_create	21
nx_http_client_delete	23
nx_http_client_get_start	
nx_http_client_get_packet	
nx_http_client_put_start	
nx_http_client_put_packet	
nx_http_server_callback_data_send	
nx_http_server_callback_response_send	
nx_http_server_content_get	
nx_http_server_content_length_get	
nx_http_server_create	
nx_http_server_delete	
nx_http_server_param_get	
nx_http_server_query_get	
nx_http_server_start	
nx_http_server_stop	48

# Chapter 1

## Introduction to HTTP

The Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) is a protocol designed for transferring content on the Web. HTTP is a simple protocol that utilizes reliable Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) services to perform its content transfer function. Because of this, HTTP is a highly reliable content transfer protocol. HTTP is one of the most used application protocols. All operations on the Web utilize the HTTP protocol.

# **HTTP Requirements**

In order to function properly, the NetX HTTP package requires that a NetX IP instance has already been created. In addition, TCP must be enabled on that same IP instance. The HTTP Client portion of the NetX HTTP package has no further requirements.

The HTTP Server portion of the NetX HTTP package has several additional requirements. First, it requires complete access to TCP well-known port 80 for handling all Client HTTP requests. The HTTP Server is also designed for use with the FileX embedded file system. If FileX is not available, the user may port the portions of FileX used to their own environment. This is discussed in later sections of this guide.

### **HTTP Constraints**

The NetX HTTP protocol implements the HTTP 1.0 standard. However, there are following constraints:

- Persistent connections are not supported
- Request pipelining is not supported
- 3. The HTTP Server supports both basic and MD5 digest authentication, but not MD5-sess. At present, the HTTP Client supports only basic authentication.
- 4. No content compression is supported.
- 5. TRACE, OPTIONS, and CONNECT requests are not supported.
- 6. The packet pool associated with the HTTP Server or Client must be large enough to hold the complete HTTP header.

7. HTTP Client services are for content transfer only—there are no display utilities provided in this package.

# **HTTP URL (Resource Names)**

The HTTP protocol is designed to transfer content on Web. The requested content is specified by the Universal Resource Locator (URL). This is the primary component of every HTTP request. URLs always start with a "/" character and typically correspond to files on the HTTP Server. Common HTTP file extensions are shown below:

Extension	Meaning
.htm (or .html)	Hypertext Markup Language (HTML)
.txt	Plain ASCII text
.gif	Binary GIF image
.xbm	Binary Xbitmap image

# **HTTP Client Requests**

The HTTP has a simple mechanism for requesting Web content. There is basically a set of standard HTTP commands that are issued by the Client after a connection has been successfully established on the TCP well-known port 80. The following shows some of the basic HTTP commands:

HTTP Command	Meaning
GET resource HTTP/1.0	Get the specified resource
POST resource HTTP/1.0	Get the specified resource and pass attached input to the HTTP Server
HEAD resource HTTP/1.0	Treated like a GET but not content is returned by the HTTP Server
PUT resource HTTP/1.0	Place resource on HTTP Server
DELETE resource HTTP/1	.0 Delete resource on the Server

These ASCII commands are generated internally by Web browsers and the NetX HTTP Client services to perform HTTP operations with an HTTP Server.

# **HTTP Server Responses**

The HTTP Server utilizes the same *well-known TCP port 80* to send Client command responses. Once the HTTP Server processes the Client command, it returns an ASCII response string that includes a 3-digit numeric status code. The numeric response is used by the HTTP Client software to determine whether the operation succeeded or failed. Following is a list of various HTTP Server responses to Client commands:

Numeric Field	Meaning
200	Request was successful
400	Request was not formed properly
401	Unauthorized request, client needs to send authentication
404	Specified resource in request was not found
500	Internal HTTP Server error
501	Request not implemented by HTTP Server
502	Service is not available

For example, a successful Client request to PUT the file "test.htm" is responded with the message "HTTP/1.0 200 OK."

### **HTTP Communication**

As mentioned previously, the HTTP Server utilizes the *well-known TCP* port 80 to field Client requests. HTTP Clients may use any available TCP port. The general sequence of HTTP events is as follows:

#### **HTTP GET Request**:

- 1. Client issues TCP connect to Server port 80.
- 2. Client sends "**GET resource HTTP/1.0**" request (along with other header information).
- 3. Server builds an "HTTP/1.0 200 OK" message with additional information followed immediately by the resource content (if any).
- 4. Server performs a disconnection.
- 5. Client performs a disconnection.

### **HTTP PUT Request:**

- 1. Client issues TCP connect to Server port 80.
- Client sends "PUT resource HTTP/1.0" request, along with other header information, and followed by the resource content.
- 3. Server builds an "HTTP/1.0 200 OK" message with additional information followed immediately by the resource content.
- 4. Server performs a disconnection.
- 5. Client performs a disconnection.

### **HTTP Authentication**

HTTP authentication is optional and isn't required for all Web requests. There are two flavors of authentication, namely *basic* and *digest*. Basic authentication is equivalent to the *name* and *password* authentication found in many protocols. In HTTP basic authentication, the name and passwords are concatenated and encoded in the base64 format. The main disadvantage of basic authentication is the name and password are transmitted openly in the request. This makes it somewhat easy for the name and password to be stolen. Digest authentication addresses this problem by never transmitting the name and password in the request. Instead, an algorithm is used to derive a 128-bit key or digest from the name, password, and other information. The NetX HTTP Server supports the standard MD5 digest algorithm.

When is authentication required? Basically, the HTTP Server decides if a requested resource requires authentication. If authentication is required and the Client request did not include the proper authentication, a "HTTP/1.0 401 Unauthorized" response with the type of authentication required is sent to the Client. The Client is then expected to form a new request with the proper authentication.

### **HTTP Authentication Callback**

As mentioned before, HTTP authentication is optional and isn't required on all Web transfers. In addition, authentication is typically resource dependent. Access of some resources on the Server require authentication, while others do not. The NetX HTTP Server package allows the application to specify (via the *nx\_http\_server\_create* call) an

authentication callback routine that is called at the beginning of handling each HTTP Client request.

The callback routine provides the NetX HTTP Server with the username, password, and realm strings associated with the resource and return the type of authentication necessary. If no authentication is necessary for the resource, the authentication callback should return the value of NX\_HTTP\_DONT\_AUTHENTICATE. Otherwise, if basic authentication is required for the specified resource, the routine should return NX\_HTTP\_BASIC\_AUTHENTICATE. And finally, if MD5 digest authentication is required, the callback routine should return NX\_HTTP\_DIGEST\_AUTHENTICATE. If no authentication is required for any resource provided by the HTTP Server, the callback is not needed and a NULL pointer can be provided to the HTTP Server create call.

The format of the application authenticate callback routine is very simple and is defined below:

The input parameters are defined as follows:

Parameter	Meaning
request_type	Specifies the HTTP Client request, valid requests are defined as:
	NX_HTTP_SERVER_GET_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_POST_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_HEAD_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_PUT_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_DELETE_REQUEST
resource	Specific resource requested.
name	Destination for the pointer to the required username.
password	Destination for the pointer to the required password.
realm	Destination for the pointer to the realm for this authentication.

The return value of the authentication routine specifies whether or not authentication is required. Of course, the name, password, and realm pointers are not used if **NX\_HTTP\_DONT\_AUTHENTICATE** is returned by the authentication callback routine.

# **HTTP Request Callback**

In addition to the authentication callback, the application can set up a callback routine that is called from the HTTP Server at the beginning of processing each client request (after authentication is complete). This routine is useful in order to extract parameters from the request and to perform some basic operations on the request contents. If this is not required by the application, a NULL pointer should be provided during the HTTP Server create call.

The application request callback routine is very simple and is defined below:

```
UINT nx_http_server_request_notify(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr,

UINT request type, CHAR *resource, NX PACKET *packet ptr);
```

The input parameters are defined as follows:

Parameter	Meaning
request_type	Specifies the HTTP Client request, valid requests are defined as:
	NX_HTTP_SERVER_GET_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_POST_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_HEAD_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_PUT_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_DELETE_REQUEST
resource	Specific resource requested.
packet_ptr	Pointer to the raw request packet.

If everything is okay, the output of this callback function should be **NX\_SUCCESS**. Otherwise, if the callback function detects an error, it should return an error status. This will cause the HTTP Server to send an error response to the client. If the callback function completes the service, it should return an **NX\_HTTP\_CALLBACK\_COMPLETED**.

There are several routines available to extract HTTP parameters, queries, and packet content from the request. These routines are listed below and defined later in this document:

```
nx_http_server_content_get
nx_http_server_content_length_get
nx_http_server_param_get
nx_http_server_query_get
```

If the callback function for GET and POST requests needs to supply dynamic data in order to complete the request, it can process the request directly and when finished return with the

**NX\_HTTP\_CALLBACK\_COMPLETED** status. In addition to the routines mention above, the following routines are available for GET/POST callback routines:

```
nx_http_server_callback_data_send
nx_http_server_callback_response_send
```

# **HTTP Multi-Thread Support**

The NetX HTTP Client services can be called from multiple threads simultaneously. However, read or write requests for a particular HTTP Client instance should be done in sequence from the same thread.

### **HTTP RFCs**

NetX HTTP is compliant with RFC1945 and related RFCs.

# **Chapter 2**

## Installation and Use of HTTP

This chapter contains a description of various issues related to installation, setup, and usage of the NetX HTTP component.

### **Product Distribution**

HTTP for NetX is shipped on a single CD-ROM compatible disk. The package includes three source files, two include files, and a PDF file that contains this document, as follows:

nx\_http.h Header file for HTTP for NetX

nx\_http\_client.c C Source file for HTTP Client for NetX nx\_http\_server.c C Source file for HTTP Server for NetX

md5.c MD5 digest algorithms

**filex\_stub.h** Stub file if FileX is not present **nx\_http.pdf** PDF description of HTTP for NetX

demo\_netx\_http.c NetX HTTP demonstration

### **HTTP Installation**

In order to use HTTP for NetX, the entire distribution mentioned previously should be copied to the same directory where NetX is installed. For example, if NetX is installed in the directory "\threadx\arm7\green" then the nx\_http.h, nx\_http\_client.c, nx\_http\_server.c, and md5.c files should be copied into this directory.

# **Using HTTP**

Using HTTP for NetX is easy. Basically, the application code must include  $nx\_http.h$  after it includes  $tx\_api.h$ ,  $fx\_api.h$ , and  $nx\_api.h$ , in order to use ThreadX, FileX, and NetX, respectively. Once  $nx\_http.h$  is included, the application code is then able to make the HTTP function calls specified later in this guide. The application must also include  $nx\_http\_client.c$ ,  $nx\_http\_server.c$ , and md5.c in the build process. These files must be compiled in the same manner as other application files and its object form must be linked along with the files of the application. This is all that is required to use NetX HTTP.

Note that if NX\_HTTP\_DIGEST\_ENABLE is not specified in the build process, the *md5.c* file does not need to added to the application. Similarly, if no HTTP Client capabilities are required, the *nx\_http\_client.c* file may be omitted.

Note also that since HTTP utilizes NetX TCP services, TCP must be enabled with the *nx\_tcp\_enable* call prior to using HTTP.

# **Small Example System**

An example of how easy it is to use NetX HTTP is described in Figure 1.1 that appears below. In this example, the HTTP include file *nx\_HTTP.h* is brought in at line 8. Next, the HTTP Server is created in "tx\_application\_define" at line 131. Note that the HTTP Server control block "Server" was defined as a global variable at line 25 previously. After successful creation, an HTTP Server is started at line 136. At line 149 the HTTP Client is created. And finally, the Client writes the file at line 157 and reads the file back at line 195.

```
001 /* This is a small demo of HTTP on the high-performance NetX TCP/IP stack.
002 This demo relies on ThreadX, NetX, and FileX to show a simple HTML
003 transfer from the client and then back from the server. */
004
005 #include "tx_api.h"
006 #include "fx_api.h"
007 #include "nx_api.h"
                "nx_http.h"
008 #include
009
010 #define
                                              4096
                  DEMO_STACK_SIZE
011
012
013 /* Define the ThreadX and NetX object control blocks... */
014
015 TX_THREAD
                                thread_0;
016 TX_THREAD
017 NX_PACKET_POOL
                                thread 1:
                                poo1_0;
018 NX_PACKET_POOL
018 NX_IP
020 NX_IP
021 FX_MEDIA
                                pool 1:
                                ip_0;
                                ram_disk:
022
023 /* Define HTTP objects. */
024
025 NX_HTTP_SERVER
                                my_server;
026 NX_HTTP_CLIENT
                                my_client;
027
028 /* Define the counters used in the demo application... */
029
030 ULONG
                                error_counter;
031
032
033 /* Define the RAM disk memory. */
034
035 UCHAR
                                ram_disk_memory[32000];
036
037
038 /* Define function prototypes. */
039
040 void
              thread_0_entry(ULONG thread_input);
              _fx_ram_driver(FX_MEDIA *media_ptr)
041 VOID
042 void
              _nx_ram_network_driver(struct NX_IP_DRIVER_STRUCT *driver_reg);
043 UINT
              044
046 /* Define the application's authentication check. This is called by
```

```
047 the HTTP server whenever a new request is received. */
048 UINT authentication_check(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, UINT request_type,
049 CHAR *resource, CHAR **name, CHAR **password, CHAR **realm)
050 {
051
052
          /* Just use a simple name, password, and realm for all
              requests and resources.
ame = "name";
053
054
          *name =
          *password = "password";
*realm = "NetX HTTP demo";
055
056
058
          /* Request basic authentication. */
059
          return(NX_HTTP_BASIC_AUTHENTICATE);
060 }
061
062
063 /* Define main entry point. */
064
065 int main()
066 {
067
          /* Enter the ThreadX kernel. */
tx_kernel_enter();
068
069
070 }
071
072
073 /* Define what the initial system looks like. */
074 void
075 {
               tx_application_define(void *first_unused_memory)
076
077 CHAR
               *pointer;
078
079
          /* Setup the working pointer. */
pointer = (CHAR *) first_unused_memory;
080
081
082
          /* Create the main thread. */
tx_thread_create(&thread_0, "thread 0", thread_0_entry, 0,
083
084
                    pointer, DEMO_STACK_SIZE,
2, 2, TX_NO_TIME_SLICE, TX_AUTO_START);
085
086
087
          pointer = pointer + DEMO_STACK_SIZE;
088
089
           /* Initialize the NetX system. \, */
090
          nx_system_initialize();
091
092
           /* Create packet pool.
093
          nx_packet_pool_create(&pool_0, "Netx Packet Pool 0"
094
                                                                         600, pointer, 8192);
095
          pointer = pointer + 8192;
096
          097
098
099
100
101
102
          /* Create another packet pool. */
nx_packet_pool_create(&pool_1, "NetX Packet Pool 1", 600, pointer, 8192);
pointer = pointer + 8192;
103
104
105
106
          107
108
109
110
111
112
          pointer = pointer + 4096;
          /* Enable ARP and supply ARP cache memory for IP Instance 0. */
nx_arp_enable(&ip_0, (void *) pointer, 1024);
pointer = pointer + 1024;
113
114
115
116
          /* Enable ARP and supply ARP cache memory for IP Instance 1. */
nx_arp_enable(&ip_1, (void *) pointer, 1024);
pointer = pointer + 1024;
117
118
119
120
121
          /* Enable TCP processing for both IP instances. */
nx_tcp_enable(&ip_0);
nx_tcp_enable(&ip_1);
124
                                        */
C. "RAM DISK"
           '* Open the RAM disk.
126
          fx_media_open(&ram_disk,
                               _fx_ram_driver, ram_disk_memory, pointer, 4096);
```

```
128
129
       pointer += 4096;
       130
131
132
133
134
135
        /* Start the HTTP Server. */
136
137 }
       nx_http_server_start(&my_server);
138
139
140 /* Define the test thread. */
141 void
142 {
           thread_O_entry(ULONG thread_input)
143
144 NX_PACKET
               *my_packet;
145 UINT
               status:
146
147
148
       /* Create an HTTP client instance. */
       status = nx_http_client_create(&my_client, "My Client", &ip_0,
149
150
                                                            &pool_0, 600);
151
152
153
154
155
156
157
158
159
        '* Check status. */
       if (status)
           error_counter++;
       /* Check status. */
160
       if (status)
161
162
           error_counter++;
163
164
       /* Allocate a packet.
       status = nx_packet_allocate(&pool_0, &my_packet, NX_TCP_PACKET,
165
166
167
                                                        NX_WAIT_FOREVER);
168
        /* Check status. */
       if (status != NX_SUCCESS)
169
170
171
172
173
           return;
       174
175
176
177
178
179
180
181
182
183
183
184
185
186
187
188
189
       /* Complete the PUT by writing the total length. */
       status = nx_http_client_put_packet(&my_client, my_packet, 50);
190
191
192
193
         Check status.
       if (status)
           error_counter++;
       194
195
196
197
       /* Check status. if (status)
198
199
200
           error_counter++;
201
202
       /* Get a packet. */
203
       status = nx_http_client_get_packet(&my_client, &my_packet, 20);
204
205
        ^{\primest} Check for an error. ^{st}/
       if ((status) || (my_packet -> nx_packet_length != 103))
206
207
           error_counter++;
```

Figure 1.1 Example of HTTP use with NetX

# **Configuration Options**

There are several configuration options for building HTTP for NetX. Following is a list of all options, where each is described in detail:

The same of the sa	
Define	Meaning
NX_DISABLE_ERROR_CHECKING	Defined, this option removes the basic HTTP error checking. It is typically used after the application has been debugged.
NX_HTTP_SERVER_PRIORITY	The priority of the HTTP Server thread. By default, this value is defined as 16 to specify priority 16.
NX_HTTP_NO_FILEX	Defined, this option provides a stub for FileX dependencies. The HTTP Client will function without any change if this option is defined. The HTTP Server will need to either be modified or the user will have to create a handful of FileX services in order to function properly.
NX_HTTP_TYPE_OF_SERVICE	Type of service required for the HTTP TCP requests. By default, this value is defined as NX_IP_NORMAL to indicate normal IP packet service. This define can be set by the application prior to inclusion of nx_http.h.
NX_HTTP_FRAGMENT_OPTION	Fragment enable for HTTP TCP requests. By default, this value is NX_DONT_FRAGMENT to disable HTTP TCP fragmenting. This define can be set by the application prior to inclusion of nx_http.h.
NX_HTTP_SERVER_WINDOW_SIZE	Server socket window size. By default, this value is 2048 bytes.

This define can be set by the application prior to inclusion of

*nx\_http.h.* 

NX\_HTTP\_TIME\_TO\_LIVE Specifies the number of routers

this packet can pass before it is discarded. The default value is set to 0x80, but can be redefined prior to inclusion of *nx\_http.h.* 

NX\_HTTP\_SERVER\_TIMEOUT Specifies the number of ThreadX

ticks that internal services will suspend for. The default value is set to 1000, but can be redefined prior to inclusion of *nx\_http.h.* 

NX\_HTTP\_SERVER\_MAX\_PENDING Specifies the number of

connections that can be queued for the HTTP Server. The default value is set to 5, but can be redefined prior to inclusion of

*nx\_http.h.* 

NX HTTP MAX RESOURCE Specifies the number of bytes

allowed in a client supplied resource name. The default value is set to 40, but can be redefined prior to inclusion of *nx\_http.h.* 

**NX HTTP NAME SIZE** Specifies the number of bytes

allowed in a client supplied username. The default value is set to 20, but can be redefined prior to inclusion of *nx\_http.h.* 

NX HTTP PASSWORD SIZE Specifies the number of bytes

allowed in a client supplied *password*. The default value is set to 20, but can be redefined prior to inclusion of *nx\_http.h.* 

NX\_HTTP\_SERVER\_MIN\_PACKET\_SIZE

Specifies the minimum size of the packets in the pool specified at Server creation. The minimum size is needed to ensure the

complete HTTP header can be contained in one packet. The default value is set to 600, but can be redefined prior to inclusion of *nx\_http.h.* 

#### NX\_HTTP\_CLIENT\_MIN\_PACKET\_SIZE

Specifies the minimum size of the packets in the pool specified at Client creation. The minimum size is needed to ensure the complete HTTP header can be contained in one packet. The default value is set to 300, but can be redefined prior to inclusion of *nx\_http.h*.

# **Chapter 3**

# **Description of HTTP Services**

This chapter contains a description of all NetX HTTP services (listed below) in alphabetic order.

In the "Return Values" section in the following API descriptions, values in **BOLD** are not affected by the **NX\_DISABLE\_ERROR\_CHECKING** define that is used to disable API error checking, while non-bold values are completely disabled.

nx\_http\_client\_create

Create an HTTP Client Instance

nx\_http\_client\_delete

Delete an HTTP Client instance

nx\_http\_client\_get\_start
Start an HTTP GET request

nx\_http\_client\_get\_packet

Get next resource data packet

nx\_http\_client\_put\_start
Start an HTTP PUT request

nx\_http\_client\_put\_packet
Send next resource data packet

nx\_http\_server\_callback\_data\_send

Send data from callback function

nx\_http\_server\_callback\_response\_send
Send response from callback function

nx\_http\_server\_content\_get

Get content from the request

nx\_http\_server\_content\_length\_get

Get length of content in the request

nx\_http\_server\_create

### Create an HTTP Server instance

nx\_http\_server\_delete

Delete an HTTP Server instance

nx\_http\_server\_param\_get

Get parameter from the request

nx\_http\_server\_query\_get

Get query from the request

nx\_http\_server\_start
Start the HTTP Server

nx\_http\_server\_stop
Stop the HTTP Server

## nx\_http\_client\_create

Create an HTTP Client Instance

#### **Prototype**

#### **Description**

This service creates an HTTP Client instance on the specified IP instance.

#### **Input Parameters**

**client\_ptr** Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

**client name** Name of HTTP Client instance.

**ip\_ptr** Pointer to IP instance.

**pool\_ptr** Pointer to default packet pool. Note that the packets

in this pool must have a payload large enough to handle the complete response header. This is defined

by NX\_HTTP\_CLIENT\_MIN\_PACKET\_SIZE in

pool.

nx\_http.h.

**window size** Size of the Client's TCP socket receive window.

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Client create.
status		Actual NetX completion status
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP, ip_ptr, or packet pool pointer.
NX_HTTP_POOL_ERROR(0xE9)		Invalid payload size in packet

#### Allowed From

Initialization, Threads

### **Example**

```
/* Create the HTTP Client instance "my_client" on "ip_0". */
status = nx_http_client_create(&my_client, "my client", &ip_0, &pool_0, 100);
/* If status is NX_SUCCESS an HTTP Client instance was successfully created. */
```

```
nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start,
nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start,
nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send,
nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get,
nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create,
nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get,
nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

## nx\_http\_client\_delete

Delete an HTTP Client Instance

#### **Prototype**

```
UINT nx_http_client_delete(NX_HTTP_CLIENT *client_ptr);
```

#### **Description**

This service deletes a previously created HTTP Client instance.

### **Input Parameters**

**client\_ptr** Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Client delete.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

#### **Allowed From**

Threads

#### Example

```
/* Delete the HTTP Client instance "my_client." */
status = nx_http_client_delete(&my_client);
/* If status is NX_SUCCESS an HTTP Client instance was successfully deleted. */
```

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_get_start,
nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start,
nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send,
nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get,
nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create,
nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get,
nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

# nx\_http\_client\_get\_start

Start an HTTP GET request

### **Prototype**

#### **Description**

This service attempts to GET the resource specified by "resource" pointer on the previously created HTTP Client instance. If this routine returns NX\_SUCCESS, the application can then make multiple calls to  $nx\_http\_client\_get\_packet$  to retrieve packets of data corresponding to the requested resource content.

### **Input Parameters**

**client\_ptr** Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

**ip address** IP address of the HTTP Server.

**resource** Pointer to URL string for requested resource.

**input\_ptr** Pointer to additional data for the GET request. This is

optional. If valid, the specified input is placed in the content area of the message and a POST is used

instead of a GET operation.

**input\_size**Number of bytes in optional additional input pointed

to by "input ptr."

**username** Pointer to optional user name for authentication.

**password** Pointer to optional password for authentication.

wait\_option
Defines how long the service will wait for the

HTTP Client get start. The wait options are

defined as follows:

timeout value (0x00000001 through

0xFFFFFFE)

TX WAIT FOREVER (0xFFFFFFF)

Selecting TX\_WAIT\_FOREVER causes the calling thread to suspend indefinitely until the HTTP Server responds to the request.

Selecting a numeric value (1-0xFFFFFFE) specifies the maximum number of timer-ticks to stay suspended while waiting for the HTTP Server response.

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Client GET start.
NX_HTTP_ERROR	(0xE0)	Error with username/password
NX_HTTP_NOT_READY	(0xEA)	HTTP Client not ready for GET.
NX_HTTP_FAILED	(0xE2)	HTTP Client error communicating
		with the HTTP Server.
NX_HTTP_AUTHENTICATION_ERROR (0xEB) Invalid name and/or		
		password.
status		Actual NetX completion status
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP Client or resource
		pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

#### **Allowed From**

**Threads** 

#### Example

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create,
```

nx\_http\_server\_delete, nx\_http\_server\_param\_get, nx\_http\_server\_query\_get, nx\_http\_server\_start, nx\_http\_server\_stop

## nx\_http\_client\_get\_packet

Get next resource data packet

#### **Prototype**

#### **Description**

This service retrieves the next packet of content of the resource requested by the previous  $nx\_http\_client\_get\_start$  call. Successive calls to this routine should be made until the return status of NX\_HTTP\_GET\_DONE is received.

#### **Input Parameters**

**client\_ptr** Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

packet\_ptr
Destination for packet pointer containing partial

resource content.

wait\_option
Defines how long the service will wait for the

HTTP Client get packet. The wait options are

defined as follows:

timeout value (0x00000001 through

0xFFFFFFE)

**TX\_WAIT\_FOREVER** (0xFFFFFFF)

Selecting TX\_WAIT\_FOREVER causes the calling thread to suspend indefinitely until the

HTTP Server responds to the request.

Selecting a numeric value (1-0xFFFFFFE) specifies the maximum number of timer-ticks to stay suspended while waiting for the HTTP

Server response.

#### **Return Values**

NX\_SUCCESS (0x00) Successful HTTP Client get

packet.

NX_HTTP_GET_DONE NX_HTTP_NOT_READY NX_HTTP_FAILED	(0xEC) (0xEA) (0xE2)	HTTP Client get packet is done. HTTP Client not in get mode. HTTP Client error communicating with the HTTP Server.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP Client or packet destination pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

#### **Allowed From**

**Threads** 

#### **Example**

```
/* Get the next packet of resource content on the HTTP Client "my_client."
Note that the nx_http_client_get_start routine must have been called
previously. */
status = nx_http_client_get_packet(&my_client, &next_packet, 1000);

/* If status is NX_SUCCESS, the next packet of content is pointed to
by "next_packet". */
```

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

## nx\_http\_client\_put\_start

Start an HTTP PUT request

#### **Prototype**

#### **Description**

This service attempts to PUT (send) the specified resource on the HTTP Server at the supplied IP address. If this routine is successful, the application code should make successive calls to the <code>nx\_http\_client\_put\_packet</code> routine to actually send the resource contents to the HTTP Server.

#### **Input Parameters**

**client\_ptr** Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

**ip\_address** IP address of the HTTP Server.

**resource** Pointer to URL string for resource to send to Server.

**username** Pointer to optional user name for authentication.

**password** Pointer to optional password for authentication.

**total\_bytes** Total bytes of resource being sent. Note that the

combined length of all packets sent via subsequent calls to  $nx\_http\_client\_put\_packet$  must equal this

value.

wait\_option Defines how long the service will wait for the

HTTP Client PUT start. The wait options are

defined as follows:

timeout value (0x00000001 through

0xFFFFFFE)

**TX\_WAIT\_FOREVER** (0xFFFFFFF)

Selecting TX\_WAIT\_FOREVER causes the calling thread to suspend indefinitely until the

HTTP Server responds to the request.

Selecting a numeric value (1-0xFFFFFFE) specifies the maximum number of timer-ticks to stay suspended while waiting for the HTTP Server response.

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Client PUT start.
NX_HTTP_ERROR	(0xE0)	Error with username/password
NX_HTTP_NOT_READY	(0xEA)	HTTP Client not in PUT mode.
NX_HTTP_FAILED	(0xE2)	HTTP Client error communicating with the HTTP Server.
status		Actual NetX completion status
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP Client or resource pointer.
NX_SIZE_ERROR	(0x09)	Invalid total size of resource.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

#### **Allowed From**

**Threads** 

### Example

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

## nx\_http\_client\_put\_packet

Send next resource data packet

### **Prototype**

#### **Description**

This service attempts to send the next packet of resource content to the HTTP Server. Note that this routine should be called repetitively until the combined length of the packets sent equals the "total\_bytes" specified in the previous *nx http client put start* call.

#### **Input Parameters**

**client\_ptr** Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

packet\_ptr
Pointer to next content of the resource to being sent

to the HTTP Server.

wait\_option
Defines how long the service will wait for the

HTTP Client PUT packet. The wait options are

defined as follows:

timeout value (0x0000001 through

0xFFFFFFE)

TX\_WAIT\_FOREVER (0xFFFFFFF)

Selecting TX\_WAIT\_FOREVER causes the calling thread to suspend indefinitely until the

HTTP Server responds to the request.

Selecting a numeric value (1-0xFFFFFFE) specifies the maximum number of timer-ticks to stay suspended while waiting for the HTTP

Server response.

#### **Return Values**

NX\_SUCCESS (0x00) Successful completion

**NX\_HTTP\_NOT\_READY** (0xEA) HTTP Client not in PUT mode.

NX\_HTTP\_FAILED (0xE2)HTTP Server rejects PUT request. NX\_HTTP\_AUTHENTICATION\_ERROR (0xEB) Invalid name and/or password. status Actual NetX completion status NX PTR ERROR (0x16)Invalid HTTP Client or packet pointer. NX INVALID PACKET Invalid TCP packet – not enough (0x12)room for packet header. Invalid caller of this service. NX\_CALLER\_ERROR (0x11)

#### **Allowed From**

**Threads** 

### Example

```
/* Send a 20-byte packet representing the content of the resource
    "/TEST.HTM" to the HTTP Server. */
status = nx_http_client_put_packet(NX_HTTP_CLIENT *client_ptr, NX_PACKET
*packet_ptr, ULONG wait_option);
/* If status is NX_SUCCESS, the 20-byte resource contents of TEST.HTM has
successfully been sent. */
```

#### See Also

nx\_http\_client\_create, nx\_http\_client\_delete, nx\_http\_client\_get\_start, nx\_http\_client\_get\_packet, nx\_http\_client\_put\_start, nx\_http\_server\_callback\_data\_send, nx\_http\_server\_callback\_response\_send, nx\_http\_server\_content\_get, nx\_http\_server\_content\_length\_get, nx\_http\_server\_create, nx\_http\_server\_delete, nx\_http\_server\_param\_get, nx\_http\_server\_query\_get, nx\_http\_server\_start, nx\_http\_server\_stop

## nx\_http\_server\_callback\_data\_send

Send data from callback function

### **Prototype**

### **Description**

This service sends the data in the supplied packet from the application's callback routine. This is typically used to send dynamic data associated with GET/POST requests. Note that if this function is used, the callback routine is responsible for sending the entire response in the proper format. In addition, the callback routine must return the status of NX HTTP CALLBACK COMPLETED.

#### **Input Parameters**

**server\_ptr** Pointer to HTTP Server control block.

data\_ptr Pointer to the data to send.

data\_length Number of bytes to send.

#### **Return Values**

**NX\_SUCCESS** (0x00) Successful HTTP Server data

send.

#### Allowed From

Threads

### **Example**

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

# nx\_http\_server\_callback\_response\_send

Send response from callback function

#### **Prototype**

UINT nx\_http\_server\_callback\_response\_send(NX\_HTTP\_SERVER \*server\_ptr, CHAR \*header, CHAR \*information, CHAR \*additional\_information);

#### **Description**

This service sends the supplied response information from the application's callback routine. This is typically used to send custom responses associated with GET/POST requests. Note that if this function is used, the callback routine must return the status of NX\_HTTP\_CALLBACK\_COMPLETED.

### **Input Parameters**

**server\_ptr** Pointer to HTTP Server control block.

**header** Pointer to the ASCII response header string.

**information** Pointer to the ASCII information string.

additional\_information

Pointer to the ASCII additional information string.

#### **Return Values**

NX\_SUCCESS (0x00) Successful HTTP Server

response send.

**status** Actual NetX completion status

#### Allowed From

Threads

### **Example**

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

# nx\_http\_server\_content\_get

Get content from the request

## **Prototype**

### **Description**

This service attempts to retrieve the specified amount of content from the POST or PUT HTTP Client request. It should be called from the application's request notify callback specified during HTTP Server creation (*nx\_http\_server\_create*).

### **Input Parameters**

server_ptr	Pointer to HTTP	Server control block.
------------	-----------------	-----------------------

packet\_ptr
Pointer to the HTTP Client request packet. Note that

this packet must not be released by the request notify

callback.

**byte\_offset** Number of bytes to offset into the content area.

**destination\_ptr** Pointer to the destination area for the content.

**destination\_size** Maximum number of bytes available in the

destination area.

**actual size** Pointer to the destination variable that will be

set to the actual size of the content copied.

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server content
NX HTTP DATA END	(0xE7)	get. End of request content.
NX_HTTP_TIMEOUT	(0xE1)	HTTP Server timeout in getting
		next packet of content.

NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP Server,
		packet, destination, or actual size
		pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

#### **Allowed From**

**Threads** 

## **Example**

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

# nx\_http\_server\_content\_length\_get

Get length of content in the request

## **Prototype**

UINT nx\_http\_server\_content\_length\_get(NX\_PACKET \*packet\_ptr);

## **Description**

This service attempts to retrieve the HTTP content length in the supplied packet. If there is no HTTP content, this routine returns a value of zero. It should be called from the application's request notify callback specified during HTTP Server creation (*nx\_http\_server\_create*).

## **Input Parameters**

packet ptr

Pointer to the HTTP Client request packet. Note that this packet must not be released by the request notify callback.

#### **Return Values**

content length

#### Allowed From

Threads

#### **Example**

```
/* Assuming we are in the application's request notify callback
  routine, get the content length of the HTTP Client request. */
length = nx_http_server_content_length_get(packet_ptr);
/* The "length" variable now contains the length of the HTTP Client
  request content area. */
```

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_start,
```

# nx\_http\_server\_create

Create an HTTP Server instance

## **Prototype**

### **Description**

This service creates an HTTP Server instance, which runs in the context of its own ThreadX thread. The optional *authentication\_check* and *request\_notify* application callback routines give the application software control over the basic operations of the HTTP Server.

### **Input Parameters**

http server ptr Pointer to HTTP Server control block.

http\_server\_name Pointer to HTTP Server's name.

**ip\_ptr** Pointer to previously created IP instance.

**media\_ptr** Pointer to previously created FileX media instance.

**stack\_ptr** Pointer to HTTP Server thread stack area.

**stack size** Pointer to HTTP Server thread stack size.

authentication\_check Function pointer to application's authentication

checking routine. If specified, this routine is called for each HTTP Client request. If this parameter is NULL,

no authentication will be performed.

**request notify** Function pointer to application's request notify routine.

If specified, this routine is called prior to the HTTP server processing of the request. This allows the resource name to be redirected or fields within a resource to be updated prior to completing the HTTP

Client request.

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server create.
status		Actual NetX completion status
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP Server, IP, media,
		stack, or packet pool pointer.
NX_HTTP_POOL_ERROR	(0xE9)	Packet payload of pool is not
		large enough to contain
		complete HTTP request.

#### Allowed From

Initialization, Threads

## **Example**

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

# nx\_http\_server\_delete

Delete an HTTP Server instance

## **Prototype**

```
UINT nx_http_server_delete(NX_HTTP_SERVER *http_server_ptr);
```

## **Description**

This service deletes a previously created HTTP Server instance.

## **Input Parameters**

http\_server\_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server control block.

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server delete.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP Server pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

#### **Allowed From**

Threads

#### Example

```
/* Delete the HTTP Server instance called "my_server." */
status = nx_http_server_delete(&my_server);
/* If status equals NX_SUCCESS, the HTTP Server delete was successful. */
```

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

## nx\_http\_server\_param\_get

Get parameter from the request

## **Prototype**

## **Description**

This service attempts to retrieve the specified HTTP URL parameter in the supplied request packet. If the requested HTTP parameter is not present, this routine returns a status of NX\_HTTP\_NOT\_FOUND. This routine should be called from the application's request notify callback specified during HTTP Server creation (*nx\_http\_server\_create*).

## **Input Parameters**

packet_ptr	Pointer to HTTP Client request packet. Note that the application should not release this packet.
param_number	Logical number of the parameter starting at zero, from left to right in the parameter list.
param_ptr	Destination area to copy the parameter.
max_param_size	Maximum size of the parameter destination

area.

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server
		parameter get.
NX_HTTP_FAILED	(0xE2)	Parameter size too small.
NX_HTTP_NOT_FOUND	(0xE6)	Specified parameter not found.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid packet or parameter
		pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

#### Allowed From

**Threads** 

### Example

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

# nx\_http\_server\_query\_get

Get query from the request

## **Prototype**

## Description

This service attempts to retrieve the specified HTTP URL query in the supplied request packet. If the requested HTTP query is not present, this routine returns a status of NX\_HTTP\_NOT\_FOUND. This routine should be called from the application's request notify callback specified during HTTP Server creation (*nx\_http\_server\_create*).

## **Input Parameters**

packet_ptr	Pointer to HTTP Client request packet. Note that the application should not release this packet.
query_number	Logical number of the parameter starting at zero, from left to right in the query list.
query_ptr	Destination area to copy the query.
max_query_size	Maximum size of the query destination

area.

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server
		query get.
NX_HTTP_FAILED	(0xE2)	Query size too small.
NX_HTTP_NOT_FOUND	(0xE6)	Specified query not found.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid packet or parameter
		pointer.
NX CALLER ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

#### Allowed From

**Threads** 

## Example

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_start, nx_http_server_stop
```

# nx\_http\_server\_start

Start the HTTP Server

## **Prototype**

```
UINT nx_http_server_start(NX_HTTP_SERVER *http_server_ptr);
```

## **Description**

This service starts the previously create HTTP Server instance.

### **Input Parameters**

http\_server\_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server instance.

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server
		start.
status		Actual NetX completion status
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP Server
		pointer.

## **Allowed From**

Initialization, Threads

## Example

```
/* Start the HTTP Server instance "my_server." */
status = nx_http_server_start(&my_server);
/* If status equals NX_SUCCESS, the HTTP Server has been started. */
```

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_stop
```

# nx\_http\_server\_stop

Stop the HTTP Server

## **Prototype**

UINT nx\_http\_server\_stop(NX\_HTTP\_SERVER \*http\_server\_ptr);

## **Description**

This service stops the previously create HTTP Server instance. This routine should be called prior to deleting an HTTP Server instance.

## **Input Parameters**

http_server_ptr	Pointer to HTTP S	Server instance.
-----------------	-------------------	------------------

#### **Return Values**

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server
		stop.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP Server
		pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

#### Allowed From

Threads

### **Example**

```
/* Stop the HTTP Server instance "my_server." */
status = nx_http_server_stop(&my_server);
/* If status equals NX_SUCCESS, the HTTP Server has been stopped. */
```

```
nx_http_client_create, nx_http_client_delete, nx_http_client_get_start, nx_http_client_get_packet, nx_http_client_put_start, nx_http_client_put_packet, nx_http_server_callback_data_send, nx_http_server_callback_response_send, nx_http_server_content_get, nx_http_server_content_length_get, nx_http_server_create, nx_http_server_delete, nx_http_server_param_get, nx_http_server_query_get, nx_http_server_start
```